GA-P35-DS3/ GA-P35-S3

LGA775 socket motherboard for Intel[®] Core[™] processor family/ Intel[®] Pentium[®] processor family/Intel[®] Celeron[®] processor family

User's Manual

Rev. 1003 12ME-P35DS3-1003R



The WEEE marking on the product indicates this product must not be disposed of with user's other household waste and must be handed over to a designated collection point for the recycling of waste electrical and electronic equipment!! The WEEE marking applies only in European Union's member states.

	Name : Timmy Huang	Date : Apr. 25, 2007		(Stamp)
Date: Apr. 25, 2007	Signature: Ninemy Huang	Manufacturer/Importer	Manu	
Signature: Eric Lu	General and Safety requirements for uninterruptible power systems (UPS)	🗆 EN 50091-1	Safety of household and similar electrical appliances	🗆 EN 60335
Representative Person's Name: ERIC LU	Safety for information technology equipment including electrical business equipment	I EN 60950	Safety requirements for mains operated electronic and related apparatus for household and similar general use	□ EN 60065
cause harmful and (2) this device must accept any interence received, including that may cause undesired operation	ve mentioned product :e with LVD 2006/95/EC	s the conformity of abov standards in accordance	The manufacturer also declares the conformity of above mentioned product with the actual required safety standards in accordance with LVD 2006/95/EC	
subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not	(EC conformity marking)			⊠ CE marking
Supplementary Information: This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is			DIN VDE 0855 Cabled distribution systems; Equipment part 10 for receiving and/or distribution from part 12 sound and television signals	DIN VDE 0855 part 10 part 12
(a), Class B Digital Device			Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of information technology equipment	⊠ EN 55022
FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Section 15,107(a) and Section 15,109	EMC requirements for uninterruptible power systems (UPS)	🗆 EN 50091- 2	Immunity from radio interference of broadcast receivers and associated equipment	□ EN 55020
Model Number: GA-P35-DS3/GA-P35-S3	Immunity requirements for household appliances tools and similar apparatus	🗆 EN 55014-2	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of fluorescent lamps and luminaries	🗆 EN 55015
Product Name: Motherboard	Generic immunity standard Part 2: Industrial environment	EN 50082-2	portable toots and similar electrical apparatus	
hereby declares that the product	Generic immunity standard Part 1: Residual, commercial and light industry	EN 50082-1	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of household electrical appliances.	🗆 EN 55014-1
City of Industry, CA 91748 Phone/Fax No: (818) 854-9338/ (818) 854-9339	Information Technology equipment-Immunity characteristics_Limits and methods of measurement	⊠ EN 55024	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of broadcast receivers and associated equipment	□ EN 55013
Responsible Party Name: G.B.T. INC. (U.S.A.) Address: 17358 Railroad Street	Disturbances in supply systems caused by household appliances and similar electrical equipment "Voltage fluctuations"	I EN 61000-3-3	of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) high frequency equipment	
(rective Disturbances in supply systems caused	in accordance with 69/336 EEC-EMC Directive easurement III EN 61000-3-2 Dis	in accordance w Limits and methods of measurement	🗆 EN 55011
T	mity is declared)	GA-P35-DS3/GA-P35-S3 is in conformity with specification under which conform	GA-P35-D S3/GA-P35-S3 is in conformity with (reference to the specification under which conformity is declared)	
ret FCC ratiz section 2.1077(a)	o which it refers)	declare that the product paratus, system, installation to	(description of the apparatus, system, installation to which it refers)	
DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY	nity 4 Genaary	Declaration of Conformity We, Manufacture/Importer (Mil asdress) G.B.T. Technology Trading GMbH Ausschlager Weg 4 11 F 20327 Hamburg, Germany	Declarati We, w G.B.T. Tec	

Copyright

© 2007 GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. All rights reserved. The trademarks mentioned in this manual are legally registered to their respective owners.

The **GIGABYTE**⁻ logo is exclusively licensed to GIGABYTE UNITED INC. by GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

GIGABYTE UNITED INC. is designated by GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD as the exclusive global distributor of GIGABYTE branded motherboards.

Disclaimer

Information in this manual is protected by copyright laws and is the property of GIGABYTE. Changes to the specifications and features in this manual may be made by GIGABYTE without prior notice. No part of this manual may be reproduced, copied, translated, transmitted, or published in any form or by any means without GIGABYTE's prior written permission.

Documentation Classifications

In order to assist in the use of this product, GIGABYTE provides the following types of documentations:

- For quick set-up of the product, read the Quick Installation Guide included with the product.
- For detailed product information, carefully read the User's Manual.
- For instructions on how to use GIGABYTE's unique features, read or download the information on/from the Support\Motherboard\Technology Guide page on our website.

For product-related information, check on our website at: http://www.gigabyte.com.tw

Identifying Your Motherboard Revision

The revision number on your motherboard looks like this: "REV: X.X." For example, "REV: 1.0" means the revision of the motherboard is 1.0. Check your motherboard revision before updating motherboard BIOS, drivers, or when looking for technical information.

Example:

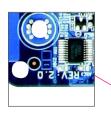




Table of Contents

Optional Ite	ems		6
Box Conte	ents		6
GA-P35-D	S3/S3	Motherboard Layout	7
		·	
2.000.02.0.3			
Chapter 1	Hardv	vare Installation	9
	1-1	Installation Precautions	
	1-2	Product Specifications	
	1-3	Installing the CPU and CPU Cooler	
	1-3	•	
	1-3	0	
	1-4	Installing the Memory	
	1-4	I-1 Dual Channel Memory Configuration	. 16
	1-4	I-2 Installing a Memory	. 17
	1-5	Installing an Expansion Card	. 18
	1-6	Installing the SATA Bracket	. 19
	1-7	Back Panel Connectors	. 20
	1-8	Internal Connectors	. 22
Chapter 2	BIOS	Setup	33
	2-1	Startup Screen	. 34
	2-2	The Main Menu	. 35
	2-3	Standard CMOS Features	. 37
	2-4	Advanced BIOS Features	. 39
	2-5	Integrated Peripherals	. 41
	2-6	Power Management Setup	. 44
	2-7	PnP/PCI Configurations	. 46
	2-8	PC Health Status	. 47
	2-9	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)	. 49
	2-10	Load Fail-Safe Defaults	. 52
	2-11	Load Optimized Defaults	. 52
	2-12	Set Supervisor/User Password	
	2-13	Save & Exit Setup	
	2-14	Exit Without Saving	. 54

Chapter 3	Drive	rs Installation	55
	3-1	Installing Chipset Drivers	. 55
	3-2	Software Applications	. 56
	3-3	Driver CD Information	. 56
	3-4	Hardware Information	. 57
	3-5	Contact Us	. 57
Chapter 4	Uniqu	ue Features	59
	4-1	Xpress Recovery2	. 59
	4-2	BIOS Update Utilities	. 64
	4-2	2-1 Updating the BIOS with the Q-Flash Utility	. 64
	4-2	2-2 Updating the BIOS with the @BIOS Utility	
	4-3	EasyTune 5	. 69
	4-4	Windows Vista ReadyBoost	
Chapter 5	Appe	ndix	71
•	5-1	Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)	
	5-1		
	5-1	1-2 Making a SATA RAID/AHCI Driver Diskette	
	5-1	1-3 Installing the SATA RAID/AHCI Driver and Operating System	
	5-2	Configuring Audio Input and Output	. 82
	5-2	2-1 Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio	. 82
	5-2	2-2 Installing the S/PDIF In Cable (Optional)	. 84
	5-2	2-3 Configuring Microphone Recording	. 86
	5-2	2-4 Using the Sound Recorder	. 88
	5-3	Troubleshooting	. 89
	5-3	3-1 Frequently Asked Questions	. 89
	5-3	3-2 Troubleshooting Procedure	. 90

Box Contents

- GA-P35-DS3 or GA-P35-S3 motherboard
- Motherboard driver disk
- ☑ User's Manual
- ☑ Quick Installation Guide
- ☑ Intel® LGA775 CPU Installation Guide
- \boxdot One IDE cable and one floppy disk drive cable
- ☑ Two SATA 3Gb/s cables
- GA-P35-DS3: One SATA bracket
- ☑ I/O Shield

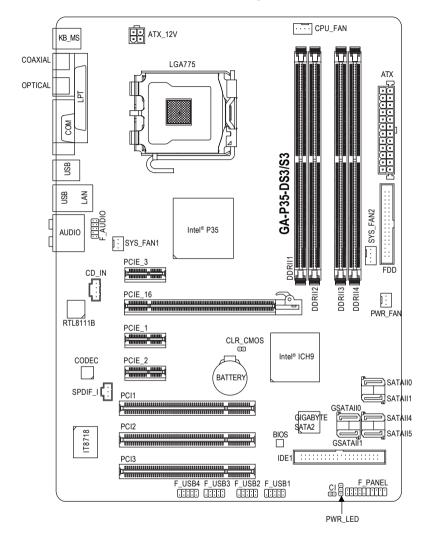


The box contents above are for reference only and the actual items shall depend on product package you obtain. The box contents are subject to change without notice.

Optional Items

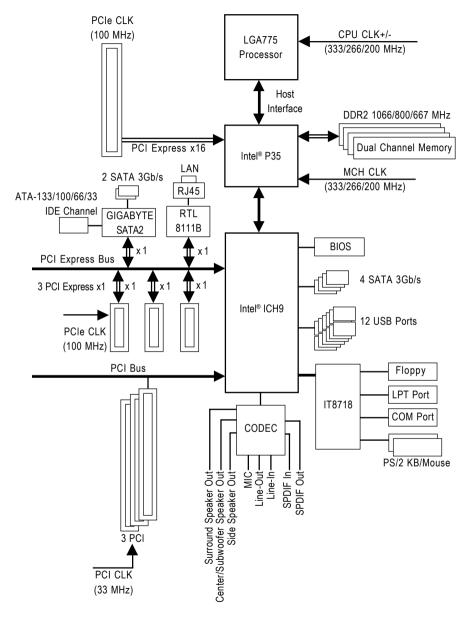
- □ 2-port USB 2.0 bracket (Part No. 12CR1-1UB030-51/R)
- □ 4-port USB 2.0 bracket (Part No. 12CR1-1UB030-21/R)
- S/PDIF in cable (Part No. 12CR1-1SPDIN-01/R)

GA-P35-DS3/S3 Motherboard Layout



"*" Only the GA-P35-DS3 adopts All-Solid Capacitor design.

Block Diagram



Chapter 1 Hardware Installation

1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard contains numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the user's manual and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within a electrostatic shielding container.
- Before unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.

1-2 Product Specifications

Support for an Intel [®] Core [™] 2 Extreme processor/
Intel [®] Core [™] 2 Quad processor/Intel [®] Core [™] 2 Duo processor/
Intel [®] Pentium [®] processor Extreme Edition/Intel [®] Pentium [®] D processor/
Intel® Pentium® 4 processor Extreme Edition/Intel® Pentium® 4 processor/
Intel [®] Celeron [®] D processor in the LGA 775 package
(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
 Support for Intel[®] Hyper-Threading Technology
 L2 cache varies with CPU
 1333/1066/800 MHz FSB
North Bridge: Intel [®] P35 Express Chipset
South Bridge: Intel [®] ICH9
4 x 1.8V DDR2 DIMM sockets supporting up to 8 GB of system memory (Note 1)
Dual channel memory architecture
 Support for DDR2 1066/800/667 MHz memory modules
(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest memory support list.)
Realtek ALC889A codec
High Definition Audio
• 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel
Support for S/PDIF In/Out
Support for CD In
 RTL 8111B chip (10/100/1000 Mbit)
1 x PCI Express x16 slot
 3 x PCI Express x1 slots
• 3 x PCI slots
South Bridge:
- 1 x floppy disk drive connector supporting up to 1 floppy disk drive
- 4 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors (SATAII0, SATAII1, SATAII4, SATAII5)
supporting up to 4 SATA 3Gb/s devices (Note 2)
GIGABYTE SATA2 chip:
 1 x IDE connector supporting ATA-133/100/66/33 and up to 2 IDE devices
- 2 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors (GSATAII0, GSATAII1) supporting up to
2 SATA 3Gb/s devices
- Support for SATA RAID 0 RAID 1 and JBOD
Support for SATA RAID 0, RAID 1, and JBOD Integrated in the South Bridge

"*" Only the GA-P35-DS3 adopts All-Solid Capacitor design.

Internal Connectors	1 x 24-pin ATX main power connector
	1 x 4-pin ATX 12V power connector
	1 x floppy disk drive connector
	1 x IDE connector
	6 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors
	1 x CPU fan header
	2 x system fan headers
	1 x power fan header
	1 x front panel header
	1 x front panel audio header
	1 x CD In connector
	1 x S/PDIF In header
	4 x USB 2.0/1.1 headers
	1 x chassis intrusion header
Back Panel	1 x power LED header
Connectors	1 x PS/2 keyboard port
Connectors	1 x PS/2 mouse port
	 1 x parallel port 1 x coaxial S/PDIF Out connector
	1 x optical S/PDIF Out connector
	 1 x serial port 4 x USB 2.0/1.1 ports
	 4 x 03B 2.07.1 ports 1 x RJ-45 port
	 6 x audio jacks (Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out/Rear Speaker Out/Side
	Speaker Out/Line In/Line Out/Microphone)
I/O Controller	iTE IT8718 chip
Hardware Monitor	System voltage detection
	CPU/System temperature detection
	CPU/System/Power fan speed detection
	 CPU overheating warning
	 CPU/System/Power fan fail warning
	 CPU fan speed control
BIOS	1 x 8 Mbit flash
	Use of licensed AWARD BIOS

Unique Features	 Support for @BIOS
	Support for Download Center
	Support for Q-Flash
	 Support for EasyTune (Note 3)
	Support for Xpress Install
	Support for Xpress Recovery2
	Support for Virtual Dual BIOS
Bundled Software	Norton Internet Security (OEM version)
Operating System	 Support for Microsoft[®] Windows[®] Vista/XP/2000
Form Factor	ATX Form Factor; 30.5cm x 21.0cm

- (Note 1) Due to Windows XP 32-bit operating system limitation, when more than 4 GB of physical memory is installed, the actual memory size displayed will be less than 4 GB.
- (Note 2) To enable hot plug capability for the SATA connectors (SATAII0, SATAII1, SATAII4, SATAII5) controlled by the ICH9 South Bridge, you must install Windows Vista (on ICH9, hot plug is supported in Windows Vista only) and configure the SATA connectors for AHCI mode. The requirements above do not apply to the SATA connectors (GSATAII0, GSATAII1) controlled by the GIGABYTE SATA2 controller. (Refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Integrated Peripherals," for details on enabling AHCI.)
- (Note 3) Available functions in Easytune may differ by motherboard model.

1-3 Installing the CPU and CPU Cooler



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

• Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.

(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)

- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- Locate the pin one of the CPU. The CPU cannot be inserted if oriented incorrectly. (Or you may locate the notches on both sides of the CPU and alignment keys on the CPU socket.)
- Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the CPU.
- Do not turn on the computer if the CPU cooler is not installed, otherwise overheating and damage of the CPU may occur.
- Set the CPU host frequency in accordance with the CPU specifications. It is not recommended that the system bus frequency be set beyond hardware specifications since it does not meet the standard requirements for the peripherals. If you wish to set the frequency beyond the standard specifications, please do so according to your hardware specifications including the CPU, graphics card, memory, hard drive, etc.



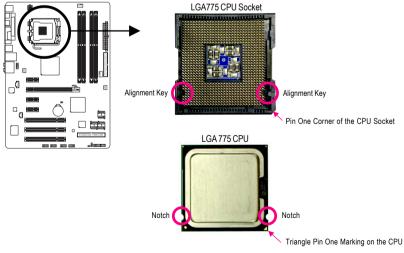
Hyper-Threading Technology System Requirements:

(Go to Intel's website for more information about the Hyper-Threading Technology)

- An Intel[®] CPU that supports HT Technology
- · A chipset that supports HT Technology
- · An operating system that is optimized for HT Technology
- A BIOS that supports HT Technology and has it enabled (Refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Advanced BIOS Features," for instructions on enabling the HT Technology.)

1-3-1 Installing the CPU

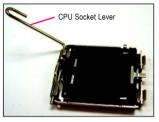
A. Locate the alignment keys on the motherboard CPU socket and the notches on the CPU.



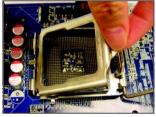
Hardware Installation

B. Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU into the motherboard CPU socket.

Before installing the CPU, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power could be computed from the power outlet to prevent damage to the CPU.



Step 1: Completely raise the CPU socket lever.



Step 3: Lift the metal load plate on the CPU socket.



Step 5:

Once the CPU is properly inserted, replace the load plate and push the CPU socket lever back into its locked position.



Step 2: Remove the protective socket cover.





Hold the CPU with your thumb and index fingers. Align the CPU pin one marking (triangle) with the pin one corner of the CPU socket (or you may align the CPU notches with the socket alignment keys) and gently insert the CPU into position.

1-3-2 Installing the CPU Cooler

Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU cooler on the motherboard. (The following procedure uses Intel[®] boxed cooler as the example cooler.)



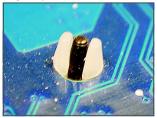
Step 1:

Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the installed CPU.



Step 3.

Place the cooler atop the CPU, aligning the four push pins through the pin holes on the motherboard. Push down on the push pins diagonally.



Step 5:

After the installation, check the back of the motherboard. If the push pin is inserted as the picture above, the installation is complete.



Step 2:

Before installing the cooler, note the direction of the arrow sign \smile on the male push pin. (Turning the push pin along the direction of arrow is to remove the cooler, on the contrary, is to install.)



Step 4:

You should hear a "click" when pushing down each push pin. Check that the Male and Female push pins are joined closely. (Refer to your CPU cooler installation manual for instructions on installing the cooler.)





Finally, attach the power connector of the CPU cooler to the CPU fan header (CPU_FAN) on the motherboard



Use extreme care when removing the CPU cooler because the thermal grease/tape between the CPU cooler and CPU may adhere to the CPU. Inadequately removing the CPU cooler may damage the CPU.

1-4 Installing the Memory



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

 Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.

(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest memory support list.)

- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

1-4-1 Dual Channel Memory Configuration

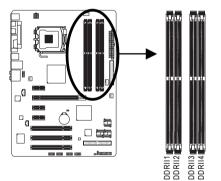


This motherboard provides four DDR2 memory sockets and supports Dual Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory. Enabling Dual Channel memory mode will double the original memory bandwidth.

The four DDR2 memory sockets are divided into two channels and each channel has two memory sockets as following:

➡ Channel 0: DDRII1, DDRII2

➡ Channel 1: DDRII3, DDRII4



▶ Dual Channel Memory Configurations Table

	DDRII1	DDRII2	DDRII3	DDRII4
Two Modules	DS/SS		DS/SS	
		DS/SS		DS/SS
Four Modules	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS

(SS=Single-Sided, DS=Double-Sided, "- -"=No Memory)

Due to chipset limitation, read the following guidelines before installing the memory in Dual Channel mode.

- 1. Dual Channel mode cannot be enabled if only one DDR2 memory module is installed.
- When enabling Dual Channel mode with two or four memory modules, it is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used and installed in the same colored DDR2 sockets for optimum performance.

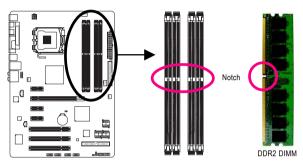


When memory modules of different capacity and chips are installed, a message which says memory is operating in Flex Memory Mode will appear during the POST. Intel[®] Flex Memory Technology offers greater flexibility to upgrade by allowing different memory sizes to be populated and remain in Dual Channel mode/performance.

1-4-2 Installing a Memory



Before installing a memory module , make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the memory module. DDR2 DIMMs are not compatible to DDR DIMMs. Be sure to install DDR2 DIMMs on this motherboard.

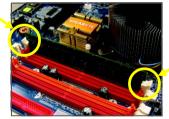


A DDR2 memory module has a notch, so it can only fit in one direction. Follow the steps below to correctly install your memory modules in the memory sockets.



Step 1:

Note the orientation of the memory module. Spread the retaining clips at both ends of the memory socket. Place the memory module on the socket. As indicated in the picture on the left, place your fingers on the top edge of the memory, push down on the memory and insert it vertically into the memory socket.



Step 2:

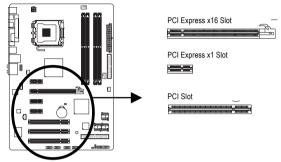
The clips at both ends of the socket will snap into place when the memory module is securely inserted.

1-5 Installing an Expansion Card



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install an expansion card:

- Make sure the motherboard supports the expansion card. Carefully read the manual that came with your expansion card.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing an expansion card to prevent hardware damage.



Follow the steps below to correctly install your expansion card in the expansion slot.

- 1. Locate an expansion slot that supports your card. Remove the metal slot cover from the chassis back panel.
- 2. Align the card with the slot, and press down on the card until it is fully seated in the slot.
- 3. Make sure the metal contacts on the card are completely inserted into the slot.
- 4. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.
- 5. After installing all expansion cards, replace the chassis cover(s).
- Turn on your computer. If necessary, go to BIOS Setup to make any required BIOS changes for your expansion card(s).
- 7. Install the driver provided with the expansion card in your operating system.

Example: Installing and Removing a PCI Express x16 Graphics Card:



Installing a Graphics Card:

Gently insert the graphics card into the PCI Express x16 slot. Make sure the graphics card is locked by the latch at the end of the PCI Express x16 slot.



· Removing the Card:

Press the white latch at the end of the PCI Express x16 slot to release the card and then pull the card straight up from the slot.

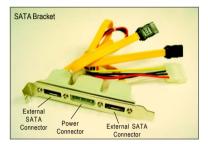
1-6 Installing the SATA Bracket

The SATA bracket allows you to connect external SATA device(s) to your system by expanding the internal SATA port(s) to the chassis back panel.



• Turn off your system and the power switch on the power supply before installing or removing the SATA bracket and SATA power cable to prevent damage to hardware.

• Insert the SATA signal cable and SATA power cable securely into the corresponding connectors when installing.







The SATA bracket includes one SATA bracket, one SATA signal cable, and one SATA power cable.

Follow the steps below to install the SATA bracket:



Step 1: Locate one free PCI slot and secure the SATA bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.



Step 2: Connect the SATA cable from the bracket to the SATA port on your motherboard.



Step 3: Connect the power cable from the bracket to the power supply.



Step 4:

Plug one end of the SATA signal cable into the external SATA connector on the bracket. Then attach the SATA power cable to the power connector on the bracket.

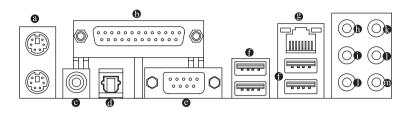


Step 5:

Connect the other ends of the SATA signal cable and SATA power cable to your SATA device. For SATA device in external enclosure, you only need to connect the SATA signal cable. Before connecting the SATA signal cable, make sure to turn off the power of the external enclosure.

"*" The SATA bracket is included with the GA-P35-DS3 only.

1-7 Back Panel Connectors



PS/2 Keyboard and PS/2 Mouse Port

Use the upper port (green) to connect a PS/2 mouse and the lower port (purple) to connect a PS/2 keyboard.

Parallel Port

Use the parallel port to connect devices such as a printer, scanner and etc. The parallel port is also called a printer port.

Coaxial S/PDIF Out Connector

This connector provides digital audio out to an external audio system that supports digital coaxial audio. Before using this feature, ensure that your audio system provides a coaxial digital audio in connector.

Optical S/PDIF Out Connector

This connector provides digital audio out to an external audio system that supports digital optical audio. Before using this feature, ensure that your audio system provides an optical digital audio in connector.

Serial Port

Use the serial port to connect devices such as a mouse, modem or other peripherals.

USB Port

The USB port supports the USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use this port for USB devices such as an USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.

RJ-45 LAN Port

The Gigabit Ethernet LAN port provides Internet connection at up to 1 Gbps data rate. The following describes the states of the LAN port LEDs.

Connection/ Speed LED

Acti

LAN Port

vity LED	ity LED Connection/Speed LED:				
	State Description				
	Orange	1 Gpbs data rate			
	Green	100 Mpbs data rate			
_	Off	10 Mpbs data rate			

Activity LED:

 State
 Description

 Blinking
 Data transmission or receiving is occurring

 Off
 No data transmission or receiving is occurring



- When removing the cable connected to a back panel connector, first remove the cable from your device and then remove it from the motherboard.
- When removing the cable, pull it straight out from the connector. Do not rock it side to side to prevent an electrical short inside the cable connector.

Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out Jack (Orange)

Use this audio jack to connect center/subwoofer speakers in a 5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

Rear Speaker Out Jack (Black)

Use this audio jack to connect rear speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

Side Speaker Out Jack (Gray)

Use this audio jack to connect side speakers in a 7.1-channel audio configuration.

Line In Jack (Blue)

The default line in jack. Use this audio jack for line in devices such as an optical drive, walkman, etc.

Line Out Jack (Green)

The default line out jack. Use this audio jack for a headphone or 2-channel speaker. This jack can be used to connect front speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

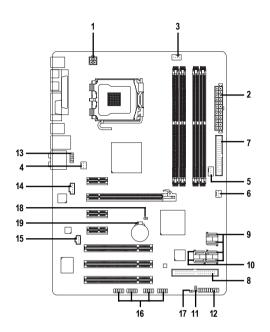
Mic In Jack (Pink)

The default Mic in jack. Microphones must be connected to this jack.



In addition to the default speakers settings, the $\mathbf{0} \sim \mathbf{0}$ audio jacks can be reconfigured to perform different functions via the audio software. Only microphones still MUST be connected to the default Mic in jack ($\mathbf{0}$). Refer to the instructions on setting up a 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration in Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."

1-8 Internal Connectors



1)	ATX_12V	11)	PWR_LED
2)	ATX (Power Connector)	12)	F_PANEL
3)	CPU_FAN	13)	F_AUDIO
4)	SYS_FAN1	14)	CD_IN
5)	SYS_FAN2	15)	SPDIF_I
6)	PWR_FAN	16)	F_USB1/F_USB2/F_USB3/F_USB4
7)	FDD	17)	CI
8)	IDE1	18)	CLR_CMOS
9)	SATAII0/1/4/5	19)	BATTERY
10)	GSATAII0/1		



Read the following guidelines before connecting external devices:

- First make sure your devices are compliant with the connectors you wish to connect.
- Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.
 - After installing the device and before turning on the computer, make sure the device cable
 has been securely attached to the connector on the motherboard.

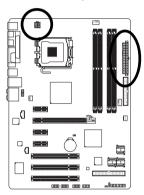
1/2) ATX_12V/ATX (2x2 12V Power Connector and 2x12 Main Power Connector)

With the use of the power connector, the power supply can supply enough stable power to all the components on the motherboard. Before connecting the power connector, first make sure the power supply is turned off and all devices are properly installed. The power connector possesses a foolproof design. Connect the power supply cable to the power connector in the correct orientation. The 12V power connector mainly supplies power to the CPU. If the 12V power connector is not connected, the computer will not start.



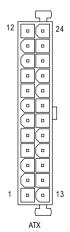
To meet expansion requirements, it is recommended that a power supply that can withstand high power consumption be used (400W or greater). If a power supply is used that does not provide the required power, the result can lead to an unstable or unbootable system.

• The main power connector is compatible with power supplies with 2x10 power connectors. When using a 2x12 power supply, remove the protective cover from the main power connector on the motherboard. Do not insert the power supply cable into pins under the protective cover when using a 2x10 power supply.





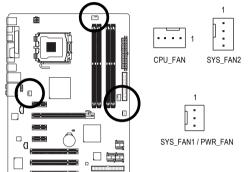
ATX_12V :	
Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	GND
3	+12V
4	+12V



ATX :			
Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	3.3V	13	3.3V
2	3.3V	14	-12V
3	GND	15	GND
4	+5V	16	PS_ON(soft On/Off)
5	GND	17	GND
6	+5V	18	GND
7	GND	19	GND
8	Power Good	20	-5V
9	5V SB(stand by +5V)	21	+5V
10	+12V	22	+5V
11	+12V(Onlyfor2x12-pinATX)	23	+5V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)
12	3.3V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)	24	GND (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)

3/4/5/6) CPU_FAN/SYS_FAN1/SYS_FAN2/PWR_FAN (Fan Headers)

The motherboard has a 4-pin CPU fan header (CPU_FAN), a 3-pin system fan header (SYS_FAN1), a 4-pin system fan header (SYS_FAN2) and a 3-pin power fan header (PWR_FAN). Each fan header supplies a +12V power voltage and possesses a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation. Most fans are designed with color-coded power connector wires. A red power connector wire indicates a positive connection and requires a +12V voltage. The black connector wire is the ground wire. The motherboard supports CPU fan speed control, which requires the use of a CPU fan with fan speed control design. For optimum heat dissipation, it is recommended that a system fan be installed inside the chassis.



PU_FAN / SYS_FAN2:				
Pin No.	Definition			
1	GND			
2	+12V / Speed Control			
3	Sense			
4	Speed Control			

SYS_FAN1 / PWR_FAN :

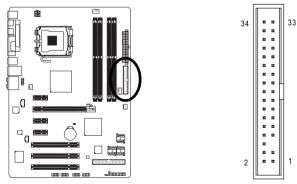
Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	+12V
3	Sense



Be sure to connect fan cables to the fan headers to prevent your CPU and system from overheating. Overheating may result in damage to the CPU or the system may hang.
These fan headers are not configuration jumper blocks. Do not place a jumper cap on the headers.

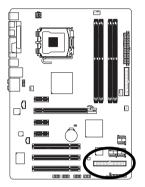
7) FDD (Floppy Disk Drive Connector)

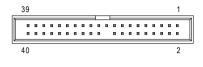
This connector is used to connect a floppy disk drive. The types of floppy disk drives supported are: 360 KB, 720 KB, 1.2 MB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB. Before connecting a floppy disk drive, locate the foolproof groove on the connector.



8) IDE1 (IDE Connector)

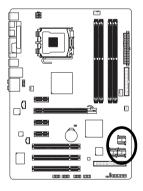
The IDE connector supports up to two IDE devices such as hard drives and optical drives. Before attaching the IDE cable, locate the foolproof groove on the connector. If you wish to connect two IDE devices, remember to set the jumpers and the cabling according to the role of the IDE devices (for example, master or slave). (For information about configuring master/slave settings for the IDE devices, read the instructions from the device manufacturers.)





9) SATAII0/1/4/5 (SATA 3Gb/s Connectors, Controlled by ICH9, Orange)

The SATA connectors conform to SATA 3Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device.

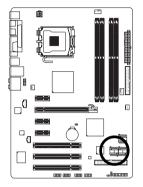


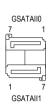


7 SATAII5 Pin No. Definition 1 GND 2 TXP 3 TXN 4 GND 5 RXN 6 RXP 7 GND

10) GSATAII0 / 1 (SATA 3Gb/s Connectors, Controlled by GIGABYTE SATA2, Purple)

The SATA connectors conform to SATA 3Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device. The GIGABYTE SATA2 controller supports RAID 0 and RAID 1. Refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.



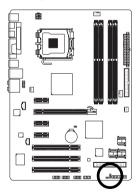


Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	GND
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	GND

A RAID 0 or RAID 1 configuration requires at least two hard drives. If more than two hard drives are to be used, the total number of hard drives must be an even number.

11) PWR_LED (System Power LED Header)

This header can be used to connect a system power LED on the chassis to indicate system power status. The LED is on when the system is operating. The LED keeps blinking when the system is in S1 sleep state. The LED is off when the system is in S3/S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).

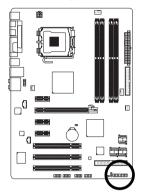


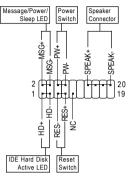


System Status	LED
S0	On
S1	Blinking
S3/S4/S5	Off

12) F_PANEL (Front Panel Header)

Connect the power switch, reset switch, speaker and system status indicator on the chassis front panel to this header according to the pin assignments below. Note the positive and negative pins before connecting the cables.





• MSG (Message/Power/Sleep LED, Yellow):

System Status	LED	Co
S0	On	LE
S1	Blinking	the
S3/S4/S5	Off	S3/

nnects to the power status indicator on the chassis front panel. The D is on when the system is operating. The LED keeps blinking when a system is in S1 sleep state. The LED is off when the system is in /S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).

• PW (Power Switch, Red):

Connects to the power switch on the chassis front panel. You may configure the way to turn off your system using the power switch (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Power Management Setup," for more information).

• SPEAK (Speaker, Orange):

Connects to the speaker on the chassis front panel. The system reports system startup status by issuing a beep code. One single short beep will be heard if no problem is detected at system startup. If a problem is detected, the BIOS may issue beeps in different patterns to indicate the problem. Refer to Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," for information about beep codes.

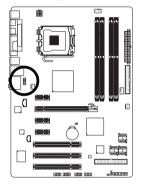
- HD (IDE Hard Drive Activity LED, Blue) Connects to the hard drive activity LED on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the hard drive is reading or writing data.
- RES (Reset Switch, Green): Connects to the reset switch on the chassis front panel. Press the reset switch to restart the computer if the computer freezes and fails to perform a normal restart.
- NC (Purple): No connection



The front panel design may differ by chassis. A front panel module mainly consists of power switch, reset switch, power LED, hard drive activity LED, speaker and etc. When connecting your chassis front panel module to this header, make sure the wire assignments and the pin assignments are matched correctly.

13) F_AUDIO (Front Panel Audio Header)

The front panel audio header supports Intel High Definition audio (HD) and AC'97 audio. You may connect your chassis front panel audio module to this header. Make sure the wire assignments of the module connector match the pin assignments of the motherboard header. Incorrect connection between the module connector and the motherboard header will make the device unable to work or even damage it. HD Front Panel



	For HD F
•• 2	Pin No.
—	1
	2
10	3
	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	9
	10

1

q

Audio:	For AC'97 Front Panel Audio:
--------	------------------------------

Definition

MIC2 L GND

MIC2 R -ACZ DET LINE2 R FSENSE1 FAUDIO JD No Pin LINE2_L FSENSE2

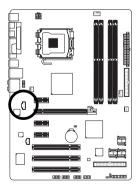
Pin No.	Definition
1	MIC
2	GND
3	MIC Power
4	NC
5	Line Out (R)
6	NC
7	NC
8	No Pin
9	Line Out (L)
10	NC



- The front panel audio header supports HD audio by default. If your chassis provides an AC'97 front panel audio module, refer to the instructions on how to activate AC'97 functioninality via the audio software in Chapter 5. "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."
- · When using an AC'97 front panel audio module, you can use either the front or the back panel audio connectors, but not both at the same time.
- · Some chassis provide a front panel audio module that has separated connectors on each wire instead of a single plug. For information about connecting the front panel audio module that has different wire assignments, please contact the chassis manufacturer.

14) CD IN (CD In Connector)

You may connect the audio cable that came with your optical drive to the header.

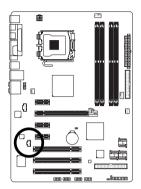




Pin No.	Definition
1	CD-L
2	GND
3	GND
4	CD-R

15) SPDIF_I (S/PDIF In Header)

This header supports digital S/PDIF in and can connect to an audio device that supports digital audio out via an optional S/PDIF in cable. For purchasing the optional S/PDIF in cable, please contact the local dealer.

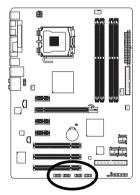




Pin No.	Definition
1	Power
2	SPDIFI
3	GND

16) F_USB1/F_USB2/F_USB3/F_USB4 (USB Headers)

The headers conform to USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Each USB header can provide two USB ports via an optional USB bracket. For purchasing the optional USB bracket, please contact the local dealer.





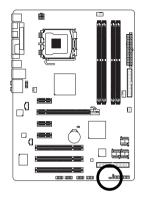
Pin No.	Definition
1	Power (5V)
2	Power (5V)
3	USB DX-
4	USBDY-
5	USB DX+
6	USB DY+
7	GND
8	GND
9	No Pin
10	NC



- Do not plug the IEEE 1394 bracket (2x5-pin) cable into the USB header.
- Prior to installing the USB bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the USB bracket.

17) CI (Chassis Intrusion Header)

This motherboard provides a chassis detection feature that detects if the chassis cover has been removed. This function requires a chassis with chassis intrusion detection design.

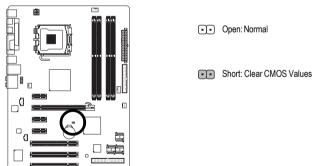


1 💽

Pin No.	Definition
1	Signal
2	GND

18) CLR_CMOS (Clearing CMOS Jumper)

Use this jumper to clear the CMOS values (e.g. date information and BIOS configurations) and reset the CMOS values to factory defaults. To clear the CMOS values, place a jumper cap on the two pins to temporarily short the two pins or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the two pins for a few seconds.

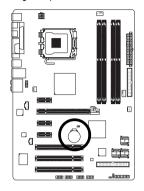




- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before clearing the CMOS values.
- After clearing the CMOS values and before turning on your computer, be sure to remove the jumper cap from the jumper. Failure to do so may cause damage to the motherboard.
- After system restart, go to BIOS Setup to load factory defaults (select Load Optimized Defaults) or manually configure the BIOS settings (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," for BIOS configurations).

19) BATTERY

The battery provides power to keep the values (such as BIOS configurations, date, and time information) in the CMOS when the computer is turned off. Replace the battery when the battery voltage drops to a low level, or the CMOS values may not be accurate or may be lost.





You may clear the CMOS values by removing the battery:

- 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
- Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
- 3. Replace the battery.
- 4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.



- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord before replacing the battery.
- Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Danger of explosion if the battery is replaced with an incorrect model.
- Contact the place of purchase or local dealer if you are not able to replace the battery by yourself or uncertain about the battery model.
- When installing the battery, note the orientation of the positive side (+) and the negative side (-) of the battery (the positive side should face up).
- · Used batteries must be handled in accordance with local environmental regulations.

Chapter 2 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the CMOS on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters and loading operating system, etc. BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features. When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the <Delete> key during the POST when the power is turned on. To see more advanced BIOS Setup menu options, you can press <Ctrl> + <F1> in the main menu of the BIOS Setup program.

To upgrade the BIOS, use either the GIGABYTE Q-Flash or @BIOS utility.

- Q-Flash allows the user to quickly and easily upgrade or back up BIOS without entering the operating system.
- @BIOS is a Windows-based utility that searches and downloads the latest version of BIOS from the Internet and updates the BIOS.

For instructions on using the Q-Flash and @BIOS utilities, refer to Chapter 4, "BIOS Update Utilities."



- Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter problems using the current version of BIOS, it is recommended that you not flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.
- BIOS will emit a beep code during the POST. Refer to Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," for the beep codes description.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values. (Refer to the "Load Optimized Defaults" section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clearing CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

2-1 Startup Screen

The following screens may appear when the computer boots.

A. The LOGO Screen (Default)



B. The POST Screen

Motherboard Model	Award Modular BIOS v6.00PG, An Energy Star Ally Copyright (C) 1984-2007, Award Software, Inc. Intel P35 BIOS for P35-DS3 F1b	energy
BIOS Version -		
BIOS Version-	•	
	: BIOS Setup/Q-Flash <f9>: XpressRecovery2 <f12>: Bc 04/10/2007-P35-ICH9-6A79OG0NC-00</f12></f9>	ot Menu <end>: Qflash Function Keys</end>

Function Keys:

<TAB> : POST Screen

Press the <Tab> key to show the BIOS POST screen. To show the BIOS POST screen at system startup, refer to the instructions on the **Full Screen LOGO Show** item on page 40.

 : BIOS Setup/Q-Flash

Press the <Delete> key to enter BIOS Setup or to access the Q-Flash utility in BIOS Setup.

<F9> : Xpress Recovery2

If you have ever entered Xpress Recovery2 to back up hard drive data using the motherboard driver disk, the <F9> key can be used for subsequent access to XpressRecovery2 during the POST. For more information, refer to Chapter 4, "Xpress Recovery2."

<F12> : Boot Menu

Boot Menu allows you to set the first boot device without entering BIOS Setup. In Boot Menu, use the up arrow key < \uparrow > or the down arrow key< \downarrow > to select the first boot device, then press <Enter> to accept. To exit Boot Menu, press <Esc>. The system will directly boot from the device configured in Boot Menu.

Note: The setting in Boot Menu is effective for one time only. After system restart, the device boot order will still be based on BIOS Setup settings. You can access Boot Menu again to change the first boot device setting as needed.

<End> : Q-Flash

GA-P35-DS3/S3 Motherboard

Press the <End> key to access the Q-Flash utility directly without having to enter BIOS Setup first.

2-2 The Main Menu

Once you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main Menu (as shown below) appears on the screen. Use arrow keys to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter a sub-menu.

(Sample BIOS Version: GA-P35-DS3 F1b)

_		CMOS Setup I	Utility-Copyright	(C) 1984-2007 A	Award Software
ſ	►	Standard CMOS Features		Load Fail	-Safe Defaults
	►	Advanced BIOS Features		Load Opt	imized Defaults
	►	Integrated Peripherals		Set Super	visor Password
	►	Power Management Setup		Set User	Password
	►	PnP/PCI Configurations		Save & E	xit Setup
	►	PC Health Status		Exit With	out Saving
	►	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)			
	ES	SC: Quit	↑↓→←: Select	Item	F11: Save CMOS to BIOS
	F8	3: Q-Flash	F10: Save & Ex	it Setup	F12: Load CMOS from BIOS
			Time, Date, Ha	ard Disk Type	

BIOS Setup Program Function Keys

• •	•		
$<\uparrow><\downarrow><\leftrightarrow>>$	Move the selection bar to select an item		
<enter></enter>	Execute command or enter the submenu		
<esc></esc>	Main Menu: Exit the BIOS Setup program		
	Submenus: Exit current submenu		
<page up=""></page>	Increase the numeric value or make changes		
<page down=""></page>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes		
<f1></f1>	Show descriptions of the function keys		
<f2></f2>	Move cursor to the Item Help block on the right (submenus only)		
<f5></f5>	Restore the previous BIOS settings for the current submenus		
<f6></f6>	Load the Fail-Safe BIOS default settings for the current submenus		
<f7></f7>	Load the Optimized BIOS default settings for the current submenus		
<f8></f8>	Access the Q-Flash utility		
<f9></f9>	Display system information		
<f10></f10>	Save all the changes and exit the BIOS Setup program		
<f11></f11>	Save CMOS to BIOS		
<f12></f12>	Load CMOS from BIOS		

Main Menu Help

The onscreen description of a highlighted setup option is displayed on the bottom line of the Main Menu. Submenu Help

While in a submenu, press <F1> to display a help screen (General Help) of function keys available for the menu. Press <Esc> to exit the help screen. Help for each item is in the Item Help block on the right side of the submenu.



 If you do not find the settings you want in the Main Menu or a submenu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to access more advanced options.



- · When the system is not stable as usual, select the Load Optimized Defaults item to set your system to its defaults.
- The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.

■ The Functions of the <F11> and <F12> keys (For the Main Menu Only)

▶ F11 : Save CMOS to BIOS

This function allows you to save the current BIOS settings to a profile. You can create up to 8 profiles (Profile 1-8) and name each profile. First enter the profile name (to erase the default profile name, use the SPACE key) and then press <Enter> to complete.

▶ F12 : Load CMOS from BIOS

If your system becomes unstable and you have loaded the BIOS default settings, you can use this function to load the BIOS settings from a profile created before, without the hassles of reconfiguring the BIOS settings. First select the profile you wish to load, then press <Enter> to complete.

Standard CMOS Features

Use this menu to configure the system time and date, hard drive types, floppy disk drive types, and the type of errors that stop the system boot, etc.

Advanced BIOS Features

Use this menu to configure the device boot order, advanced features available on the CPU, and the primary display adapter.

Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to configure all peripheral devices, such as IDE, SATA, USB, integrated audio, and integrated LAN, etc.

Power Management Setup

Use this menu to configure all the power-saving functions.

PnP/PCI Configurations

Use this menu to configure the system's PCI & PnP resources.

PC Health Status

Use this menu to see information about autodetected system/CPU temperature, system voltage and fan speed, etc.

MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)

Use this menu to configure the clock, frequency and voltages of your CPU, memory, etc.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Fail-Safe defaults are factory settings for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

Load Optimized Defaults

Optimized defaults are factory settings for optimal-performance system operations.

Set Supervisor Password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup. A supervisor password allows you to make changes in BIOS Setup.

Set User Password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup. An user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

Save & Exit Setup

Save all the changes made in the BIOS Setup program to the CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <F10> can also carry out this task.)

Exit Without Saving

Abandon all changes and the previous settings remain in effect. Pressing <Y> to the confirmation message will exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <Esc> can also carry out this task.)

2-3 Standard CMOS Features

CMOS Setu	p Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Standard CMOS Features	l Software
Date (mm:dd:yy) Time (hh:mm:ss)	Tue, Apr 10 2007 22:31:24	Item Help Menu Level▶
 IDE Channel 0 Master IDE Channel 0 Slave IDE Channel 1 Master IDE Channel 1 Slave IDE Channel 2 Master IDE Channel 3 Master IDE Channel 4 Master IDE Channel 4 Slave IDE Channel 5 Master IDE Channel 5 Slave Drive A 	[None] [None] [None] [None] [None] [None] [None] [None] [None] [1.44M, 3.5"]	
Floppy 3 Mode Support Halt On	[Disabled] [All, But Keyboard]	
Base Memory Extended Memory Total Memory	640K 510M 512M	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save F6: Fail-Safe Default	ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults

🗢 Date

Sets the system date. The date format is week (read-only), month, date and year. Select the desired field and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the date.

ං Time

Sets the system time. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:0:0. Select the desired field and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the time.

☞ IDE Channel 0, 1 Master/Slave

► IDE HDD Auto-Detection

Press <Enter> to autodetect the parameters of the IDE/SATA device on this channel.

▶ IDE Channel 0, 1 Master/Slave

Configure your IDE/SATA devices by using one of the three methods below:

- Auto Lets BIOS automatically detect IDE/SATA devices during the POST. (Default)
- None If no IDE/SATA devices are used, set this item to None so the system will skip the detection of the device during the POST for faster system startup.
- Manual Allows you to manually enter the specifications of the hard drive when the hard drive access mode is set to CHS.

Access Mode Sets the hard drive access mode. Options are: Auto (default), CHS, LBA, Large.

☞ IDE Channel 2, 3 Master, IDE Channel 4, 5 Master/Slave

► IDE Auto-Detection

Press <Enter> to autodetect the parameters of the IDE/SATA device on this channel.

➡ Extended IDE Drive Configure your IDE/SATA devices using one of the two methods below:

- Auto Lets BIOS automatically detect IDE/SATA devices during the POST. (Default)
- None If no IDE/SATA devices are used, set this item to None so the system will skip the detection of the device during the POST for faster system startup.

➡ Access Mode Sets the hard drive access mode. Options are: Auto (default), Large. The following fields display your hard drive specifications. If you wish to enter the parameters manually, refer to the information on the hard drive.

- ✤ Capacity Approximate capacity of the currently installed hard drive.
- ➤ Cylinder Number of cylinders.
- ➡ Head Number of heads.
- ▶ Precomp Write precompensation cylinder.
- ➡ Landing Zone Landing zone.
- ✤ Sector Number of sectors.

Drive A

Allows you to selects the type of floppy disk drive installed in your system. If you do not install a floppy disk drive, set this item to **None**. Options are: None, 360K/5.25", 1.2M/5.25", 720K/3.5", 1.44M/3.5", 2.88M/3.5".

Floppy 3 Mode Support

Allows you to specify whether the installed floppy disk drive is 3-mode floppy disk drive, a Japanese standard floppy disk drive. Options are: Disabled (default), Drive A.

ං Halt on

Allows you to determine whether the system will stop for an error during the POST.

- ✤ No Errors The system boot will not stop for any error.
- ✤ All Errors Whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error the system boot will stop.
- All, But Keyboard The system boot will not stop for a keyboard error but stop for all other errors. (Default)
- ✤ All, But Diskette The system boot will not stop for a floppy disk drive error but stop for all other errors.
- ✤ All, But Disk/Key The system boot will not stop for a keyboard or a floppy disk drive error but it will stop for all other errors.

· Memory

These fields are read-only and are determined by the BIOS POST.

- Base Memory Also called conventional memory. Typically, 640 KB will be reserved for the MS-DOS operating system.
- ▶ Extended Memory The amount of extended memory.
- ✤ Total Memory The total amount of memory installed on the system.

2-4 Advanced BIOS Features

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software Advanced BIOS Features					
	Hard Disk Boot Priority First Boot Device Second Boot Device Password Check HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability CPU Hyper-Threading (Meth) Limit CPUID Max. to 3 (Meth) No-Execute Memory Protect (Meth) CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) (Meth) CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) (Meth) CPU EIST Function (Meth) Virtualization Technology (Meth) Full Screen LOGO Show Init Display First	Press En [Floppy] [Hard Dis [CDROM [Setup] [Disabled [Enabled [Enabled [Enabled [Enabled [Enabled [Enabled [Enabled] [Enabled]	- k]] 	Item F Menu l	
↑∖	.→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	F10: Save	ESC: Exit F7: Optimized	· · · · · · · ·

☞ Hard Disk Boot Priority

Specifies the sequence of loading the operating system from the installed hard drives. Use the up or down arrow key to select a hard drive, then press the plus key <+> (or <PageUp>) or the minus key <-> (or <PageDown>) to move it up or down on the list. Press <Esc> to exit this menu when finished.

☞ First/Second/Third Boot Device

Specifies the boot order from the available devices. Use the up or down arrow key to select a device and press <Enter> to accept. Options are: Floppy, LS120, Hard Disk, CDROM, ZIP, USB-FDD, USB-ZIP, USB-CDROM, USB-HDD, Legacy LAN, Disabled.

Password Check

Specifies whether a password is required every time the system boots, or only when you enter BIOS Setup. After configuring this item, set the password(s) under the **Set Supervisor/User Password** item in the BIOS Main Menu.

Setup
 A password is only required for entering the BIOS Setup program. (Default)
 System
 A password is required for booting the system and for entering the BIOS Setup program.

☞ HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability

Enables or disables the S.M.A.R.T. (Self Monitoring and Reporting Technology) capability of your hard drive. This feature allows your system to report read/write errors of the hard drive and to issue warnings when a third party hardware monitor utility is installed. (Default: Disabled)

(Note) This item is present only if you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.

∽ CPU Hyper-Threading ^(Note)

Enables or disables Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology. This feature only works for operating systems that support multi-processors mode. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Limit CPUID Max. to 3 (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to limit CPUID maximum value. Set this item to **Disabled** for Windows XP operating system; set this item to **Enabled** for legacy operating system such as Windows NT4.0. (Default: Disabled)

No-Execute Memory Protect^(Note)

Enables or disables Intel[®] Execute Disable Bit function. This function may enhance protection for the computer, reducing exposure to viruses and malicious buffer overflow attacks when working with its supporting software and system. (Default: Enabled)

∽ CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E)^(Note)

Enables or disables Intel[®] CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) function, a CPU power-saving function in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. (Default: Enabled)

CPU Thermal Monitor 2 (TM2) (Note)

Enables or disables Intel[®] CPU Thermal Monitor (TM2) function, a CPU overheating protection function. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced when the CPU is overheated. (Default: Enabled)

∽ CPU EIST Function ^(Note)

Enables or disables Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology (EIST). Depending on CPU loading, Intel[®] EIST technology can dynamically and effectively lower the CPU voltage and core frequency to decrease average power consumption and heat production. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Virtualization Technology ^(Note)

Enables or disables Intel[®] Virtualization Technology. Virtualization enhanced by Intel[®] Virtualization Technology will allow a platform to run multiple operating systems and applications in independent partitions. With virtualization, one computer system can function as multiple virtual systems. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Full Screen LOGO Show

Allows you to determine whether to display the GIGABYTE Logo at system startup. **Disabled** displays normal POST message. (Default: Enabled)

☞ Init Display First

Specifies the first initiation of the monitor display from the installed PCI graphics card or the PCI Express graphics card.

- ▶ PCI Sets the PCI graphics card as the first display. (Default)
- ▶ PEG Sets the PCI Express x16 graphics card as the first display.

(Note) This item is present only if you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.

2-5 Integrated Peripherals

CMOS Setu	up Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Awar Integrated Peripherals	rd Software
SATA AHCI Mode SATA PortO-3 Native Mode USB Controller USB 2.0 Controller USB Keyboard Support Legacy USB storage detect Azalia Codee Onboard H/W LAN SMART LAN Onboard HAN Boot ROM Onboard SATA/IDE Device Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Mode Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Mode Onboard Parallel Port Parallel Port Mode	[Disabled] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Auto] [Enabled] [Press Enter] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [JBE] [3F8/IRQ4] [378/IRQ7] [SPP]	<u>Item Help</u> Menu Level≯
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults

∽ SATA AHCI Mode (Intel ICH9 Southbridge)

Enables or disables AHCI for the SATA controllers integrated in the Intel ICH9 Southbridge.

- >> Disabled Configures the SATA controllers to PATA mode. (Default)
- AHCI (Note) Configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug. For more information about AHCI, please visit Intel's website.

∽ SATA Port0-3 Native Mode (Intel ICH9 Southbridge)

Specifies the operating mode of the integrated SATA controllers.

Disabled	Allows the SATA controllers to operate in Legacy IDE mode.
	In Legacy mode the SATA controllers use dedicated IRQs that cannot be shared
	with other device. Set this option to Disabled if you wish to install operating
	systems that do not support Native mode, e.g. Windows 9X/ME. (Default)
➡ Enabled	Allows the SATA controllers to operate in Native IDE mode.
	Enable Native IDE mode if you wish to install operating systems that support
	Native mode, e.g. Windows XP/2000.

USB Controller

Enables or disables the integrated USB controller. (Default: Enabled) **Disabled** will turn off all of the USB functionalities below.

□ USB 2.0 Controller

Enables or disables the integrated USB 2.0 controller. (Default: Enabled)

☞ USB Keyboard Support

Allows USB keyboard to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Disabled)

(Note) Supported on Windows® Vista® operating system only.

☞ USB Mouse Support

Allows USB mouse to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Disabled)

Contract Legacy USB storage detect

Determines whether to detect USB storage devices, including USB flash drives and USB hard drives during the POST. (Default: Enabled)

Azalia Codec

Enables or disables the onboard audio function. (Default: Auto)

If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in audio card instead of using the onboard audio, set this item to **Disabled**.

Onboard H/W LAN

Enables or disables the onboard LAN function. (Default: Enabled)

If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in network card instead of using the onboard LAN, set this item to **Disabled**.

∽ SMART LAN (LAN Cable Diagnostic Function)

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software SMART LAN					
Start detecting at Port		Item Help			
Pair1-2 Status = Open	/ Length = 0.0m	Menu Level▶			
Pair3-6 Status = Open	/ Length = 0.0m				
Pair4-5 Status = Open	/ Length = 0.0m	I .			
Pair7-8 Status = Open	/ Length = 0.0m				
l		<u> </u>			
$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$: Move Enter: Select	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save	ESC: Exit F1: General Help			
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults			

This motherboard incorporates cable diagnostic feature designed to detect the status of the attached LAN cable. This feature will detect cabling issue and report the approximate distance to the fault or short. Refer to the following information for diagnosing your LAN cable:

∽When No LAN Cable Is Attached...

If no LAN cable is attached to the motherboard, the **Status** fields of all four pairs of wires will show **Open** and the **Length** fields show **0.0m**, as shown in the figure above.

[∞]When LAN Cable Is Functioning Normally...

If no cable problem is detected on the LAN cable connected to a Gigabit hub or a 10/100 Mbps hub, the following message will appear:



Link Detected Displays transmission speed

>> Cable Length Displays the approximate length of the attached LAN cable.

Note: The Gigabit hub will only operate at a speed of 10/100Mbps in MS-DOS mode; it will operate at a normal speed of 10/100/1000Mbps in Windows mode or when the LAN Boot ROM is activated.

∽When a Cable Problem Occurs...

If a cable problem occurs on a specified pair of wires, the **Status** field will show **Short** and thenlength shown will be the approximate distance to the fault or short.

Example: Pair1-2 Status = Short / Length = 1.6m Explanation: A fault or short might occur at about 1.6m on Pair 1-2.

Note: Pair 4-5 and Pair 7-8 are not used in a 10/100 Mbps environment, so their **Status** fields will show **Open**, and the length shown is the approximate length of the attached LAN cable.

○ Onboard LAN Boot ROM

Allows you to decide whether to activate the boot ROM integrated with the onboard LAN chip. (Default: Disabled)

∽ Onboard SATA/IDE Device (GIGABYTE SATA2 Chip)

Enables or disables the IDE and SATA controllers integrated in the GIGABYTE SATA 2 chip. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Mode (GIGABYTE SATA2 Chip)

Enables or disables RAID for the SATA controller integrated in the GIGABYTE SATA 2 chip.

- ▶ IDE Configures the SATA controller to PATA mode. (Default)
- AHCI Configures the SATA controller to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug. For more information about AHCI, please visit Intel's website.
- RAID/IDE Enables RAID for the SATA controller. (The IDE controller still operates in PATA mode)

Onboard Serial Port 1

Enables or disables the first serial port and specifies its base I/O address and corresponding interrupt. Options are: Auto, 3F8/IRQ4 (default), 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, Disabled.

∽ Onboard Parallel Port

Enables or disables the onboard parallel port (LPT) and specifies its base I/O address and corresponding interrupt. Options are: 378/IRQ7 (default), 278/IRQ5, 3BC/IRQ7, Disabled.

☞ Parallel Port Mode

Selects an operating mode for the onboard parallel (LPT) port. Options are: SPP (Standard Parallel Port)(default), EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port), ECP (Extended Capabilities Port), ECP+EPP.

2-6 Power Management Setup

	CMOS Setu	p Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Power Management Setup	Software
x x x	ACPI Suspend Type Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN PME Event Wake Up Power On by Ring Resume by Alarm Date (of Month) Alarm Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm HPET Support ^(Newe) HPET Mode ^(Newe) Power On By Mouse Power On By Keyboard KB Power ON Password AC Back Function	[S3(STR)] [Instant-Off] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Disabled] Everyday 0:0:0 [Enabled] [32-bit mode] [Disabled] [Disabled] Enter [Soft-Off]	Item Help Menu Level >
<u>↑</u> ↓·	→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults

ACPI Suspend Type

Specifies the ACPI sleep state when the system enters suspend.

- S1(POS) Enables the system to enter the ACPI S1 (Power on Suspend) sleep state. In S1 sleep state, the system appears suspended and stays in a low power mode. The system can be resumed at any time.
- S3(STR) Enables the system to enter the ACPI S3 (Suspend to RAM) sleep state (default). In S3 sleep state, the system appears to be off and consumes less power than in the S1 state. When signaled by a wake-up device or event, the system resumes to its working state exactly where it was left off.

☞ Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

Configures the way to turn off the computer in MS-DOS mode using the power button. Instant-Off Press the power button and then the system will be turned off instantly. (Default)

Delay 4 Sec. Press and hold the power button for 4 seconds to turn off the system. If the power button is pressed for less than 4 seconds, the system will enter suspend mode.

☞ PME Event Wake Up

Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a PCI or PCIe device. Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the 5VSB lead. (Default: Enabled)

○ Power On by Ring

Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a modem that supports wake-up function. (Default: Enabled)

(Note) Supported on Windows® Vista® operating system only.

☞ Resume by Alarm

Determines whether to power on the system at a desired time. (Default: Disabled) If enabled, set the date and time as following:

➡ Date (of Month) Alarm : Turn on the system at a specific time on each day or on a specific day in a month.

➡ Time (hh: mm: ss) Alarm : Set the time at which the system will be powered on automatically. Note: When using this function, avoid inadequate shutdown from the operating system or removal of the AC power, or the settings may not be effective.

→ HPET Support (Note)

Enables or disables High Precision Event Timer (HPET) for Windows® Vista® operating system. (Default: Enabled)

☞ HPET Mode (Note)

Allows you to select the HPET mode for your Windows[®] Vista[®] operating system. Select **32-bit** mode when you install 32-bit Windows[®] Vista[®] ; select **64-bit** mode when you install 64-bit Windows[®] Vista[®]. (Default: 32-bit mode)

☞ Power On By Mouse

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 mouse wake-up event.

Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the 5VSB lead.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- >> Double Click Double click on left button on the PS/2 mouse to turn on the system.

∽ Power On By Keyboard

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 keyboard wake-up event.

Note: you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the 5VSB lead.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ▶ Password Set a password with 1~5 characters to turn on the system.
- >> Keyboard 98 Press POWER button on the Windows 98 keyboard to turn on the system.

∽ KB Power ON Password

Set the password when **Power On by Keyboard** is set to **Password**. Press <Enter> on this item and set a password with up to 5 characters and then press <Enter> to accept. To turn on the system, enter the password and press <Enter>.

Note: To cancel the password, press <Enter> on this item. When prompted for the password, press <Enter> again without entering the password to clear the password settings.

→ AC Back Function

Determines the state of the system after the return of power from an AC power loss.

- Soft-Off The system stays off upon the return of the AC power. (Default)
- ✤ Full-On The system is turned on upon the return of the AC power.
- Memory The system returns to its last known awake state upon the return of the AC power.

(Note) Supported on Windows® Vista® operating system only.

2-7 PnP/PCI Configurations

СМО9	S Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award S PnP/PCI Configurations	Software
PCI1 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	Item Help
PCI2 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	Menu Level▶
PCI3 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	
$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow: Move Enter: Select$		ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults

☞ PCI1 IRQ Assignment

▶ Auto▶ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15

BIOS auto-assigns IRQ to the first PCI slot. (Default) Assigns IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to the first PCI slot.

BIOS auto-assigns IRQ to the second PCI slot. (Default) Assigns IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to the second PCI slot.

PCI3 IRQ Assignment Auto

▶ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15

BIOS auto-assigns IRQ to the third PCI slot. (Default) Assigns IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to the third PCI slot.

2-8 PC Health Status

CMOS Setu	p Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Sof PC Health Status	ware
Reset Case Open Status	[Disabled]	Item Help
Case Opened		Menu Level▶
Vcore	OK	
DDR18V	OK	
+3.3V	OK	
+12V	OK	
Current System Temperature		
Current CPU Temperature		
Current CPU FAN Speed	3375 RPM	
Current SYSTEM FAN1 Speed	0 RPM	
Current SYSTEM FAN2 Speed	0 RPM	
Current POWER FAN Speed	0 RPM	
CPU Warning Temperature	[Disabled]	
CPU FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
SYSTEM FAN1 Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
SYSTEM FAN2 Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
POWER FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
Smart FAN Control Method	[Auto]	
Smart FAN Control Mode	[Auto]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values		C: Exit F1: General Help Optimized Defaults

∽ Reset Case Open Status

Keeps or clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status. **Enabled** clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status and the **Case Opened** field will show "No" at next boot. (Default: Disabled)

Case Opened

Displays the detection status of the chassis intrusion detection device attached to the motherboard CI header. If the system chassis cover is removed, this field will show "Yes", otherwise it will show "No". To clear the chassis intrusion status record, set **Reset Case Open Status** to **Enabled**, save the settings to CMOS, and then restart your system.

∽ Current Voltage(V) Vcore/DDR18V/+3.3V/+12V

Displays the current system voltages.

∽ Current System/CPU Temperature

Displays current system/CPU temperature.

∽ Current CPU/SYSTEM/POWER FAN Speed (RPM)

Displays current CPU/system/power fan speed.

∽ CPU Warning Temperature

Sets the warning threshold for CPU temperature. When CPU temperature exceeds the threshold, BIOS will emit warning sound. Options are: Disabled (default), 60°C/140°F, 70°C/158°F, 80°C/ 176°F, 90°C/194°F.

∽ CPU/SYSTEM/POWER FAN Fail Warning

Allows the system to emit warning sound if the CPU/system/power fan is not connected or fails. Check the fan condition or fan connection when this occurs. (Default: Disabled)

C Smart FAN Control Method (Note)

Specifies how to control CPU fan speed.

- ✤ Auto Lets BIOS control CPU fan speed. (Default)
- Intel(R) QST Allows CPU fan speed to be controlled by the Intel Quiet System Technology (QST). This feature requires the installation of Intel Host Embedded Control Interface (HECI) driver from the motherboard driver disk.
- Legacy Allows CPU fan to run at different speed according to the CPU temperature.
 Disabled Forces CPU fan to run at full speed.

∽ Smart FAN Control Mode

Specifies how to control CPU fan speed. This item can not be configured if **Smart FAN Control Method** is set to **Disabled**.

- Auto Lets BIOS autodetect the type of CPU fan installed and sets the optimal CPU fan control mode. (Default)
- ✤ Voltage Sets Voltage mode for a 3-pin CPU fan.
- ▶ PWM Sets PWM mode for a 4-pin CPU fan.

Note: The **Voltage** mode can be set for a 3-pin CPU fan or a 4-pin CPU fan. However, for a 4-pin CPU fan that is not designed following Intel PWM fan specifications, selecting PWM mode may not effectively reduce the fan speed.

(Note) Before setting this item to Intel(R) QST, make sure at least DDRII1 or DDRII2 socket in Channel 0 is populated. A small portion of system memory will be shared when Intel® QST is enabled.

2-9 MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)

CMOS Setu	Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Softw MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)	are
Robust Graphics Booster CPU Clock Ratio (New) CPU Host Clock Control x CPU Host Frequency (Mhz) PCI Express Frequency (Mhz) C.I.A. 2 System Memory Multiplier (SPD) Memory Frequency (Mhz) 667 High Speed DRAM DLL Settings ******** System Voltage Control DDR2 OverVoltage Control PCI-E OverVoltage Control FSB OverVoltage Control G)MCH OverVoltage Control G)MCH OverVoltage Control Normal CPU Veore	[Auto] [16X] [Disabled] 266 [Auto] [Disabled] [Auto] 667 [Option 1] [Normal] [Normal] [Normal] [Normal] [Normal] [Normal] 1.4000V	Item Help Menu Level≯
$ \begin{array}{c c} \uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow : \text{Move} & \text{Enter: Select} \\ \hline F5: \text{Previous Values} \end{array} $		Exit F1: General Help Dptimized Defaults



- Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory
 and reduce the useful life of these components. This page is for advanced users only and
 we recommend you not to alter the default settings to prevent system instability or other
 unexpected results. (Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to
 boot. If this occurs, clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.)
- When the System Voltage Optimized item blinks in red, it is recommended that you set the System Voltage Control item to Auto to optimize the system voltage settings.

∽ Robust Graphics Booster

Robust Graphics Booster (R.G.B.) helps to enhance the performance of the graphics chip and memory. **Auto** allows the BIOS to automatically set the R.G.B. mode based on system configurations. Options are: Auto (default), Fast, Turbo.

☞ CPU Clock Ratio (Note)

Allows you to alter the clock ratio for the installed CPU. The item is present only if a CPU with unlocked clock ratio is installed.

CPU Host Clock Control

Enables or disables the control of CPU host clock. **Enabled** will allow the **CPU Host Frequency** item below to be configurable. Note: If your system fails to boot after overclocking, please wait for 20 seconds to allow for automated system reboot, or clear the CMOS values to reset the board to default values. (Default: Disabled)

(Note) This item appears only if you install a CPU that supports this feature.

∽ CPU Host Frequency (Mhz)

Allows you to manually set the CPU host frequency. This item is configurable only if the CPU Host Clock Control option is enabled.

For an 800 MHz FSB CPU, set this item to 200 MHz.

For a 1066 MHz FSB CPU, set this item to 266 MHz.

For a 1333 MHz FSB CPU, set this item to 333 MHz.

Important It is highly recommended that the CPU frequency be set in accordance with the CPU specifications.

PCI Express Frequency (Mhz)

Allows you to manually set the PCIe clock frequency. The adjustable range is from 90 MHz to 150 MHz. **Auto** sets the PCIe clock frequency to standard 100 MHz. (Default: Auto)

ං C.I.A.2

CPU Intelligent Accelerator 2 (C.I.A.2) is designed to automatically adjust CPU computing power to maximize system performance. C.I.A.2 allows your system bus to be changed dynamically based on CPU loading through the use of 5 preset states.

Note: System stability varies, depending on your system hardware components.

- Disabled Disables the use of C.I.A.2. (Default)
- ✤ Cruise Increases CPU frequency by 5% or 7% depending on CPU loading.
- Sports Increases CPU frequency by 7% or 9% depending on CPU loading.
- ➡ Racing Increases CPU frequency by 9% or 11% depending on CPU loading.
- ➡ Turbo Increases CPU frequency by 15% or 17% depending on CPU loading.
- ▶ Full Thrust Increases CPU frequency by 17% or 19% depending on CPU loading.

Warning: Before using C.I.A.2, please first verify the overclocking capability of your CPU. As stability is highly dependent on system components, when system instability occurs after overclocking, lower the overclocking ratio.

∽ System Memory Multiplier (SPD)

Allows you to set the system memory multiplier. Options are dependent on CPU FSB. **Auto** sets memory multiplier according to memory SPD data. (Default: Auto)

Memory Frequency (Mhz)

The first memory frequency value is the normal operating frequency of the memory being used; the second is the memory frequency that is automatically adjusted according to the CPU Host Frequency (Mhz) and System Memory Multiplier settings.

∽ High Speed DRAM DLL Settings

Provides two different memory timing configurations. If your system becomes unstable after you overclock the DDR2 memory, select **Option 1** or **Option 2** to help make your system more stable.

- ➡ Option 1 Memory Timing Configuration 1. (Default)
- ▶ Option 2 Memory Timing Configuration 2.

∽ System Voltage Control

Determines whether to manually set the system voltages. **Auto** lets BIOS automatically set the system voltages as required. **Manual** allows all voltage control items below to be configurable. (Default: Manual)

∽ DDR2 OverVoltage Control

Allows you to to set memory voltage.

▶ Normal Supplies the memory voltage as required. (Default) ▶ +0.1V ~ +0.7V

Increases memory voltage by 0.1V to 0.7V at 0.1V increment.

Note: Increasing memory voltage may result in damage to the memory.

☞ PCI-E OverVoltage Control

Allows you to to set PCIe voltage.

Normal Supplies the PCIe bus voltage as required. (Default)

▶ +0.1V ~ +0.3V Increases PCIe bus voltage by 0.1V to 0.3V at 0.1V increment.

☞ FSB OverVoltage Control

Allows you to set the Front Side Bus voltage.

▶ Normal Supplies the FSB voltage as required. (Default) ▶ +0.1V ~ +0.3V Increases FSB voltage by 0.1V to 0.3V at 0.1V increment.

☞ (G)MCH OverVoltage Control

Allows you to set the North Bridge voltage.

▶ Normal Supplies the North Bridge voltage as required. (Default)

▶ +0.1V ~ +0.3V Increases North Bridge voltage by 0.1V to 0.3V at 0.1V increment.

∽ CPU Voltage Control

Allows you to set the CPU voltage. Normal sets the CPU voltage as required. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being installed. (Default: Normal)

Note: Increasing CPU voltage may result in damage to your CPU or reduce the useful life of the CPU.

Ormal CPU Vcore

Displays the normal operating voltage of your CPU.

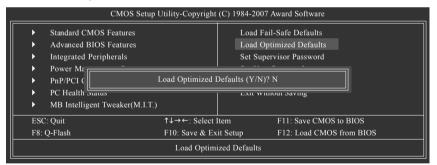
2-10 Load Fail-Safe Defaults

	-
S	
6	
IJ	

CMOS Setup U	Jtility-Copyright (C	1984-2007 Award Software	
 Standard CMOS Features Advanced BIOS Features Integrated Peripherals Remark Management 		Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Optimized Defaults Set Supervisor Password	
 Power Ma PnP/PCI (PC Health Status MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.) 	Load Fail-Safe Defa	aults (Y/N)? N	
ESC: Quit F8: Q-Flash	↑↓→←: Select Iter F10: Save & Exit S		
Load Fail-Safe Defaults			

Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the safest BIOS default settings. In case system instability occurs, you may try to load Fail-Safe defaults, which are the safest and most stable BIOS settings for the motherboard.

2-11 Load Optimized Defaults



Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the optimal BIOS default settings. The BIOS defaults settings helps the system to operate in optimum state. Always load the Optimized defaults after updating the BIOS or after clearing the CMOS values.

2-12 Set Supervisor/User Password

CMOS Setup U	Jtility-Copyright	(C) 1984-	2007 Award Software	
 Standard CMOS Features Advanced BIOS Features Integrated Peripherals Power Mercounced Science PnP/PCI (Enter Passis) PC Health MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.) 		Loa Set	ad Fail-Safe Defaults ad Optimized Defaults Supervisor Password	
ESC: Quit	↑↓→←: Select I		F11: Save CMOS to BIOS	
F8: Q-Flash	F10: Save & Exi	it Setup	F12: Load CMOS from BIOS	
Change/Set/Disable Password				

Press <Enter> on this item and type the password with up to 8 characters and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. The BIOS Setup program allows you to specify two separate passwords:

☞ Supervisor Password

When a system password is set and the **Password Check** item in **Advanced BIOS Features** is set to **Setup**, you must enter the supervisor password for entering BIOS Setup and making BIOS changes.

When the **Password Check** item is set to **System**, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup.

☞ User Password

When the **Password Check** item is set to **System**, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup to continue system boot. In BIOS Setup, you must enter the supervisor password if you wish to make changes to BIOS settings. The user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

To clear the password, press <Enter> on the password item and when requested for the password, press <Enter> again. The message "PASSWORD DISABLED" will appear, indicating the password has been cancelled.

2-13 Save & Exit Setup

	CMOS Setup U	Utility-Copyright	(C) 19	984-2007 Award Software
•	Standard CMOS Features			Load Fail-Safe Defaults
	Advanced BIOS Features			Load Optimized Defaults
	Integrat			
▶	Power 1 Sa	ve to CMOS and	EXIT	(Y/N)? Y
•	PnP/PCI Configurations			Save & Exit Setup
•	PC Health Status			Exit Without Saving
	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)			-
ESC	2: Quit	↑↓→←: Select I	tem	F11: Save CMOS to BIOS
F8:	Q-Flash	F10: Save & Ex	it Setu	p F12: Load CMOS from BIOS
		Save Data	to CM	AOS

Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This saves the changes to the CMOS and exits the BIOS Setup program. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

2-14 Exit Without Saving

	CMOS Setup U	Jtility-Copyright	(C) 1984-2007 A	Award Software	
	ndard CMOS Features			-Safe Defaults	
11	vanced BIOS Features		Load Optimized Defaults		
II .	egrated	Ouit With and S			
	ver Ma	Quit without S	aving (Y/N)? N		
	P/PCI Configurations		Dave de L.	<u> </u>	
	Health Status		Exit With	out Saving	
► MB	Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)				
ESC: Quit	t	↑↓→←: Select I	tem	F11: Save CMOS to BIOS	
F8: Q-Fla	ısh	F10: Save & Ex	it Setup	F12: Load CMOS from BIOS	
		Abandor	ı all Data		

Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This exits the BIOS Setup without saving the changes made in BIOS Setup to the CMOS. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

Chapter 3 Drivers Installation



Before installing the drivers, first install the operating system. (The following instructions use Windows XP as the example operating system.)

After installing the operating system, insert the motherboard driver disk into your optional drive. The driver Autorun screen is automatically displayed which looks like that shown in the screen shot below. (If the driver Autorun screen does not appear automatically, go to My Computer, double-click the optical drive and execute the **Run**.exe program.)

3-1 Installing Chipset Drivers

"Xpress Install " is now analyizing your computer...99%

After inserting the driver disk, "Xpress Install" will automatically scan the system and then list all the drivers that are recommended to install. Please select the item that you wish to install and press the **Install** button following the item. Or you can press **Xpress Install** to install all the driver items.

		Intel® P35/G31/G33/G35/Q33/Q35/X38 Chipset Utilities CD								
Install Chipset Drivers	Install Chipset We recommend th	at you install the drivers listed below for your motherboard.								
Software	Please click "Xpre-	ss install" to install all the drivers automatically. By default, all drivers are checked to be installed. Unch								
Applications	Click the "Xpre	Click the "Xpress Install" button to install all selected drivers.								
Driver CD Information	C Click the "Insta	C Click the "Install" button to install the drivers individually.								
Hardware	🖉 Yahoo! To	olbar	Install							
Information	Size	686.1KB								
	Version	1.0								
Contact Us	Yahool Toolbar U	5ilty								
	INF Update	e Utility	Install							
	Size	2.4MB								
	Version 8.3.0.1013									
	interface.	INF files that inform the operating system how to properly configure the chipset for specific functionalit UAA Bus driver for High Definition Audio	y such as PCI-Express or USB							
	Size	2 9MB								
	Version	510.5010								
	following version: 1.Microsoft Windo 2.Microsoft Windo		r is designed to work with the							
	🗷 Realtek Hi	D Audio Driver	Install							
	Size	79.6MB								
	Version	5.10.0.5324								
	The Realtek Audi	o Codec driver provides support for 7.1 channel audio.								
			Install							
	🖉 Realtek R1	TL8168/8111 PCI-E Gigabit Ethernet NIC Driver	Instan							



- Some device drivers will restart your system automatically during the driver installation. After the system restart, **Xpress Install** will continue to install other drivers.
- After the drivers are installed, follow the onscreen instructions to restart your system. You can install other applications included in the motherboard driver disk.
- For USB 2.0 driver support under the Windows XP operating system, please install the Windows XP Service Pack 1 or later. After installing the SP1 (or later), if a question mark still exists in **Universal Serial Bus Controller** in **Device Manager**, please remove the question mark (by right-clicking your mouse and select **Uninstall**) and restart the system. (The system will then autodetect and install the USB 2.0 driver.)

3-2 Software Applications

This page displays all the tools and applications that GIGABYTE develops and some free software. You may press the **Install** button following an item to install it.

GIGAB	Intel® P35/G31/G33/G35/Q33/Q35/X38 Chipset Utilities CD
nstall Chipset Drivers	Software Applications Please click the following applications to install.
oftware Applications	
Driver CD Information	
Hardware	Norton Internet Security(NIS)
nformation	Size 102.3MB
Contact Us	Notton Internet Security 2006 provides essential protection from viruses hackers and privacy threats. It includes: - Nototon Personal Trevall - Nototon Personal Trevall - Nototon Prace Control - Nototon AntiSplam - Nototon AntiSplam
	Kaspersky antvirus Inst
	Size 27.1MB
	Kaspersky antvirus
	Acrobat Reader Inst
	Size 15.9MB
	Utility for viewing or printing Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) files.
	GIGABYTE C.O.M. (Corporate Online Manager) Inst
	Size 8.8MB
	A web-based system management tool that allows client system hardware information such as CPU and memory and graphics card and much to be monitored or controlled via a host.
	EasyTune 5 Inst
	Size 4.9MB
	An easy-to-use Windows-based system enhancement utility allowing quick access to a variety of performance features.

3-3 Driver CD Information

This page provides information about the drivers, applications and tools in this driver disk.

GIGABY		Intel® P35/G31/G33/G35/Q33/Q35/X38 Chipset Utilities CD	
nstall Chipset Drivers	Driver CD information The following shows the detail	led information about the software and drivers included in the motherboard driver disk.	
oftware Applications			
Driver CD nformation			
Hardware	Chipset		
nformation	Directory Name	Description	
Contact Us	INFUpdate	 Intel® chipsel software installation utility for Virindows XP Intel® chipsel software installation utility for Virindows 2000 Intel® chipsel software installation utility for Virindows ME Intel® chipsel software installation utility for Virindows 98 	
	• MSM	Intel® application accelerator for Windows XP Intel® application accelerator for Windows 2000	
	• VGA	Win2k_XP -Intel® Graphics Media Accelerator Driver for Windows XP -Win2k_XP -Intel® Graphics Media Accelerator Driver for Windows 2000	
	 EnableUSBS30(p 	Enable USB device back form S3 mode	
	XPR2	WPR2	
	Vaudio		
	Directory Name	Description	
	 MSHDQFE 	High Definition Audio patch file from Microsoft	
	Realtek	Realtek High Definition Audio driver	
	RIAc97	Realtek AC'97 Audio driver	
	Wetwork		
	Directory Name	Description	
	 Rtl8139 	RealTek 8139/8100/8110s LAN driver	
	 Rtl8111 	RealTek 811X LAN driver	
	 Rti8187 	RealTek 8187 LAN driver	
		And the second second second second	

3-4 Hardware Information

This page provides information about the hardware devices on this motherboard.

GIGAB	TE Intel® P35/G31/G33/G35/Q33/Q35/X38 Chipset Utilities CD	
Install Chipset Drivers	Hardware information The following shows the detailed hardware information about your motherboard.	
Software Applications		
Driver CD Information		
Hardware Information	System Info BIOS Introchate P35 BIOS for P35-DS3 D18 CPU InforCPU Infel (GenuineInte) CPU InforCPU.infel (GenuineInte)	
Contact Us	Memory Info:522,668 KB RAM	
	System Device Description:rhe(R) 2001 PCI Bridge - 244 E Device Dit New Providen Historisoft O where Description PCI standard ISA bridge Device Dit New Providen Historisoft	
	Device Description:PCI standard PCI-to-PCI bridge Device DinverProvider:Microsoft	
	Device Description:PCI standard PCI-0-PCI bridge Devicel DriverProvide::Nicrosoft	
	Device Description:PCI standard PCHo-PCI bridge Device DriverProvider:Microsoft	
	Device Description:PCI standard host CPU bridge Devicel Driver Previde::Microsoft	
	Device Description:PCI standard PCHo-PCI bridge	

3-5 Contact Us

Check the contacts information of the GIGABYTE headquarter in Taiwan and the overseas branch offices on the last page of this manual.



Chapter 4 Unique Features

4-1 Xpress Recovery2



Xpress Recovery2 is an utility that allows you to quickly compress and back up your system data and perform restoration of it. Supporting NTFS, FAT32, and FAT16 file systems, Xpress Recovery2 can back up data on PATA and SATA hard drives and restore it.

Before You Begin:

- Xpress Recovery2 will check the first physical hard drive* for the operating system. Xpress Recovery2 can only back up/restore the first physical hard drive that has the operating system installed.
- As Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file at the end of the hard drive, make sure to leave enough unallocated space in advanced (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data).
- It is recommended to back up your system soon after the operating system and drivers are installed.
- The amount of data and hard drive access speed may affect the speed at which the data is backed up/restored.
- It takes longer to back up a hard drive than to restore it.

System Requirements:

- Intel[®] x86 platform
- At least 64 MB of system memory
- VESA compatible graphics card
- · Windows® 2000 with SP3 or later; Windows® XP with SP1 or later



- Xpress Recovery and Xpress Recovery2 are different utilities. For example, a backup file created with Xpress Recovery cannot be restored using Xpress Recovery2.
- USB hard drives are not supported.
- Hard drives in RAID/AHCI mode are not supported.

*** Xpress Recovery2 checks the first physical hard drive in the following sequence: The first PATA IDE connector, the second PATA IDE connector, the first SATA connector, the second SATA connector and so forth. For example, when hard drives are attached to the first IDE and the first SATA connectors, the hard drive on the first IDE connector is the first physical drive. When hard drives are attached to the first SATA connectors, the hard drive on the first ACTA connectors, the hard drive on the first SATA connector is the first physical drive.

Installation and Configuration

(The following procedure uses Windows XP as the example operating system.)

A. Installing Windows XP and Partitioning the Hard Drive

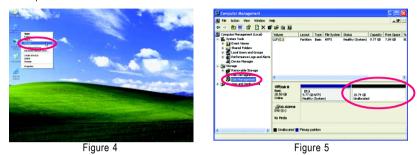
- 1. Set CD-ROM drive as the first boot device under "Advanced BIOS Features" in the BIOS Setup program. Save the changes and exit.
- When partitioning your hard drive (Figure 1), make sure to leave unallocated space for Xpress Recovery2 (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data) (Figure 2).



3. Select a file system (for example, NTFS) and begin the installation of the operating system (Figure 3).



4. After the operating system is installed, right-click the My Computer icon on your desktop and select Manage (Figure 4). Go to Computer Management to check disk allocation. Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file to the unallocated space (black stripe along the top)(Figure 5). Please note that if there is no enough unallocated space, Xpress Recovery2 cannot save the backup file.



5. If your hard drive is not properly partitioned before you install the operating system, you may create new partitions using free space on your hard drive (Figure 6, 7). However, if **Disk Management** shows the hard drive only contains the System partition without any unallocated space, you will not be able to create new partitions or use Xpress Recovery2. If this occurs, reinstall the operating system and re-partition your hard drive.

File Action View Window H → 🗈 🖬 😭 💽 🖬 🗟						-12	×
Computer Nenagement (Joca) System Tools Computer Nener Computer Vener Shared Folder Computer Vener Computer Vener Compu	Volune (C:)	Layout 1 Partition 1	lype File System Jaanic HTPS	Status Healthy (System)		Free Space 7.84 (2)	a
Disk Defragmenter Si Disk Management Services and Applications	CPDisk 0 Datic 25.50 GB Ordra	(C:) 9.77 GBN Healthy (2		18.74 GB Unukscata	d ///		New Po Properti
	(DAD - RDM IS DAD (DL) No Hedia	Pinar pat	kon				Help
		1 1107 500					-



In the New Partition Wizard, you MUST select **Primary partition**. This will reserve unallocated space for Xpress Recovery2 to use.

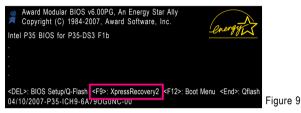


B. Accessing Xpress Recovery2

 Boot from the motherboard driver disk to access Xpress Recovery2 for the first time. When you see the following message: Press any key to startup Xpress Recovery2 (Figure 8), press any key to enter Xpress Recovery2.



 After you use the backup function in Xpress Recovery2 for the first time, Xpress Recovery2 will stay permanent in your hard drive. If you wish to enter Xpress Recovery2 later, simply press <F9> during the POST (Figure 9).

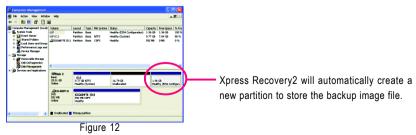


C. Using the Backup Function in Xpress Recovery2

- 1. Select BACKUP to start backing up your hard drive data (Figure 10).
- Xpress Recovery2 will then begin to search the first physical hard drive as the target drive and detect whether this hard drive contains the Windows operating system. When the Windows operating system is detected, Xpress Recovery2 will begin the backup process (Figure 11).



3. When finished, go to Disk Management to check disk allocation.



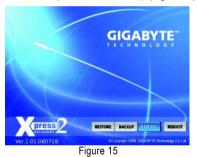
D. Using the Restore Function in Xpress Recovery2

Select **RESTORE** to restore the backup to your hard drive in case the system breaks down. The **RESTORE** option will not be present if no backup is created before (Figure 13, 14).



E. Removing the Backup

- 1. If you wish to remove the backup file, select **REMOVE** (Figure 15).
- 2. After the backup file is removed, no backup image file will be present in **Disk Management** and hard drive space will be freed up (Figure 16).



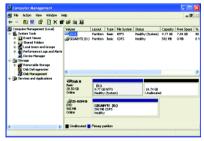
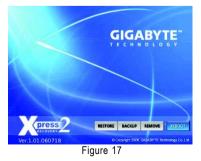


Figure 16

F. Exiting Xpress Recovery2

Select **REBOOT** to exit Xpress Recovery2.



4-2 BIOS Update Utilities

GIGABYTE motherboards provide two unique BIOS update tools, Q-Flash™ and @BIOS™. GIGABYTE Q-Flash and @BIOS are easy-to-use and allow you to update the BIOS without the need to enter MS-DOS mode.



What is Q-Flash[™]?

With Q-Flash you can update the system BIOS without having to enter operating systems like MS-DOS or Window first. Embedded in the BIOS, the

Q-Flash tool frees you from the hassles of going through complicated BIOS flashing process.



What is @BIOS™?

BIOS allows you to update the system BIOS while in the Windows environment. BIOS will download the latest BIOS file from the nearest

@BIOS server site and update the BIOS.

4-2-1 Updating the BIOS with the Q-Flash Utility

A. Before You Begin:

- 1. From GIGABYTE's website, download the latest compressed BIOS update file that matches your motherboard model.
- 2. Extract the file and save the new BIOS file (e.g. p35ds3.f1) to your floppy disk, USB flash drive, or hard drive. Note: The USB flash drive or hard drive must use FAT32/16/12 file system.
- Restart the system. During the POST, press the <End> key to enter Q-Flash. Note: You can
 access Q-Flash by either pressing the <End> key during the POST or pressing the <F8> key in
 BIOS Setup. However, if the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard
 drive attached to an independent IDE/SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to
 access Q-Flash.





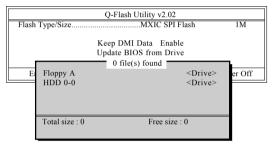
Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, please do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.

B. Updating the BIOS

When updating the BIOS, choose the location where the BIOS file is saved. The follow procedure assumes that you save the BIOS file to a floppy disk.

Step 1:

- Insert the floppy disk containing the BIOS file into the floppy disk drive. In the main menu of Q-Flash, use the up or down arrow key to select Update BIOS from Drive and press <Enter>.
 - The Save Main BIOS to Drive option allows you to save the current BIOS file.
 - Q-Flash only supports USB flash drive or hard drives using FAT32/16/12 file system.
 - If the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard drive attached to an independent IDE/SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to access Q-Flash.
- 2. Select Floppy A and press <Enter>.



3. Select the BIOS update file and press <Enter>.



Step 2:

The process of the system reading the BIOS file from the floppy disk is displayed on the screen. When the message "Are you sure to update BIOS?" appears, press <Enter> to begin the BIOS update. The monitor will display the update process.

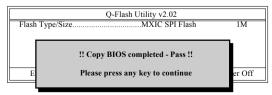


Do not turn off or restart the system when the system is reading/updating the BIOS.

Do not remove the floppy disk, USB flash drive, or hard drive when the system is updating the BIOS.

Step 3:

When the update process is complete, press any key to return to the main menu.



Step 4:

Press <Esc> and then <Enter> to exit Q-Flash and reboot the system. As the system boots, you should see the new BIOS version is present on the POST screen.

Step 5:

During the POST, press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup. Select Load Optimized Defaults and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults. System will re-detect all peripherals devices after a BIOS update, so we recommend that you reload BIOS defaults.

CMOS Setup U	Jtility-Copyright	(C) 1984-2007 A	Award Software
Standard CMOS Features Advanced BIOS Features Integrated Peripherals Power Ma	Advanced BIOS Features Integrated Peripherals Power Ma		-Safe Defaults imized Defaults visor Password
 PnP/PCI (PC Health status MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.) 	Load Optimized I		Y
ESC: Quit F8: Q-Flash	↑↓→←: Select I F10: Save & Ex		F11: Save CMOS to BIOS F12: Load CMOS from BIOS
	Time, Date, Ha	ard Disk Type	

Press <Y> to load BIOS defaults

Step 6:

Select **Save & Exit Setup** and then press <Y> to save settings to CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. The procedure is complete after the system restarts.

4-2-2 Updating the BIOS with the @BIOS Utility

A. Before You Begin:

- 1. If your system supports Intel® Hyper-Threading technology, disable this function in BIOS Setup.
- 2. In Windows, close all applications and TSR (Terminate and Stay Resident) programs. This helps prevent unexpected failures when performing a BIOS update.
- During the BIOS update process, ensure the Internet connection is stable and do NOT interrupt the Internet connection (for example, avoid a power loss or switching off the Internet). Failure to do so may result in a corrupted BIOS or a system that is unable to start.
- 4. Do not use the C.O.M. (Corporate Online Management) function when using @BIOS.
- GIGABYTE product warranty does not cover any BIOS damage or system failure resulting from an inadequate BIOS flashing.

B. Installing and Using @BIOS:

Use the motherboard driver disk included with the motherboard to install @BIOS.

 Ins 	talling th	e @BIOS utility.
GIGABY		
intel .	Please dict the fallowing applic	Mar Preside Classic Collection Collection
Sectores .		
internation		

· Accessing the @BIOS utility.



C. Options and Instructions:

-

1. Save the Current BIOS File

In the main dialog box of @BIOS, Save Current BIOS allows you to save the current BIOS file.

2. Update the BIOS Using the Internet Update Function

Select @BIOS and click Install.

8M Bits		
Select this option		•
Find BIOS From Gigabyte	Update New BIOS	
Clear DMI Data Pool	Save Current BIDS	
Clear PnP Data Pool	About this program	
Check @BIDS Updates	Exit	
	100%	



Step 2:

Select the @BIOS server site closest to your location and click **OK**.

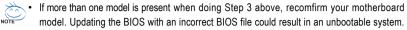
Step 1:

Select the Find BIOS From Gigabyte check box and click Update New BIOS.

WARNING: Before you select the model name from the the exact model name on your mainboard. If you select splate the BICS, your computer would not boot.	list below, please select the wrong model name to
Modal Name : GA-KSNNP-SLI	
nVIDIA nForce4 SLI, AWARD BIOS, Ver.F11	OK
	Cancel

Step 3:

First make sure the model name on the screen is correct, then click $\mathbf{OK}.$ Upon completion, restart your system.



 If the BIOS update file for your motherboard is not present on the @BIOS server site, please manually download the BIOS update file from GIGABYTE's website and follow the instructions in "Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function" below.

Step 4:

As the system reboots, press <Delete> to enter the BIOS Setup program. Select Load Optimized Defaults and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults.

3. Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function

	MMC SPI Flash			
BIOS Sign On Message :	MART Click Update New BIOS			
Find BIOS From Gigaby	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Clear DMI Data Pool	Save Current BIOS About this program			
Check @BIOS Updates	Exit			
100%				

Open			<u> </u>
Look ja: 🚺	Decktop	• + B	🗗 🖽 •
Hy Decar Hy Conp Hy Native	uter ek Places		
File game:	p35ds3		<u> D</u> pen

Step 2:

In the **Open** dialog box, select **All Files** (*.*) in the **Files of type** list. Select the location where you save the BIOS update file (e.g. p35ds3.f1) obtained from the Internet or through other source.





Step 3:

Press \mathbf{OK} to begin the BIOS update process. Upon completion, restart your system.

Make sure the extracted BIOS file matches your motherboard model. Updating the BIOS with an incorrect BIOS file could result in an unbootable system.

Step 4:

As the system boots, press <Delete> to enter the BIOS Setup program. Select Load Optimized Defaults and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults.

4-3 EasyTune 5

EasyTune 5[™], an easy-to-use and convenient system overclocking and management tool, lets you do overclock and overvoltage in Windows environment, eliminating the need to enter the BIOS Setup program. EasyTune 5 provides the following functions ^(Note 1): overclocking/overvoltage, C.I.A./ M.I.B. ^(Note 2), smart fan control, and hardware monitoring and warning. (For instructions on using EasyTune5, read or download the information on/from the Support\Motherboard\Utility page on our website.)

The EasyTune 5 Interface



Button Information Table

	Button/Display	Description
1.	OVERCLOCKING	Enters the Overclocking setting page
2.	C.I.A./M.I.B.	Enters the C.I.A. and M.I.B. setting page
3.	SMART FAN	Enters the Smart-Fan setting page
4.	PC HEALTH	Enters the PC Health setting page
5.	GO	Confirmation and Execution button
6.	EASY MODE/ADVANCED MODE	Toggles between Easy and Advance Mode
7.	Display Field	Displays panel of CPU frequency
8.	Function LEDs	Shows the information of the current function
9.	GIGABYTE Logo	Visits GIGABYTE website
10.	Help	Displays EasyTune™ 5 help screen
11.	Exit or Minimize	Quits or minimizes EasyTune™ 5



Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory and reduce the useful life of these components. Before you do the overclock/overvoltage, make sure that you fully know how to use each function of EasyTune 5, or system instability or other unexpected results may occur.

(Note 1) Available functions in EasyTune 5 may differ by motherboard model.

(Note 2) C.I.A. and M.I.B. may provide optimizations for CPU and memory, enhancing the performance of these components.

4-4 Windows Vista ReadyBoost

Windows ReadyBoost allows you to use flash memory on a Windows Vista certified USB flash drive to boost your computer's performance. You may enable ReadyBoost and allocate part of your USB flash drive's memory to speed up your computer.

Follow the steps below to enable the ReadyBoost function:



Go to **Computer**. Right-click on the USB flash drive icon and choose **Properties**.

Removable Disk (G:) Properties		
ieneral Tools Hardware Sharing	ReadyBoost	Customize
Speed up your system by u on this device.	tilzing the avail	able space
Oo not use this device.		
• Use this device.		
Space to reserve for system sp	eed:	
	870	€ MB
While the device is being used reserved space will not be avail	for system speciable for file sto	ed the prage.
Windows recommends reservin performance.	ng 870 MB for op	ptimal
Please read our privacy statem	nent (online)	
OK	Cancel	Apply

Step 2:

In the **ReadyBoost** tab, select **Use this device**. Under **Space to reserve for system speed**, set the amount of memory space to use for ReadyBoost using the slider or spin box. Click **Apply** and then **OK** to turn on ReadyBoost.



- The USB flash drive must have at least 256 MB of space.
- The recommended amount of memory to use for ReadyBoost acceleration is one to three times the amount of RAM installed in your computer.

Chapter 5 Appendix

5-1 Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)

To configure SATA hard drive(s), follow the steps below:

- A. Install SATA hard drive(s) in your computer.
- B. Configure SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup.
- C. Configure a RAID array in RAID BIOS. (Note 1)
- D. Make a floppy disk containing the SATA RAID/AHCI driver. (Note 2)
- E. Install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and operating system. (Note 2)

Before you begin

Please prepare:

- At least two SATA hard drives (to ensure optimal performance, it is recommended that you use two hard drives with identical model and capacity). If you do not want to create RAID, you may prepare only one hard drive.
- An empty formatted floppy disk.
- Windows Vista/XP/2000 setup disk.
- Motherboard driver disk.

5-1-1 Configuring GIGABYTE SATA2 SATA Controller

A. Installing SATA hard drive(s) in your computer

Attach one end of the SATA signal cable to the rear of the SATA hard drive and the other end to available SATA port on the motherboard. If there is more than one SATA controller on your motherboard, refer to "Chapter 1," Hardware Installation," to identify the SATA controller for the SATA port. (For example, on this motherboard, the GSATAII0 and GSATAII1 ports are supported by GIGABYTE SATA2.) Then connect the power connector from your power supply to the hard drive.

(Note 1) Skip this step if you do not want to create RAID array on the SATA controller. (Note 2) Required when the SATA controller is set to AHCI or RAID mode.

B. Configuring SATA controller mode and device boot order in BIOS Setup

Make sure to configure the SATA controller mode correctly in system BIOS Setup and set the device boot order.

Step 1:

Turn on your computer and press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST. In BIOS Setup, go to Integrated Peripherals, ensure that Onboard SATA/IDE Device is enabled. Then set Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Mode to RAID/IDE (Figure 1). If you do not want to create RAID, set this item to IDE or AHCI, depending on your need.

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2007 Award Software Integrated Peripherals							
SATA AHCI M SATA Port0-3 USB Controller USB 2.0 Controller USB Keyboard USB Mouse Su Legacy USB si Azalia Codec Onboard H/W SMART LAN Onboard SATA Onboard SATA Onboard SATA Onboard Serial Onboard Parall Parallel Port M	Native Mode f Support pport LAN Boot ROM VIDE Device /IDE Ctrl Mode Fort 1 lel Port		Disabled] Disabled] Enabled] Disabled] Disabled] Disabled] Enabled] Press Ente Disabled] Enabled] RAID/IDI S378/IRQ7 SPP]	3]		Item Help Menu Lev	
↑↓→←: Move F5: Previo		⊦/-/PU/PD: Va F6: Fail-Safe		F10: Save	ESC: E F7: Op	Exit F ptimized De	1: General Help faults

Figure 1

Step 2: Save changes and exit BIOS Setup.

The BIOS Setup menus described in this section may differ from the exact settings for your motherboard. The actual BIOS Setup menu options you will see shall depend on the motherboard you have and the BIOS version.

C. Configuring a RAID array in RAID BIOS

Enter the RAID BIOS setup utility to configure a RAID array. Skip this step and proceed to the installation of Windows operating system for a non-RAID configuration.

After the POST memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins, look for a message which says "Press <Ctrl-G> to enter RAID Setup Utility" (Figure 2). Press <Ctrl> + <G> to enter the GIGABYTE SATA2 RAID BIOS utility.

	Technology Corp. PCIE-to-SATAII/IDE R. C) 2006-2007 GIGABYTE Technology.		IOSv1.06.59 w.gigabyte.com.tw
HDD0 : HDD1 :	ST3120026AS ST3120026AS	120 GB 120 GB	Non-RAID Non-RAID
ODD0 :	DVDROM GO-D1600B		
Press <ctrl-0< td=""><td>G> to enter RAID Setup Utility</td><td></td><td></td></ctrl-0<>	G> to enter RAID Setup Utility		

Figure 2

In the main screen of the GIGABYTE SATA2 RAID BIOS utility (Figure 3), use the up or down arrow key to highlight through choices in the **Main Menu** block. Highlight the item that you wish to execute and press <Enter>.

	ogy Corp. PCIE-to-SATAII/IDE RAID				
[Main Menu] Create RAID Disk Drive Delete RAID Disk Drive Revert HDD to Non-RAID Solve Mirror Conflict Rebuild Mirror Drive Save And Exit Setup Exit Without Saving	[Hard Disk Drive List] Model Name HDD0: ST3120026AS HDD1: ST3120026AS	Capacity Type/Stat 120 GB Non-RAI 120 GB Non-RAI	D		
[RAID Disk Drive List] ===					
[←→TAB]-Switch Window [↑↓]-Select ITEM [ENTER]-Ac	tion [ESC]-Exit			
Figure 3					

Note: In the main screen, you can select a hard drive in the **Hard Disk Drive List** block and press <Enter> to see detailed information about the selected hard drive.

Create a RAID Array:

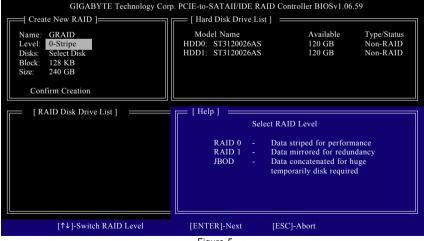
In the main screen, press <Enter> on the Create RAID Disk Drive item. Then the Create New RAID screen appears (Figure 4).

GIGABYTE Technology Corp	p. PCIE-to-SATAII/IDE RAID Controller BBIOSv1.06.59
Name: GRAID_ Level: 0-Stripe Disks: Select Disk Block: 128 KB Size: 240 GB Confirm Creation	Model Name Available Type/Status HDD0: ST3120026AS 120 GB Non-RAID HDD1: ST3120026AS 120 GB Non-RAID
[RAID Disk Drive List]	[Help] Enter RAID Name Enter a string between 1 to 16 characters in length for the created RAID drive to be identified by system BIOS or OS.
[←→]-Move Cursor [DEL,BS]-Dele	lete Character [ENTER]-Next [ESC]-Abort
	Figure 4

The Create New RAID block displays all the items that need to be set for creating an array (Figure 5).

Steps:

- 1. Enter Array Name: Under the Name item, enter an array name with 1~16 letters (letters cannot be special characters) and press <Enter>.
- 2. Select RAID Mode: Under the Level item, use up or down arrow key to select RAID 0 (Stripe), RAID 1 (Mirror), or JBOD (Figure 5). Then press <Enter> to move onto the next step.





- 3. Assign Array Disks: After a RAID mode is selected, RAID BIOS automatically assigns the two hard drives installed as the RAID drives.
- 4. Set Block Size (RAID 0 only): Under the Block item, use the up or down arrow key to select the stripe block size (Figure 6), ranging from 4 KB to 128 KB. Press <Enter>.



- 5. Set Array Size: Under the Size item, enter the size of the array and press <Enter>.
- 6. Confirm Creation: After all of the items above are configured, the selection bar automatically jumps to the Confirm Creation item. Press <Enter>. When prompted to confirm your selection (Figure 7), press <Y> to confirm or <N> to abort.

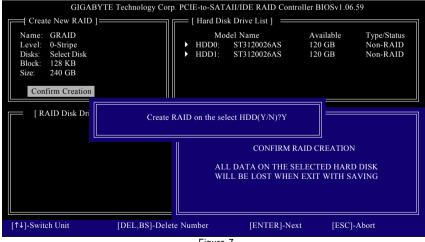


Figure 7

When finished, the new RAID array will be displayed in the RAID Disk Drive List block (Figure 8).

[Main Menu] Create RAID Disk Drive Delete RAID Disk Drive Revert HDD to Non-RAID Solve Mirror Conflict Rebuild Mirror Drive Save And Exit Setup Exit Without Saving	Model HDD0: S	ATAII/IDE RAID C Disk Drive List] = l Name TT3120026AS ST3120026AS		
[RAID Disk Drive List] : Model Name RDD0: GRAID	RAID Level 0-Stripe	Capacity S 240 GB 1	Status Members(HDDx) Normal 01	
[←→TAB]-Switch Window	[↑↓]-Select ITEM	[ENTER]-Action	n [ESC]-Exit	

Figure 8

To check more detailed information about the array, use the <Tab> key while in the Main Menu block to move the selection bar to the RAID Disk Drive List block. Select the array and press <Enter>. A small window displaying the array information will appear in the center of the screen (Figure 9).

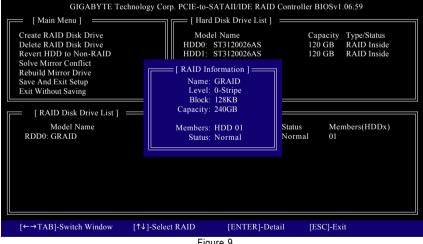
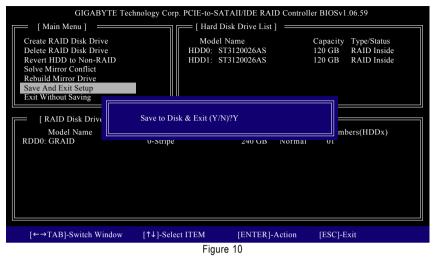


Figure 9

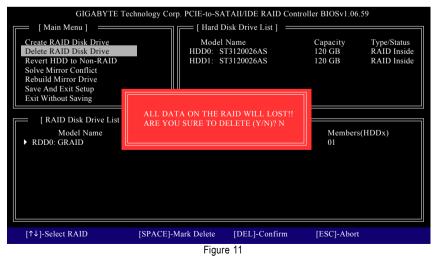
7. Save and Exit Setup: After configuring the RAID array, select the Save And Exit Setup item in the main screen to save your settings before exiting the RAID BIOS utility, then press <Y> (Figure 10).



Now, you may proceed to create the SATA RAID/AHCI driver diskette and the installation of the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and operating system.

Delete the RAID Array:

To delete the array, select **Delete RAID Disk Drive** in the main menu and press <Enter>. The selection bar will move to the **RAID Disk Drive List** block. Press the space bar on the array to be deleted; a small triangle will appear to mark the selected array. Press <Delete>. When prompted to confirm your selection (Figure 11), press <Y> to confirm or <N> to cancel.



5-1-2 Making a SATA RAID/AHCI Driver Diskette

(Required for AHCI and RAID Mode)

To successfully install operating system onto SATA hard drive(s) that is/are configured to RAID/AHCI mode, you need to install the SATA controller driver during the OS installation. Without the driver, the hard drive may not be recognized during the Windows setup process. First of all, copy the driver for the SATA controller from the motherboard driver disk to a floppy disk. See the instructions below about how to copy the driver in MS-DOS mode^(Note). Prepare a startup disk that has CD-ROM support and a blank formatted floppy disk.

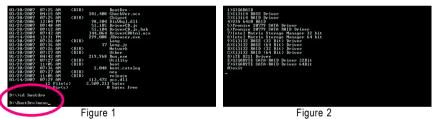
Step 1: Insert the prepared startup disk and motherboard driver disk in your system. Boot from the startup disk. Once at the A:> prompt, change to your optical drive (example: D:\>). At the D:\> prompt, type the following two commands. Press <Enter> after each command (Figure 1):

menu

Step 2: When the controller menu (Figure 2) appears, remove the startup disk and insert the blank formatted disk. Select the controller driver by pressing the corresponding letter from the menu. For example, from the menu in Figure 2:

Select E) GIGABYTE SATA-RAID Driver 32Bit for Windows 32-bit operating system or F) GIGABYTE SATA-RAID Driver 64Bit for Windows 64-bit.

Your system will then automatically zip and transfer this driver file to the floppy disk. Press <0> to exit when finished.



(Note) For users without a startup disk:

Use an alternative system and insert the motherboard driver disk. From your optical drive folder, double click the **MENU.exe** file in the **BootDrv** folder (Figure 3). A command prompt window will open similar to that in Figure 2.

BootDrv								
Ele Edit Yew Favorites	Tools	Help						4
😋 Back 🔹 🕥 🕤 🏂	, s	sarch 🌔 Fo	kders 👬 •					
Address 🛅 D:\BootDrv		_						💌 🛃 G
File and Folder Tasks	۲	3132 64	31327_64	6410	GIGARAID	GSATA32	GSATA64	18211
Other Places	۲	Side Of	5130_01	0110	ananonas	0.016.4	0.61601	100.11
Details	۲	MENU	M5M32	MSM64	P20779	P20779R	RUN	513114
		5131148	513132	SE3132R				
		3131146		ure 3				

5-1-3 Installing the SATA RAID/AHCI Driver and Operating System

Now that you have prepared the SATA RAID/AHCI driver diskette and configured the required BIOS settings, you are ready to install Windows Vista/XP/2000 onto your hard drive(s). The following is an example of Windows XP installation.

Step 1: Restart your system to boot from the Windows Vista/XP/2000 setup disk and press <F6> as soon as you see the message "Press F6 if you need to install a 3rd party SCSI or RAID driver" (Figure 1). After pressing <F6>, there will be a few moments of some files being loaded before you see the next screen.

<u>Windows Setup</u>	
	Γ.
Press F6 if you need to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver.	

Figure 1

Step 2:

When a screen similar to that below appears, insert the floppy disk containing the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and press <S> (Figure 2).

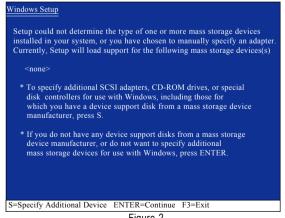


Figure 2

Step 3:

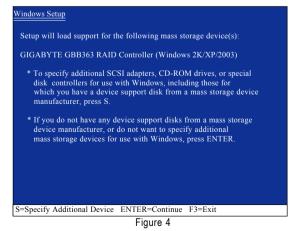
When Setup correctly recognizes the GIGABYTE SATA2 SATA RAID/AHCI driver in the floppy disk, a controller menu similar to Figure 3 below will appear. Use the arrow keys to select one of the items displayed and press <Enter>. If you set the **Onboard SATA/IDE Ctrl Mode** item in BIOS Setup to RAID mode, select **GIGABYTE GBB363 RAID Controller (Windows 2K/XP/2003)**. (Select **GIGABYTE GBB363 AHCI Controller (Windows 2K/XP/2003)** for AHCI mode.)

Windows Setup
You have chosen to configure a SCSI Adapter for use with Windows, using a device support disk provided by an adapter manufacturer.
Select the SCSI Adapter you want from the following list, or press ESC to return to the previous screen.
GIGABYTE GBB363 RAID Controller (Windows 2K/XP/2003)) GIGABYTE GBB363 AHCI Controller (Windows 2K/XP/2003) GIGABYTE GBB360 AHCI Controller (Windows 2K/XP/2003) GIGABYTE GBB362 RAID Controller (Windows 2K/XP/2003)
ENTER=Select F3=Exit

Figure 3

If a message appears saying one or some file(s) cannot be found, please check the floppy disk or copy the correct SATA RAID/AHCI driver again from the motherboard driver disk.

When the screen as shown below appears, press <Enter> to continue the driver installation from the floppy disk. The driver installation will be finished in about one minute.



Step 4:

After the SATA RAID/AHCI driver installation is completed, you can proceed with the Windows XP installation.

WindowsXP Profes	sional Setup	
Welcome to Setur This port of the S Windows (R) XP	etup program pro	epares Microsoft(R) computer.
To set up Wi	ndows XP now, j	press ENTER.
	Vindows XP instants onsole, press R.	allation using
To quit Setup	without installin	ng Windows XP, press F3.
Enter= Continue	R=Repair	F3=Exit

Figure 5

5-2 Configuring Audio Input and Output

5-2-1 Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio

The motherboard provides six audio jacks on the back panel which support 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel audio. The picture to the right shows the default audio jack assignments.

The integrated HD (High Definition) audio provides jack retasking capability that allows the user to change the function for each jack through the audio driver.



For example, in a 4-channel audio configuration, if a Rear speaker is plugged into the default Center/ Subwoofer speaker out jack, you can retask the Center/Subwoofer speaker out jack to be Rear speaker out.



- To install a microphone, connect your microphone to the Mic in or Line in jack and manually configure the jack for microphone functionality.
- If your front panel audio supports Intel HD Audio standard, you can have both the front and back panel front audio connectors active simultaneously.

High Definition Audio (HD Audio)

HD Audio includes multiple high quality digital-to-analog converters (DACs) that support 44.1KHz/ 48KHz/ 96KHz/192KHz sampling rate. HD Audio features multistreaming capabilities that allow multiple audio streams (in and out) to be simultaneously processed. For example, users can listen to MP3 music, have an Internet chat, make a telephone call over the Internet, and etc. all at the same time.

A. Configuring Speakers:

(The following instructions use Windows XP as the example operating system.)

Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, the **Audio Manager** icon i will appear in your system tray. Doubleclick the icon to access the Audio Control Panel.







Before installing the audio driver, make sure the "Microsoft UAA Bus driver for High Definition Audio" has been installed from the motherboard driver disk and your operating system has been updated with the latest Service Pack for Windows.

(Note) 2/4/5.1/7.1 Channel Audio Configurations:

Refer to the following for multi-channel speaker configurations.

- 2 channel audio: Headphone or Line out.
- · 4 channel audio: Front speaker out and Rear speaker out.
- 5.1 channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, and Center/Subwoofer speaker out.
- 7.1 channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, Center/Subwoofer speaker out, and Side speaker out.

Step 2:

Click the Audio I/O tab. In the speaker list on the left, select 2CH Speaker, 4CH Speaker, 6CH Speaker, or 8CH Speaker according to the type of speaker configuration you wish to set up.

Step 3:

Everytime you connect an audio device to an audio jack, the **Connected device** box appears. Select the device according to the type of device you connect. Then click **OK** to complete the configuration.



B. Configuring Sound Effect:

You may configure an audio environment on the **Sound Effect** tab.



C. Configuring AC'97 Audio:

If you want to connect an AC'97 front panel audio module, click the tool icon on the **Audio I/O** tab On the **Global Connector Settings** box, select the **Disable front panel jack detection** check box. Click **OK** to activiate the AC'97 functionality.







When using an AC'97 front panel audio module, you can only have audio signals present on either the front or the back panel audio connections, but not both at the same time.

5-2-2 Installing the S/PDIF In Cable (Optional)

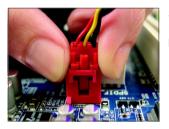
The S/PDIF in cable provides S/PDIF in functionality.



S/PDIF In:

The S/PDIF in jacks allow you to input digital audio signals to the computer for audio processing.

A. Installing the S/PDIF In Cable:



Step 1:

First, attach the connector at the end of the cable to the SPDIF_IN header on your motherboard.



Step 2: Secure the metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.

S/PDIF Out:

The S/PDIF out jacks can transmit audio signals to an external decoder for decoding to get the best audio quality.

B. Conneting a S/PDIF out Cable



Connect a S/PDIF coaxial cable or a S/PDIF optical cable (either one) to an external decoder for transmitting the S/PDIF digital audio signals.

S/PDIF Coaxial Cable



S/PDIF Optical Cable

C. Configuring S/PDIF out:

Click the tool icon in the **DIGITAL** section. In the **S/PDIF In/Out Settings** dialog box, select an output sampling rate and select (or disable) the output source. Click **OK** to complete the configuration.



5-2-3 Configuring Microphone Recording

Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, the Audio Manager icon i will appear in your system tray. Double-click the icon to access the Audio Control Panel.





Step 2:

Connect your microphone to the Mic in jack (pink) on the back panel or the Line in jack on the front panel. Then configure the jack for microphone functionality.

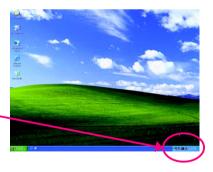
Note: The microphone functions on the front panel and back panel cannot be used at the same time.

	GIGABYTE 00
Sound Effect Mixer Audio W	Microphone 30 Audio Demo
2CH Speaker •	ANALOG 🕥
onnected device : Which device did you plug in?	
Line In ❤ Nicio Headahane	818
Live Dut Pear Speaker Dut Center/Subvooler Speaker Dut Side Speaker Dut	
Side Speaker Dut	
	Front Panul Digital
	e anne
	_ ~
0	

Step 3:

Locate the **Volume** icon **O** in your system tray and click it to open the volume control panel



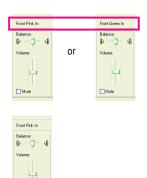


English

Step 4:

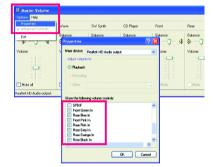
To hear the sound being recorded during the recording process when using the microphone function on the front panel, do not select the **Mute** check box under **Front Pink In** or **Front Green In** in **Master Volume**. It is recommended that you set the volume at a middle level.

To hear the sound being recorded during the recording process when using the microphone function on the back panel, do not select the **Mute** check box under **Rear Pink In** in **Master Volume**. It is recommended that you set the volume at its middle level.



(Note)

If you cannot find the volume control options you need in **Master Volume**, go to the **Options** menu and then choose **Properties**. Select the volume control options you wish to show and click **OK** to complete.



Step 5:

Next, while in Master Volume, go to Options and click Properties. In the Mixer device list, select Realtek HD Audio Input. Then set the recording sound level properly. Do NOT mute the recording sound, or you will not hear any sound when playing back the recording you just made.

Properties		? 🔀
Nier device:	Fiealtek.HD Audio output	~
Adust volum	Realet HD Audio output Realet HD Audio output Realet HD Digital input	b 2
Recordry		
O Drive		~
Show the follow Wave SW Synti CD Playe Eart	h.	-
V Frant V Real V Subwaati V Center		*
	OK	Carcel

Mute

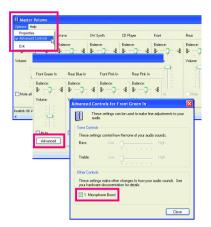
Select Realtek HD Audio Input in the Mixer devie list

Recording Control Options Help		
Recording	Mic Volume	Line Volume
Balance: B 4	Balance: ❥ — []—	Balance:
Volume:	Volume:	Volume:
Mute all	Mute	Mute
Realtek HD Audio Input	-	

Recording Control

Step 6:

To raise the recording and playing sound for the microphone, go to **Options** in **Master Volume** and select **Advanced Controls**. Click the **Advanced** button under a volume control option (e.g. Front Green In, Front Pink In). In the **Other Controls** field, select the **1 Microphone Boost** check box.



Step 7:

After completion, click **Start**, point to **Programs**, point to **Accessories**, point to **Entertainment**, and then click **Sound Recorder** to begin the sound recording.

5-2-4 Using the Sound Recorder

Recording the Sound:

- 1. Make sure you have connected the audio input device (e.g. microphone) to the computer.
- 2. On the File menu, choose New.
- 3. To record a sound file, click the **Recording** button •.
- 4. To stop the recording, click the **Stop** button **—**. Be sure to save the recording upon completion.

Playing the Sound:

- 1. On the File menu, choose Open.
- In the **Open** dialog box, select the sound (.wav) file you wish to play.
- 3. To play a sound file, click the **Play** button **>**.
- 4. To stop playing, click the Stop button .
- You may use the Fast Forward button ≤ to move to the beginning of a file or the Fast Backward button > to the end.



5-3 Troubleshooting

5-3-1 Frequently Asked Questions

To read more FAQs for your motherboard, please go to the Support\Motherboard\FAQ page on GIGABYTE's website.

- Q:In the BIOS Setup program, why are some BIOS options missing?
- A: Some advanced options are hidden in the BIOS Setup program. Press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST. In the Main Menu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to show the advanced options.
- Q:Why is the light of my keyboard/optical mouse still on after the computer shuts down?
- A: Some motherboard provides a small amount of standby power after the computer shuts down and that's why the light is still on.

Q: How do I clear the CMOS values?

- A: If your motherboard has a clearing CMOS jumper, refer to the instructions on the CLR_CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 to short the jumper to clear the CMOS values. If your board doesn't have this jumper, refer to the instructions on the motherboard battery in Chapter 1. You can temporarily remove the battery from the battery holder to stop supplying power to the CMOS, which will clear the CMOS values after about one minute. Refer to the steps below: Steps:
 - 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
 - Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
 - 3. Replace the battery.
 - 4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.
 - 5. Press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup. Select "Load Fail-Safe Defaults" (or "Load Optimized Defaults") to load BIOS default settings.
 - 6. Saves changes and exit BIOS Setup (select "Save & Exit Setup") to restart your computer.

Q:Why do I still get a weak sound even though I have turned my speaker to the maximum volume?

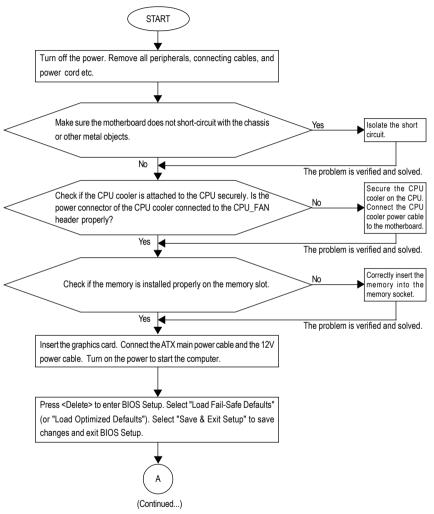
- A: Make sure your speaker is equipped with an internal amplifier. If not, try a speaker with power/ amplifier.
- Q: What do the beeps emitted during the POST mean?
- A: The following Award BIOS beep code descriptions may help you identify possible computer problems. (For reference only.)
 - 1 short: System boots successfully
 - 2 short: CMOS setting error
 - 1 long, 1 short: Memory or motherboard error
 - 1 long, 2 short: Monitor or graphics card error
 - 1 long, 3 short: Keyboard error
 - 1 long, 9 short: BIOS ROM error

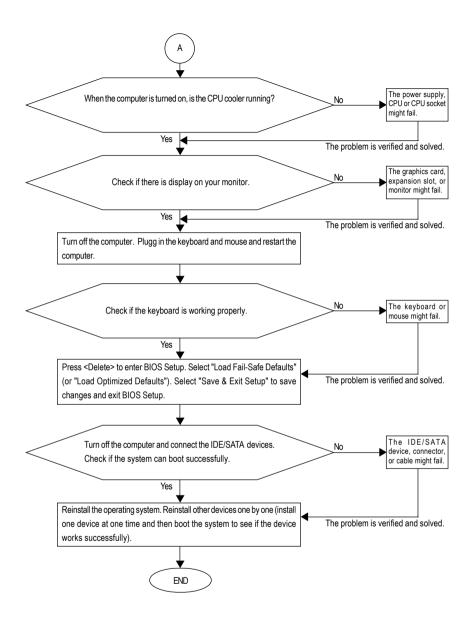
Continuous long beeps: Graphics card not inserted properly

Continuous short beeps: Power error

5-3-2 Troubleshooting Procedure

If you encounter any troubles during system startup, follow the troubleshooting procedure below to solve the problem.







If the procedure above is unable to solve your problem, contact the place of purchase or local dealer for help. Or go to the Support\Technical Service Zone page to submit your question. Our customer service staff will reply you as soon as possible.





Taiwan (Headquarters)
GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Address: No.6, Bau Chiang Road, Hsin-Tien,
Taipei 231, Taiwan
TEL: +886-2-8912-4888
FAX: +886-2-8912-4003
Tech. and Non-Tech. Support (Sales/Marketing) :
http://ggts.gigabyte.com.tw
WEB address (English): http://www.gigabyte.com.tw
WEB address (Chinese): http://www.gigabyte.tw

• U.S.A.

G.B.T. INC. TEL:+1-626-854-9338 FAX:+1-626-854-9339 Tech. Support: http://rma.gigabyte-usa.com Web address: http://www.gigabyte.us

Mexico

G.B.T Inc (USA) Tel: +1-626-854-9338 x 215 (Soporte de habla hispano) FAX: +1-626-854-9339 Correo: soporte@gigabyte-usa.com Tech. Support: http://rma.gigabyte-usa.com Web address: http://www.gigabyte.com.mx • Singapore

GIGA-BYTE SINGAPORE PTE, LTD.

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.sg

Thailand

WEB address : http://th.giga-byte.com

Vietnam

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.vn

China

NINGBO G.B.T. TECH. TRADING CO., LTD. WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.cn Shanghai TEL: +86-21-63410999 FAX: +86-21-63410100 Beiiina TEL: +86-10-62102838 FAX +86-10-62102848 Wuhan TEL: +86-27-87851061 FAX: +86-27-87851330 GuangZhou TEL: +86-20-87540700 FAX: +86-20-87544306 ext 333 Chengdu TEL: +86-28-85236930 FAX: +86-28-85256822 ext. 814 Xian TEL: +86-29-85531943 FAX: +86-29-85539821 Shenyang TEL: +86-24-83992901 FAX: +86-24-83992909 India • GIGABYTE TECHNOLOGY (INDIA) LIMITED WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.co.in/ Saudi Arabia ٠ WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.sa Australia • GIGABYTE TECHNOLOGY PTY. LTD.

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.au

Germany

G.B.T. TECHNOLOGY TRADING GMBH

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.de

U.K.

G.B.T. TECH. CO., LTD.

WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.co.uk

• The Netherlands

GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY B.V.

WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.nl

Sweden

WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.se

France

GIGABYTE TECHNOLOGY FRANCE

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.fr

Italy

WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.it

Spain

GIGA-BYTE SPAIN

WEB address : http://www.giga-byte.es

Czech Republic

Representative Office Of GIGA-BYTE Technology Co., Ltd. in CZECH REPUBLIC

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.cz

Turkey

Representative Office Of GIGA-BYTE Technology Co., Ltd. in TURKEY

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.tr

Russia

Moscow Representative Office Of GIGA-BYTE Technology Co., Ltd.

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.ru

Latvia

GIGA-BYTE Latvia

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.lv

Poland

Office of GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY Co., Ltd. in POLAND WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.pl

Ukraine

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.kiev.ua

Romania

Representative Office Of GIGA-BYTE Technology Co., Ltd. in Romania

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.com.ro

Serbia & Montenegro

Representative Office Of GIGA-BYTE Technology Co., Ltd. in SERBIA & MONTENEGRO

WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.co.yu

You may go to the GIGABYTE website, select your language in the language list on the top right corner of the website.

• GIGABYTE Global Service System



To submit a technical or non-technical (Sales/ Marketing) question, please link to : http://ggts.gigabyte.com.tw Then select your language to enter the system.



关于符合中国《电子信息产品污染控制管理办法》的声明 Management Methods on Control of Pollution from Electronic Information Products (China RoHS Declaration)

产品中有毒有害物质或元素的名称及含量

	Hazardou	s Substand							
	http://www.	有毒有害物质或元素(Hazardous Substances)							
部件名称(Parts)	铅(Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉(Cd)	六价铬 (Cr (VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)			
PCB板 PCB	0	0	0	0	0	0			
结构件及风扇 Mechanical parts and Fan	×	0	0	0	0	0			
芯片及其他主动零件 Chip and other Active components	×	0	0	0	0	0			
连接器 Connectors	×	0	0	0	0	0			
被动电子元器件 Passive Components	×	0	0	0	0	0			
线材 Cables	0	0	0	0	0	0			
焊接金属 Soldering metal	0	0	0	0	0	0			
助焊剂, 散热膏, 标签及其他耗材 Flux,Solder Paste,Label and other Consumable Materials	0	0	0	0	0	0			
○:表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求以下。 Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in all homogenous materials of this part is below the limit requirement SJ/T 11363-2006									
×:表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求。 Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogenous materials of this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T 11363-2006									
对销售之日的所受售产品,本表显示我公司供应链的电子信息产品可能包含这些物质。注意:在所售产品中 可能会也可能不会含有所有所列的部件。 This table shows where these substances may be found in the supply chain of our electronic information products, as of the date of the sale of the enclosed products. Note that some of the component types listed above may or may not be a part of the enclosed product.									