

- The author assumes no responsibility for any errors or omissions that may appear in this document nor does the author make a commitment to update the information contained herein.
- Third-party brands and names are the property of their respective owners.
- Please do not remove any labels on motherboard, this may void the warranty of this motherboard.
- Due to rapid change in technology, some of the specifications might be out of date before publication of this booklet.



WARNING: Never run the processor without the heatsink properly and firmly attached. PERMANENT DAMAGE WILL RESULT!

Mise en garde: Ne faites jamais tourner le processeur sans que le dissipateur de chaleur soit fix correctement et fermement. UN DOMMAGE PERMANENT EN RÉSULTERA!

Achtung: Der Prozessor darf nur in Betrieb genommen werden, wenn der W rmeableiter ordnungsgem  $\beta$  und fest angebracht ist. DIES HAT EINEN PERMANENTEN SCHADEN ZUR FOLGE!

Advertencia: Nunca haga funcionar el procesador sin el disipador de calor instalado correcta y firmemente. ¡SE PRODUCIRÁ UN DAÑO PERMANENTE!

Aviso: Nunca execute o processador sem o dissipador de calor estar adequado e firmemente conectado. O RESULTADO SERÁ UM DANO PERMANENTE!

警告: 将散热板牢固地安装到处理器上之前,不要运行处理器。过热将永远损坏处理器!

警告: 將散熱器牢固地安裝到處理器上之前,不要運行處理器。過熱將永遠損壞處理器!

경고: 히트성크를 제대로 또 단단히 부착시키지 않은 제 프로세서를 구동시키지 마십시오. 영구적 고장이 발생합니다!

警告: 水久的な損傷を防ぐため、ヒートシンクを正しくしっかりと取り付けるまでは、プロセッサを動作させないようにしてください。

#### **Declaration of Conformity**

We, Manufacturer/Importer (full address)

#### G.B.T. Technology Träding GMbH Ausschlager Weg 41, 1F, 20537 Hamburg, Germany

declare that the product ( description of the apparatus, system, installation to which it refers)

#### Mother Board

GA-8SLML is in conformity with

(reference to the specification under which conformity is declared)

in accordance with 89/336 EEC-EMC Directive

□ EN 55011	Limits and methods of measurement	☐ EN 61000-3-2*	Disturbances in supply systems cause
	of radio disturbance characteristics of	☑ EN 60555-2	by household appliances and similar
	industrial, scientific and medical (ISM high frequency equipment		electrical equipment "Harmonics"
□ EN 55013	Limits and methods of measurement	□ EN 61000-3-3*	Disturbances in supply systems cause
	of radio disturbance characteristics of	⊠ EN 60555-3	by household appliances and similar
	broadcast receivers and associated equipment		electrical equipment "Voltage fluctuations"
□ EN 55014	Limits and methods of measurement	☑ EN 50081-1	Generic emission standard Part 1:
	of radio disturbance characteristics of household electrical appliances,		Residual commercial and light industry
	portable tools and similar electrical	☑ EN 50082-1	Generic immunity standard Part 1:
	apparatus		Residual commercial and light industry
□ EN 55015	Limits and methods of measurement	☐ EN 55081-2	Generic emission standard Part 2:
	of radio disturbance characteristics of fluorescent lamps and luminaries		Industrial environment
□ EN 55020	Immunity from radio interference of	□ EN 55082-2	Generic emission standard Part 2:
	broadcast receivers and associated equipment		Industrial environment
⊠ EN 55022	Limits and methods of measurement	□ ENV 55104	Immunity requirements for household
	of radio disturbance characteristics of		appliances tools and similar apparatus
	information technology equipment		
☐ DIN VDE 0855	Cabled distribution systems; Equipment	☐ EN50091-2	EMC requirements for uninterruptible
<ul> <li>□ part 10</li> <li>□ part 12</li> </ul>	for receiving and/or distribution from		power systems (UPS)
Li part 12	sound and television signals		
□ CE marking		(EC conformi	ity marking)
E CE marking	The manufacturer also declares t	he conformity of above montice	and product
	with the actual required safety st	•	•
□ EN 60065	Safety requirements for mains operated	□ EN 60950	Safety for information technology equipment
	electronic and related apparatus for household and similar general use		including electrical bussiness equipment
□ EN 60335	Safety of household and similar	☐ EN 50091-1	General and Safety requirements for
	electrical appliances		uninterruptible power systems (UPS)
		Manufacturer/Importer	
			Signature: Timmy Huang
	(Stamp)	Date : July 31, 2002	Name: Timmy Huang

# DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Per FCC Part 2 Section 2.1077(a)



Responsible Party Name: G.B.T. INC. (U.S.A.)

Address: 17358 Railroad Street

City of Industry, CA 91748

Phone/Fax No: (818) 854-9338/ (818) 854-9339

hereby declares that the product

Product Name: Motherboard Model Number: GA-8SLML

Conforms to the following specifications:

FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Section 15.107(a) and Section 15.109(a), Class B Digital Device

# **Supplementary Information:**

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful and (2) this device must accept any inference received, including that may cause undesired operation.

Representative Person's Name: <u>ERIC LU</u>

Signature: <u>Eric Lu</u>

Date: July 31, 2002

# GA-8SLML Series P4 Titan DDR Motherboard

# **USER'S MANUAL**

Pentium®4 Processor Motherboard Rev. 1002 12ME-8SLML-1002

# **Table of Content**

Item Checklist		
WARNING!	4	
Chapter 1 Introduction	5	
Features Summary	5	
GA-8SLML Series Motherboard Layout	7	
Chapter 2 Hardware Installation Process	8	
Step 1: Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU)	9	
Step1-1 : CPU Installation	9	
Step1-2 : CPU Heat Sink Installation		
Step 2: Install memory modules	11	
Step 3: Install expansion cards	12	
Step 4: Connect ribbon cables, cabinet wires, and power supply	13	
Step 4-1: I/O Back Panel Introduction		
Step 4-2 : Connectors Introduction	15	
Chapter 3 BIOS Setup	23	
The Main Menu (For example: BIOS Ver.: F1b)	24	
Standard CMOS Features	26	
Advanced BIOS Features	29	
Integrated Peripherals	31	
Power Management Setup	35	

PnP/PCI Configurations	37
PC Health Status	38
Frequency/Voltage Control	40
Top Performance	42
Load Fail-Safe Defaults	43
Load Optimized Defaults	44
Set Supervisor/User Password	45
Save & Exit Setup	46
Exit Without Saving	47
Chapter 4 Technical Reference	49
Block Diagram	49
Q-Flash Introduction	50
@ BIOS™ Introduction	52
EasyTune™ 4 Introduction	53
Chapter 5 Appendix	55

# Item Checklist

- ☑ The GA-8SLML or GA-8SLML-C motherboard
   ☑ 2 Port USB Cable x 1
   ☑ 4 Port USB Cable x 1
   ☑ 4 Port USB Cable x 1
   ☑ 5 PDIF-KIT x 1 (SPD-KIT)
   ☑ GA-8SLML Series user's manual
   ☑ I/O Shield\*
   ☑ Center/Subw oofer Cable x 1 (SURROUND-KIT)
- ☑ I/O Shield: ☐ Center/Subwooter Cable X1 (SURROUND-KI)
- ☐ Quick PC Installation Guide ☐ Motherboard Settings Label



□ RAID Manual

# WARNING!

Computer motherboards and expansion cards contain very delicate Integrated Circuit (IC) chips. To protect them against damage from static electricity, you should follow some precautions whenever you work on your computer.

- 1. Unplug your computer when working on the inside.
- Use a grounded wrist strap before handling computer components. If you do not have
  one, touch both of your hands to a safely grounded object or to a metal object, such as
  the power supply case.
- Hold components by the edges and try not touch the IC chips, leads or connectors, or other components.
- Place components on a grounded antistatic pad or on the bag that came with the components whenever the components are separated from the system.
- Ensure that the ATX power supply is switched off before you plug in or remove the ATX power connector on the motherboard.

### Installing the motherboard to the chassis...

If themotherboard has mounting holes, but they don't line up with the holes on the base and there are no slots to attach the spacers, do not become alarmed you can still attach the spacers to the mounting holes. Just cut the bottom portion of the spacers (the spacer may be a little hard to cut off, so be careful of your hands). In this way you can still attach the motherboard to the base without worrying about short circuits. Sometimes you may need to use the plastic springs to isolate the screw from the motherboard PCB surface, because the circuit wire may be near by the hole. Be careful, don't let the screw contact any printed circuit write or parts on the PCB that are near the fixing hole, otherwise it may damage the board or cause board malfunctioning.

# "\*" For GA-8SLML only .

# Chapter 1 Introduction

# **Features Summary**

Form Factor	• 24.3cm x 19.5cm Micro ATX size form factor, 4 layers PCB.
Motherboard	GA-8SLML Series Motherboard:
	GA-8SLML and GA-8SLML-C
CPU	Socket 478 for Intel® Micro FC-PGA2 Pentium® 4 processor
	Support Intel ® Pentium ® 4 (Northwood, 0.13µm) processor
	Intel Pentium®4 FSB 400MHz
	<ul> <li>2nd cache depends on CPU</li> </ul>
Chipset	SiS 650GL Host/Memory controller
	<ul> <li>SiS 961B MuTIOL Media I/O</li> </ul>
Memory	2 184-pin DDR DIMM sockets
	<ul> <li>Supports DDR266/200 SDRAM</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Supports up to 2 un-buffer Double-sided DIMM DDR266/200</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Supports up to 2GB DDR DRAM (Max)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Supports only 2.5V DDR DIMM</li> </ul>
I/O Control	• W83697HF
Slots	3 PCI slot supports 33MHz & PCI 2.2 compliant
On-Board IDE	2 IDE bus master (UDMA33/ATA66/ATA100/ATA133) IDE ports
	for up to 4 ATAPI devices
	Supports PIO mode3,4 (UDMA 33/ATA66/ATA100/ATA133) IDE
	& ATAPICD-ROM
On-Board Peripherals	<ul> <li>1 Floppy port supports 2 FDD with 360K, 720K,1.2M, 1.44M</li> </ul>
	and 2.88M bytes.
	<ul> <li>1 Parallel port supports Normal/EPP/ECP mode</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 Serial port (COMA), 1VGA port, COMB on board</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>6 USB 1.1 ports (2 x Rear,4 x Front by cable)</li> </ul>
	1 Front Audio Connector
	1 IrDA connector for IR
Hardware Monitor	CPU/System Fan Revolution detect
	CPU/System Fan Fail Warning
	<ul> <li>CPU/System Temperature detect</li> </ul>
	System voltage detect

to be continued.....

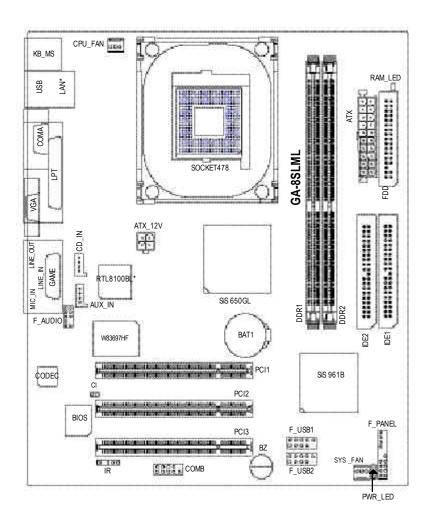
On-Board Sound	RealTek AC'97 CODEC
	<ul> <li>Line In/ Line Out/ Mic In/ CD_In/ AUX_IN/ Game Port</li> </ul>
On-Board LAN	Build in RTL8100BL Chipset*
On-Board VGA	Build in SiS 650GL Chipset
PS/2 Connector	PS/2 Key board interface and PS/2 Mouse interface
BIOS	Licensed AWARD BIOS, 2M bit Flash ROM
	<ul> <li>Supports Q-Flash</li> </ul>
Additional Features	PS/2 Key board power on by password
	<ul> <li>PS/2 Mouse power on</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>STR(Suspend-To-RAM)</li> </ul>
	AC Recovery
	<ul> <li>USB KB/Mouse wake up from S3</li> </ul>
	Supports Easy Tune 4
	Supports @BIOS



Please set the CPU host frequency in accordance with your processor's specifications. We don't recommend you to set the system bus frequency over the CPU's specification because these specific bus frequencies are not the standard specifications for CPU, chipset and most of the peripherals. Whether your system can run under these specific bus frequencies properly will depend on your hardware configurations, including CPU, Chipsets,SDRAM,Cards....etc.

# "\*" For GA-8SLML only .

# **GA-8SLML Series Motherboard Layout**

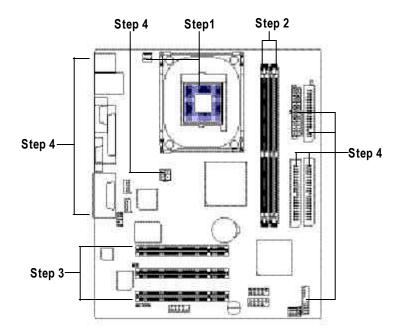


<sup>&</sup>quot;\*" For GA-8SLML only .

# Chapter 2 Hardware Installation Process

To set up your computer, you must complete the following steps:

- Step 1- Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU)
- Step 2- Install memory modules
- Step 3- Install expansion cards
- Step 4- Connect ribbon cables, cabinet wires, and power supply
- Step 5- Setup BIOS software
- Step 6- Install supporting software tools

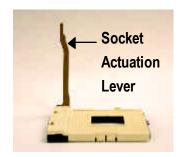


# Step 1: Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU)

# Step1-1: CPU Installation



 Angling the rod to 65-degree may be feel a kind of tight, and then continue pull the rod to 90-degree when a noise "cough" made.



2. Pull the rod to the 90-degree directly.



3. CPU Top View



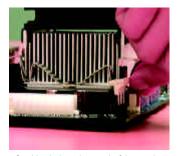
 Locate Pin 1 in the socket and look for a (golden) cut edge on the CPU upper corner. Then insert the CPU into the socket.

- lacktriangle Please make sure the CPU type is supported by the motherboard.
- If you do not match the CPU socket Pin 1 and CPU cut edge well, it will cause improper installation. Please change the insert orientation.

# Step1-2: CPU Heat Sink Installation



 Hook one end of the cooler bracket to the CPU socket first.



Hook the other end of the cooler bracket to the CPU socket.

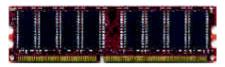
- Please use Intel approved cooling fan.
- We recommend you to apply the thermal tape to provide better heat conduction between your CPU and heatsink.
  (The CPU cooling fan might stick to the CPU due to the hardening of the thermal paste. During this condition if you try to remove the cooling fan, you might pull the processor out of the CPU socket alone with the cooling fan, and might damage the processor. To avoid this from happening, we suggest you to either use thermal tape instead of thermal paste, or remove the cooling fan with extreme caution.)
- Make sure the CPU fan power cable is plugged in to the CPU fan connector, this completes the installation.
- Please refer to CPU heat sink user's manual for more detail installation procedure.

# Step 2: Install memory modules

The mother board has 2 dual inline memory module (DIMM) sockets. The BIOS will automatically detects memory type and size. To install the memory module, just push it vertically into the DIMM socket. The DIMM module can only fit in one direction due to the notch. Memory size can vary between sockets.

Support Unbuffered DDR DIMM Sizes type:

	71	
64 Mbit (2Mx8x4 banks)	64 Mbit (1Mx 16x4 banks)	128 Mbit(4Mx8x4 banks)
128 Mbit(2Mx16x4 banks)	256 Mbit(8Mx8x4 banks)	256 Mbit(4Mx16x4 banks)
512 Mbit(16Mx8x4 banks)	512 Mbit(8Mx16x4 banks)	



#### **DDR**



- The DIMM socket has a notch, so the DIMM memory module can only fit in one direction.
- Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM socket. Then push it down.
- Close the plastic clip at both edges of the DIMM sockets to lock the DIMM module.
   Reverse the installation steps when you wish to remove the DIMM module.
- **●** When RAM LED is ON, do not install/remove DDR from socket.
- Please note that the DIMM module can only fit in one direction due to the one notches. Wrong orientation will cause improper installation. Please change the insert orientation.

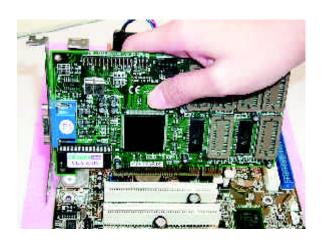
#### **DDR Introduction**

Established on the existing SDRAM industry infrastructure, DDR (Double Data Rate) memory is a high performance and cost-effective solution that allows easy adoption for memory vendors, OEMs and system integrators.

DDR memory is a sensible evolutionary solution for the PC industry that builds on the existing SDRAM infrastructure, yet makes awesome advances in solving the system performance bottleneck by doubling the memory bandwidth. DDR SDRAM will offer a superior solution and migration path from existing SDRAM designs due to its availability, pricing and overall market support. PC2100 DDR memory (DDR266) doubles the data rate through reading and writing at both the rising and falling edge of the clock, achieving data bandwidth 2X greater than PC133 when running with the same DRAM clock frequency. With peak bandwidth of 2.1GB per second, DDR memory enables system OEMs to build high performance and low latency DRAM subsystems that are suitable for servers, workstations, highend PC's and value desktop SMA systems. With a core voltage of only 2.5 Volts compared to conventional SDRAM's 3.3 volts, DDR memory is a compelling solution for small form factor desktops and notebook applications.

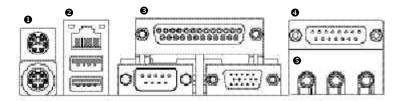
# Step 3: Install expansion cards

- Read the related expansion card's instruction document before install the expansion card into the computer.
- 2. Remove your computer's chassis cover, necessary screws and slot bracket from the computer.
- 3. Press the expansion card firmly into expansion slot in motherboard.
- 4. Be sure the metal contacts on the card are indeed seated in the slot.
- 5. Replace the screw to secure the slot bracket of the expansion card.
- Replace your computer's chassis cover.
- 7. Power on the computer, if necessary, setup BIOS utility of expansion card from BIOS.
- Install related driver from the operating system.



# Step 4: Connect ribbon cables, cabinet wires, and power supply

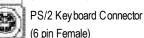
# Step 4-1: I/O Back Panel Introduction



#### ● PS/2 Keyboard and PS/2 Mouse Connector

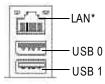


PS/2 Mouse Connector (6 pin Female)



➤ This connector supports standard PS/2 key board and PS/2 mouse.

#### USB & LAN\* Connector



Before you connect your device(s) into USB connector(s), please make sure your device(s) such as USB key board, mouse, scanner, zip, speaker..etc. Have a standard USB interface. Also make sure your OS supports USB controller. If your OS does not support USB controller, please contact OS vendor for possible patch or driver upgrade. For more information please contact your OS or device(s) vendors.

<sup>&</sup>quot;\*" For GA-8SLML only .

### 9 Parallel Port, Serial Port and VGA Port (LPT/COMA/VGA)

(25 pin Female)

Parallel Port

COMA Serial Port

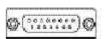
VGA Port

(9 pin Male)

(15 pin Female)

**VGA** 

Game / MIDI Ports

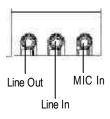


Joystick/ MIDI (15 pin Female)

➤ This connector supports 1 standard COM port ,1 Parallel port and 1 VGA port. Device like printer can be connected to Parallel port; mouse and modem etc can be connected to Serial ports.

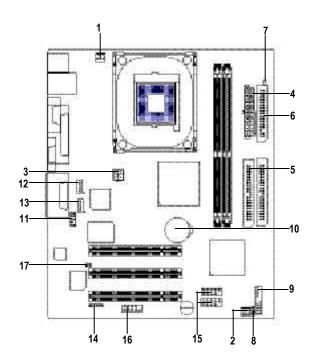
➤ This connector supports joystick, MIDI keyboard and other relate audio devices.

#### Audio Connectors



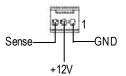
After install onboard audio driver, you may connect speaker to Line Out jack, micro phone to MIC Injack. Device like CD-ROM, walkman etc can be connected to Line-In jack.

**Step 4-2: Connectors Introduction** 



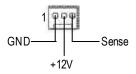
1) CPU_FAN	11) F_AUDIO
2) SYS_FAN	12) CD_IN
3) ATX_12V	13) AUX_IN
4) ATX	14) IR
5) IDE1/IDE2	15) F_USB1/F_USB2
6) FDD	16) COMB
7) RAM_LED	17) CI
8) PWR_LED	
9) F_PANEL	
10) BAT1	

#### 1) CPU\_FAN (CPU FAN Connector)



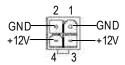
Please note, a proper installation of the CPU cooler is essential to prevent the CPU from running under abnormal condition or damaged by overheating. The CPU fan connector supports Max. current up to 600 mA.

#### 2) SYS\_FAN (System FAN Connector)



This connector allows you to link with the cooling fan on the system case to lower the system temperature.

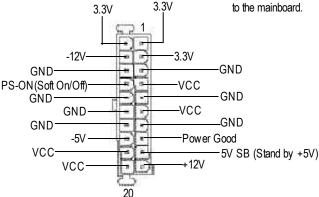
#### 3) ATX\_12V (+12V Power Connector)



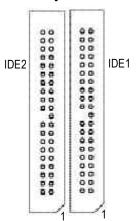
This connector (ATX +12V) supplies the CPU operation voltage (Vcore).
If this "ATX+ 12V connector" is not connected, system cannot boot.

# 4) ATX (ATX Power)

AC power cord should only be connected to your power supply unit after ATX power cable and other related devices are firmly connected to the mainboard.



### 5) IDE1/IDE2 [IDE1 / IDE2 Connector(Primary/Secondary)]



> Important Notice:

Please connect first harddisk to IDE1and connect CDROM to IDE2.

The red stripe of the ribbon cable must be the same side with the Pin1.

# 6) FDD (Floppy Connector)



Please connect the floppy drive ribbon cables to FDD. It supports 360K,720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M bytes floppy disk types.

The red stripe of the ribbon cable must be the same side with the Pin1.

### 7) RAM\_LED



Do not remove memory modules while DIMM LED is on. It might cause short or other unexpected damages due to the 2.5V stand by voltage. Remove memory modules only when AC Power cord is disconnected.

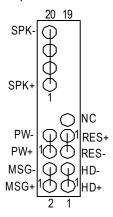
#### 8) PWR\_LED



PWR\_LED is connect with the system power indicator to indicate whether the system is on/off. It will blink when the system enters suspend mode.

If you use dual color LED, power LED will turn to another color.

#### 9) F\_PANEL (2x10 pins connector)



HD (IDE Hard Disk Active LED)	Pin 1: LED anode(+)
	Pin 2: LED cathode(-)
SPK (Speaker Connector)	Pin 1: VCC(+)
	Pin 2- Pin 3: NC
	Pin 4: Data(-)
RES (Reset Switch)	Open: Normal Operation
	Close: Reset Hardware System
PW (Soft Power Connector)	Open: Normal Operation
	Close: Power On/Off
MSG(Message LED/Power/	Pin 1: LED anode(+)
Sleep LED)	Pin 2: LED cathode(-)
NC	NC

➤ Please connect the power LED, PC speaker, reset switch and power switch etc of your chassis front panel to the F\_PANEL connector according to the pin assignment above.

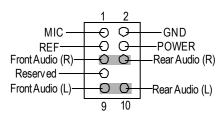
### 10) BAT1 (Battery)



#### **CAUTION**

- Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

#### 11) F\_AUDIO (Front Audio Connector)



➤ If you want to use "Front Audio" connector, you must remove 5-6, 9-10 Jumper. In order to utilize the front audio header, your chassis must have front audio connector.

Also please make sure the pin assignment on the cable is the same as the pin assignment on the MB header. To find out if the chassis you are buying support front audio connector, please contact your dealer.

# 12) CD\_IN (CD Audio Line In)



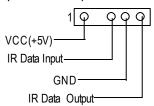
Connect CD-ROM or DVD-ROM audio out to the connector.

# 13) AUX\_IN (AUX In Connector)



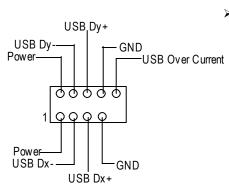
Connect other device(such as PCI TV Tunner audio out )to the connector.

#### 14) IR (IR Connector)



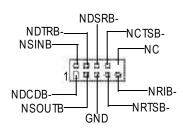
Be careful with the polarity of the IR connectorwhile you connect the IR. Please contact you nearest dealer for optional IR device.

#### 15) F\_USB1/F\_USB2 (Front USB Connector)



 Be careful with the polarity of the front panel USB connector. Check the pin assignment while you connect the front panel USB cable.
 Please contact your nearest dealer for optional front USB cable.

### 16) COMB (COM B Connector)(White)



Be careful with the polarity of the COMB connector. Check the pin assignment while you connect the COMB cable. Please contact your nearest dealer for optional COMB cable.

# 17) CI (CASE OPEN)



This 2 pin connector allows your system to enable or disable the "Case Open" item in BIOS if the system case begin remove.

-	

# Chapter 3 BIOS Setup

BIOS Setup is an overview of the BIOS Setup Program. The program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed CMOS RAM so that it retains the Setup information when the power is turned off.

#### **ENTERING SETUP**

Powering ON the computer and pressing < Del> immediately will allow you to enter Setup. If you require more advanced BIOS settings, please go to "Advanced BIOS" setting menu. To enter Advanced BIOS setting menu, press "Ctrl+F1" key on the BIOS screen.

#### **CONTROL KEYS**

<u>&lt;</u> ↑>	Move to previous item	
<↓>	Move to next item	
<←>	Move to the item in the left hand	
<→>	Move to the item in the right hand	
<enter></enter>	Select item	
<esc></esc>	Main Menu - Quit and not save changes into CMOS Status Page Setup Menu and	
	Option Page Setup Menu - Exit current page and return to Main Menu	
<+/PgUp>	Increase the numeric value or make changes	
<-/PgDn>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes	
<f1></f1>	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu	
<f2></f2>	Item Help	
<f3></f3>	Reserved	
<f4></f4>	Reserved	
<f5></f5>	Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu	
<f6></f6>	Load the file-safe default CMOS value from BIOS default table	
<f7></f7>	Load the Optimized Defaults	
<f8></f8>	Q-Flash function	
<f9></f9>	Reserved	
<f10></f10>	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu	

#### GETTING HELP

#### Main Menu

The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

#### Status Page Setup Menu / Option Page Setup Menu

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press <Esc>.

# The Main Menu (For example: BIOS Ver.: F1b)

Once you enterAward BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu (Figure 1) will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from eight setup functions and two exit choices. Use arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter the sub-menu.

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▶Standard CMOS Features	Top Performance	
▶Adv anced BIOS Features	Load Fail-Safe Defaults	
▶Integrated Peripherals	Load Optimized Defaults	
▶Pow er Management Setup	Set Supervisor Password	
▶PnP/PCI Configurations	Set User Password	
▶PC Health Status	Sav e & Ex it Setup	
▶Frequency/Voltage Control	Ex it Without Saving	
ESC:Quit	↑↓→←:Select Item	
F8: Q-Flash	-Flash F10:Save & Exit Setup	
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type		

Figure 1: Main Menu

#### Standard CMOS Features

This setup page includes all the items in standard compatible BIOS.

#### Advanced BIOS Features

This setup page includes all the items of Award special enhanced features.

#### Integrated Peripherals

This setup page includes all onboard peripherals.

#### Power Management Setup

This setup page includes all the items of Green function features.

#### PnP/PCI Configurations

This setup page includes all the configurations of PCI & PnP ISA resources.

#### • PC Health Status

This setup page is the System auto detect Temperature, voltage, fan, speed.

#### Frequency/Voltage Control

This setup page is control CPU's clock and frequency ratio.

#### • Top Performance

If you wish to maximize the performance of your system, set "Top Performance" as "Enabled".

#### • Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Fail-Safe Defaults indicates the value of the system parameters which the system would be in safe configuration.

#### Load Optimized Defaults

Optimized Defaults indicates the value of the system parameters which the system would be in best performance configuration.

#### Set Supervis or pass word

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup.

#### Set User password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system.

#### Save & Exit Setup

Save CMOS value settings to CMOS and exit setup.

#### • Exit Without Saving

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

# **Standard CMOS Features**

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#### Standard CMOS Features

Date (mm:dd:yy)	Fri, May 3 2002	Item Help
Time (hh:mm:ss)	17:56:23	Menu Level ▶
		Change the day, mont
▶IDE Primary Master	None	y ear
▶IDE Primary Slave	None	
▶IDE Secondary Master	None	<week></week>
▶IDE Secondary Slave	None	Sun. to Sat.
Driv e A	1.44M, 3.5 in.	<month></month>
Drive B	None	Jan. to Dec.
Floppy 3 Mode Support	Disabled	
		<day></day>
Halt On	All, But Key board	1 to 31 (or max imum
		allowed in the month)
Base Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	130048K	<year></year>
Total Memory	131072K	1999 to 2098
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select -	-/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ES	C:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimiz	ed Defaults

Figure 2: Standard CMOS Features

#### **♡** Date

The date format is <week>, <month>, <day>, <year>.

Week The week, from Sun to Sat, determined by the BIOS and is display only

Month The month, Jan. Through Dec.

▶ Day The day, from 1 to 31 (or the maximum allowed in the month)

→ Year The year, from 1999 through 2098

#### Time

The times format in <hour> <minute> <second>. The time is calculated base on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00.

#### ☐ IDE Primary Master, Slave / IDE Secondary Master, Slave

The category identifies the types of hard disk from driveC to F that has been installed in the computer. There are two types: auto type, and manual type. Manual type is user-definable; Auto type which will automatically detect HDD type.

Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category.

If you select User Type, related information will be asked to enter to the following items. Enter the information directly from the key board and press <Enter>. Such information should be provided in the documentation form your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

CYLS.	Number of cylinders
→ HEADS	Number of heads
<b>→</b> PRECOMP	Write precomp
<b>▶</b> LANDZONE	Landing zone
⇒ SECTORS	Number of sectors

If a hard disk has not been installed select NONE and press <Enter>.

#### Trive A / Drive B

The category identifies the types of floppy disk drive A or drive B that has been installed in the computer.

No floppy drive installed
5.25 inch PC-type standard drive; 360K byte capacity.
5.25 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2M byte capacity
(3.5 inch when 3 Mode is Enabled).
3.5 inch double-sided drive; 720K byte capacity
3.5 inch double-sided drive; 1.44M byte capacity.
$3.5$ inch double-sided drive; $2.88\mbox{M}$ by te capacity .

#### Floppy 3 Mode Support (for Japan Area)

▶ Disabled Normal Floppy Drive. (Default value)

Drive A Drive A is 3 mode Floppy Drive.Drive B Drive B is 3 mode Floppy Drive.

▶ Both Drive A & B are 3 mode Floppy Drives.

#### THalt on

The category determines whether the computer will stop if an error is detected during power up.

NO Errors The system boot will not stop for any error that may be detected

and you will be prompted.

▶ All Errors Whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error the system will be stopped.

→ All, But Key board The system boot will not stop for a key board error; it will stop for

all other errors. (Default value)

▶ All, But Diskette The system boot will not stop for a disk error; it will stop for all

other errors.

▶ All, But Disk/Key The system boot will not stop for a key board or disk error; it will

stop for all other errors.

#### ☐ Memory

The category is display-only which is determined by POST (PowerOn Self Test) of the BIOS.

#### **Base Memory**

The POST of the BIOS will determine the amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system.

The value of the base memory is typically 512 K for systems with 512 K memory installed on the motherboard, or 640 K for systems with 640 K or more memory installed on the motherboard.

#### **Extended Memory**

The BIOS determines how much extended memory is present during the POST. This is the amount of memory located above 1 MB in the CPU's memory address map.

# **Advanced BIOS Features**

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#### Advanced BIOS Features

First Boot Device	[Floppy]	Item Help
Second Boot Device	[HDD-0]	Menu Level ▶
Third Boot Device	[CDROM]	Select Boot Device
Boot Up Floppy Seek	[Disabled]	priority
		[Floppy]
		Boot from floppy
		[LS120]
		Boot from LS120
		[HDD-0]
		Boot from First HDD
		[HDD-1]
		Boot from second HDD
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save	ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults		F7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 3: Advanced BIOS Features

#### First / Second / Third Boot Device

→ Floppy	Select your boot device priority	by	Floppy.
<b>▶</b> LS120	Select your boot device priority	by	LS120.
► HDD-0~3	Select your boot device priority	by	HDD-0~3.
<b>→</b> SCSI	Select your boot device priority	by	SCSI.
<b>→</b> CDROM	Select your boot device priority	by	CDROM.
<b>≯</b> ZIP	Select your boot device priority	by	ZIP.
<b>▶</b> USB-FDD	Select your boot device priority	by	USB-FDD.
<b>▶</b> USB-ZIP	Select your boot device priority	by	USB-ZIP.
<b>▶</b> USB-CDROM	Select your boot device priority	by	USB-CDROM.
<b>▶</b> USB-HDD	Select your boot device priority	by	USB-HDD.
<b>▶</b> LAN	Select your boot device priority	by	LAN.
<b>▶</b> Disabled	Select your boot device priority	by	Disabled.

#### ☐ Boot Up Floppy Seek

During POST, BIOS will determine the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360 K type is 40 tracks 720 K, 1.2 M and 1.44 M are all 80 tracks.

▶ Enabled BIOS searches for floppy disk drive to determine it is 40 or 80 tracks. Note

that BIOS can not tell from 720 K, 1.2 M or 1.44 M drive type as they are

all 80tracks.

⇒ Disabled BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number. Note

that there will not be any warning message if the drive installed is 360 K.

(Default value)

# **Integrated Peripherals**

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#### Integrated Peripherals

IDE1 Conductor Cable	[Auto]	Item Help
IDE2 Conductor Cable	[Auto]	Menu Level ▶
On-Chip Primary PCI IDE	[Enabled]	[Auto]
On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE	[Enabled]	Auto-detect IDE
AC97 Audio	[Enabled]	cable ty pe
AC97 Modem	[Enabled]	
System Share Memory Size	[32MB]	[ATA66/100/133]
USB Controller	[Enabled]	Set Conductor cable
USB Legacy Support	[Disabled]	to ATA66/100/133(80-pins)
On Board LAN Function	[Enabled]*	
Init Display First	[AGP]	[ATA33]
Onboard Serial Port A	[3F8/IRQ4]	Set Conductor cable
Onboard Serial Port B	[2F8/IRQ3]	to ATA33(40-pins)
Serial Port B Mode	[Normal]	
Onboard Parallel Port	[378/IRQ7]	
Parallel Port Mode	[ECP]	
x EPP Mode Select	EPP1.7	
ECP Mode Use DMA	[3]	
Game Port Address	[201]	
Midi Port Address	[330]	
Midi Port IRQ	[10]	
↑↓→←: Mov e Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Val	ue F10:Save ESC:E	Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-S	afe Defaults F7:0	ptimized Defaults

Figure 4: Integrated Peripherals

#### **☞ IDE1 Conductor Cable**

<b>→</b> Auto	Will be automatically detected by BIOS. (Default Value)
► ATA66/100/133	Set IDE1 Conductor Cable to ATA66/100/133 (Please make sure your IDE

device and cable is compatible with ATA66/100/133).

▶ ATA33 Set IDE1 Conductor Cable to ATA33 (Please make sure your IDE device and

cable is compatible with ATA33).

# "\*" For GA-8SLML only .

#### **☞ IDE2 Conductor Cable**

→ Auto Will be automatically detected by BIOS. (Default Value)

▶ ATA66/100/133 Set IDE2 Conductor Cable to ATA66/100/133 (Please make sure your IDE

device and cable is compatible with ATA66/100/133).

▶ATA33 Set IDE2 Conductor Cable to ATA33 (Please make sure your IDE device and

cable is compatible with ATA33).

#### On-Chip Primary PCI IDE

► Enabled Enable onboard 1st channel IDE port. (Default value)

▶ Disabled Disable onboard 1st channel IDE port.

#### On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE

▶ Enabled Enable onboard 2nd channel IDE port. (Default value)

Disabled Disable onboard 2nd channel IDE port.

#### ← AC97 Audio

▶ Enabled Enable onboard AC'97 audio function. (Default value)

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

#### ← AC97 Modem

▶ Enabled BIOS will search MC97 Codec (AMR Modem Card). If found, MC97

function will be enabled. If no MC97 Codec found, MC97 function will be

disabled. (Default Value)

Disabled Disable this function.

#### System Share Memory Size

▶ 4MB/8MB/16MB/32MB/64MB Set onchip VGA shared memory size.(Default Value:32MB)

#### **♡** USB Controller

➤ Enabled Enable USB Controller. (Default value)

▶ Disabled Disable USB Controller.

## □ USB Legacy Support

▶ Enabled Enable USB Legacy Support.

▶ Disabled Disable USB Legacy Support. (Default value)

#### ☼ On Board LAN Function \*

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

▶ Enabled Enable Onboard Lan Chip function. (Default Value)

#### ☐ Init Display First

▶AGP Set Init Display First to AGP. (Default value)

▶PCI Set Init Display First to PCI.

#### TOO Onboard Serial Port A

→ Auto BIOS will automatically setup the port A address.

▶ 3F8/IRQ4 Enable onboard Serial port A and address is 3F8. (Default value)

▶ 2F8/IRQ3 Enable onboard Serial port A and address is 2F8.
 ▶ 3E8/IRQ4 Enable onboard Serial port A and address is 3E8.
 ▶ 2E8/IRQ3 Enable onboard Serial port A and address is 2E8.

▶ Disabled Disable onboard Serial port A.

#### TOO Onboard Serial Port B

▶ Auto BIOS will automatically setup the port B address.

⇒ 3F8/IRQ4 Enable onboard Serial port B and address is 3F8.

⇒ 2F8/IRQ3 Enable onboard Serial port B and address is 2F8. (Default value)

⇒ 3E8/IRQ4 Enable onboard Serial port B and address is 3E8.
 ⇒ 2E8/IRQ3 Enable onboard Serial port B and address is 2E8.

▶ Disabled Disable onboard Serial port B.

#### Serial Port B Mode

(This item allows you to determine which Infra Red(IR) function of Onboard I/O chip)

▶ASKIR Set onboard I/O chip UART to ASKIR Mode.
 ▶IrDA Set onboard I/O chip UART to IrDA Mode.

Normal Set onboard I/O chip UART to Normal Mode. (Default Value)

# "\*" For GA-8SLML only .

#### Onboard Parallel port

⇒ 378/IRQ7 Enable onboard LPT port and address is 378/IRQ7. (Default Value)

▶ 278/IRQ5 Enable onboard LPT port and address is 278/IRQ5.

Disabled Disable onboard LPT port.

→ 3BC/IRQ7 Enable onboard LPT port and address is 3BC/IRQ7.

#### Parallel Port Mode

▶SPP Using Parallel port as Standard Parallel Port.▶EPP Using Parallel port as Enhanced Parallel Port.

▶ECP Using Parallel port as Extended Capabilities Port. (Default Value)

▶ECP+EPP Using Parallel port as ECP & EPP mode.

#### **☞ ECP Mode Select**

⇒ EPP 1.9 Compliant with EPP 1.9 version.

▶ EPP 1.7 Compliant with EPP 1.7 version.(Default Value)

#### © ECP Mode Use DMA

▶3 Set ECP Mode Use DMA to 3. (Default Value)

▶1 Set ECP Mode Use DMA to 1.

#### ← Game Port Address

▶ 201 Set Game Port Address to 201. (Default Value)

➤ 209 Set Game Port Address to 209.

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

#### → Midi Port Address

▶ 290 Set Midi Port Address to 290.▶ 300 Set Midi Port Address to 300.

▶ 330 Set Midi Port Address to 330.(Default Value)

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

#### <sup>™</sup>Midi Port IRQ

⇒ 5 Set Midi Port IRQ to 5.

➤ 10 Set Midi Port IRQ to 10. (Default Value)

# **Power Management Setup**

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Power Management Setup

ACPI Suspend Type	[S1(POS)]	Item Help
Soft-Off by PWR_BTTN	[Off]	Menu Level ▶
System After AC Back	[Off]	[S1]
IRQ [3-7, 9-15], NMI	[Enabled]	Set suspend type to
ModemRingOn/WakeOnLan	[Enabled]	Power On Suspend under
PME Event Wake Up	[Enabled]	ACPI OS
Power On by Keyboard	[Password]	
Power On by Mouse	[Disabled]	[S3]
Resume by Alarm	[Disabled]	Set suspend type to
x Month Alarm	NA	Suspend to RAM under
x Day (of Month)	0	ACPI OS
x Time (hh:mm:ss)	0 0 0	
Power LED in S1 state	[Blinking]	
↑↓→←: Mov e Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:V	alue F10:Save ESC	C:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe	e Defaults F7:Optimize	d Defaults

Figure 5: Power Management Setup

## **☞** ACPI Suspend Type

▶ S1(POS) Set ACPI suspend type to S1. (Default Value)

S3(STR) Set ACPI suspend type to S3.

## ○ Soft-off by PWR\_BTTN

→ Off The user press the power button once, he can turn off the system.

(Default Value)

⇒ Suspend The user press the power button once, then the system will can enter suspend

mode.

# **♡** System after AC Back

▶ LastState When AC-power back to the system, the system will return to the Last state

before AC-power off.

→ Off When AC-power back to the system, the system will be in "Off" state.

(Default Value)

Non When AC-power back to the system, the system will be in "On" state.

#### ○ IRQ [3-7, 9-15], NMI

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

➤ Enabled Enable this function. (Default value)

#### ▽ ModemRingOn/WakeOnLAN

▶ Disabled Disable Modem Ring on/wake on Lan function.

▶ Enabled Enable Modem Ring on/wake on Lan. (Default Value)

#### PME Event Wake Up

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

➤ Enabled Enable PME Event Wake up. (Default Value)

#### Power On by Keyboard

▶ Password Input password (from 1 to 8 characters) and press Enter to set the Key board

Power On Password.(Default Value)

Name → Any Key Set Key board power on by any key.

#### **→ Power On by Mouse**

➤ Enabled Enable Power On by Mouse function.

▶ Disabled Disable this function. (Default Value)

#### **▽** Resume by Alarm

You can set "Resume by Alarm" item to enabled and key in Data/time to power on system.

▶ Disabled Disable this function. (Default Value)

▶ Enabled Enable alarm function to POWER ON system.

If RTC Alarm Lead To Power On is Enabled.

Month Alarm: NA, 1~12

Day (of Month): 1~31

Time (hh: mm: ss): (0~23):(0~59):(0~59)

#### Power LED in S1 state

▶ Blinking In standby mode(S1), power LED will blink. (Default Value)

Dual/OFF In standby mode(S1):

a. If use single color LED, power LED will turn off.

b. If use dual color LED, power LED will turn to another color.

# **PnP/PCI Configurations**

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#### PnP/PCI Configurations

PCI 1 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	Item Help
PCI 2 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	Menu Level ▶
PCI 3 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save I	ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe Defaults	F7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 6: PnP/PCI Configurations

## PCI 1 IRQ Assignment

→ Auto Auto assign IRQ to PCI 1. (Default value)
 → 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI 1.

## PCI 2 IRQ Assignment

▶ Auto Auto assign IRQ to PCI 2. (Default value)▶ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15Set IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI 2.

# **→ PCI3 IRQ Assignment**

▶ Auto Auto assign IRQ to PCI 3. (Default value)
 ▶ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15
 Set IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI 3.

## PC Health Status

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#### PC Health Status

Reset Case Open Status	[Disabled]	Item Help
Case Opened	[No]	Menu Level ▶
VCORE	1.71V	
+3.3V	3.29V	
+5V	4.99V	
+12V	11.73V	
Current System Temperature	27°C/ 80°F	
Current CPU Temperature	25°C/ 77°F	
Current CPU FAN Speed	4821 RPM	
Current System FAN Speed	0 RPM	
CPU Warning Temperature	[Disabled]	
System FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
CPU FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PI	D:Value F10:Save ES	C:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-S	Safe Defaults F7:Optimiz	ed Defaults

Figure 7: PC Health Status

# Reset Case Open Status

# **⇔** Case Opened

If the case is closed, "Case Opened" will show "No".

If the case hav e been opened, "Case Opened" will show "Yes".

If you want to reset "Case Opened" value, set "Reset Case Open Status" to

"Enabled" and save CMOS, your computer will restart.

# $^{\circ}$ Current Voltage (V) VCORE / +3.3V / +5V / +12V

→ Detect system's voltage status automatically.

# **☞ Current System/CPU Temperature**

→ Detect System/CPU Temp. automatically.

## **♡** Current CPU/SYSTEM FAN Speed (RPM)

▶ Detect CPU/SYSTEM Fan speed status automatically.

## **☞ CPU Warning Temperature**

Monitor CPU Temp. at 60°C / 140°F.
 Monitor CPU Temp. at 70°C / 158°F.
 Monitor CPU Temp. at 70°C / 158°F.
 Monitor CPU Temp. at 80°C / 176°F.
 Monitor CPU Temp. at 90°C / 194°F.
 Disabled Disable this function.(Default value)

## **☞ CPU FAN Fail Warning**

▶ Disabled Fan Warning Function Disable. (Default value)

▶ Enabled Fan Warning Function Enable.

## **☞ SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning**

Disabled Fan Warning Function Disable. (Default value)

▶ Enabled Fan Warning Function Enable.

# Frequency/Voltage Control

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#### Frequency/Voltage Control

CPU Clock Ratio	[10X]	Item Help
Linear Frequency Control	[Disabled]	Menu Level ▶
x CPU Clock	100	
x DRAM Clock (MHz)	AUTO	
x AGP Clock (MHz)	AUTO	
x PCI Clock (MHz)	AUTO	
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Sel	ect +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save	ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Va	ues F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:0	Optimized Defaults

Figure 8: Frequency/Voltage Control

#### CPU Clock Ratio

This option will not be shown or not be available if you are using a CPU with the locked ratio.

→ 10X~24X It's depends on CPU Clock Ratio.

#### **☞** Linear Frequency Control

▶ Disabled Disable this function. (Default value)

▶ Enabled Enable this function.

#### CPU Clock

► 100~355 Select CPU Clock to 100MHz~355MHz.

Incorrect using it may cause your system broken. For power End-User use only!

#### ○ DRAM Clock (MHz)

→ Please set DRAM Clock according to your requirement.

If you use DDR200 DRAM module, please set "DRAM Clock(MHz)" to 200. If you use DDR333 DRAM module, please set "DRAM Clock(MHz)" to 333.

Incorrect using it may cause your system broken. For power End-User use only!

# ← AGP Clock (MHz)

▶ Please set AGP Clock according to your requirement.
Incorrect using it may cause your system broken. For power End-User use only!

# PCI Clock (MHz)

▶ Please set PCI Clock according to your requirement.
Incorrect using it may cause your system broken. For power End-User use only!

# **Top Performance**

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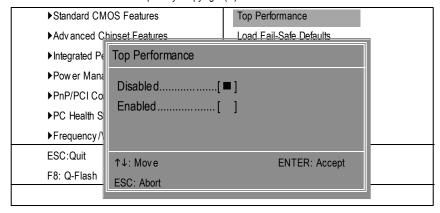


Figure 9: Top Performance

# **Top Performance**

If you wish to maximize the performance of your system, set "Top Performance" as "Enabled".

- Disabled Disable this function. (Default Value)
- ▶ Enabled Enable Top Performance function.

# **Load Fail-Safe Defaults**

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Award Software

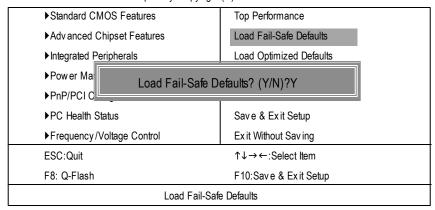


Figure 10: Load Fail-Safe Defaults

#### Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Fail-Safe defaults contain the most appropriate values of the system parameters that allow minimum system performance.

# **Load Optimized Defaults**

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Award Software

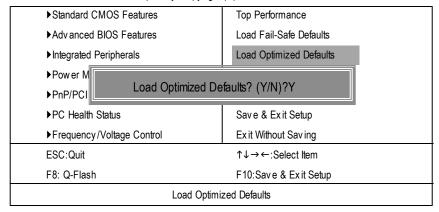


Figure 11: Load Optimized Defaults

## **Load Optimized Defaults**

Selecting this field loads the factory defaults for BIOS and Chipset Features which the system automatically detects.

# Set Supervisor/User Password

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Award Software

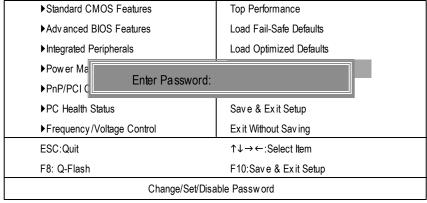


Figure 12: Password Setting

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press <Enter>. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter password. A message "PASSWORD DISABLED" will appear to confirm the password being disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

The BIOS Setup program allows you to specify two separate passwords:

SUPERVISOR PASSWORD and a USER PASSWORD. When disabled, any one may access all BIOS Setup program function. When enabled, the Supervisor password is required for entering the BIOS Setup program and having full configuration fields, the User password is required to access only basic items.

If you select "System" at "Password Check" in Advance BIOS Features Menu, you will be prompted for the password every time the system is rebooted or any time you try to enter Setup Menu.

If you select "Setup" at "Password Check" in Advance BIOS Features Menu, you will be prompted only when you try to enter Setup.

# **Save & Exit Setup**

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Award Software

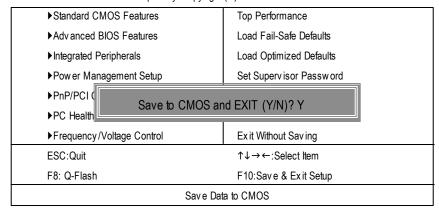


Figure 13: Save & Exit Setup

Type "Y" will quit the Setup Utility and save the user setup value to RTC CMOS. Type "N" will return to Setup Utility.

# **Exit Without Saving**

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2002 Award Software

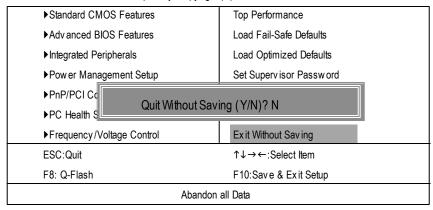


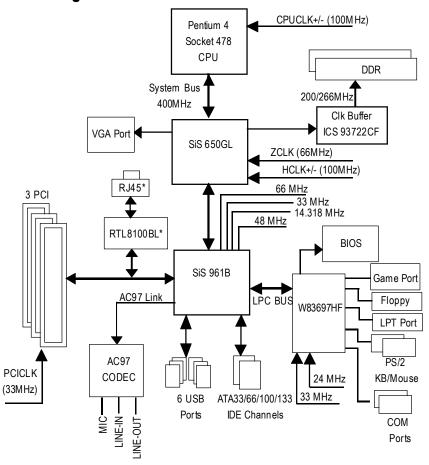
Figure 14: Exit Without Saving

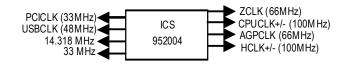
Type "Y" will quit the Setup Utility without saving to RTC CMOS.

Type "N" will return to Setup Utility.

# Chapter 4 Technical Reference

# **Block Diagram**





"\*" For GA-8SLML only .

# **Q-Flash Introduction**

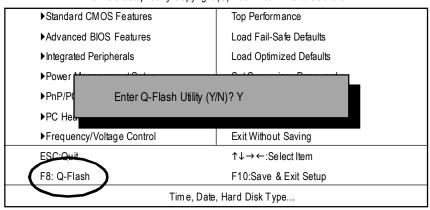
## A. What is Q-Flash Utility?

Q-Flash utility is a pre-O.S. BIOS flash utility enables users to update its BIOS within BIOS mode, no more fooling around any OS.

#### B. How to use Q-Flash?

a. After power on the computer, pressing <Del> immediately during POST (Power On Self Test) it will allow you to enter AWARD BIOS CMOS SETUP, then press <F8> to enter Q-Flash utility.

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2002 Award Software

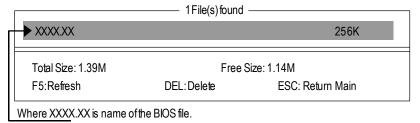


#### b. Q-Flash Utility

	Q-Flash Utility V3.06	
Flash Type/Size :	SST 39SF020 / 256K	
Keep DMI Data :	Yes	
	Load BIOS from Floppy Save BIOS to Floppy	
Enter: Run	SpaceBar:Change Value ESC: Reset	1.1 Select Item

# Load BIOS From Floppy

In the A:drive, insert the "BIOS" diskette, then Press Enter to Run.



Press Enter to Run.

Are you sure to update BIOS? [Enter] to contiune Or [ESC] ot abort...

Press Enter to Run.

!! COPY BIOS Completed -Pass !! Please press any key to continue

Congratulation! You have completed the flashed and now can restart system.

# @ BIOS™ Introduction

# Gigabyte announces @ BIOS Windows BIOS live update utility



Have you ever updated BIOS by yourself? Or like many other people, you just know what BIOS is, but always hesitate to update it? Because you think updating newest BIOS is unnecessary and actually you don't know how to update it.

Maybe not like others, you are very experienced in BIOS updating and spend quite a lot oftime to do it. But of course you don't like to do it too much. First, download different BIOS from website and then switch the operating system to DOS mode. Secondly, use different flash utility to update BIOS. The above process is not a interesting job. Besides, always be carefully to store the BIOS source code correctly in your disks as if you update the wrong BIOS, it will be a nightmare.

Certainly, you wonder why motherboard vendors could not just do something right to save your time and effort and save you from the lousy BIOS updating work? Here it comes! Now Gigabyte announces @BIOS—the first Windows BIOS live update utility. This is a smart BIOS update software. It could help you to download the BIOS from internet and update it. Not like the other BIOS update software, it's a Windows utility. With the help of "@BIOS', BIOS updating is no more than a click.

Besides, no matter which mainboard you are using, if it's a Gigabyte's product\*, @BIOS help you to maintain the BIOS. This utility could detect your correct mainboard model and help you to choose the BIOS accordingly. It then downloads the BIOS from the nearest Gigabyte ftp site automatically. There are several different choices; you could use "Internet Update" to download and update your BIOS directly. Or you may want to keep a backup for your current BIOS, just choose "Save Current BIOS" to save it first. You make a wise choice to use Gigabyte, and @BIOS update your BIOS smartly. You are now worry free from updating wrong BIOS, and capable to maintain and manage your BIOS easily. Again, Gigabyte's innovative producterects a milestone in mainboard industries.

For such a wonderful software, how much it costs? Impossible! It's free! Now, ifyou buy a Gigabyte's motherboard, you could find this amazing software in the attached driver CD. But please remember, connected to internet

# Easy Tune™ 4 Introduction

# Gigabyte announces EasyTune™ 4 Windows based Overclocking utility

EasyTune 4 carries on the heritage so as to pave the way for future generations.



Overclock" might be one of the most common issues in computer field. But have many users ever tried it? The answer is probably "no". Because "Overclock" is thought to be very difficult and includes a lot of technical know-how, sometimes "Overclock" is even considered as special skills found only in some enthusiasts. But as to the experts in "Overclock", what's the truth? They may spend quite a lot of time and money to study, try and use many different hard-

ware or BIOS tools to do "Overclock". And even with these technologies, they still learn that it's quite a risk because the safety and stability of an "Overclock" system is unknown. Now everything is different because of a Windows based overclocking utility "EasyTune 4" --announced by Gigabyte. This windows based utility has totally changed the gaming rule of "Overclock". This is the first windows based overclocking utility is suitable for both normal and power users. Users can choose either "Easy Mode" or "Advanced Mode" for overclocking at their convenience. For users who choose "Easy Mode", they justneed to click "Auto Optimize" to have autoed and immediate CPU overclocking. This software will then overdrive CPU speed automatically with the result being shown in the control panel. If users prefer "Overclock" by them, there is also another choice. Click "Advanced Mode" to enjoy "sport drive" class Overclocking user interface. "Advanced Mode", allows users to change the system bus / AGP / Memory working frequency in small increments to get ultimate system performance. It operates in coordination with Gigabyte motherboards. Besides, it is different from other traditional over-clocking methods, EasyTune 4 doesn'trequire users to change neither BIOS nor hardware switch/jumper setting; on the other hand, they can do "Overclock" at easy step. Therefore, this is a safer way for "Overclock" as nothing is changed on software or hardware. If user runs EasyTune 4 over system's limitation, the biggestlost is only to restart the computer again and the side effect is then well controlled. Moreover, if one well-performed system speed has been tested in EasyTune 4, user can "Save" this setting and "Load" itin next time. Obviously, Gigabyte EasyTune 4 has already turned the "Overclock" technology toward to a newer generation. This wonderful software is now free bundled in Gigabyte motherboard attached in driver CD. Users may make a test drive of "EasyTune 4" to find out more amazing features by themselves.

\*Some Gigabyte products are not fully supported by EasyTune 4. Please find the products supported list in the web site.

\*Any "Overclocking action" is at user's risk, Gigabyte Technology will not be responsible for any damage or instability to your processor, motherboard, or any other components.


# Chapter 5 Appendix

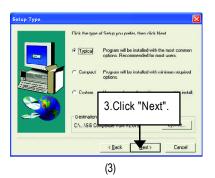
Picture below are shown in Windows XP (TUCD driver version 2.1) Appendix A: SiS 650/650GX/650GL/651 Chipset Driver Installation

#### A. SiS 650/650GL VGA Driver:

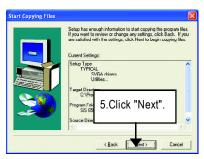
Insert the driver CD-title that came with your motherboard into your CD-ROM driver, the driver CD-title will auto start and show the installation guide. If not, please double click the CD-ROM device icon in "My computer", and execute the setup.exe.

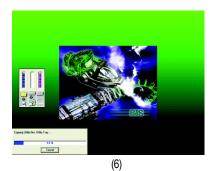












(5)

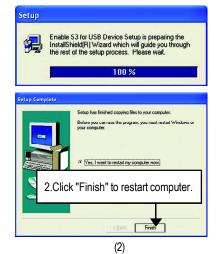


(7)

#### B. USB Patch Driver:

Insert the driver CD-title that came with your motherboard into your CD-ROM driver, the driver CD-title will auto start and show the installation guide. If not, please double click the CD-ROM device icon in "My computer", and execute the setup.exe.





## Appendix B: Realtek AC'97 Audio Driver

Insert the driver CD-title that came with your motherboard into your CD-ROM driver, the driver CD-title will auto start and show the installation guide. If not, please double click the CD-ROM device icon in "My computer", and execute the setup.exe.





Avance AC'97 Audio Setup (4:70)

Setup Status

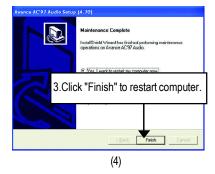
Avence AC'97 Audio Setup is performing the requested operations.

Installing
C:\WMNDDWS\Temp\newdex.dll

80%

Lancel

(3)

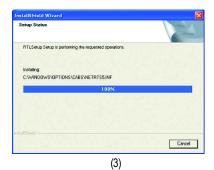


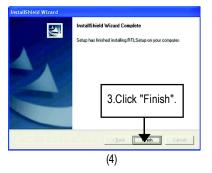
# Appendix C: RealTek 8100/8139 LAN Driver\*

Insert the driver CD-title that came with your motherboard into your CD-ROM driver, the driver CD-title will auto start and show the installation guide. If not, please double click the CD-ROM device icon in "My computer", and execute the setup.exe.









<sup>&</sup>quot;\*" For GA-8SLML only .

## Appendix D: EasyTune 4 Utilities Installation

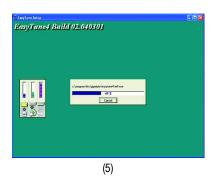
Insert the driver CD-title that came with your motherboard into your CD-ROM driver, the driver CD-title will auto start and show the installation guide. If not, please double click the CD-ROM device icon in "My computer", and execute the setup.exe.

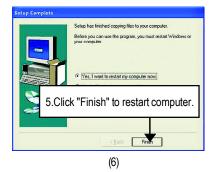












## Appendix E: BIOS Flash Procedure

BIOS update procedure:

Method 1:

We use GA-7VTX motherboard and Flash841 BIOS flash utility as example.

Please flash the BIOS according to the following procedures if you are now under the DOS mode.

Flash BIOS Procedure:

STFP 1:

(1) Please make sure your system has installed the extraction utility such as winzip or pkunzip. Firstly you have to install the extraction utility such as winzip or pkunzip for unzip the files. Both of these utilities are available on many shareware download pages like http://www.shareware.cnet.com

STEP 2: Make a DOS boot diskette. (See example: Windows 98 O.S.)

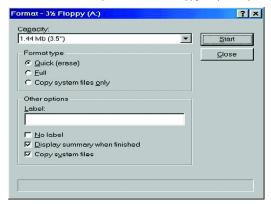
Beware: Windows ME/2000 are not allowed to make a DOS boot diskette.

(1) With an available floppy disk in the floppy drive. Please leave the diskette "UN-write protected" type. Double click the "My Computer" icon from Desktop, then click "3.5 diskette (A)" and right click to select "Format (M)"

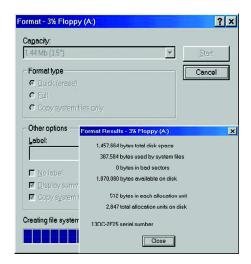


(2) Select the "Quick (erase)" for Format Type, and pick both "Display summary when finished" and "Copy system files", after that press "Start". That will format the floppy and transfer the needed system files to it.

Beware: This procedure will erase all the prior data on that floppy, so please proceed accordingly.



(3) After the floppy has been formatted completely, please press "Close".



STEP 3: Download BIOS and BIOS utility program.

(1) Please go to Gigabyte website http://www.gigabyte.com.tw/index.html, and click "Support".



(2) From Support zone, click the "Motherboards BIOS & Drivers".



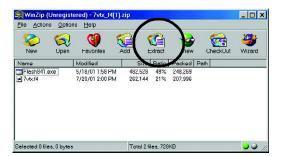
(3) We use GA-7VTX motherboard as example. Please select GA-7VTX by Model or Chipset optional menu to obtain BIOS flash files.



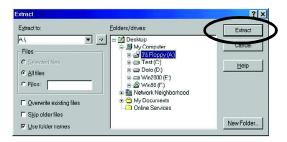
(4) Select an appropriate BIOS version (For example: F4), and click to download the file. It will pop up a file download screen, then select the "Open this file from its current location" and press "OK".



(5) At this time the screen shows the following picture, please click "Extract" button to unzip the files.



(6) Please extract the download files into the clean bootable floppy disk A mentioned in STEP 2, and press "Extract".



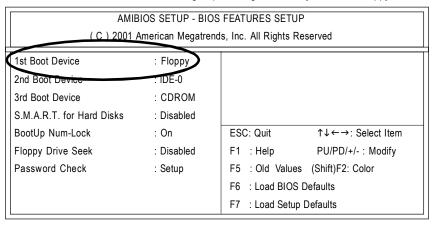
- STEP 4: Make sure the system will boot from the floppy disk.
- (1) Insert the floppy disk (contains bootable program and unzip file) into the floppy drive A. Then, restart the system. The system will boot from the floppy disk. Please press <DEL> key to enter BIOS setup main menu when system is boot up.



(2) Once you enter the BIOS setup utility, the main menu will appear on the screen. Use the arrows to highlight the item "BIOS FEATURES SETUP".

AMIBIOS SIMPLE SETUR	P UTILITY - VERSION 1.24b
(C) 1999 American Megatren	ds, Inc. All Rights Reserved
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	HARDWARE MONITOR & MISC SETUP
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	USER PASSWORD
PNP / PCI CONFIGURATION	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
ESC: Quit ↑↓←→ : Select Item (Shi	ft)F2 : Change Color F5: Old Values
F6: Load BIOS Defaults F7: Load Setup Defaults	efaults F10:Save & Exit
Time, Date ,	Hard Disk Type

(3) Press "Enter" to enter "BIOS FEATURES SETUP" menu. Use the arrows to highlight the item "1st Boot Device", and then use the "Page Up" or "Page Down" keys to select "Floppy".

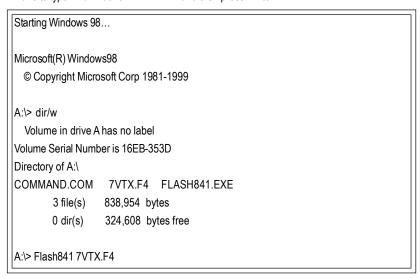


(4) Press "ESC" to go back to previous screen. Use the arrows to highlight the item "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" then press "Enter". System will ask "SAVE to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)?" Press "Y" and "Enter" keys to confirm. Now the system will reboot automatically, the new BIOS setting will be taken effect next boot-up.

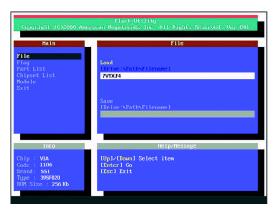
AMIBIOS SIMPLE SET	UP UTILITY - VERSION 1.24b
(C) 2001 American Mega	trends, Inc. All Rights Reserved
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	HARDWARE MONITOR & MISC SETUP
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUD	HEED DASSIMODD
PNP / PCI CONF Save to CMOS an	d EXIT (Y/N)? Y
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	SAVE & EATT SETUP
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
ESC: Quit ↑↓←→ : Select Item (Shift	ft)F2 : Change Color F5: Old Values
F6: Load BIOS Defaults F7: Load Setup De	efaults F10:Save & Exit
Save Data to CM0	OS & Exit SETUP

STEP 5: BIOS flashing.

(1) After the system boot from floppy disk, type "A:\> dir/w" and press "Enter" to check the entire files in floppy A. Then type the "BIOS flash utility" and "BIOS file" after A:\>. In this case you have to type "A:\> Flash841 7VTX.F4" and then press "Enter".



(2) Now screen appears the following Flash Utility main menu. Press "Enter", the highlighted item will locate on the model name of the right-upper screen. Right after that, press "Enter" to start BIOS Flash Utility.



(3) It will pop up a screen and asks "Are you sure to flash the BIOS?" Press [Enter] to continue the procedure, or press [ESC] to quit.

Beware: Please do not turn off the system while you are upgrading BIOS. It will render your BIOS corrupted and system totally inoperative.



(4) The BIOS flash completed. Please press [ESC] to exit Flash Utility.

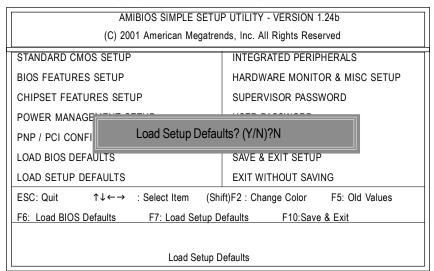


STEP 6: Load BIOS defaults.

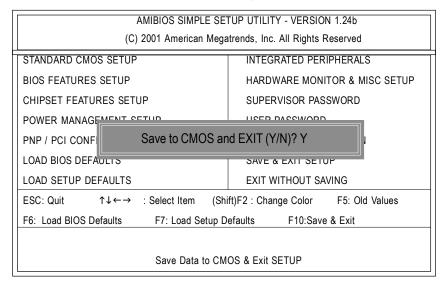
- Normally the system redetects all devices after BIOS has been upgraded. Therefore, we highly recommend reloading the BIOS defaults after BIOS has been upgraded. This important step resets everything after the flash.
- (1) Take out the floppy diskette from floppy drive, and then restart the system. The boot up screen will indicate your motherboard model and current BIOS version.



(2) Don't forget to press <DEL> key to enter BIOS setup again when system is boot up. Use the arrows to highlight the item "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" then press "Enter". System will ask "Load Setup Defaults (Y/N)?" Press "Y" and "Enter" keys to confirm.



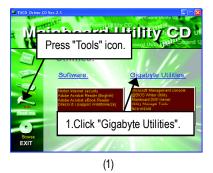
(3) Use the arrows to highlight the item "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" and press "Enter". System will ask "SAVE to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)?" Press "Y" and "Enter" keys to confirm. Now the system will reboot automatically, the new BIOS setting will be taken effect next boot-up.



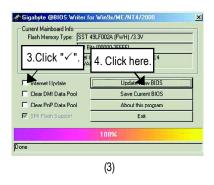
(4) Congratulate you have accomplished the BIOS flash procedure.

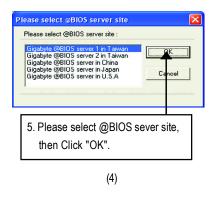
#### Method 2:

If you don't have DOS boot disk, we recommend that you used Gigabyte @BIOS™ program to flash BIOS.









#### Methods and steps:

- I. Update BIOS through Internet
  - a. Click "Internet Update" icon
  - b. Click "Update New BIOS" icon
  - c. Select @BIOS™ sever
  - d. Select the exact model name on your motherboard
  - e. System will automatically download and update the BIOS.

#### II. Update BIOS NOT through Internet:

- a. Do not click "Internet Update" icon
- b. Click "Update New BIOS"
- c. Please select "All Files" in dialog box while opening the old file.
- d. Please search for BIOS unzip file, downloading from internet or any other methods (such as: 8SLML.F1).
- e. Complete update process following the instruction.

#### III. Save BIOS

In the very beginning, there is "Save Current BIOS" icon shown in dialog box. It means to save the current BIOS version.

#### IV. Check out supported motherboard and Flash ROM:

In the very beginning, there is "About this program" icon shown in dialog box. It can help you check out which kind of motherboard and which brand of Flash ROM are supported.

#### Note:

- a. In method I, if it shows two or more motherboard's model names to be selected, please make sure your motherboard's model name again. Selecting wrong model name will cause the system unbooted.
- b. In method II, be sure that motherboard's model name in BIOS unzip file are the same as your motherboard's. Otherwise, your system won't boot.
- c. In method I, if the BIOS file you need cannot be found in @BIOS™ server, please go onto Gigabyte's web site for downloading and updating it according to method II.
- d. Please note that any interruption during updating will cause system unbooted

# Appendix F: Acronyms

Acronyms	Meaning
ACPI	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface
APM	Advanced Power Management
AGP	Accelerated Graphics Port
AMR	Audio Modem Riser
ACR	Advanced Communications Riser
BIOS	Basic Input / Output System
CPU	Central Processing Unit
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
CRIMM	Continuity RIMM
CNR	Communication and Networking Riser
DMA	Direct Memory Access
DMI	Desktop Management Interface
DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Module
DRM	Dual Retention Mechanism
DRAM	Dynamic Random Access Memory
DDR	Double Data Rate
ECP	Extended Capabilities Port
ESCD	Extended System Configuration Data
ECC	Error Checking and Correcting
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EPP	Enhanced Parallel Port
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
FDD	Floppy Disk Device
FSB	Front Side Bus
HDD	Hard Disk Device
IDE	Integrated Dual Channel Enhanced
IRQ	InterruptRequest
I/O	Input / Output
IOAPIC	Input Output Advanced Programmable Input Controller
ISA	Industry Standard Architecture
LAN	Local Area Network

to be continued.....

Meaning
Logical Block Addressing
Light Emitting Diode
Megahertz
Musical Instrument Digital Interface
Memory Translator Hub
Memory Protocol Translator
Network Interface Card
Operating System
Original Equipment Manufacturer
PCI A.G.P. Controller
Power-On Self Test
Peripheral Component Interconnect
Rambus in-line Memory Module
Special Circumstance Instructions
Single Edge Contact Cartridge
Static Random Access Memory
Symmetric Multi-Processing
System Management Interrupt
Universal Serial Bus
Voltage ID

	ntry:	Company:		Phone No.:	
Contact Person		E-mail Add. :		l .	
/lodel name/Lo	t Number:			PCB revision:	
IOS version:		O.S./A.S.:			
Hardware	Mfs.	Model name	Size:	Driver/Utility:	
Configuration					
PU					
Memory					
Brand					
/ideo Card					
udio Card					
IDD					
D-ROM /					
VD-ROM					
lodem					
letwork					
MR / CNR					
eyboard					
louse					
ower supply					
ther Device					
	tion:				