When you installing AGP card, please make sure the following notice is fully understood and practiced. If your AGP card has "AGP 4X/8X (1.5V) notch"(show below), please make sure your AGP card is AGP 4X/8X (1.5V).

Caution: AGP 2X card is not supported by Intel® 845(GE/PE) / 845(E/G) / 850(E) / E7205 / 865(G/PE/P) / 875P. You might experience system unable to boot up normally. Please insert an AGP 4X/8X card.

Example 1: Diamond Vipper V770 golden finger is compatible with 2X/4X mode AGP slot. It can be switched between AGP 2X(3.3V) or 4X(1.5V) mode by adjusting the jumper. The factory default for this card is 2X(3.3V). The GA-8IG1000 Series (or any AGP 4X/8X only) motherboards might not function properly, if you install this card without switching the jumper to 4X (1.5V) mode in it.

Example 2: Some ATi Rage 128 Pro graphics cards made by "Power Color", the graphics card manufacturer & some SiS 305 cards, their golden finger is compatible with 2X(3.3V)/4X(1.5V) mode AGP slot, but they support 2X (3.3V) only. The GA-8IG1000 Series (or any AGP 4X/8X only) motherboards might not function properly, If you install this card in it.

Note : Although Gigabyte's AG32S(G) graphics card is based on ATi Rage 128 Pro chip, the design of AG32S(G) is compliance with AGP 4X(1.5V) specification. Therefore, AG32S(G) will work fine with Intel® 845(GE/PE) / 845(E/G) / 850(E) / E7205 / 865(G/PE/P) / 875P based motherboards.

Before you install PCI cards, please remove the Dual BIOS label from PCI slots if there is one.

- **The author assumes no responsibility for any errors or omissions that may appear in this document nor does the author make a commitment to update the information contained herein.**
- **Third-party brands and names are the property of their respective owners.**
- **Please do not remove any labels on motherboard, this may void the warranty of this motherboard.**
- **Due to rapid change in technology, some of the specifications might be out of date before publication of this booklet.**

WARNING: *Never run the processor without the heatsink properly and firmly attached. PERMANENT DAMAGE WILL RESULT!*

Mise en garde : *Ne faites jamais tourner le processeur sans que le dissipateur de chaleur soit fix correctement et fermement. UN DOMMAGE PERMANENT EN RÉSULTERA !*

Achtung: *Der Prozessor darf nur in Betrieb genommen werden, wenn der W rmeableiter ordnungsgem β und fest angebracht ist. DIES HAT EINEN PERMANENTEN SCHADEN ZUR FOLGE!*

Advertencia: *Nunca haga funcionar el procesador sin el disipador de calor instalado correcta y firmemente. ¡SE PRODUCIRÁ UN DAÑO PERMANENTE!*

Aviso: *Nunca execute o processador sem o dissipador de calor estar adequado e firmemente conectado. O RESULTADO SERÁ UM DANO PERMANENTE!*

警告：　将散热板牢固地安装到处理器上之前，不要运行处理器。过热将永远损坏处理器!

警告:　將散熱器牢固地安裝到處理器上之前，不要運行處理器 。過熱將永遠損壞處理器!

경고:　*히트싱크를 제대로 또 단단히 부착시키지 않은 채 프로세서를 구동시키지 마십시오. 영구적 고장이 발생합니다!*

警告:　*永久的な損傷を防ぐため、ヒートシンクを正しくしっかりと取り付けるまでは、プロセッサを動作させないようにしてください。*

Declaration of Conformity

We, Manufacturer/Importer
(full address)

G.B.T. Technology Trading GMbH
Ausschlager Weg 41, 1F 20537 Hamburg, Germany

declare that the product
(description of the apparatus, system, installation to which it refers)

Mother Board

GA-8IG1000 Pro-G/GA-8IG1000-G/GA-8IG1000

is in conformity with
(reference to the specification under which conformity is declared)
in accordance with 89/336 EEC-EMC Directive

☐ **EN 55011**	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) high frequency equipment	☒ **EN 61000-3-2**	Disturbances in supply systems caused
		☒ **EN 61000-3-3**	Disturbances in supply systems caused by household appliances and similar electrical equipment "Voltage fluctuations"
☐ **EN 55013**	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of broadcast receivers and associated equipment	☒ **EN 55024**	Information Technology equipment-Immunity characteristics-Limits and methods of measurement
☐ **EN 55014-1**	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of household electrical appliances, portable tools and similar electrical apparatus	☐ **EN 50082-1**	Generic immunity standard Part 1: Residual, commercial and light industry
		☐ **EN 50082-2**	Generic immunity standard Part 2: Industrial environment
☐ **EN 55015**	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of fluorescent lamps and luminaries	☐ **EN 55014-2**	Immunity requirements for household appliances tools and similar apparatus
☐ **EN 55020**	Immunity from radio interference of broadcast receivers and associated equipment	☐ **EN 50091- 2**	EMC requirements for uninterruptible power systems (UPS)
☒ **EN 55022**	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of information technology equipment		
☐ **DIN VDE 0855** ☐ **part 10** ☐ **part 12**	Cabled distribution systems; Equipment for receiving and/or distribution from sound and television signals		

☒ **CE marking** (EC conformity marking)

The manufacturer also declares the conformity of above mentioned product with the actual required safety standards in accordance with LVD 73/23 EEC

☐ **EN 60065**	Safety requirements for mains operated electronic and related apparatus for household and similar general use	☐ **EN 60950**	Safety for information technology equipment including electrical business equipment
☐ **EN 60335**	Safety of household and similar electrical appliances	☐ **EN 50091-1**	General and Safety requirements for uninterruptible power systems (UPS)

Manufacturer/Importer

Signature : Timmy Huang

(Stamp) Date : Jan. 15, 2004 Name : Timmy Huang

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Per FCC Part 2 Section 2.1077(a)

Responsible Party Name: G.B.T. INC. (U.S.A.)

Address: 17358 Railroad Street
City of Industry, CA 91748

Phone/Fax No: (818) 854-9338/ (818) 854-9339

hereby declares that the product

Product Name: Motherboard

Model Number: GA-8IG1000 Pro-G/GA-8IG1000-G/ GA-8IG1000

Conforms to the following specifications:

FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Section 15.107(a) and Section 15.109 (a),Class B Digital Device

Supplementary Information:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful and (2) this device must accept any inference received, including that may cause undesired operation.

Representative Person's Name: ERIC LU

Signature: *Eric Lu*

Date: Jan. 15, 2004

GA-8IG1000 Series

P4 Titan Series Motherboard

USER'S MANUAL

Pentium® 4 Processor Motherboard

Rev. 3004

12ME-8IG1KG-3004

English

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(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

Warning

CAUTION

Computer motherboards and expansion cards contain very delicate Integrated Circuit (IC) chips. To protect them against damage from static electricity, you should follow some precautions whenever you work on your computer.

1. Unplug your computer when working on the inside.
2. Use a grounded wrist strap before handling computer components. If you do not have one, touch both of your hands to a safely grounded object or to a metal object, such as the power supply case.
3. Hold components by the edges and try not touch the IC chips, leads or connectors, or other components.
4. Place components on a grounded antistatic pad or on the bag that came with the components whenever the components are separated from the system.
5. Ensure that the ATX power supply is switched off before you plug in or remove the ATX ower connector on the motherboard.

Installing the motherboard to the chassis…

If the motherboard has mounting holes, but they don't line up with the holes on the base and there are no slots to attach the spacers, do not become alarmed you can still attach the spacers to the mounting holes. Just cut the bottom portion of the spacers (the spacer may be a little hard to cut off, so be careful of your hands). In this way you can still attach the motherboard to the base without worrying about short circuits. Sometimes you may need to use the plastic springs to isolate the screw from the motherboard PCB surface, because the circuit wire may be near by the hole. Be careful, don't let the screw contact any printed circuit write or parts on the PCB that are near the fixing hole, otherwise it may damage the board or cause board malfunctioning.

Chapter 1 Introduction

Features Summary

Form Factor	• 30.5cm x 23.0cm ATX size form factor, 4 layers PCB
Motherboard	• GA-8IG1000 Series Motherboard: GA-8IG1000 Pro-G/ GA-8IG1000-G/ GA-8IG1000
CPU	• Socket 478 for Intel® Micro FC-PGA2 Pentium® 4 processor • Support Intel® Pentium® 4 (Northwood, Prescott) processor • Support Intel® Pentium® 4 Processor with HT Technology • Intel® Pentium® 4 800/533/400MHz FSB • 2nd cache depends on CPU
Chipset	• Chipset Intel® 865G HOST/AGP/Controller • Intel® ICH5 I/O Controller Hub
Memory	• 4 184-pin DDR DIMM sockets • Supports Dual channel DDR400/DDR333/DDR266 DIMM • Supports 128MB/256MB/512MB/1GB unbuffered DRAM • Supports up to 4GB DRAM (Max) (Note 1)
I/O Control	• ITE8712
Slots	• 1 AGP slot supports 8X/4X mode • 5 PCI slot supports 33MHz & PCI 2.3 compliant
On-Board IDE	• 2 IDE bus master (UDMA33/ATA66/ATA100) IDE ports for up to 4 ATAPI devices • Supports PIO mode3, 4 (UDMA 33/ATA66/ATA100) IDE & ATAPI CD-ROM
On-Board Serial ATA	• Controlled by ICH5 • 2 Serial ATA connectors in 150 MB/s operation mode

to be continued...

CAUTION

Due to chipset (Intel 875P/865G/865PE) architecture limitation, a FSB 800 Pentium 4 processor will support DDR400/DDR333/DDR266 memory module. A FSB 533 Pentium 4 processor will support DDR333 and DDR266 memory module. A FSB 400 Pentium 4 processor will only support DDR 266 memory module.

(Note 1) Due to standard PC architecture, a certain amount of memory is reserved for system usage and therefore the actual memory size is less than the stated amount. For example, 4 GB of memory size will instead be shown as 3.xxGB memory during system startup.

On-Board Peripherals	• 1 Floppy port supports 2 FDD with 360K, 720K,1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M bytes • 1 Parallel port supports Normal/EPP/ECP mode • 1 Serial port (COMA), 1 VGA port • 8 USB 2.0/1.1 ports (4 x Rear, 4 xFront by cable) • 1 Front Audio connector • 3 IEEE1394 (by cable) (*) • 1 IrDA connector for IR/CIR
Hardware Monitor	• CPU/Power(*)/System fan revolution detect • CPU/Power(*)/System fan fail warning • CPU overheat warning • System voltage detect
On-Board Sound	• Realtek ALC850 UAJ CODEC • Support Jack-Sensing • Line Out / 2 front speaker • Line In / 2 rear speaker(by s/w switch) • Mic In / center & subwoofer(by s/w switch) • Surround Back Speaker(by optional Surround-Kit) • SPDIF Out / SPDIF In • CD_In/ Game connector
On-Board LAN (*◆)	• Built-in Marvell 8001 chipset Data transfer rate 10/100/1000 supported • 1 RJ45 port
On-Board IEEE1394 (*)	• Ti TSB43AB23
PS/2 Connector	• PS/2 Keyboard interface and PS/2 Mouse interface
BIOS	• Licensed AWARD BIOS • Supports Dual BIOS(*)/Q-Flash • Supports Multi-Language(*) • Supports Face Wizard(*)

to be continued...

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

(◆) For GA-8IG1000-G only.

Additional Features	• PS/2 Keyboard power on by password • PS/2 Mouse power on • STR(Suspend-To-RAM) • AC Recovery • USB KB/Mouse wake up from S3 • Supports EasyTune 4 • Supports @BIOS • Supports CPU Smart Fan Control function(*)
Overclocking	• Over Voltage (DDR/AGP/CPU) by BIOS • Over Clock (DDR/AGP/CPU/PCI) by BIOS

HT functionality requirement content :

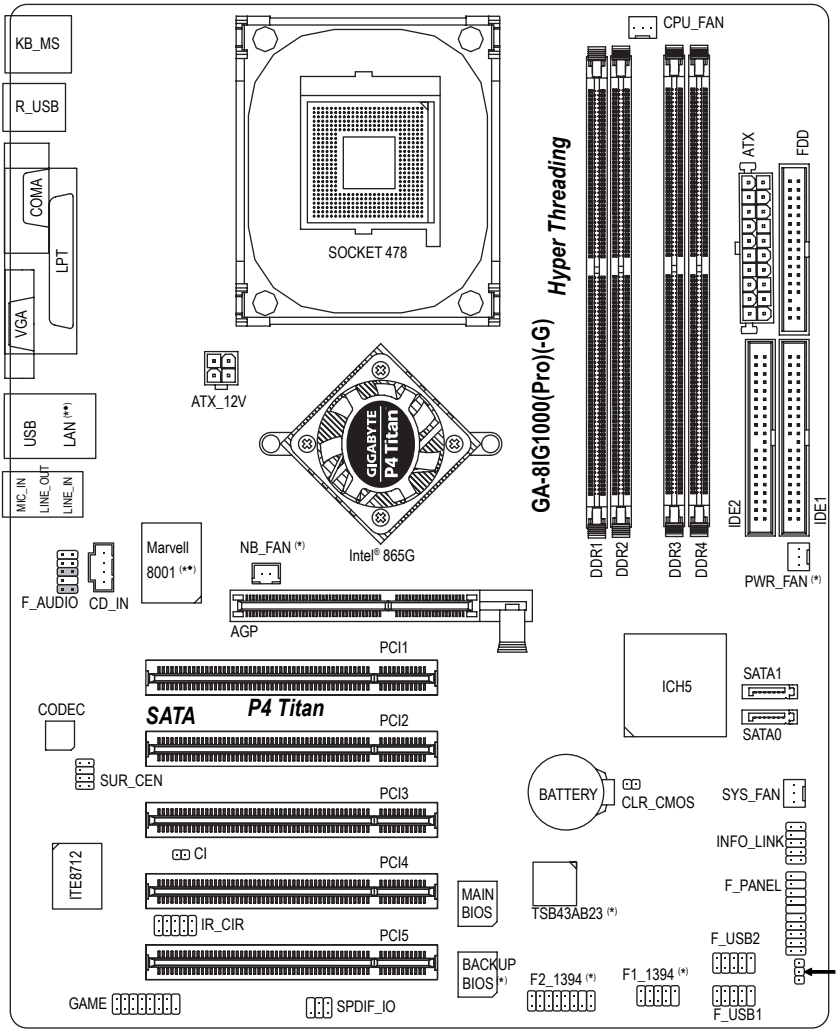
Enabling the functionality of Hyper-Threading Technology for your computer system requires all of the following platform components:

- CPU: An Intel® Pentium 4 Processor with HT Technology
- Chipset: An Intel® Chipset that supports HT Technology
- BIOS: A BIOS that supports HT Technology and has it enabled
- OS: An operation system that has optimizations for HT Technology

Please set the CPU host frequency in accordance with your processor's specifications. We don't recommend you to set the system bus frequency over the CPU's specification because these specific bus frequencies are not the standard specifications for CPU, chipset and most of the peripherals. Whether your system can run under these specific bus frequencies properly will depend on your hardware configurations, including CPU, Chipsets, Memory, Cards...etc.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

GA-8IG1000 Series Motherboard Layout

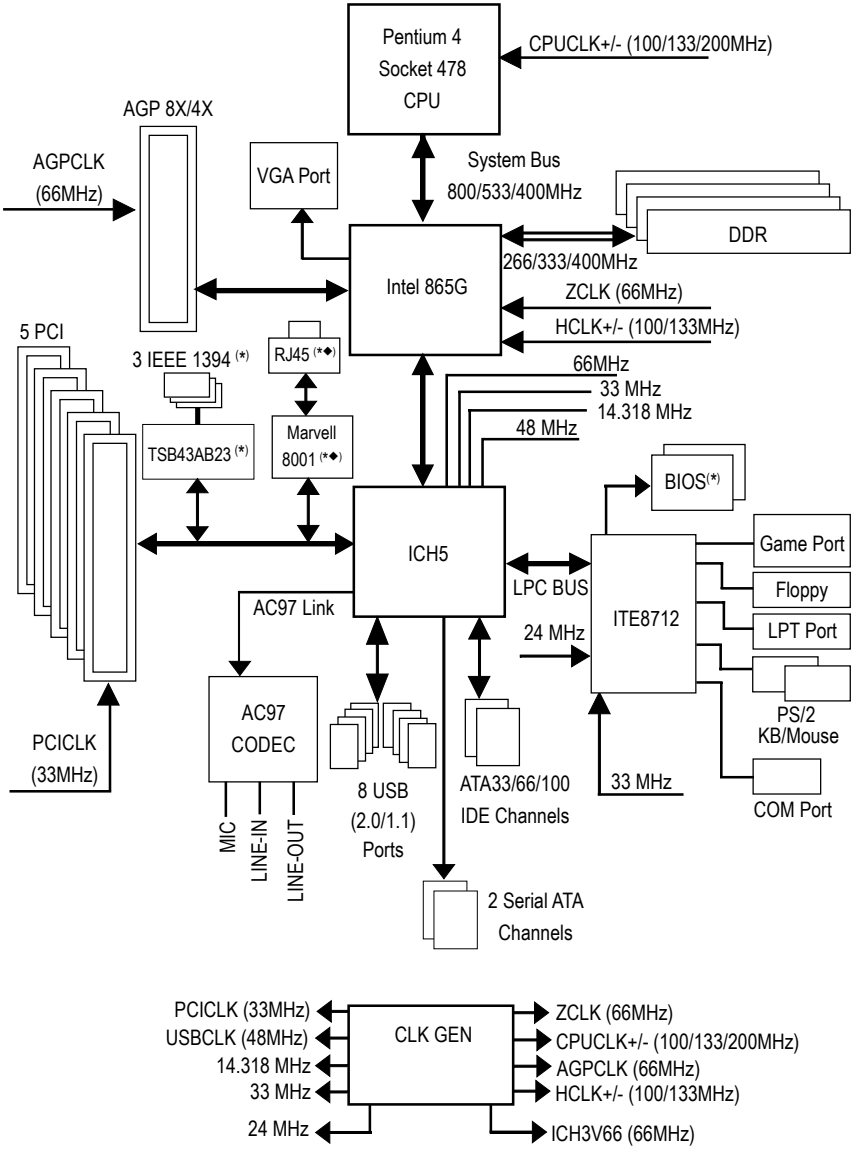


(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

(◆) For GA-8IG1000-G only.

Note: If the NorthBridge on the motherboard has a fan sink, then the motherboard contains a NB_FAN connector.

Block Diagram



(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

(◆) For GA-8IG1000-G only.

Chapter 2 Hardware Installation Process

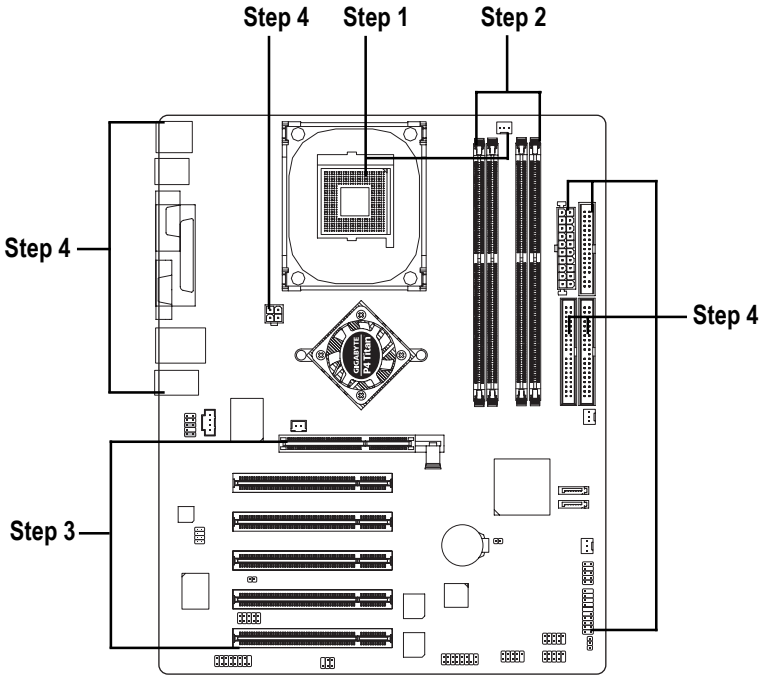
To set up your computer, you must complete the following steps:

Step 1- Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Step 2- Install memory modules

Step 3- Install expansion cards

Step 4- Connect ribbon cables, cabinet wires, and power supply



Congratulations you have accomplished the hardware installation!
Turn on the power supply or connect the power cable to the power outlet. Continue with the BIOS/software installation.

Note: If the NorthBridge on the motherboard has a fan sink, then the motherboard contains a NB_FAN connector.

Step 1: Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU)

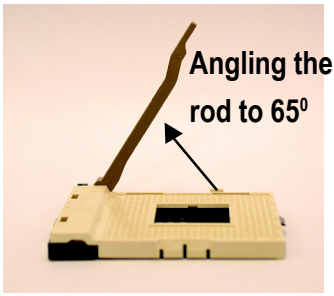
CAUTION

Before installing the processor, adhere to the following warning:

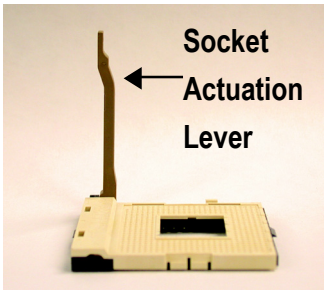
1. Please make sure the CPU type is supported by the motherboard.

2. If you do not match the CPU socket Pin 1 and CPU cut edge well, it will cause improper installation. Please change the insert orientation.

Step 1-1: CPU Installation

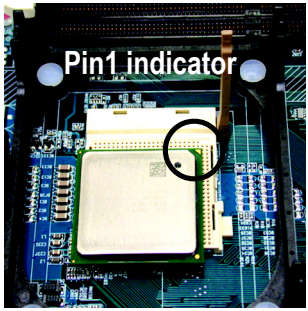


1. Angling the rod to 65-degree maybe feel a kind of tight , and then continue pull the rod to 90-degree when a noise "cough" made.



2. Pull the rod to the 90-degree directly.

3. CPU Top View



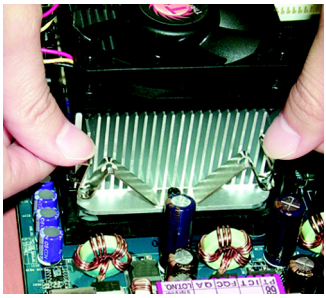
4. Locate Pin 1 in the socket and look for a (golden) cut edge on the CPU upper corner. Then insert the CPU into the socket.

Step 1-2 : CPU Cooling Fan Installation

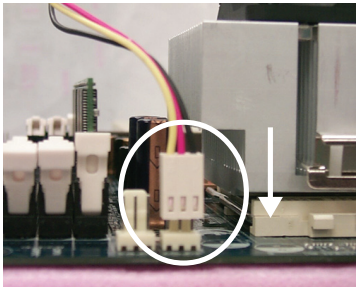
CAUTION

Before installing the CPU cooling fan, adhere to the following warning:

1. **Please use Intel approved cooling fan.**
2. **We recommend you to apply the thermal tape to provide better heat conduction between your CPU and cooling fan.**
   (The CPU cooling fan might stick to the CPU due to the hardening of the thermal paste. During this condition if you try to remove the cooling fan, you might pull the processor out of the CPU socket alone with the cooling fan, and might damage the processor. To avoid this from happening, we suggest you to either use thermal tape instead of thermal paste, or remove the cooling fan with extreme caution.)
3. **Make sure the CPU fan power cable is plugged in to the CPU fan connector, this completes the installation.**
   Please refer to CPU cooling fan user's manual for more detail installation procedure.



1. Fasten the cooling fan supporting-base onto the CPU socket on the motherboard.



2. Make sure the CPU fan is plugged to the CPU fan connector, than install completely.

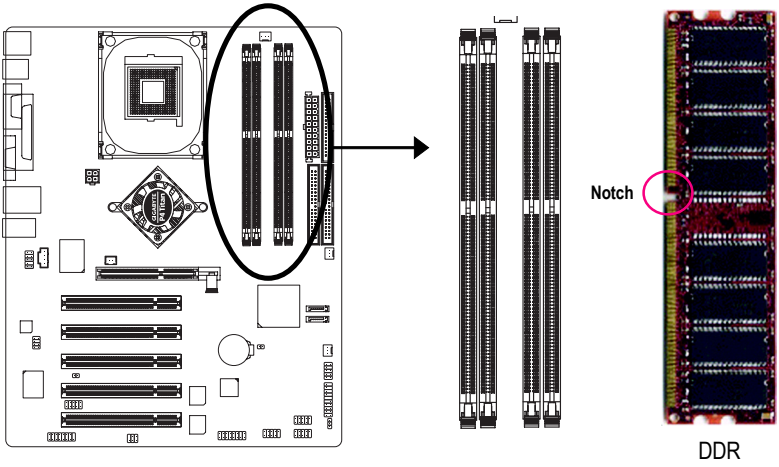
Step 2: Install Memory Modules

CAUTION

Before installing the memory modules, adhere to the following warning:

1. Please note that the DIMM memory module can only fit in one direction due to the notch. Wrong orientation will cause improper installation. Please change the insert orientation.

The motherboard has 4 dual inline memory module (DIMM) sockets. The BIOS will automatically detects memory type and size. To install the memory module, just push it vertically into the DIMM socket. The DIMM module can only fit in one direction due to the notch. Memory size can vary between sockets.



GA-8IG1000 Series supports the Dual Channel Technology. After operating the Dual Channel Technology, the bandwidth of Memory Bus will add double up to 6.4GB/s.

GA-8IG1000 Series includes 4 DIMM sockets, and each Channel has two DIMM sockets as following:

- Channel A : DIMM 1, DIMM 2
- Channel B : DIMM 3, DIMM 4

If you want to operate the Dual Channel Technology, please note the following explanations due to the limitation of Intel® chipset specifications.

1. Only one DDR memory module is installed: The Dual Channel Technology can't operate when only one DDR memory module is installed.

2. Two DDR memory modules are installed (the same memory size and type): The Dual Channel Technology will operate when two memory modules are inserted individually into Channel A and B. If you install two memory modules in the same channel, the Dual Channel Technology will not operate.
3. Three DDR memory modules are installed: Please note that The Dual Channel Technology will not operate when three DDR memory modules are installed; part of them will not be detected.
4. Four DDR memory modules are installed: If you install four memory modules at the same time, the Dual Channel Technology will operate only when those modules have the same memory size and type.

We'll strongly recommend our user to slot two DDR memory modules into the DIMMs with the same color in order for Dual Channel Technology to work.

The following tables include all memory-installed combination types:

(Please note that those types not in the tables will not boot up.)

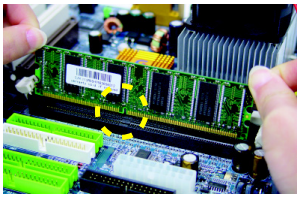
● Figure 1: Dual Channel Technology (DS: Double Side, SS: Single Side)

	DIMM 1	DIMM 2	DIMM 3	DIMM 4
2 memory modules	DS/SS	X	DS/SS	X
	X	DS/SS	X	DS/SS
4 memory modules	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS

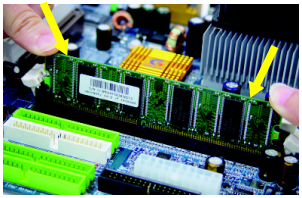
● Figure 2: Don't operate Dual Channel Technology (DS: Double Side, SS: Single Side)

	DIMM 1	DIMM 2	DIMM 3	DIMM 4
1 memory module	DS/SS	X	X	X
	X	DS/SS	X	X
	X	X	DS/SS	X
	X	X	X	DS/SS
2 memory modules	DS/SS	DS/SS	X	X
	X	X	DS/SS	DS/SS
3 memory modules	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS	X
	DS/SS	DS/SS	X	DS/SS
	DS/SS	X	DS/SS	DS/SS
	X	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS

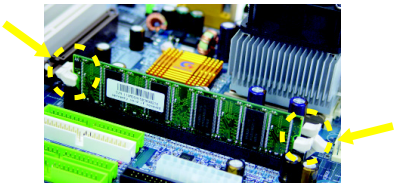
1. The DIMM socket has a notch, so the DIMM memory module can only fit in one direction.



2. Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM socket. Then push it down.



3. Close the plastic clip at both edges of the DIMM slots to lock the DIMM memory module. Reverse the installation steps when you wish to remove the DIMM memory module.



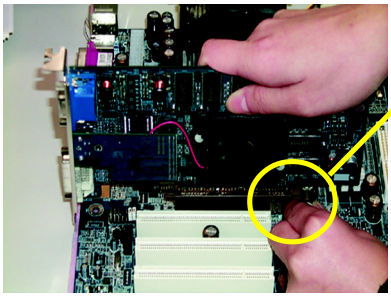
DDR Introduction

Established on the existing SDRAM infrastructure, DDR (Double Data Rate) memory is a high performance and cost-effective solution that allows easy adoption for memory vendors, OEMs, and system integrators.

DDR memory is a great evolutionary solution for the PC industry that builds on the existing SDRAM architecture, yet make the awesome advances in solving the system performance bottleneck by doubling the memory bandwidth. Nowadays, with the highest bandwidth of 3.2GB/s of DDR400 memory and complete line of DDR400/333/266/200 memory solutions, DDR memory is the best choice for building high performance and low latency DRAM subsystem that are suitable for servers, workstations, and full range of desktop PCs.

Step 3: Install Expansion Cards

1. Read the related expansion card's instruction document before install the expansion card into the computer.
2. Remove your computer's chassis cover, necessary screws and slot bracket from the computer.
3. Press the expansion card firmly into expansion slot in motherboard.
4. Be sure the metal contacts on the card are indeed seated in the slot.
5. Replace the screw to secure the slot bracket of the expansion card.
6. Replace your computer's chassis cover.
7. Power on the computer, if necessary, setup BIOS utility of expansion card from BIOS.
8. Install related driver from the operating system.

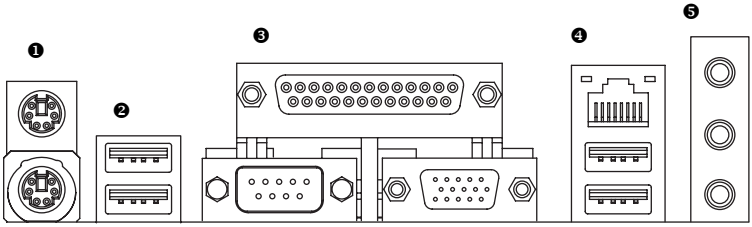


AGP Card

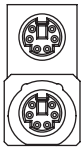
Please carefully pull out the small white- drawable bar at the end of the AGP slot when you try to install/ Uninstall the AGP card. Please align the AGP card to the onboard AGP slot and press firmly down on the slot .Make sure your AGP card is locked by the small white-drawable bar.

Step 4: Connect Ribbon Cables, Cabinet Wires, and Power Supply

Step 4-1: I/O Back Panel Introduction



❶ PS/2 Keyboard and PS/2 Mouse Connector

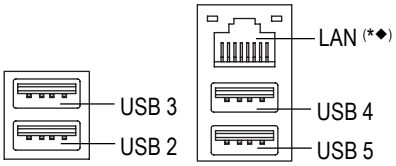


PS/2 Mouse Connector (6 pin Female)

PS/2 Keyboard Connector (6 pin Female)

- This connector supports standard PS/2 keyboard and PS/2 mouse.

❷/❹ USB / LAN(*◆) Connector

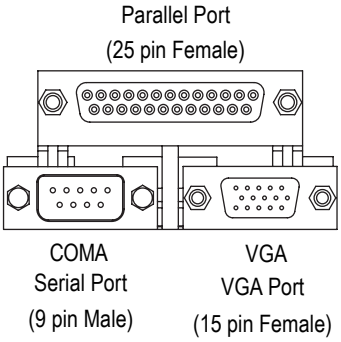


- Before you connect your device(s) into USB connector(s), please make sure your device(s) such as USB keyboard,mouse, scanner, zip, speaker...etc. Have a standard USB interface.Also make sure your OS supports USB controller. If your OS does not support USB controller, please contact OS vendor for possible patch or driver upgrade. For more information please contact your OS or device(s) vendors.
- LAN connector is Gigabit Ethernet with 1000Mbps speed. (*◆)

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

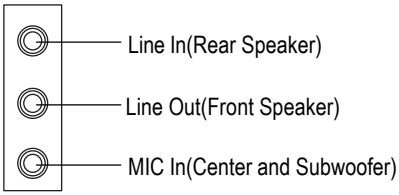
(◆) For GA-8IG1000-G only.

❸ Parallel Port, Serial Port and VGA Port (LPT/COMA/VGA)



➢ This connector supports 1 standard COM port, 1 Parallel port and 1 VGA port. Device like printer can be connected to Parallel port; mouse and modem etc can be connected to Serial ports.

❺ Audio Connectors



➢ After install onboard audio driver, you may connect speaker to Line Out jack, microphone to MIC In jack. Devices like CD-ROM, walkman etc. can be connected to Line-In jack.

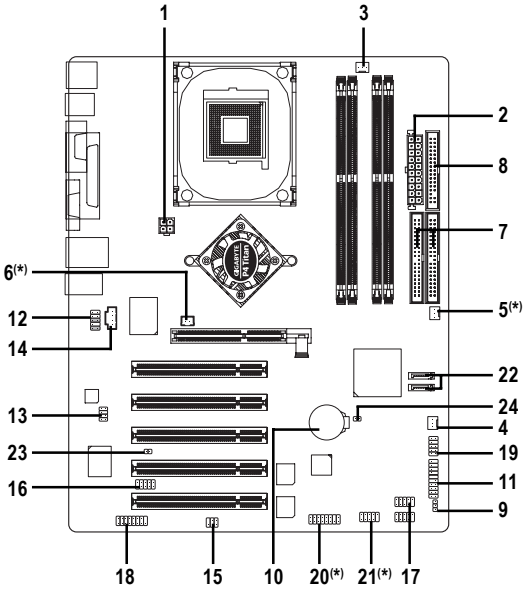
Please note:

You are able to use 2-/4-/6-/8-channel audio feature by S/W selection.

If you want to enable 8-channel function you can refer to page 27, and contact your nearest dealer for optional SUR_CEN cable.

NOTE **If you want the detail information for 2-/ 4-/ 6-/ 8-channel audio setup installation, please refer to page 75.**

Step 4-2: Connectors & Jumpers Setting Introduction



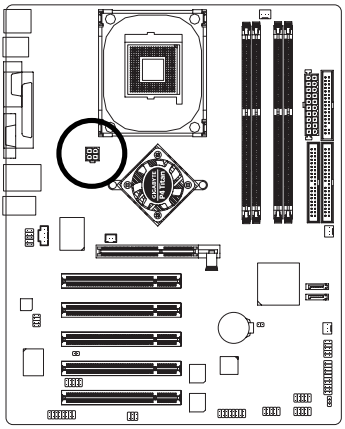
1) ATX_12V	13) SUR_CEN
2) ATX	14) CD_IN
3) CPU_FAN	15) SPDIF_IO
4) SYS_FAN	16) IR_CIR
5) PWR_FAN (*)	17) F_USB1 / F_USB2
6) NB_FAN (*)	18) GAME
7) IDE1 / IDE2	19) INFO_LINK
8) FDD	20) F2_1394 (*)
9) PWR_LED	21) F1_1394 (*)
10) BAT	22) SATA0 / SATA1
11) F_PANEL	23) CI
12) F_AUDIO	24) CLR_CMOS

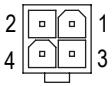
(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

Note: If the NorthBridge on the motherboard has a fan sink, then the motherboard contains a NB_FAN connector.

1) ATX_12V (+12V Power Connector)

This connector (ATX_12V) supplies the CPU operation voltage (Vcore).
If this "ATX_12V connector" is not connected, system cannot boot.

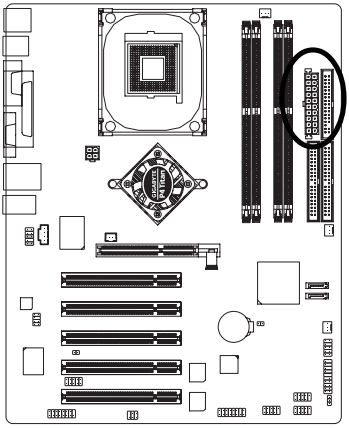


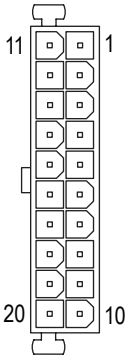


Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	GND
3	+12V
4	+12V

2) ATX (ATX Power)

AC power cord should only be connected to your power supply unit after ATX power cable and other related devices are firmly connected to the mainboard.

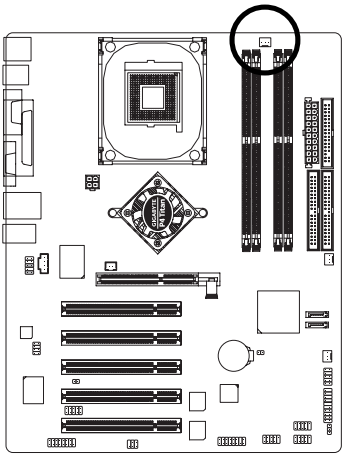




Pin No.	Definition
1	3.3V
2	3.3V
3	GND
4	VCC
5	GND
6	VCC
7	GND
8	Power Good
9	5V SB (stand by +5V)
10	+12V
11	3.3V
12	-12V
13	GND
14	PS_ON(soft on/off)
15	GND
16	GND
17	GND
18	-5V
19	VCC
20	VCC

3) CPU_FAN (CPU Fan Connector)

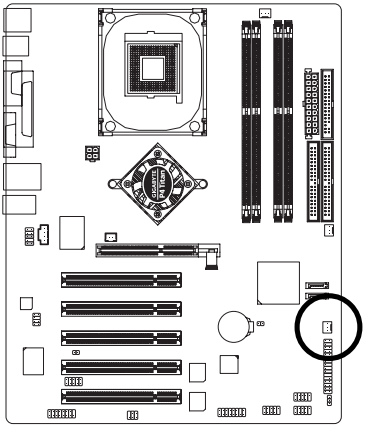
Please note, a proper installation of the CPU cooler is essential to prevent the CPU from running under abnormal condition or damaged by overheating. The CPU fan connector supports Max. current up to 600 mA.



Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	+12V
3	Sense

4) SYS_FAN (System Fan Connector)

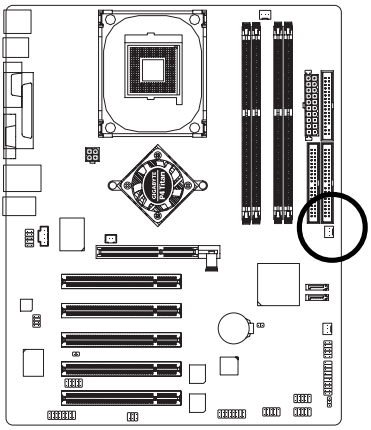
This connector allows you to link with the cooling fan on the system case to lower the system temperature.



Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	+12V
3	Sense

5) PWR_FAN (Power Fan Connector) (*)

This connector allows you to link with the cooling fan on the system case to lower the system temperature.

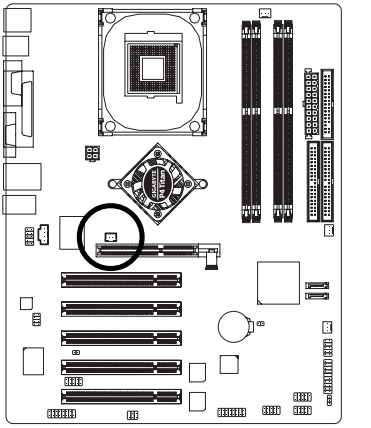


Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	+12V
3	Sense

6) NB_FAN (*)

If you installed wrong direction, the Chip Fan will not work. Sometimes will damage the Chip Fan. (Usually black cable is GND)

Note: If the NorthBridge on the motherboard has a fan sink, then the motherboard contains a NB_FAN connector.

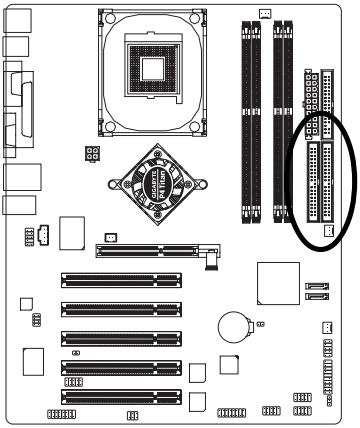


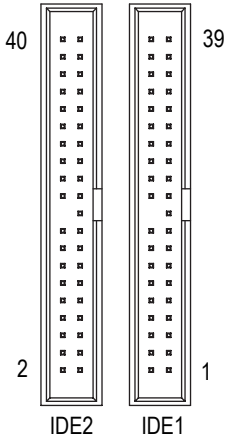
Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	VCC

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

7) IDE1 / IDE2 (IDE1 / IDE2 Connector)

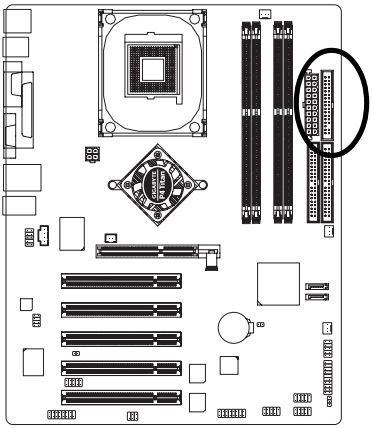
Please connect first harddisk to IDE1 and connect CDROM to IDE2. The red stripe of the ribbon cable must be the same side with the Pin1.

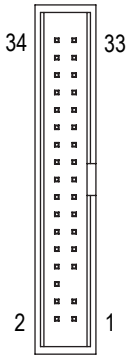




8) FDD (Floppy Connector)

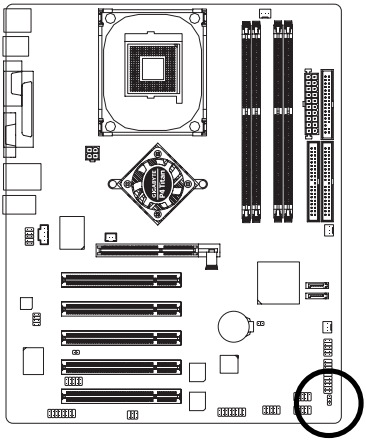
Please connect the floppy drive ribbon cables to FDD. It supports 360K,720K,1.2M,1.44M and 2.88Mbytes floppy disk types. The red stripe of the ribbon cable must be the same side with the Pin1.





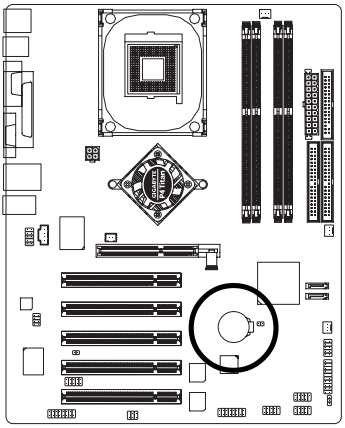
9) PWR_LED

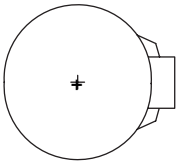
PWR_LED is connect with the system power indicator to indicate whether the system is on/off. It will blink when the system enters suspend mode. If you use dual color LED, power LED will turn to another color.



Pin No.	Definition
1	MPD+
2	MPD-
3	MPD-

10) BAT (Battery)





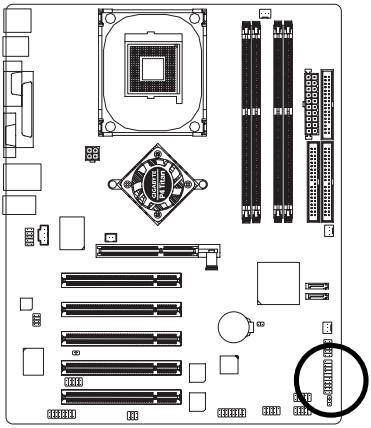
CAUTION

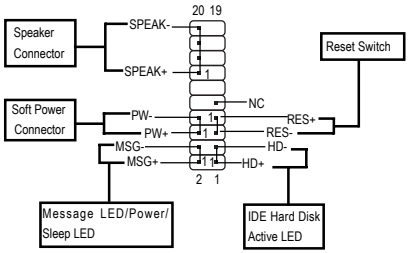
- ❖ Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.
- ❖ Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- ❖ Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

If you want to erase CMOS...
1.Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
2.Remove the battery, wait for 30 second.
3.Re-install the battery.
4.Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.

11) F_PANEL (2 x 10 pins connector)

Please connect the power LED, PC peaker, reset switch and power switch etc. of your chassis front panel to the F_PANEL connector according to the pin assignment below.

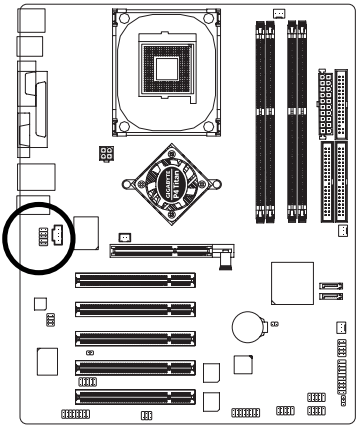




HD (IDE Hard Disk Active LED) (Blue)	Pin 1: LED anode(+) Pin 2: LED cathode(-)
SPEAK (Speaker Connector) (Amber)	Pin 1: VCC(+) Pin 2- Pin 3: NC Pin 4: Data(-)
RES (Reset Switch) (Green)	Open: Normal Operation Close: Reset Hardware System
PW (Soft Power Connector) (Red)	Open: Normal Operation Close: Power On/Off
MSG (Message LED/ Power/ Sleep LED) (Yellow)	Pin 1: LED anode(+) Pin 2: LED cathode(-)
NC (Purple)	NC

12) F_AUDIO (Front Audio Connector)

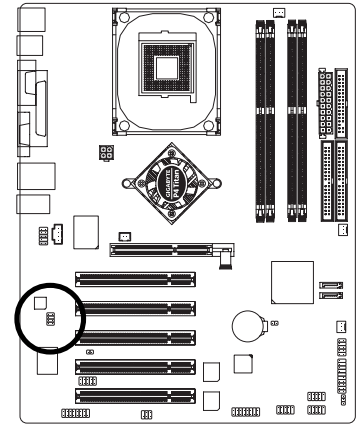
If you want to use Front Audio connector, you must remove 5-6, 9-10 Jumper. In order to utilize the front audio header, your chassis must have front audio connector. Also please make sure the pin assigment on the cable is the same as the pin assigment on the MB header. To find out if the chassis you are buying support front audio connector, please contact your dealer. Please note, you can have the alternative of using front audio connector or of using rear audio connector to play sound.

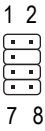


Pin No.	Definition
1	MIC
2	GND
3	REF
4	Power
5	Front Audio (R)
6	Rear Audio (R)
7	Reserved
8	No Pin
9	Front Audio (L)
10	Rear Audio (L)

13) SUR_CEN

Please contact your nearest dealer for optional SUR_CEN cable.

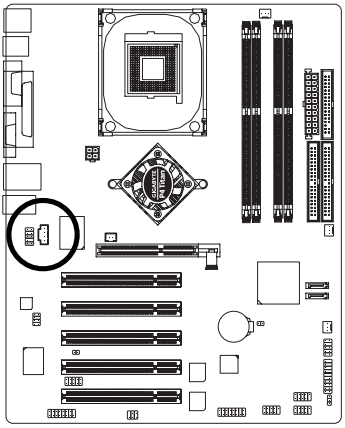




Pin No.	Definition
1	SUR OUTL
2	SUR OUTR
3	GND
4	No Pin
5	CENTER_OUT
6	BASS_OUT
7	AUX_L
8	AUX_R

14) CD_IN (CD IN, Black)

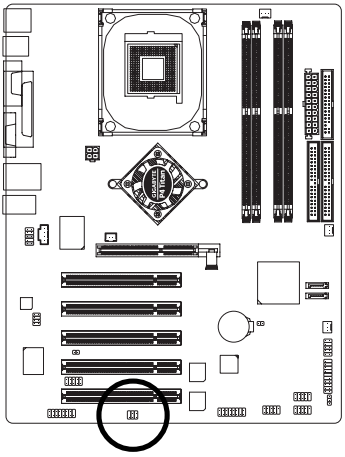
Connect CD-ROM or DVD-ROM audio out to the connector.



Pin No.	Definition
1	CD-L
2	GND
3	GND
4	CD-R

15) SPDIF_IO (SPDIF In/Out Connector)

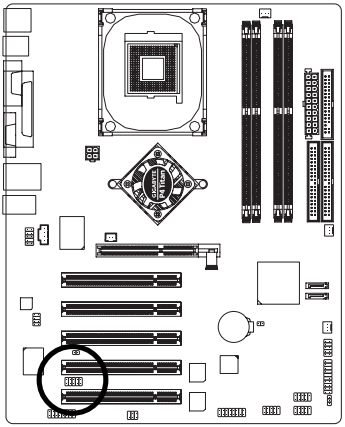
The SPDIF output is capable of providing digital audio to external speakers or compressed AC3 data to an external Dolby Digital Decoder. Use this feature only when your stereo system has digital input and output function. Use SPDIF in feature only when your device has digital output function. Be careful with the polarity of the SPDIF_IO connector. Check the pin assignment carefully while you connect the SPDIF cable, incorrect connection between the cable and connector will make the device unable to work or even damage it. For optional SPDIF cable, please contact your local dealer.



Pin No.	Definition
1	VCC
2	No Pin
3	SPDIF
4	SPDIFI
5	GND
6	GND

16) IR_CIR

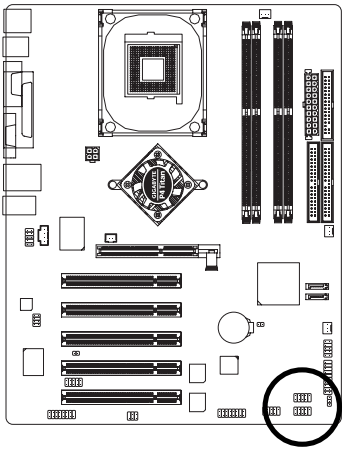
Make sure the pin 1 on the IR device is aling with pin one the connector. To enable the IR/CIR function on the board, you are required to purchase an option IR/CIR module. For detail information please contact your autherized Gigabyte distributor. To use IR function only, please connect IR module to Pin1 to Pin5.

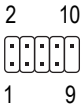


Pin No.	Definition
1	VCC
2	NC
3	IRRX
4	GND
5	IRTX
6	NC
7	CIRRX
8	+5VSB
9	CIRTX
10	NC

17) F_ USB1 / F_USB2 (Front USB Connector, Yellow)

Be careful with the polarity of the F_USB connector. Check the pin assignment carefully while you connect the F_USB cable, incorrect connection between the cable and connector will make the device unable to work or even damage it. For optional F_USB cable, please contact your local dealer.

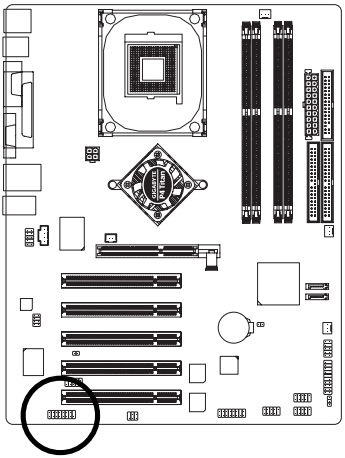


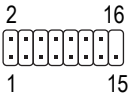


Pin No.	Definition
1	Power
2	Power
3	USB0 DX-/USB6 DX-
4	USB1 Dy-/USB7 Dy-
5	USB0 DX+/USB6 DX+
6	USB1 Dy+/USB7 Dy+
7	GND
8	GND
9	No Pin
10	NC

18) GAME (GAME Connector)

This connector supports joystick, MIDI keyboard and other relate audio devices.

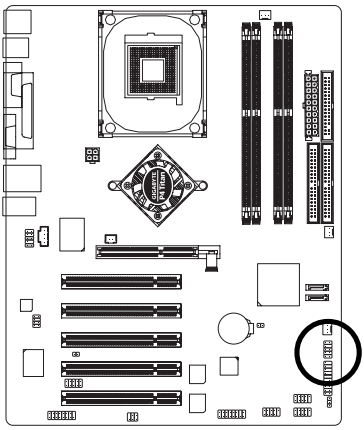




Pin No.	Definition
1	VCC
2	GRX1_R
3	GND
4	GPSA2
5	VCC
6	GPX2_R
7	GPY2_R
8	MSI_R
9	GPSA1
10	GND
11	GPY1_R
12	VCC
13	GPSB1
14	MSO_R
15	GPSB2
16	No Pin

19) INFO_LINK

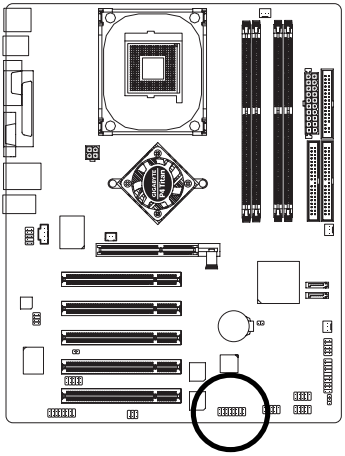
This connector allows you to connect some external devices to provide you extra function.

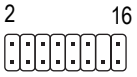


Pin No.	Definition
1	SMBCLK
2	VCC
3	SMBDATA
4	GPIO
5	GND
6	GND
7	No Pin
8	NC
9	+12V
10	+12V

20) F2_1394 (IEEE 1394 Connector) (*)

Please Note: Serial interface standard set by Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, which has features like high speed, high bandwidth and hot plug. Be careful with the polarity of the IEEE1394 connector. Check the pin assignment carefully while youconnect the IEEE1394 cable, incorrect connection between the cable and connector will make the device unable to work or even damage it. For optional IEEE1394 cable, please contact your local dealer.

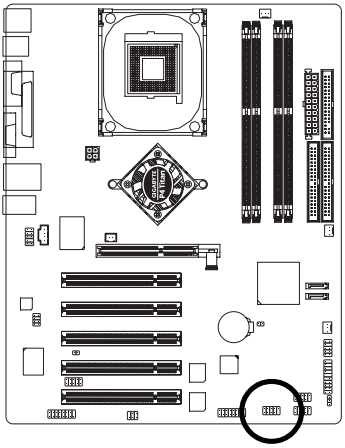


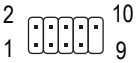


Pin No.	Definition
1	Power
2	Power
3	TPA0+
4	TPA0-
5	GND
6	GND
7	TPB0+
8	TPB0-
9	Power
10	Power
11	TPA1+
12	TPA1-
13	GND
14	No Pin
15	TPB1+
16	TPB1-

21) F1_1394 (IEEE 1394 Connector) (*)

Please Note: Serial interface standard set by Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, which has features like high speed, high bandwidth and hot plug. Be careful with the polarity of the IEEE1394 connector. Check the pin assignment carefully while you connect the IEEE1394 cable, incorrect connection between the cable and connector will make the device unable to work or even damage it. For optional IEEE1394 cable, please contact your local dealer.



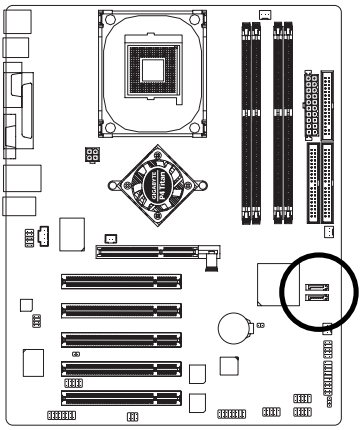


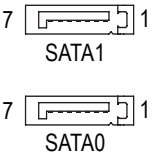
Pin No.	Definition
1	TPA2+
2	TPA2-
3	GND
4	GND
5	TPB2+
6	TPB2-
7	Power
8	Power
9	No Pin
10	GND

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

22) SATA0 / SATA1 (Serial ATA Connector)

You can connect the Serial ATA device to this connector, it provides you high speed transfer rates (150MB/sec).

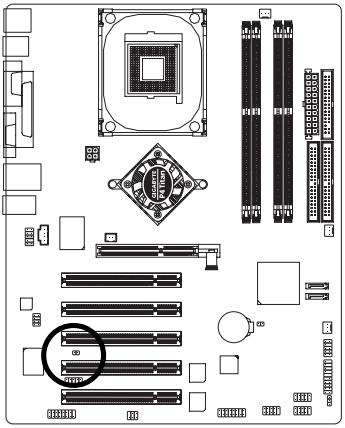




Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	GND
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	GND

23) CI (Chassis Intrusion, Case Open)

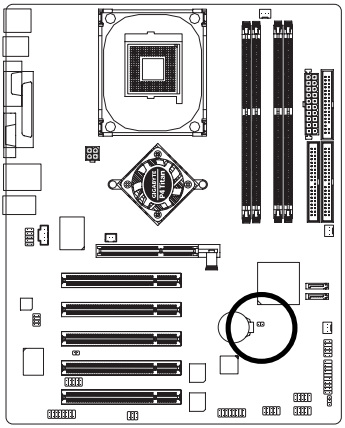
This 2-pin connector allows your system to enable or disable the "case open" item in BIOS if the system case begin remove.



Pin No.	Definition
1	Signal
2	GND

24) CLR_CMOS (Clear CMOS)

You may clear the CMOS data to its default values by this jumper. To clear CMOS, temporarily shor 1-2 pin. Default doesn't include the "Shunter" to prevent from improper use this jumper.



1 Open: Normal

1 Close: Clear CMOS

Chapter 3 BIOS Setup

BIOS Setup is an overview of the BIOS Setup Program. The program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed CMOS RAM so that it retains the Setup information when the power is turned off.

ENTERING SETUP

Powering ON the computer and pressing <Del> immediately will allow you to enter Setup. If you require more advanced BIOS settings, please go to "Advanced BIOS" setting menu.To enter Advanced BIOS setting menu, press "Ctrl+F1" key on the BIOS screen.

CONTROL KEYS

<↑>	Move to previous item
<↓>	Move to next item
<←>	Move to the item in the left hand
<→>	Move to the item in the right hand
Enter	Select item
<Esc>	Main Menu - Quit and not save changes into CMOS Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu - Exit current page and return to Main Menu
<+/PgUp>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<-/PgDn>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<F1>	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
<F2>	Item Help
<F3>	Reserved
<F4>	Reserved
<F5>	Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu
<F6>	Load the file-safe default CMOS value from BIOS default table
<F7>	Load the Optimized Defaults
<F8>	Dual BIOS (*)/Q-Flash function
<F9>	System Information
<F10>	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

GETTING HELP

Main Menu

The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

Status Page Setup Menu / Option Page Setup Menu

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press <Esc>.

The Main Menu (For example: BIOS Ver. : E2)

Once you enter Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu (Figure 1) will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from eight setup functions and two exit choices. Use arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter the sub-menu.

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▶ Standard CMOS Features	Select Language (*)
▶ Advanced BIOS Features	Load Fail-Safe Defaults
▶ Integrated Peripherals	Load Optimized Defaults
▶ Power Management Setup	Set Supervisor Password
▶ PnP/PCI Configurations	Set User Password
▶ PC Health Status	Save & Exit Setup
▶ Frequency/Voltage Control	Exit Without Saving
ESC: Quit	F3: Change Language (*)
F8: Dual BIOS (*) / Q-Flash	F10: Save & Exit Setup
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type...	

Figure 1: Main Menu

If you can't find the setting you want, please press "Ctrl+F1" to search the advanced option widden.

- **Standard CMOS Features**

  This setup page includes all the items in standard compatible BIOS.

- **Advanced BIOS Features**

  This setup page includes all the items of Award special enhanced features.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

- **Integrated Peripherals**

  This setup page includes all onboard peripherals.

- **Power Management Setup**

  This setup page includes all the items of Green function features.

- **PnP/PCI Configurations**

  This setup page includes all the configurations of PCI & PnP ISA resources.

- **PC Health Status**

  This setup page is the System auto detect Temperature, voltage, fan, speed.

- **Frequency/Voltage Control**

  This setup page is control CPU's clock and frequency ratio.

- **Select Language (*)**

  This setup page is select multi language.

- **Load Fail-Safe Defaults**

  Fail-Safe Defaults indicates the value of the system parameters which the system would be in safe configuration.

- **Load Optimized Defaults**

  Optimized Defaults indicates the value of the system parameters which the system would be in best performance configuration.

- **Set Supervisor password**

  Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup.

- **Set User password**

  Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system.

- **Save & Exit Setup**

  Save CMOS value settings to CMOS and exit setup.

- **Exit Without Saving**

  Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

Standard CMOS Features

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Standard CMOS Features

Date (mm:dd:yy)	Mon, Dec 15 2002	Item Help
Time (hh:mm:ss)	22:31:24	Menu Level ▶
		Change the day, month,
▶IDE Channel 0 Master	[None]	year
▶IDE Channel 0 Slave	[None]	
▶IDE Channel 1 Master	[None]	<Week>
▶IDE Channel 1 Slave	[None]	Sun. to Sat.
Drive A	[1.44M, 3.5"]	<Month>
Drive B	[None]	Jan. to Dec.
Floppy 3 Mode Support	[Disabled]	
		<Day>
Halt On	[All, But Keyboard]	1 to 31 (or maximum
		allowed in the month)
Base Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	239M	<Year>
Total Memory	240M	1999 to 2098

↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F3: Language (*) F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 2: Standard CMOS Features

☞ Date

The date format is <week>, <month>, <day>, <year>.

- ⏩ Week — The week, from Sun to Sat, determined by the BIOS and is display only
- ⏩ Month — The month, Jan. Through Dec.
- ⏩ Day — The day, from 1 to 31 (or the maximum allowed in the month)
- ⏩ Year — The year, from 1999 through 2098

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

☞ Time

The times format in <hour> <minute> <second>. The time is calculated base on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00.

☞ IDE Channel 0 Master, Slave / IDE Channel 1 Master, Slave

The category identifies the types of hard disk from drive C to F that has been installed in the computer. There are two types: auto type, and manual type. Manual type is user-definable; Auto type which will automatically detect HDD type.

Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category.

If you select User Type, related information will be asked to enter to the following items. Enter the information directly from the keyboard and press <Enter>. Such information should be provided in the documentation form your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

⏩ Capacity	The hard disk size. The unit is MegaBytes.
⏩ Access Mode	The options are: Auto / Large / LBA / Normal.
⏩ Cylinder	The cylinder number of hard disk.
⏩ Head	The read /write head number of hard disk.
⏩ Precomp	The cylinder number at which the disk driver changes the write current.
⏩ Landing Zone	The cylinder number that the disk driver heads(read/write) are seated when the disk drive is parked.
⏩ Sectors	The sector number of each track define on the hard disk.

If a hard disk has not been installed select NONE and press <Enter>.

☞ Drive A / Drive B

The category identifies the types of floppy disk drive A or drive B that has been installed in the computer.

⏩ None	No floppy drive installed
⏩ 360K, 5.25"	5.25 inch PC-type standard drive; 360K bytes capacity.
⏩ 1.2M, 5.25"	5.25 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2M bytes capacity (3.5 inch when 3 Mode is Enabled).
⏩ 720K, 3.5"	3.5 inch double-sided drive; 720K bytes capacity
⏩ 1.44M, 3.5"	3.5 inch double-sided drive; 1.44M bytes capacity.
⏩ 2.88M, 3.5"	3.5 inch double-sided drive; 2.88M bytes capacity.

☞ Floppy 3 Mode Support (for Japan Area)

⏩ Disabled	Normal floppy drive. (Default value)
⏩ Drive A	Drive A is 3 mode floppy drive.
⏩ Drive B	Drive B is 3 mode floppy drive.
⏩ Both	Drive A & B are 3 mode floppy drives.

☞ Halt on

The category determines whether the computer will stop if an error is detected during power up.

⏩ No Errors	The system boot will not stop for any error that may be detected and you will be prompted.
⏩ All Errors	Whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error the system will be stopped.
⏩ All, But Keyboard	The system boot will not stop for a keyboard error; it will stop for all other errors. (Default value)
⏩ All, But Diskette	The system boot will not stop for a disk error; it will stop for all other errors.
⏩ All, But Disk/Key	The system boot will not stop for a keyboard or disk error; it will stop for all other errors.

☞ Memory

The category is display-only which is determined by POST (Power On Self Test) of the BIOS.

Base Memory

The POST of the BIOS will determine the amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system.

The value of the base memory is typically 512K for systems with 512K memory installed on the motherboard, or 640K for systems with 640 K or more memory installed on the motherboard.

Extended Memory

The BIOS determines how much extended memory is present during the POST. This is the amount of memory located above 1MB in the CPU's memory address map.

Advanced BIOS Features

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Advanced BIOS Features

▶	Hard Disk Boot Priority	[Press Enter]	Item Help
	First Boot Device	[Floppy]	Menu Level ▶
	Second Boot Device	[Hard Disk]	Select Hard Disk Boot
	Third Boot Device	[CDROM]	Device Priority.
	Password Check	[Setup]	
#	CPU Hyper-Threading	[Enabled]	
	On-Chip Frame Buffer Size	[16MB]	

↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help

F3: Language(*) F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 3: Advanced BIOS Features

" # " System will detect automatically and show up when you install the Intel® Pentium® 4 processor with HT Technology.

☞ Hard Disk Boot Priority

Use <↑> or <↓> to select a device, then press <+> to move it up, or <-> to move it down the list. Press <ESC> to exit this menu.

- ⏩ Press Enter — Select hard disk boot device priority.

☞ First / Second / Third Boot Device

This feature allows you to select the boot device priority.

- ⏩ Floppy — Select your boot device priority by Floppy.
- ⏩ LS120 — Select your boot device priority by LS120.
- ⏩ Hard Disk — Select your boot device priority by Hard Disk.
- ⏩ CDROM — Select your boot device priority by CDROM.
- ⏩ ZIP — Select your boot device priority by ZIP.
- ⏩ USB-FDD — Select your boot device priority by USB-FDD.
- ⏩ USB-ZIP — Select your boot device priority by USB-ZIP.
- ⏩ USB-CDROM — Select your boot device priority by USB-CDROM.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

- USB-HDD Select your boot device priority by USB-HDD.
- LAN Select your boot device priority by LAN.
- Disabled Select your boot device priority by Disabled.

Password Check

- System The system will not boot and will not access to Setup page if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
- Setup The system will boot but will not access to Setup page if the correct password is not entered at the prompt. (Default value)

CPU Hyper-Threading

- Enabled Enables CPU Hyper Threading Feature. Please note that this feature is only working for operating system with multi processors mode supported. (Default value)
- Disabled Disables CPU Hyper Threading.

On-Chip Frame Buffer Size

- 1MB Set On-Chip Frame Buffer Size to 1MB.
- 4MB Set On-Chip Frame Buffer Size to 4MB.
- 8MB Set On-Chip Frame Buffer Size to 8MB.
- 16MB Set On-Chip Frame Buffer Size to 16MB. (Default value)
- 32MB Set On-Chip Frame Buffer Size to 32MB.

Integrated Peripherals

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Integrated Peripherals

	On-Chip Primary PCI IDE	[Enabled]	Item Help
	On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE	[Enabled]	Menu Level ▶
	On-Chip SATA	[Auto]	If a hard disk
x	SATA Port0 Configure as	SATA Port0	controller card is
	SATA Port1 Configure as	SATA Port1	used, set at Disabled
	USB Controller	[Enabled]	
	USB 2.0 Controller	[Enabled]	[Enabled]
	USB Keyboard Support	[Disabled]	Enabled onboard IDE
	USB Mouse Support	[Disabled]	Port
	AC97 Audio	[Auto]	
	Onboard H/W 1394 (*)	[Enabled]	[Disabled]
	Onboard H/W LAN (*◆)	[Enabled]	Disabled onboard IDE
	Onboard Serial Port 1	[3F8/IRQ4]	Port
	UART Mode Select	[Normal]	
x	UR2 Duplex Mode	Half	
	Onboard Parallel Port	[378/IRQ7]	
	Parallel Port Mode	[SPP]	
x	ECP Mode Use DMA	3	
	Game Port Address	[201]	
	Midi Port Address	[Disabled]	
x	Midi Port IRQ	10	
	CIR Port Address	[Disabled]	
x	CIR Port IRQ	11	

↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F3: Language (*) F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

Figure 4: Integrated Peripherals

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

(◆) For GA-8IG1000-G only.

☞ On-Chip Primary PCI IDE

- ⏩ Enabled — Enable onboard 1st channel IDE port. (Default value)
- ⏩ Disabled — Disable onboard 1st channel IDE port.

☞ On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE

- ⏩ Enabled — Enable onboard 2nd channel IDE port. (Default value)
- ⏩ Disabled — Disable onboard 2nd channel IDE port.

☞ On-chip SATA

- ⏩ Disabled — Disable SATA controller.
- ⏩ Auto — When no device is plugged in IDE1 or IDE2, SATA controller will remap to IDE controller. (Default Value)
- ⏩ Manual — Set SATA Mode manually.

☞ SATA Port0 Configure as

- ⏩ IDE Pri. Master — Remap SATA Port 0 to IDE Pri. Master.
- ⏩ IDE Pri. Slave — Remap SATA Port 0 to IDE Pri. Slave.
- ⏩ IDE Sec. Master — Remap SATA Port 0 to IDE Sec. Master.
- ⏩ IDE Sec. Slave — Remap SATA Port 0 to IDE Sec. Slave.
- ⏩ SATA Port0 — SATA controller set to SATA port0. As this mode, it support by WinXP or later OS only. (Default value)
- ⏩ SATA Port1 — SATA controller set to SATA port1. As this mode, it support by WinXP or later OS only.

☞ SATA Port1 Configure as

- ⏩ The values depend on SATA Port0 .

☞ USB Controller

- ⏩ Enabled — Enable USB Controller. (Default value)
- ⏩ Disabled — Disable USB Controller.

☞ USB 2.0 Controller

Disable this function if you are not using onboard USB 2.0 feature.

- ⏩ Enabled — Enable USB 2.0 Controller. (Default value)
- ⏩ Disabled — Disable USB 2.0 Controller.

☞ USB Keyboard Support

- ⏩ Enabled — Enable USB Keyboard Support.
- ⏩ Disabled — Disable USB Keyboard Support. (Default value)

☞ USB Mouse Support

- ⏩ Enabled — Enable USB Mouse Support.
- ⏩ Disabled — Disable USB Mouse Support. (Default value)

☞ AC97 Audio

- ⏩ Auto — Enable onboard AC'97 audio function. (Default value)
- ⏩ Disabled — Disable this function.

☞ Onboard H/W 1394 (*)

- ⏩ Enable — Enable onboard IEEE 1394 function.(Default value)
- ⏩ Disable — Disable this function.

☞ Onboard H/W LAN (*◆)

- ⏩ Enabled — Enable Onboard H/W LAN function. (Default value)
- ⏩ Disabled — Disable this function.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

(◆) For GA-8IG1000-G only.

☞ Onboard Serial Port 1

- ⏩ Auto — BIOS will automatically setup the port 1 address.
- ⏩ 3F8/IRQ4 — Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3F8. (Default value)
- ⏩ 2F8/IRQ3 — Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2F8.
- ⏩ 3E8/IRQ4 — Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3E8.
- ⏩ 2E8/IRQ3 — Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2E8.
- ⏩ Disabled — Disable onboard Serial port 1.

☞ UART Mode Select

(This item allows you to determine which Infra Red(IR) function of Onboard I/O chip)

- ⏩ ASKIR — Set onboard I/O chip UART to ASKIR Mode.
- ⏩ IrDA — Set onboard I/O chip UART to IrDA Mode.
- ⏩ Normal — Set onboard I/O chip UART to Normal Mode. (Default value)

☞ UR2 Duplex Mode

- ⏩ Half — IR Function Duplex Half. (Default value)
- ⏩ Full — IR Function Duplex Full.

☞ Onboard Parallel port

- ⏩ 378/IRQ7 — Enable onboard LPT port and address is 378/IRQ7. (Default value)
- ⏩ 278/IRQ5 — Enable onboard LPT port and address is 278/IRQ5.
- ⏩ Disabled — Disable onboard LPT port.
- ⏩ 3BC/IRQ7 — Enable onboard LPT port and address is 3BC/IRQ7.

☞ Parallel Port Mode

This feature allows you to select from a given set of parameters if the parallel port uses the onboard I/O controller.

- ⏩ SPP — Using Parallel port as Standard Parallel Port. (Default value)
- ⏩ EPP — Using Parallel port as Enhanced Parallel Port.
- ⏩ ECP — Using Parallel port as Extended Capabilities Port.
- ⏩ ECP+EPP — Using Parallel port as ECP & EPP mode.

☞ ECP Mode Use DMA

This feature allows you to select Direct Memory Access(DMA) channel if the ECP mode selected. This function will available when "Parallel Port Mode" set at ECP or ECP+EPP.

- ⏩ 3 Set ECP Mode Use DMA to 3. (Default value)
- ⏩ 1 Set ECP Mode Use DMA to 1.

☞ Game Port Address

- ⏩ 201 Set Game Port Address to 201. (Default value)
- ⏩ 209 Set Game Port Address to 209.
- ⏩ Disabled Disable this function.

☞ Midi Port Address

- ⏩ 300 Set Midi Port Address to 300.
- ⏩ 330 Set Midi Port Address to 330.
- ⏩ Disabled Disable this function. (Default value)

☞ Midi Port IRQ

- ⏩ 5 Set Midi Port IRQ to 5.
- ⏩ 10 Set Midi Port IRQ to 10. (Default value)

☞ CIR Port Address

- ⏩ 310 Set CIR Port Address to 310.
- ⏩ 320 Set CIR Port Address to 320.
- ⏩ Disabled Disable this function. (Default value)

☞ CIR Port IRQ

- ⏩ 5 Set CIR Port IRQ to 5.
- ⏩ 11 Set CIR Port IRQ to 11. (Default value)

Power Management Setup

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Power Management Setup

	ACPI Suspend Type	[S1(POS)]	Item Help
	Power LED in S1 state	[Blinking]	Menu Level ▶
	Off by Power button	[Instant-off]	[S1]
	PME Event Wake Up	[Enabled]	Set suspend type to
	ModemRingOn/WakeOnLan	[Enabled]	Power On Suspend under
	Resume by Alarm	[Disabled]	ACPI OS
x	Date (of Month) Alarm	Everyday	
x	Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm	0 : 0 : 0	[S3]
	Power On by Mouse	[Disabled]	Set suspend type to
	Power On by Keyboard	[Disabled]	Suspend to RAM under
x	KB Power ON Password	Enter	ACPI OS
	AC Back Function	[Soft-Off]	

↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F3: Language (*) F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

Figure 5: Power Management Setup

☞ ACPI Suspend Type

- ⏩ S1(POS) — Set suspend type to Power On Suspend under ACPI OS(Power On Suspend). (Default value)
- ⏩ S3(STR) — Set suspend type to Suspend To RAM under ACPI OS (Suspend To RAM).

☞ Power LED in S1 state

- ⏩ Blinking — In standby mode(S1), power LED will blink. (Default value)
- ⏩ Dual/OFF — In standby mode(S1):
  a. If use single color LED, power LED will turn off.
  b. If use dual color LED, power LED will turn to another color.

☞ Off by Power button

- ⏩ Instant-off — Press power button then Power off instantly. (Default value)
- ⏩ Delay 4 Sec. — Press power button 4 sec to Power off. Enter suspend if button is pressed less than 4 sec.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

☞ PME Event Wake Up

- ⏩ Disabled — Disable this function.
- ⏩ Enabled — Enable PME Event Wake up. (Default value)

☞ Modem Ring On/Wake On LAN

- ⏩ Disabled — Disable Modem Ring on/wake on Lan function.
- ⏩ Enabled — Enable Modem Ring on/wake on Lan. (Default value)

☞ Resume by Alarm

You can set "Resume by Alarm" item to enabled and key in Data/time to power on system.

- ⏩ Disabled — Disable this function. (Default value)
- ⏩ Enabled — Enable alarm function to POWER ON system.
  If RTC Alarm Lead To Power On is Enabled.
  Date (of Month) Alarm : Everyday, 1~31
  Time (hh: mm: ss) Alarm : (0~23) : (0~59) : (0~59)

☞ Power On By Mouse

- ⏩ Disabled — Disabled this function. (Default value)
- ⏩ Doubled Click — Double click on PS/2 mouse left button to power on system.

☞ Power On By Keyboard

- ⏩ Password — Enter from 1 to 5 characters to set the Keyboard Power On Password.
- ⏩ Disabled — Disabled this function. (Default value)
- ⏩ Keyboard 98 — If your keyboard have "POWER Key" button, you can press the key to power on your system.

☞ KB Power ON Password

- ⏩ Enter — Input password (from 1 to 5 characters) and press Enter to set the Keyboard Power On Password.

☞ AC BACK Function

- ⏩ Memory — System power on depends on the status before AC lost.
- ⏩ Soft-Off — Always in Off state when AC back. (Default value)
- ⏩ Full-On — Always power on the system when AC back.

PnP/PCI Configurations

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PnP/PCI Configurations

PCI 1/PCI 5 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	Item Help
PCI 2 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	Menu Level ▶
PCI 3 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	
PCI 4 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	

↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F3: Language (*) F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 6: PnP/PCI Configurations

☞ PCI 1/PCI 5 IRQ Assignment

⏩ Auto	Auto assign IRQ to PCI 1/PCI 5. (Default value)
⏩ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15	Set IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI 1/PCI 5.

☞ PCI 2 IRQ Assignment

⏩ Auto	Auto assign IRQ to PCI 2. (Default value)
⏩ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15	Set IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI 2.

☞ PCI 3 IRQ Assignment

⏩ Auto	Auto assign IRQ to PCI 3. (Default value)
⏩ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15	Set IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI 3.

☞ PCI 4 IRQ Assignment

⏩ Auto	Auto assign IRQ to PCI 4. (Default value)
⏩ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15	Set IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI 4.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

PC Health Status

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2003 Award Software

PC Health Status

Reset Case Open Status	[Disabled]	Item Help
Case Opened	No	Menu Level ▶
Vcore	OK	[Disabled]
DDR25V	OK	Don't reset case
+3.3V	OK	open status
+5V	OK	
+12V	OK	[Enabled]
Current CPU Temperature	40°C	Clear case open
Current CPU FAN Speed	4687 RPM	status at next boot
Current POWER FAN Speed (*)	0 RPM	
Current SYSTEM FAN Speed	0 RPM	
CPU Warning Temperature	[Disabled]	
CPU FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
POWER FAN Fail Warning (*)	[Disabled]	
SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
CPU Smart FAN Control (*)	[Disabled]	

↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F3: Language (*) F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

Figure 7: PC Health Status

☞ Reset Case Open Status

- ⏩ Disabled — Don't reset case open status. (Default value)
- ⏩ Enabled — Clear case open status at next boot.

☞ Case Opened

If the case is closed, "Case Opened" will show "No".

If the case have been opened, "Case Opened" will show "Yes".

If you want to reset "Case Opened" value, set "Reset Case Open Status" to "Enabled" and save CMOS, your computer will restart.

☞ Current Voltage (V) Vcore / DDR25V / +3.3V / +5V / +12V

- ⏩ Detect system's voltage status automatically.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

☞ Current CPU Temperature

⏩ Detect CPU temperature automatically.

☞ Current CPU/POWER(*)/SYSTEM FAN Speed (RPM)

⏩ Detect CPU/POWER(*)/SYSTEM Fan speed status automatically.

☞ CPU Warning Temperature

⏩ 60°C / 140°F Monitor CPU temperature at 60°C / 140°F.
⏩ 70°C / 158°F Monitor CPU temperature at 70°C / 158°F.
⏩ 80°C / 176°F Monitor CPU temperature at 80°C / 176°F.
⏩ 90°C / 194°F Monitor CPU temperature at 90°C / 194°F.
⏩ Disabled Disable this function. (Default value)

☞ CPU FAN Fail Warning

⏩ Disabled Fan warning function disable. (Default value)
⏩ Enabled Fan warning function enable.

☞ POWER FAN Fail Warning (*)

⏩ Disabled Fan warning function disable. (Default value)
⏩ Enabled Fan warning function enable.

☞ SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning

⏩ Disabled Fan warning function disable. (Default value)
⏩ Enabled Fan warning function enable.

☞ CPU Smart FAN Control (*)

⏩ Disabled Disable this function.
⏩ Enabled Enable CPU Smart Fan control function. (Default value)

a. When the CPU temperature is higher than 60 degrees Celsius, CPU fan will run at full speed.
b. When the CPU temperature is between 50 and 60 degrees Celsius, CPU fan will run at high speed.
c. When the CPU temperature is between 40 and 50 degrees Celsius, CPU fan will run at medium speed.
d. When the CPU temperature is lower than 40 degrees Celsius, CPU fan will run at low speed.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

Frequency/Voltage Control

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2003 Award Software

Frequency/Voltage Control

CPU Clock Ratio	[15X]	Item Help
CPU Host Clock Control	[Disabled]	Menu Level ▶
※ CPU Host Frequency(Mhz)	100	
※ AGP/PCI/SRC Fixed	66/33100	
Memory Frequency For	[Auto]	
Memory Frequency(Mhz)	266	
AGP/PCI/SRC Frequency(Mhz)	66/33100	
AGP OverVoltage Control	[Auto]	
DIMM OverVoltage Control	[Auto]	
CPU Voltage Control	[Auto]	
Normal CPU Vcore	1.4750V	

↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F3: Language (*) F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

Figure 8: Frequency/Voltage Control

※ Those items will be available when "CPU Host Clock Control" is set to Enabled.

☞ CPU Clock Ratio

This option will not be shown or not be available if you are using a CPU with the locked ratio.

⏩ 15X~21X It depends on CPU Clock Ratio.

This setup option will automatically assign by CPU detection.

For C-Stepping P4: 8X, 10X~24X default: 15X

For Northwood CPU: 12X~24X default: 16X

The option will display "Locked" and read only if the CPU ratio is not changeable.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

☞ CPU Host Clock Control

Note: If system hangs up before enter CMOS setup utility, wait for 20 sec. for times out reboot. When time out occur, system will reset and run at CPU default Host clock at next boot.

⏩ Disabled Disable CPU Host Clock Control.(Default value)

⏩ Enabled Enable CPU Host Clock Control.

☞ CPU Host Frequency

⏩ 100MHz ~ 355MHz Set CPU Host Clock from 100MHz to 355MHz.

If you use FSB400 Pentium 4 processor, please set "CPU Host Frequency" to 100MHz. If you use FSB533 Pentium 4 processor, please set "CPU Host Frequency" to 133MHz. If you use FSB800 Pentium 4 processor, please set "CPU Clock" to 200MHz.

Incorrect using it may cause your system broken. For power End-User use only!

☞ AGP/PCI/SRC Fixed

Serial ATA device is very sensitive to SRC clock. SRC over clock may make Serial ATA device function can't work properly.

⏩ Adjust AGP/PCI/SRC clock asynchronous with CPU.

☞ Memory Frequency For

for FSB(Front Side Bus) frequency=400MHz,

⏩ 2.66 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.66.

⏩ Auto Set Memory frequency by DRAM SPD data. (Default value)

for FSB(Front Side Bus) frequency=533MHz,

⏩ 2.0 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.0.

⏩ 2.5 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.5.

⏩ Auto Set Memory frequency by DRAM SPD data. (Default value)

for FSB(Front Side Bus) frequency=800MHz,

⏩ 2.0 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.0.

⏩ 1.6 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 1.5.

⏩ 1.33 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 1.33.

⏩ Auto Set Memory frequency by DRAM SPD data. (Default value)

☞ Memory Frequency(Mhz)

⏩ The values depend on CPU Host Frequency(Mhz).

☞ AGP/PCI/SRC Frequency(Mhz)

⏩ The values depend on Fixed AGP/PCI/SRC Frequency.

☞ AGP OverVoltage Control

⏩ Normal Set AGP OverVoltage Control to Normal. (Default value)
⏩ +0.1V Set AGP OverVoltage Control to +0.1V.
⏩ +0.2V Set AGP OverVoltage Control to +0.2V.
⏩ +0.3V Set AGP OverVoltage Control to +0.3V.

☞ DIMM OverVoltage Control

⏩ Normal Set DIMM OverVoltage Control to Normal. (Default value)
⏩ +0.1V Set DIMM OverVoltage Control to +0.1V.
⏩ +0.2V Set DIMM OverVoltage Control to +0.2V.
⏩ +0.3V Set DIMM OverVoltage Control to +0.3V.

☞ CPU Voltage Control

⏩ Supports adjustable CPU Vcore from 0.8375V to 1.7600V by 0.025V step.
(Default value: Normal)

☞ Normal CPU Vcore

⏩ Display your CPU Vcore Voltage.

Select Language (*)

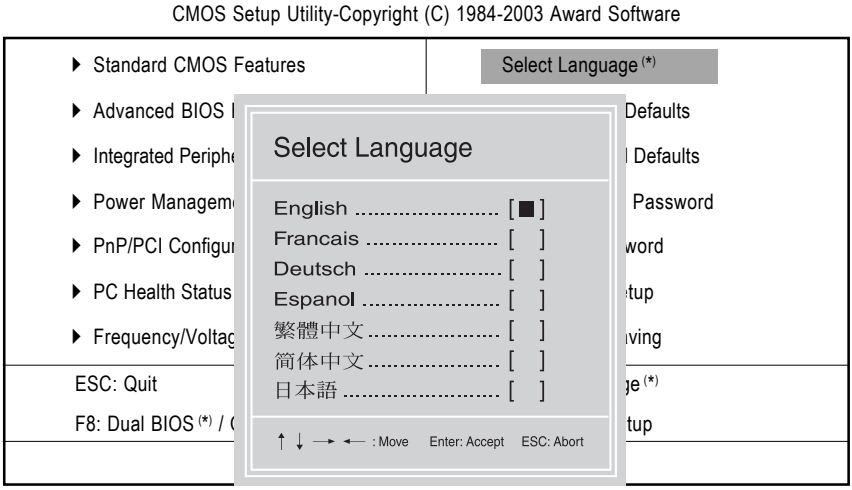


Figure 9: Select Language

Select Language

Multi-Language supports 7 languages. There are English, Japanese, French, Spanish, German, Simplified Chinese, Traditional Chinese.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

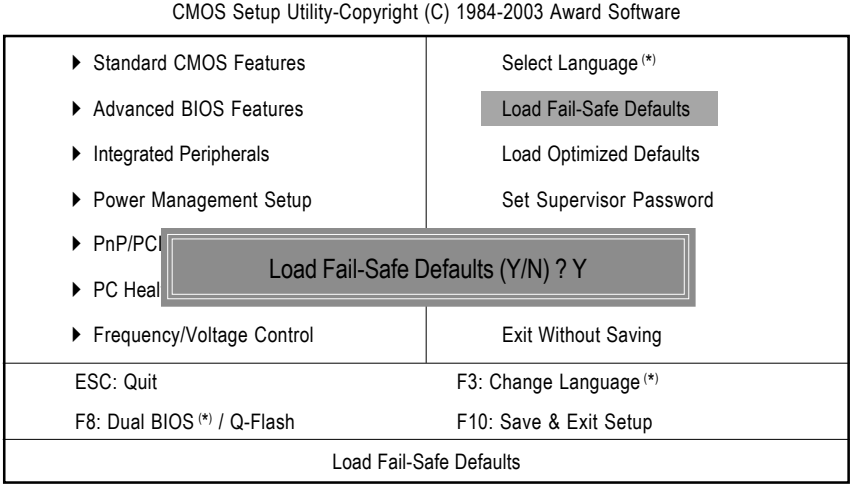


Figure 10: Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Fail-Safe defaults contain the most appropriate values of the system parameters that allow minimum system performance.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

Load Optimized Defaults

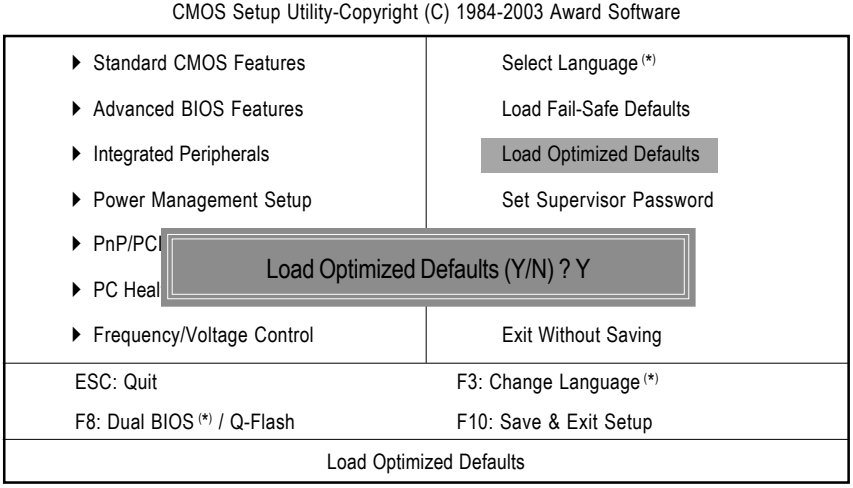


Figure 11: Load Optimized Defaults

Load Optimized Defaults

Selecting this field loads the factory defaults for BIOS and Chipset Features which the system automatically detects.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

Set Supervisor/User Password

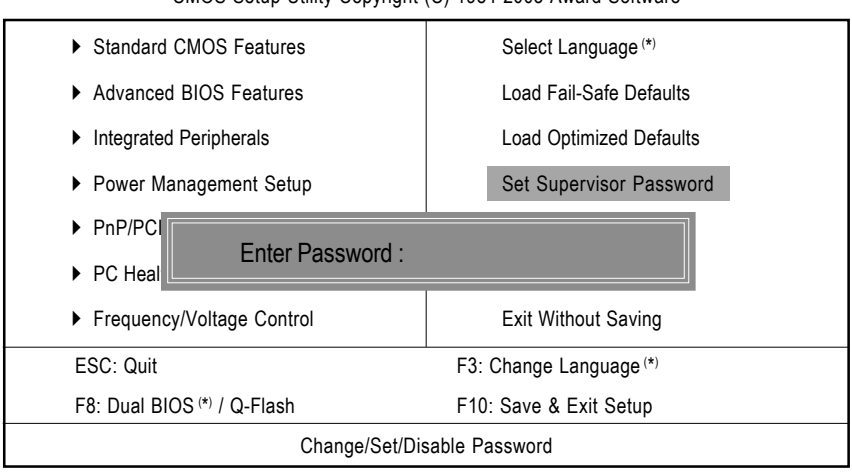


Figure 12: Password Setting

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press <Enter>. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter password. A message "PASSWORD DISABLED" will appear to confirm the password being disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

The BIOS Setup program allows you to specify two separate passwords:

SUPERVISOR PASSWORD and a USER PASSWORD**.** When disabled, anyone may access all BIOS Setup program function. When enabled, the Supervisor password is required for entering the BIOS Setup program and having full configuration fields, the User password is required to access only basic items.

If you select "System" at "Password Check" in Advance BIOS Features Menu, you will be prompted for the password every time the system is rebooted or any time you try to enter Setup Menu.

If you select "Setup" at "Password Check" in Advance BIOS Features Menu, you will be prompted only when you try to enter Setup.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

Save & Exit Setup

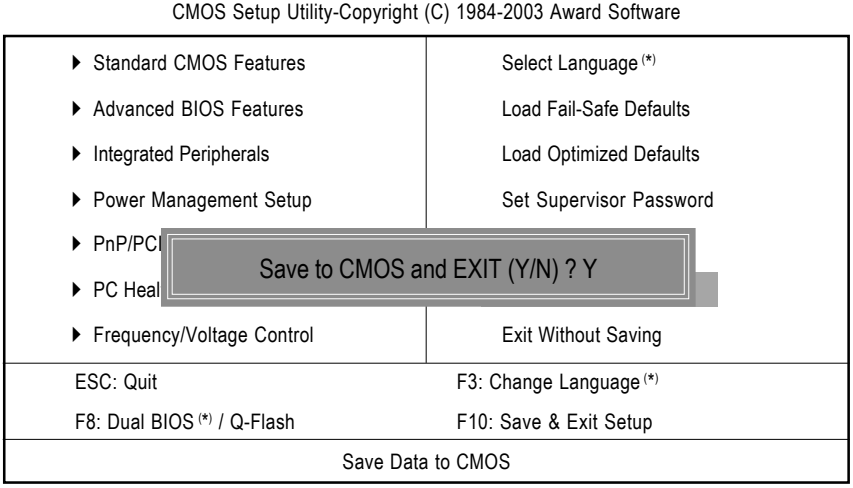


Figure 13: Save & Exit Setup

Type "Y" will quit the Setup Utility and save the user setup value to RTC CMOS.

Type "N" will return to Setup Utility.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

Exit Without Saving

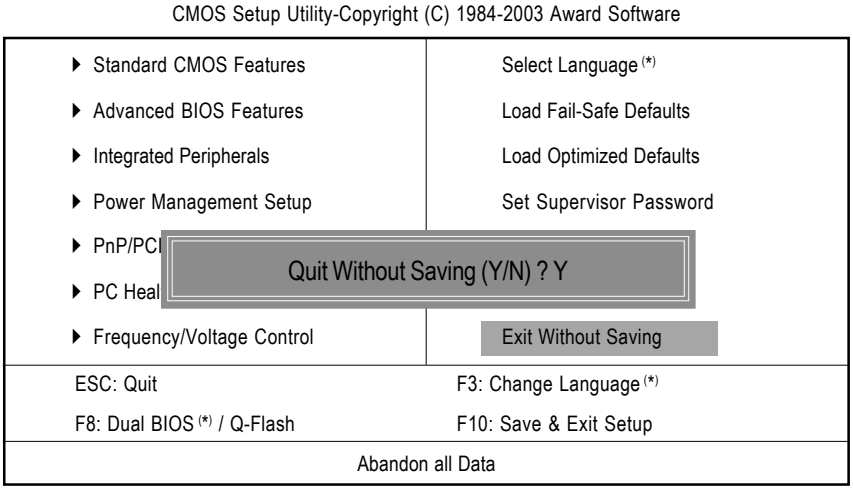


Figure 14: Exit Without Saving

Type "Y" will quit the Setup Utility without saving to RTC CMOS.

Type "N" will return to Setup Utility.

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

Chapter 4 Technical Reference

@BIOS™ Introduction

Gigabyte announces @BIOS Windows BIOS Live Update Utility

Have you ever updated BIOS by yourself? Or like many other people, you just know what BIOS is, but always hesitate to update it? Because you think updating newest BIOS is unnecessary and actually you don't know how to update it.

Maybe not like others, you are very experienced in BIOS updating and spend quite a lot of time to do it. But of course you don't like to do it too much. First, download different BIOS from website and then switch the operating system to DOS mode. Secondly, use different flash utility to update BIOS. The above process is not a interesting job. Besides, always be carefully to store the BIOS source code correctly in your disks as if you update the wrong BIOS, it will be a nightmare.

Certainly, you wonder why motherboard vendors could not just do something right to save your time and effort and save you from the lousy BIOS updating work? Here it comes! Now Gigabyte announces @BIOS -- the first Windows BIOS live update utility. This is a smart BIOS update software. It could help you to download the BIOS from internetand update it. Not like the other BIOS update software, it's a Windows utility. With the help of "@BIOS", BIOS updating is no more than a click.

Besides, no matter which mainboard you are using, if it's a Gigabyte's product*, @BIOS help you to maintain the BIOS. This utility could detect your correct mainboard model and help you to choose the BIOS accordingly. It then downloads the BIOS from the nearest Gigabyte ftp site automatically. There are several different choices; you could use "Internet Update" to download and update your BIOS directly. Or you may want to keep a backup for your current BIOS, just choose "Save Current BIOS" to save it first. You make a wise choice to use Gigabyte, and @BIOS update your BIOS smartly. You are now worry free from updating wrong BIOS, and capable to maintain and manage your BIOS easily. Again, Gigabyte's innovative product erects a milestone in motherboard industries.

For such a wonderful software, how much it costs? Impossible! It's free! Now, if you buy a Gigabyte's motherboard, you could find this amazing software in the attached driver CD. But please remember, connected to internet at first, then you could have a internet BIOS update from your Gigabyte @BIOS.

EasyTune™ 4 Introduction

Gigabyte announces *EasyTune™ 4* Windows based Overclocking utility

EasyTune 4 carries on the heritage so as to pave the way for future generations.

Overclock" might be one of the most common issues in computer field. But have many users ever tried it? The answer is probably "no". Because "Overclock" is thought to be very difficult and includes a lot of technical know-how, sometimes "Overclock" is even considered as special skills found only in some enthusiasts. But as to the experts in "Overclock", what's the truth? They may spend quite a lot of time and money to study, try and use many different hardware or BIOS tools to do "Overclock". And even with these technologies, they still learn that it's quite a risk because the safety and stability of an "Overclock" system is unknown. Now everything is different because of a Windows based overclocking utility "EasyTune 4" --announced by Gigabyte. This windows based utility has totally changed the gaming rule of "Overclock". This is the first windows based overclocking utility is suitable for both normal and power users. Users can choose either "Easy Mode" or "Advanced Mode" for overclocking at their convenience. For users who choose "Easy Mode", they just need to click "Auto Optimize" to have autoed and immediate CPU overclocking. This software will then overdrive CPU speed automatically with the result being shown in the control panel. If users prefer "Overclock" by them, there is also another choice. Click "Advanced Mode" to enjoy "sport drive" class Overclocking user interface. "Advanced Mode", allows users to change the system bus / AGP / Memory working frequency in small increments to get ultimate system performance. It operates in coordination with Gigabyte motherboards. Besides, it is different from other traditional overclocking methods, EasyTune 4 doesn't require users to change neither BIOS nor hardware switch/ jumper setting; on the other hand, they can do "Overclock" at easy step . Therefore, this is a safer way for "Overclock" as nothing is changed on software or hardware. If user runs EasyTune 4 over system's limitation, the biggest lost is only to restart the computer again and the side effect is then well controlled. Moreover, if one well-performed system speed has been tested in EasyTune 4, user can "Save" this setting and "Load" it in next time. Obviously, Gigabyte EasyTune 4 has already turned the "Overclock" technology toward to a newer generation. This wonderful software is now free bundled in Gigabyte motherboard attached in driver CD. Users may make a test drive of "EasyTune 4" to find out more amazing features by themselves.

*Some Gigabyte products are not fully supported by EasyTune 4. Please find the products supported list in the web site.

*Any "Overclocking action" is at user's risk, Gigabyte Technology will not be responsible for any damage or instability to your processor, motherboard, or any other components.

Flash BIOS Method Introduction

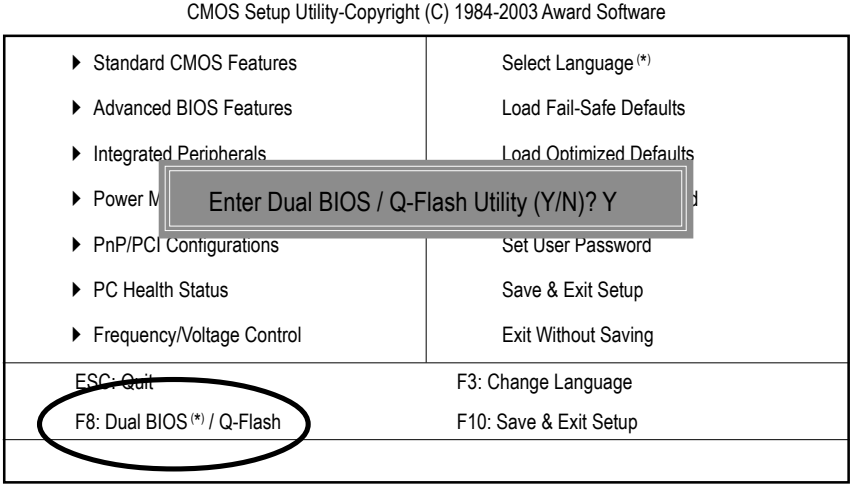
Method 1 : Dual BIOS (*) / Q-Flash

A. What is Dual BIOS Technology?

Dual BIOS means that there are two system BIOS (ROM) on the motherboard, one is the Main BIOS and the other is Backup BIOS. Under the normal circumstances, the system works on the Main BIOS. If the Main BIOS is corrupted or damaged, the Backup BIOS can take over while the system is powered on. This means that your PC will still be able to run stably as if nothing has happened in your BIOS.

B. How to use Dual BIOS and Q-Flash Utility?

1.) After power on the computer, pressing <Del> immediately during POST (Power On Self Test) it will allow you to enter Award BIOS CMOS SETUP, then press <F8> to enter Flash utility.



(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

2.) Award Dual BIOS Flash ROM Programming Utility

Dual BIOS Utility V1.30		
Boot From.....	Main Bios	
Main ROM Type/Size.....	SST 49LF003A	512K
Backup ROM Type/Size.....	SST 49LF003A	512K
Wide Range Protection	Disable	
Boot From	Main Bios	
Auto Recovery	Enable	
Halt On Error	Disable	
Keep DMI Data	Enable	
Copy Main ROM Data to Backup		
Load Default Settings		
Save Settings to CMOS		
Q-Flash Utility		
Update Main BIOS from Floppy		
Update Backup BIOS from Floppy		
Save Main BIOS to Floppy		
Save Backup BIOS to Floppy		
PgDn/PgUp: Modify	↑↓: Move	ESC: Reset F10: Power Off

3.) Dual BIOS Item explanation:

- **Wide Range Protection: Disable(Default), Enable**

  Status 1:

  If any failure (ex. Update ESCD failure, checksum error or reset…) occurs in the Main BIOS, just before the Operating System is loaded and after the power is on, and that the Wide Range Protection is set to "Enable", the PC will boot from Backup BIOS automatically.

  Status 2:

  If the ROM BIOS on peripherals cards(ex. SCSI Cards, LAN Cards,..) emits signals torequest restart of the system after the user make any alteration on it, the boot up BIOS will not be changed to the Backup BIOS.

- **Boot From : Main BIOS(Default), Backup BIOS**

  Status 1:

  The user can set to boot from main BIOS or Backup BIOS.

  Status 2:

  If one of the main BIOS or the Backup BIOS fails, this item *"Boot From : Main BIOS(Default)"* will become gray and will not be changed by user.

- **Auto Recovery : Enable(Default), Disable**

  When one of the Main BIOS or Backup BIOS occurs checksum failure, the working BIOS will automatically recover the BIOS of checksum failure.

  (In the Power Management Setup of the BIOS Setting, if ACPI Suspend Type is set to Suspend to RAM, the Auto Recovery will be set to Enable automatically.)

  (If you want to enter the BIOS setting, please press**"Del"** key when the boot screen appears.)

- **Halt On Error : Disable(Default), Enable**

  If the BIOS occurs a checksum error or the Main BIOS occurs a WIDE RANGE PROTECTION error and Halt On Error set to Enable, the PC will show messages on the boot screen, and the system will pause and wait for the user's instruction.

  If Auto Recovery :**Disable**, it will show ***<or the other key to continue.>***

  If Auto Recovery :**Enable**, it will show ***<or the other key to Auto Recover.>***

- **Keep DMI Data : Enable(Default), Disable**

  Enable: The DMI data won't be replaced by flashing new BIOS.(recommend)

  Disable: The DMI data will be replaced by flashing new BIOS.

- **Copy Main ROM Data to Backup**

  (If you boot from Backup ROM, this item will change to "Copy Backup ROM Data to Main")

  Auto recovery message:

  BIOS Recovery: Main to Backup

  The means that the Main BIOS works normally and could automatically recover the Backup BIOS.

  BIOS Recovery: Backup to Main

  The means that the Backup BIOS works normally and could automatically recover the Main BIOS. (This auto recovery utility is set by system automatically and can't be changed by user.)

- **Load Default Settings**

  Load dual BIOS default value.

- **Save Settings to CMOS**

  Save revised setting.

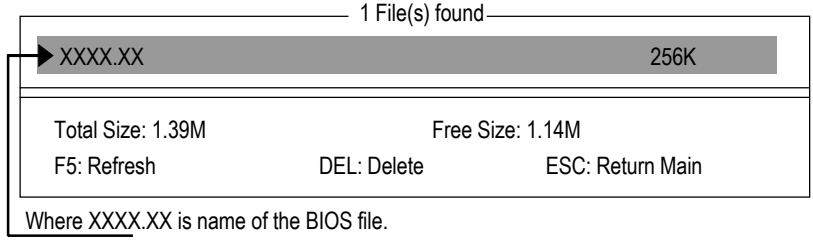
C. What is Q-Flash Utility?

Q-Flash utility is a pre-O.S. BIOS flash utility enables users to update its BIOS within BIOS mode, no more fooling around any OS.

D. How to use Q-Flash?

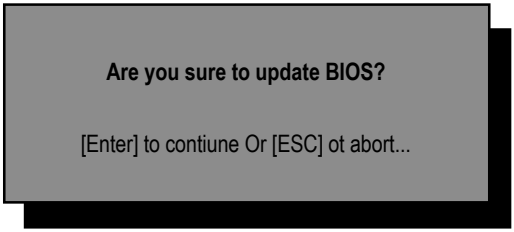
Update Main BIOS from Floppy / Update Backup BIOS from Floppy

✎In the A: drive, insert the "BIOS" diskette, then Press Enter to Run.

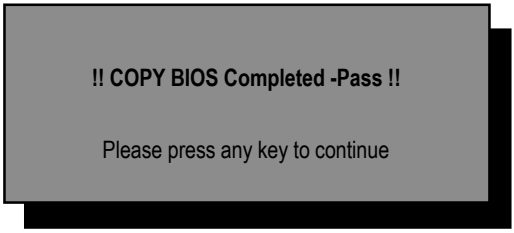


Where XXXX.XX is name of the BIOS file.

✎Press Enter to Run.



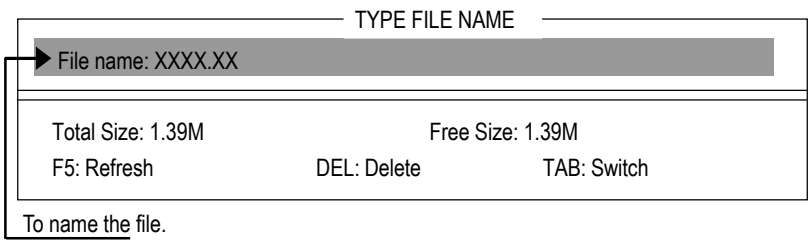
✎Press Enter to Run.



Congratulation! You have completed the flashed and now can restart system.

Save Main BIOS to Floppy / Save Backup BIOS to Floppy

✎In the A:drive, insert the floppy disk, then Press Enter to Run.



Congratulate you have accomplished the saving.

CONTROLKEYS

<PgDn/PgUp>	Make changes
<↑>	Move to previous item
<↓>	Move to next item
<Enter>	Run
<Esc>	Reset
<F10>	Power Off

DualBIOS™ Technology FAQ

GIGABYTE Technology is pleased to introduce DualBIOS technology, a hot spare for your system BIOS. This newest "Value-added" feature, in a long series of innovations from GIGABYTE, is available on this motherboard. Future GIGABYTE motherboards will also incorporate this innovation.

What's DualBIOS™?

On GIGABYTE motherboards with DualBIOS there are physically two BIOS chips. For simplicity we'll call one your "Main BIOS" and the other we'll call your "Backup BIOS" (your "hot spare"). If your Main BIOS fails, the Backup BIOS almost automatically takes over on your next system boot. Almost automatically and with virtually zero down time! Whether the problem is a failure in flashing your BIOS or a virus or a catastrophic failure of the Main BIOS chip, the result is the same - the Backup BIOS backs you up, almost automatically.

I. Q: What is DualBIOS™ technology?

Answer:

DualBIOS technology is a patented technology from Giga-Byte Technology. The concept of this technology is based on the redundancy and fault tolerance theory. DualBIOS™ technology simply means there are two system BIOSes (ROM) integrated onto the motherboard. One is a main BIOS, and the other is a backup BIOS. The mainboard will operate normally with the main BIOS, however, if the main BIOS is corrupt or damaged for various reasons, the backup BIOS will be automatically used when the system powered-On. Your PC will operate as before the main BIOS was damaged, and is completely transparent to the user.

II. Q: Why does anyone need a motherboard with DualBIOS™ technology?

Answer:

In today's systems there are more and more BIOS failures. The most common reasons are virus attacks, BIOS upgrade failures, and/or deterioration of the BIOS (ROM) chip itself.

1. New computer viruses are being found that attack and destroy the system BIOS. They may corrupt your BIOS code, causing your PC to be unstable or even not boot normally.
2. BIOS data will be corrupted if a power loss/surge occurs, or if a user resets the system, or if the power button is pressed during the process of performing a system BIOS upgrade.
3. If a user mistakenly updates their mainboard with the incorrect BIOS file, then the system may not be able to boot correctly. This may cause the PC system hang in operation or during boot.
4. A flash ROM's life cycle is limited according to electronic characteristics. The modern PC utilizes the Plug and Play BIOS, and is updated regularly. If a user changes peripherals often, there is a slight chance of damage to the flash ROM.

   With Giga-Byte Technology's patented DualBIOS™ technology you can reduce the possibility of hangs during system boot up, and/or loss BIOS data due to above reasons.

   This new technology will eliminate valuable system down time and costly repair bills cause by BIOS failures.

III. Q: How does DualBIOS™ technology work?

Answer:

This new technology will eliminate valuable system down time and costly repair bills cause by BIOS failures.

1. DualBIOS™ technology provides a wide range of protection during the boot up procedure. It protects your BIOS during system POST, ESCD update, and even all the way to PNP detection/assignment.
2. DualBIOS™ provides automatic recovery for the BIOS. When the first BIOS used during boot up does not complete or if a BIOS checksum error occurs, boot-up is still possible. In the DualBIOS™ utility, the "Auto Recovery" option will guarantee that if either the main BIOS or backup BIOS is corrupted, the DualBIOS™ technology will use the good BIOS and correct the wrong BIOS automatically.
3. DualBIOS™ provides manual recovery for the BIOS. DualBIOS™ technology contains a built-in flash utility, which can flash your system BIOS from backup to main and/or visa versa. There is no need for an OS-dependent flash utility program.
4. DualBIOS™ contains a one-way flash utility. The built-in one-way flash utility will ensure that the corrupt BIOS is not mistaken as the good BIOS during recovery and that the correct BIOS (main vs. backup) will be flashed. This will prevent the good BIOS from being flashed.

IV. Q: Who Needs DualBIOS™ technology?

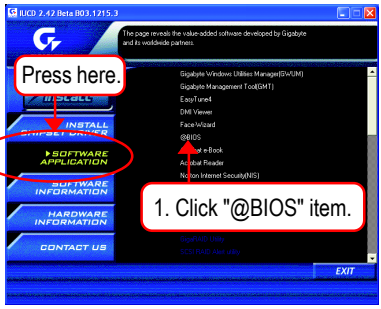
Answer:

This new technology will eliminate valuable system down time and costly repair bills cause by BIOS failures.

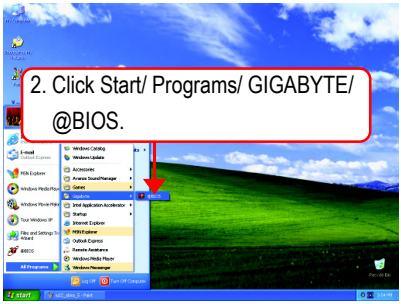
1. Every user should have DualBIOS™ technology due to the advancement of computer viruses. Everyday, there are new BIOS-type viruses discovered that will destroy your system BIOS. Most commercial products on the market do not have solutions to guard against this type of virus intrusion. The DualBIOS™ technology will provide a state-of-the-art solution to protect your PC:
   Case I.) Vicious computer viruses may wipe out your entire system BIOS. With a conventional single system BIOS PC, the PC will not be functional until it is sent for repairs.
   Case II.) If the "Auto Recovery" option is enabled in the DualBIOS™ utility, and if a virus corrupts your system BIOS, the backup BIOS will automatically reboot the system and correct the main BIOS.
   Case III.) A user may override booting from the main system BIOS. The DualBIOS™ utility may be entered to manually change the boot sequence to boot from the backup BIOS.
2. During or after a BIOS upgrade, if DualBIOS™ detects that the main BIOS is corrupt, the backup BIOS will take over the boot-up process automatically. Moreover, it will verify the main and backup BIOS checksums when booting-up. DualBIOS™ technology examines the checksum of the main and backup BIOS while the system is powered on to guarantee your BIOS operates properly.
3. Power Users will have the advantage of having two BIOS versions on their mainboard. The benefit is being able to select either version BIOS to suit the performance system needs.
4. Flexibility for high-end desktop PCs and workstation/servers. In the DualBIOS™ utility, the option can be set, "Halt On When BIOS Defects" to be enabled to halt your system with awarning message that the main BIOS has been corrupted. Most workstation/servers require constant operation to guarantee services have not been interrupted. In this situation, the "Halt On When BIOS Defects" message may be disabled to avoid system pauses during normal booting. Another advantage you gain from Giga-Byte's DualBIOS™ technology is the ability to upgrade from dual 2 Mbit BIOS to dual 4 Mbit BIOS in the future if extra BIOS storage is need.

Method 2 : @BIOS™ Utility

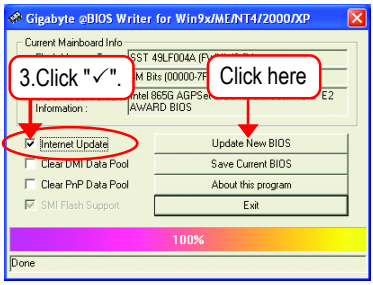
If you don't have DOS boot disk, we recommend that you used Gigabyte @BIOS™ program to flash BIOS.



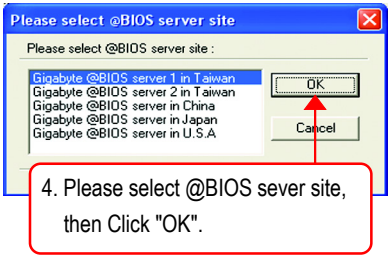
(1)



(2)



(3)



(4)

Methods and steps:

I. Update BIOS through Internet

a. Click "Internet Update" icon
b. Click "Update New BIOS" icon
c. Select @BIOS™ sever
d. Select the exact model name on your motherboard
e. System will automatically download and update the BIOS.

II. Update BIOS NOT through Internet:

a. Do not click "Internet Update" icon
b. Click "Update New BIOS"
c. Please select "All Files" in dialog box while opening the old file.
d. Please search for BIOS unzip file, downloading from internet or any other methods (such as: 8IG1000 ProG.E2).
e. Complete update process following the instruction.

III. Save BIOS

In the very beginning, there is "Save Current BIOS" icon shown in dialog box. It means to save the current BIOS version.

IV. Check out supported motherboard and Flash ROM:

In the very beginning, there is "About this program" icon shown in dialog box. It can help you check out which kind of motherboard and which brand of Flash ROM are supported.

Note:

a. In method I, if it shows two or more motherboard's model names to be selected, please make sure your motherboard's model name again. Selecting wrong model name will cause the system unbooted.
b. In method II, be sure that motherboard's model name in BIOS unzip file are the same as your motherboard's. Otherwise, your system won't boot.
c. In method I, if the BIOS file you need cannot be found in @BIOS™ server, please go onto Gigabyte's web site for downloading and updating it according to method II.
d. Please note that any interruption during updating will cause system unbooted.

2- / 4- / 6- / 8- Channel Audio Function Introduction

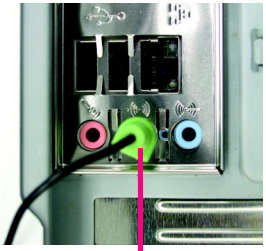
The installation of windows 98SE/2K/ME/XP is very simple. Please follow next step to install the function!

Stereo Speakers Connection and Settings:

We recommend that you use the speaker with amplifier to acquire the best sound effect if the stereo output is applied.

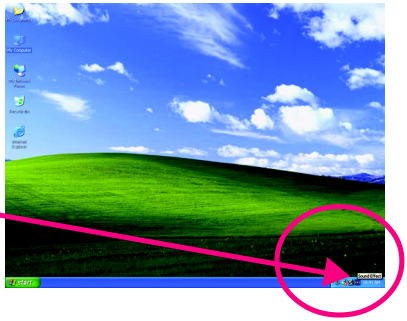
STEP 1:

Connect the stereo speakers or earphone to "Line Out".



STEP 2 :

Following installation of the audio driver, you find a icon a Sound Effect icon on the lower right hand taskbar. Click the icon to select the function.



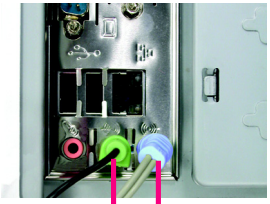
STEP 3:

Click "Speaker Configuration" then click on the left selection bar and select "2CH Speaker" to complete 2 channel audio configuration.

4 Channel Analog Audio Output Mode

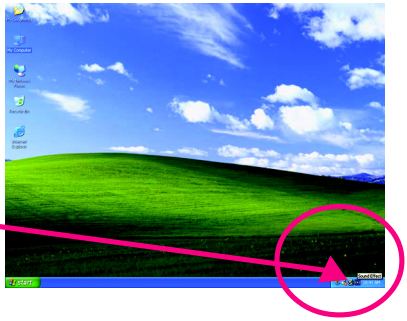
STEP 1 :

Connect the front channels to "Line Out", the rear channels to "Line In".



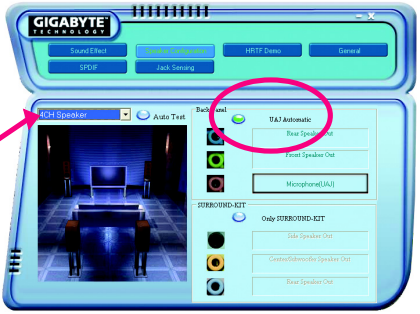
STEP 2 :

Following installation of the audio driver, you find a icon a Sound Effect icon on the lower right hand taskbar. Click the icon to select the function.



STEP 3 :

Click "Speaker Configuration" and select the "UAJ Function". Then click on the left selection bar and select "4CH Speaker" to complete 4 channel audio configuration.

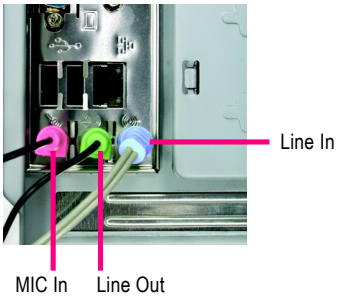


6 Channel Analog Audio Output Mode

Use the back audio panel to connect the audio output without any additional module.

STEP 1 :

Connect the front channels to "Line Out",the rear channels to "Line In", and the Center/Subwoofer channels to "MIC In".

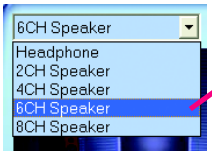


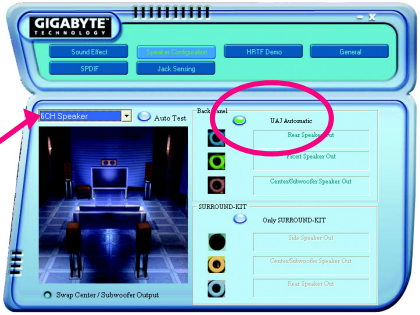
STEP 2 :

Following installation of the audio driver, you find a icon a Sound Effect icon on the lower right hand taskbar. Click the icon to select the function.

STEP 3 :

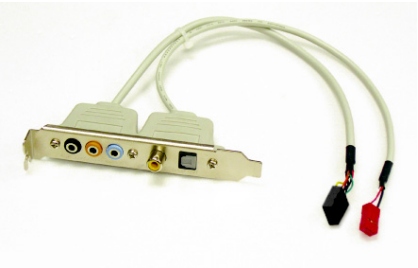
Click "Speaker Configuration" and select the "UAJ Function". Then click on the left selection bar and select "6CH Speaker" to complete 6 channel audio configuration.





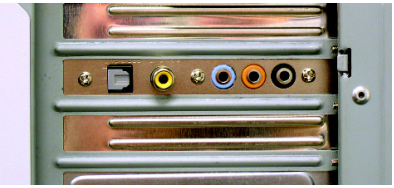
8 Channel Audio Setup (using Audio Combo Kit, Optional Device):

Audio Combo Kit offers SPDIF output, an optical and coaxial cable and a Surround-Kit. The Surround-Kit offers R/L surround, center/subwoofer output and rear surround.



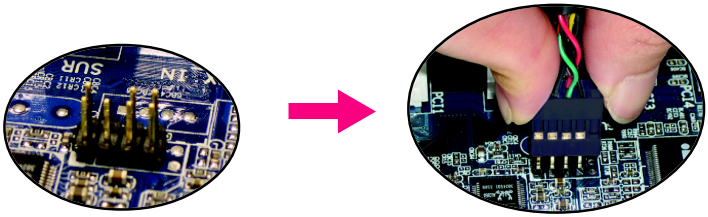
STEP 1 :

Secure the Audio Combo Kit at the panel on the back of the case.



STEP 2 :

Connect the Surround-Kit to the SUR_CEN connector located on the motherboard.

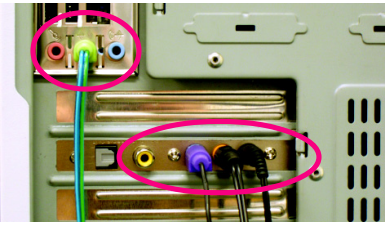


STEP 3 :

There are two methods of 8 channel audio configuration:

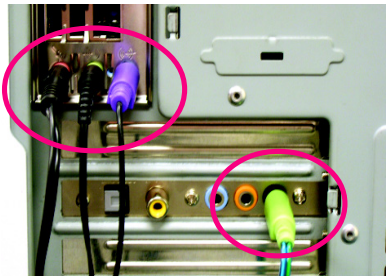
Method 1:

Connect the front channels to the "LINE OUT" port located on the audio panel and the rear channels to the Surround-Kit "REAR R/L" port. Connect the center/subwoofer channels to the Surround-Kit "SUB CENTER" and the R/L channels to the Surround-Kit "SUR BACK" port.



Method 2:

Connect the front channels to the "LINE OUT" port located on the audio panel and the rear channels to the "LINE IN" port. Connect the center/subwoofer channels to the "MIC IN" port located on the audio panel and the R/L channels to the Surround-Kit "SUR BACK" port. (This method requires UAJ function)

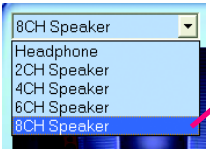


STEP 4 :

Following installation of the audio driver, you find a icon a Sound Effect icon on the lower right hand taskbar. Click the icon to select the function.

STEP 5 :

Click "Speaker Configuration" and select both the "UAJ Function" and "Only Surround-Kit". Then click on the left selection bar and select "8CH Speaker" to complete 8 channel audio configuration.

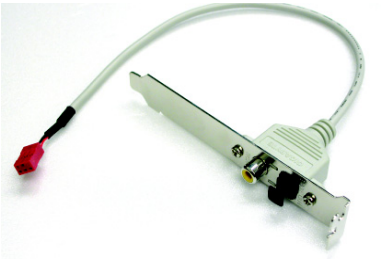


Sound Effect Configuration:

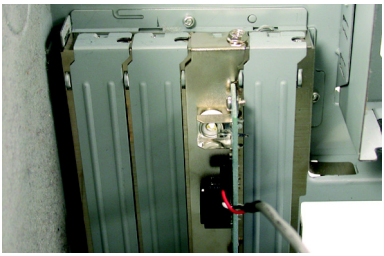
At the sound effect menu, users can adjust sound option settings as desired.

SPDIF Output Device (Optional Device)

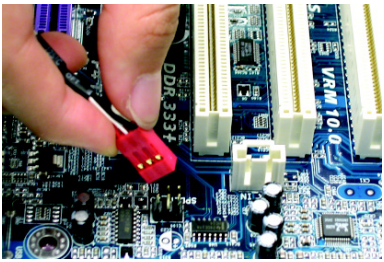
A "SPDIF output" device is available on the motherboard. Cable with rear bracket is provided and could link to the "SPDIF output" connector (As picture.) For the further linkage to decoder, rear bracket provides coaxial cable and Fiber connecting port.



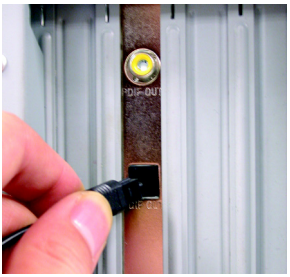
1. Connect the SPDIF output device to the rear bracket of PC, and fix it with screw.



2. Connect SPDIF device to the motherboard.



3. Connect SPDIF to the SPDIF decoder.



Jack-Sensing(UAJ) Introduction

Jack-Sensing provides audio connectors error-detection function.

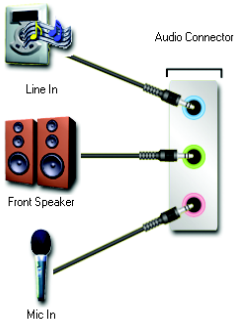
CAUTION

Install Microsoft DirectX8.1 or later version before to enable Jack-Sensing support for Windows 98/ 98SE/2000/ME.

Jack-Sensing includes 2 parts: AUTO and MANUAL. Following is an example for 2 channels (Windows XP):

Introduction of audio connectors

You may connect CDROM, Walkman or others audio input devices to Line In jack, speakers, earphone or others output devices to Line Out jack, and micro-phone to MIC In jack.



Auto-detecting:

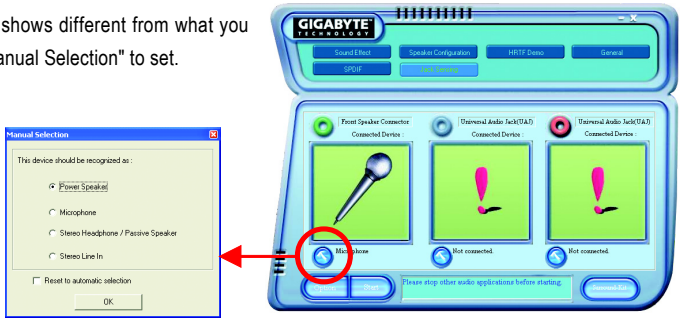
Please connect the devices to the right jacks as above. A window will appear as right picture if you setup the devices properly.

Please note that 3D audio function will only appear when 3D audio inputs.

If you set wrong with the connectors, the warning message will come out as right picture.

Manual setting:

If the device picture shows different from what you set, please press "Manual Selection" to set.

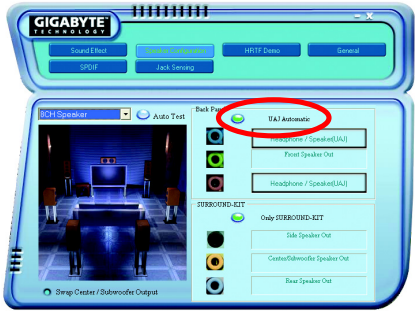


UAJ Introduction

UAJ (Universal Audio Jack) has a very smart feature: It will switch signal automatically when user plugs his audio device to the wrong jack (Line-in/ Line-out). That means users do not need to worry the audio device should be plug in Line-in or Line-out jack, the device will work perfectly after UAJ is activated.

Enable UAJ function:

You can click "UAJ Automatic" button to enable UAJ function.



Xpress Recovery2 Introduction

Xpress Recovery2 is designed to provide quick backup and restoration of hard disk data. Supporting Microsoft operating systems including Windows XP/2000/NT/98/Me and DOS, and file systems including FAT16, FAT32, and NTFS, Xpress Recovery2 is able to back up data on hard disks on PATA and SATA IDE controllers. After Xpress Recovery2 is executed from CD-ROM for the first time, it will stay permanent in your hard disk. If you wish to run Xpress Recovery2 later, you can simply press F9 during system bootup to enter Xpress Recovery2 without the CD-ROM.

System requirements:

1. Intel x86 platforms
2. At least 64M bytes of system memory
3. VESA-supported VGA cards

How to use the Xpress Recovery2

Initial access by booting from CD-ROM and subsequent access by pressing the F9 key:

Steps: After entering BIOS Setup, go to **Advanced BIOS Feature** and set to boot from CD-ROM. Save the settings and exit the BIOS Setup. Insert the provided driver CD into your CD-ROM drive. Upon system restart, the message which says "Boot from CD/DVD:" will appear in the bottom left corner of the screen. Press any key to enter Xpress Recovery2.

After the steps above are completed, subsequent access to Xpress Recovery2 can be made by simply pressing the <F9> key during system power-on.

NOTE

1. If you have already entered Xpress Recovery2 by booting from the CD-ROM, you can enter Xpress Recovery2 by pressing the <F9> key in the future.
2. System storage capacity and the reading/writing speed of the hard disk will affect the data backup speed.
3. It is recommended that Xpress Recovery2 be immediately installed once you complete installations of OS and all required drivers as well as software.

The Main Screen of Xpress Recovery2

1. RESTORE:

Restore the backed-up data to your hard disk. (This button will not appear if there is no backup file.)

2. BACKUP:

Back up data from hard disk.

3. REMOVE:

Remove previously-created backup files to release disk space. (This button will not appear if there is no backup file.)

4. REBOOT:

Limitations:

1. Not compatible to Xpress Recovery.
2. For the use of Xpress Recovery2, a primary partition must be reserved.
3. Xpress Recovery2 will store the backup file at the end of the hard disk, so free space available on the hard disk for the backup file must be allocated in advance. (A minimum 4GB is recommended but the actual space is dependent on the size of the data to be backed up)
4. Capable of backing up hard disks installed with Windows operating systems including DOS and Windows XP/2000/NT/9x/Me.
5. USB hard disks are currently not supported.
6. Does not support RAID/AHCI (class code 0104/0106) hard disks.
7. Capable of backing up and restoring only the first physical hard disk.

Hard disks detection sequence is as follows:

a. PATA IDE primary channel
b. PATA IDE secondary channel
c. SATA IDE channel 1
d. SATA IDE channel 2
e. SATA IDE channel 3
f. SATA IDE channel 4

Precautions:

1. When using hard disks with more than 128G under Windows 2000, be sure to execute the EnableBigLba.*exe* program from the driver CD before data backup.
2. It is normal that data backup takes longer time than data restoration.
3. Xpress Recovery2 is compliant with the GPL regulations.
4. On a few motherboards based on Nvidia chipsets, BIOS update is required for Xpress Recovery2 to correctly identify RAID and SATA IDE mode. Please contact your motherboard manufacturer.
5. Xpress Recovery2 supports only PATA hard disks and not SATA hard disks on the following motherboards (As this is a BIOS-related issue, it can be solved by BIOS update)

GA-K8U	GA-K8NXP-9	GA-8N-SLI Royal
GA-K8U-9	GA-K8N Ultra-9	GA-8N-SLI Pro
GA-K8NXP-SLI	GA-K8NF-9 (PCB Ver. 1.0)	GA-8N-SLI
GA-K8N Ultra-SLI	GA-K8NE (PCB Ver. 1.0)	
GA-K8N Pro-SLI	GA-K8NMF-9	

Chapter 5 Appendix

Install Drivers

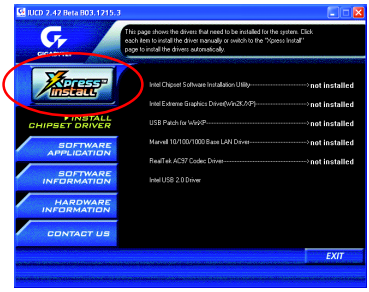
NOTE

Pictures below are shown in Windows XP

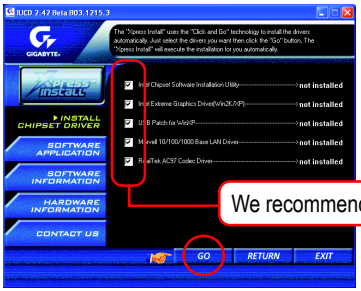
Insert the driver CD-title that came with your motherboard into your CD-ROM drive, the driver CD-title will auto start and show the installation guide. If not, please double click the CD-ROM device icon in "My computer", and execute the setup.exe.

INSTALL CHIPSET DRIVER

This page shows the drivers that need to be installed for the system. Click each item to install the driver manually or switch to the Xpress Install to install the drivers automatically.

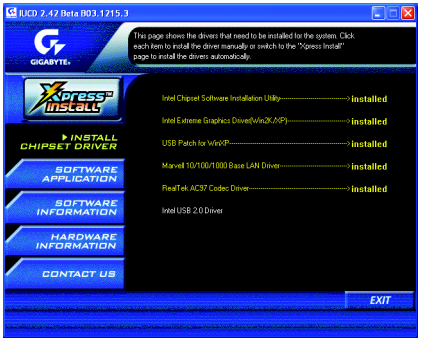


The "Xpress Install" uses the"Click and Go" technology to install the drivers automatically. Just select the drivers you want then click the "GO" button. The Xpress Install will finish the installation for you automatically.



NOTE

Massage: Some device drivers will restart your system automatically. After restarting your system the "Xpress Install" will continue to install other drivers.



NOTE

Driver installation finished !

You have to reboot system !

Item Description

- Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility

  Tell the operating system how the chipset components will be configured.
- Intel Extreme Graphics Driver(Win2K/XP)

  For Intel® 845G/GL/GE/GV/865G chipsets.
- USB Patch for WinXP

  This patch driver can help you to resolve the USB device wake up S3 hang up issue in XP.
- Marvell 10/100/1000 Base LAN Driver (*◆)

  For Marvell 10/100/1000 LAN chip use.
- RealTek AC97 Codec Driver

  For Intel® ICH/ICH2/ICH4/ICH5/ICH5R AC97 audio
- Intel USB 2.0 Driver

  It is recommended that you use the Microsoft Windows update for the most updated driver for XP/2K

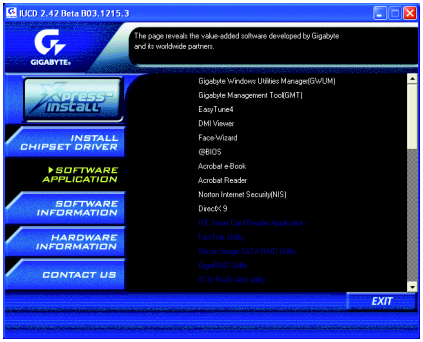
For USB2.0 driver support under Windows XP operating system, please use Windows Service Pack. After install Windows Service Pack, it will show a question mark "?" in "Universal Serial Bus controller" under "Device Manager". Please remove the question mark and restart the system (System will auto-detect the right USB2.0 driver).

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.

(◆) For GA-8IG1000-G only.

SOFTWARE APPLICATION

This page reveals the value-added software developed by Gigabyte and its worldwide partners.



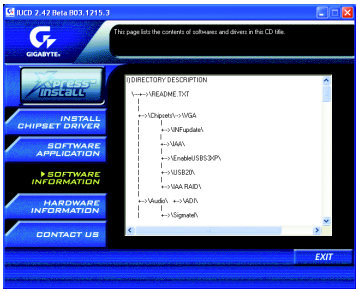
(Please pull down the slider to select the items you need.)

- Gigabyte Windows Utilities Manager (GWUM)
  This utility can integrate the Gigabyte's applications in the system tray
- Gigabyte Management Tool (GMT)
  A useful tool which can manage the computer via the network
- EasyTune 4
  Powerful utility that integrates the overclocking and hardware monitoring functions
- DMI Viewer
  Windows based utility which is used to browse the DMI/SMBIOS information of the system
- Face-Wizard
  New utility for adding BIOS logo
- @BIOS
  Gigabyte windows flash BIOS utility
- Acrobat e-Book
  Useful utility from Adobe
- Acrobat Reader
  Popular utility from Adobe for reading .PDF file format documents
- Norton Internet Security (NIS)
  Integrated utility which includes anti-virus, ads, etc.
- DirectX 9.0
  Install Microsoft DirectX 9 to enable 3D hardware acceleration that support for operating system to achieve better 3D performence.
- Marvell VCT Utility (*◆)
  Utility for Marvell chips. [VCT(Virtual Cable Tester) Technology for Gigabit Networks]

(*) For GA-8IG1000 Pro-G only.
(◆) For GA-8IG1000-G only.

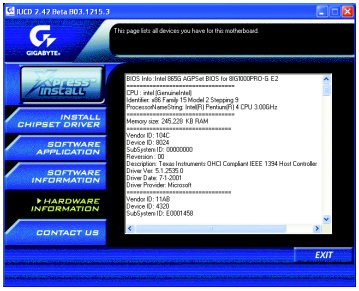
SOFTWARE INFORMATION

This page list the contects of softwares and drivers in this CD title.



HARDWARE INFORMATION

This page lists all device you have for this motherboard.



CONTACT US

Please see the last page for details.

FAQ

Below is a collection of general asked questions. To check general asked questions based on a specific motherboard model, please log on to http://www.gigabyte.com.tw

Question 1: I cannot see some options that were included in previous BIOS after updating BIOS. Why?
Answer: Some advanced options are hidden in new BIOS version. Please press Ctrl and F1 keys after entering BIOS menu and you will be able to see these options.

Questions 2: Why is the light of my keyboard/optical mouse still on after computer shuts down?
Answer: In some boards, a small amount of electricity is kept on standby after computer shuts down and that's why the light is still on.

Question 3: How do I clear CMOS?
Answer: If your board has a Clear CMOS jumper, please refer to the Clear CMOS steps in the manual. If your board doesn't have such jumper, you can take off the on-board battery to leak voltage to clear CMOS. Please refer to the steps below:

Steps:

1. Turn off power.
2. Disconnect the power cord from MB.
3. Take out the battery gently and put it aside for about 10 minutes (Or you can use a metal object to connect the positive and negative pins in the battery holder to makethem short for one minute).
4. Re-insert the battery to the battery holder.
5. Connect power cord to MB again and turn on power.
6. Press Del to enter BIOS and load Fail-Safe Defaults(or load Optimized Defaults).
7. Save changes and reboot the system.

Question 4: Why do I still get a weak sound after turning up the speaker to the maximum volume?
Answer: Please make sure the speaker you are using is equipped with an internal amplifier. If not, please change another speaker with power/amplifier and try again later.

Question 5: Sometimes I hear different continuous beeps from computer after system boots up. What do these beeps usually stand for?
Answer: The beep codes below may help you identify the possible computer problems. However, they are only for reference purposes. The situations might differ from case to case.

→AMI BIOS Beep Codes

*Computer gives 1 short beep when system boots successfully.
*Except for beep code 8, these codes are always fatal.

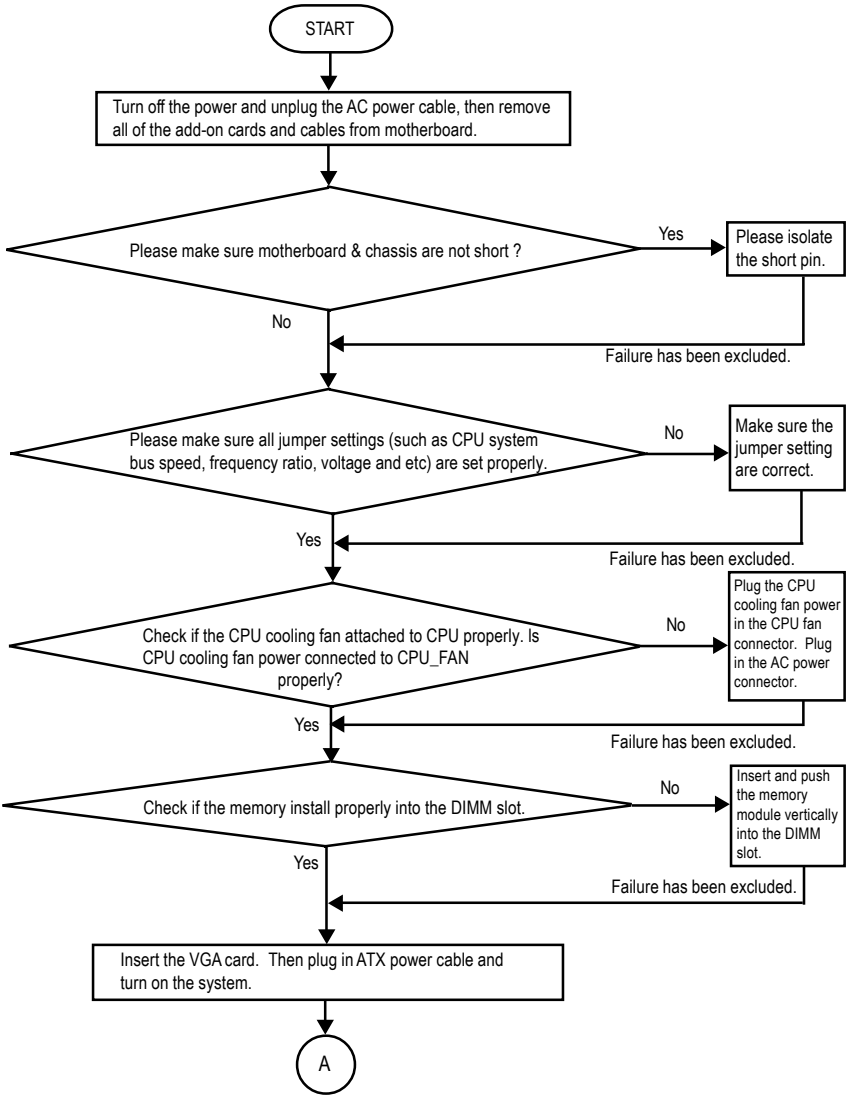
1 beep Refresh failure
2 beeps Parity error
3 beeps Base 64K memory failure
4 beeps Timer not operational
5 beeps Processor error
6 beeps 8042 - gate A20 failure
7 beeps Processor exception interrupt error
8 beeps Display memory read/write failure
9 beeps ROM checksum error
10 beeps CMOS shutdown register read/write error
11 beeps Cache memory bad

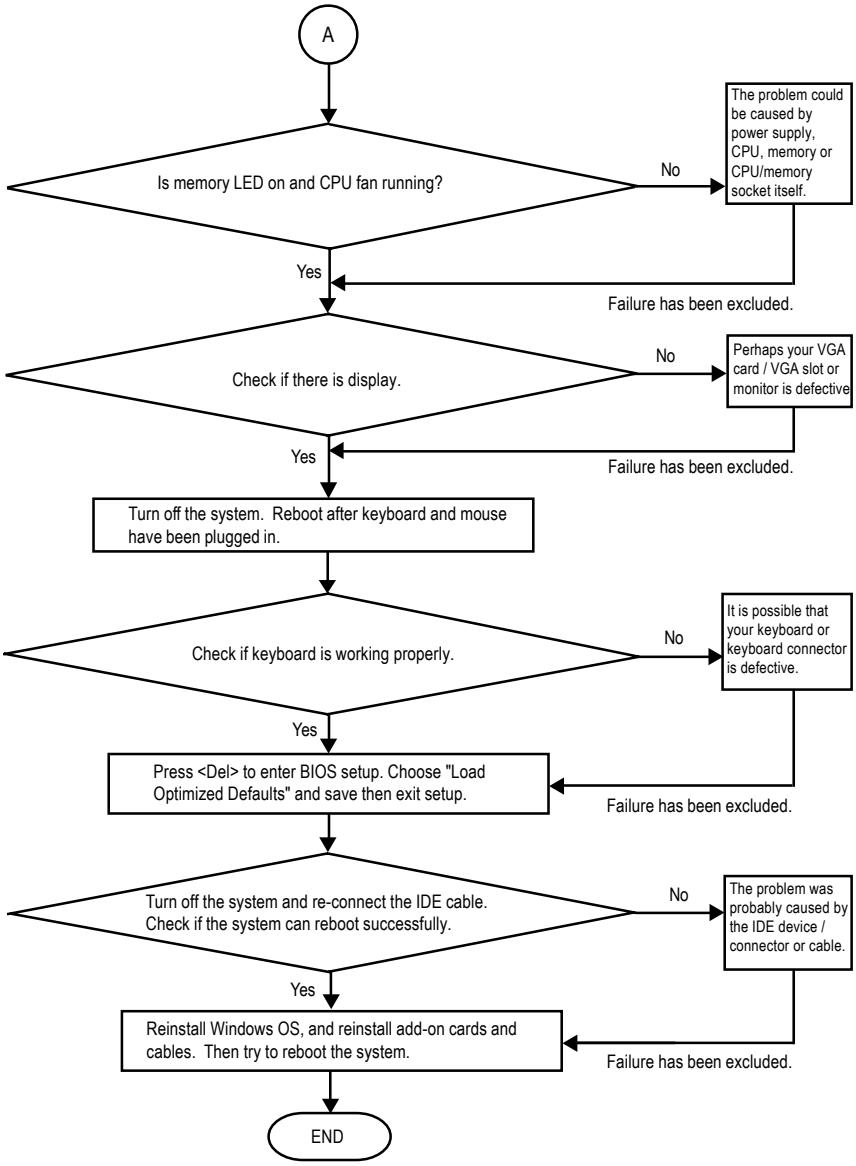
→ AWARD BIOS Beep Codes

1 short: System boots successfully
2 short: CMOS setting error
1 long 1 short: DRAM or M/B error
1 long 2 short: Monitor or display card error
1 long 3 short: Keyboard error
1 long 9 short: BIOS ROM error
Continuous long beeps: DRAM error
Continuous short beeps: Power error

Troubleshooting

If you encounter any trouble during boot up, please follow the troubleshooting procedures.





If the above procedure unable to solve your problem, please contact with your local retailer or national distributor for help. Or, you could submit your question to the service mail via Gigabyte website technical support zone (http://www.gigabyte.com.tw). The appropriate response will be provided ASAP.

Technical Support/RMA Sheet

Customer/Country:	Company:	Phone No.:
Contact Person:	E-mail Add. :	

Model name/Lot Number:	PCB revision:
BIOS version:	O.S./A.S.:

Hardware Configuration	Mfs.	Model name	Size:	Driver/Utility:
CPU				
Memory Brand				
Video Card				
Audio Card				
HDD				
CD-ROM / DVD-ROM				
Modem				
Network				
AMR / CNR				
Keyboard				
Mouse				
Power supply				
Other Device				

Problem Description:

Acronyms

Acronyms	Meaning
ACPI	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface
APM	Advanced Power Management
AGP	Accelerated Graphics Port
AMR	Audio Modem Riser
ACR	Advanced Communications Riser
BIOS	Basic Input / Output System
CPU	Central Processing Unit
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
CRIMM	Continuity RIMM
CNR	Communication and Networking Riser
DMA	Direct Memory Access
DMI	Desktop Management Interface
DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Module
DRM	Dual Retention Mechanism
DRAM	Dynamic Random Access Memory
DDR	Double Data Rate
ECP	Extended Capabilities Port
ESCD	Extended System Configuration Data
ECC	Error Checking and Correcting
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EPP	Enhanced Parallel Port
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
FDD	Floppy Disk Device
FSB	Front Side Bus
HDD	Hard Disk Device
IDE	Integrated Dual Channel Enhanced
IRQ	Interrupt Request

to be continued.....

Acronyms	Meaning
IOAPIC	Input Output Advanced Programmable Input Controller
ISA	Industry Standard Architecture
LAN	Local Area Network
I/O	Input / Output
LBA	Logical Block Addressing
LED	Light Emitting Diode
MHz	Megahertz
MIDI	Musical Instrument Digital Interface
MTH	Memory Translator Hub
MPT	Memory Protocol Translator
NIC	Network Interface Card
OS	Operating System
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
PAC	PCI A.G.P. Controller
POST	Power-On Self Test
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect
RIMM	Rambus in-line Memory Module
SCI	Special Circumstance Instructions
SECC	Single Edge Contact Cartridge
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory

Contact Us

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- **U.S.A.**

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- **Germany**

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WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.de

- **Japan**

NIPPON GIGA-BYTE CORPORATION
WEB address : http://www.gigabyte.co.jp

- **Singapore**

GIGA-BYTE SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.
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- **U.K.**

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WEB address : http://uk.giga-byte.com

- **The Netherlands**

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- **China**

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- **France**

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- **Russia**

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- **Poland**

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- **Romania**

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