

When you installing AGP card, please make sure the following notice is fully understood and practiced. If your AGP card has "AGP 4X notch"(show below), please make sure your AGP card is AGP 4X (1.5V).



Caution: AGP 2X card is not supported by Intel® 845(GE/PE) / 845(E/G) / 850(E). You might experience system unable to boot up normally. Please insert an AGP 4X card.



Example 1: Diamond Vipper V770 golden finger is compatible with 2X/4X mode AGP slot. It can be switched between AGP 2X(3.3V) or 4X(1.5V) mode by adjusting the jumper. The factory default for this card is 2X(3.3V). The GA-8GE800 Pro (or any AGP 4X only) motherboards might not function properly, if you install this card without switching the jumper to 4X(1.5) mode in it.

Example 2: Some ATi Rage 128 Pro graphics cards made by "Power Color", the graphics card manufacturer & some SiS 305 cards, their golden finger is compatible with 2X(3.3V)/4X(1.5V) mode AGP slot, but they support 2X(3.3V) only. The GA-8GE800 Pro (or any AGP 4X only) motherboards might not function properly, If you install this card in it.

Note: Although Gigabyte's AG32S(G) graphics card is based on ATi Rage 128 Pro chip, the design of AG32S(G) is compliance with AGP 4X(1.5V) specification. Therefore, AG32S (G)will work fine with Intel® 845(GE/PE) /845(E/G) / 850(E) based motherboards.



Before you install PCI cards, please remove the Dual BIOS label from PCI slots if there is one.



- The author assumes no responsibility for any errors or omissions that may appear in this document nor does the author make a commitment to update the information contained herein.
- Third-party brands and names are the property of their respective owners.
- Please do not remove any labels on motherboard, this may void the warranty of this motherboard.
- Due to rapid change in technology, some of the specifications might be out of date before publication of this booklet.



WARNING: Never run the processor without the heatsink properly and firmly attached.

PERMANENT DAMAGE WILL RESULT!

Mise en garde: Ne faites jamais tourner le processeur sans que le dissipateur de chaleur soit fix correctement et fermement. UN DOMMAGE PERMANENT EN RÉSULTERA!

Achtung: Der Prozessor darf nur in Betrieb genommen werden, wenn der W rmeableiter ordnungsgem ß und fest angebracht ist. DIES HAT EINEN PERMANENTEN SCHADEN ZUR FOLGE!

Advertencia: Nunca haga funcionar el procesador sin el disipador de calor instalado correcta y firmemente. ¡SE PRODUCIRÁ UN DAÑO PERMANENTE!

Aviso: Nunca execute o processador sem o dissipador de calor estar adequado e firmemente conectado. O RESULTADO SERÁ UM DANO PERMANENTE!

警告: 将散热板牢固地安装到处理器上之前,不要运行处理器。过热将永远损坏处理器!

警告: 將散熱器牢固地安裝到處理器上之前,不要運行處理器。過熱將永遠損壞處理器!

경고: 히트싱크를 제대로 또 단단히 부착시키지 않은 제 프로세서를 구동시키지 마십시오. 영구적 고장이 발생합니다!

警告: 永久的な損傷を防ぐため、ヒートシンクを正しくしっかりと取り付けるまでは、プロセッサを動作させないようにしてください。

Declaration of Conformity

We, Manufacturer/Importer (full address)

G.B.T. Technology Träding GMbH Ausschlager Weg 41, 1F, 20537 Hamburg, Germany

declare that the product

(description of the apparatus, system, installation to which it refers)

Mother Board

GA-8GE800 Pro is in conformity with

(reference to the specification under which conformity is declared)

in accordance with 89/336 EEC-EMC Directive

	(Stamp)	Date: January 24, 2003	Name:	Timmy Huang
			Signature:	Timmy Huang
		Manufacturer/Importer		
□ EN 60335	Safety of household and similar electrical appliances	□ EN 50091-1	General and Safety requir uninterruptible power syst	
□ EN 60065	Safety requirements for mains operated electronic and related apparatus for household and similar general use	□ EN 60950	Safety for information tech including electrical bussin	
		es the conformity of above mention standards in accordance with LV	•	
☑ CE marking		CE _{(EC conforming}	ty marking)	
☐ part 12	sound and television signals			
☐ DIN VDE 0855 ☐ part 10	Cabled distribution systems; Equipment for receiving and/or distribution from	□ EN50091-2	EMC requirements for un power systems (UPS)	ninterruptible
⊠ EN 55022	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of information technology equipment	□ ENV 55104	Immunity requirements f appliances tools and sin	
	broadcast receivers and associated equipment		Industrial environment	
□ EN 55020	Immunity from radio interference of	□ EN 55082-2	Generic emission standa	ard Part 2:
	of radio disturbance characteristics of fluorescent lamps and luminaries		Industrial environment	
□ EN 55015	Limits and methods of measurement	□ EN 55081-2	Generic emission stand	-
	household electrical appliances, portable tools and similar electrical apparatus	⊠ EN 50082-1	Generic immunity stand Residual commercial an	
□ EN 55014	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of	⊠ EN 50081-1	Generic emission standa Residual commercial an	
□ EN 55013	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of broadcast receivers and associated equipment	☐ EN 61000-3-3* ☑ EN 60555-3	Disturbances in supply s by household appliance electrical equipment "Vo	s and similar
□ EN 55011	Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM high frequency equipment	☐ EN 61000-3-2* ☑ EN 60555-2	Disturbances in supply s by household appliance electrical equipment "Ha	s and similar

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Per FCC Part 2 Section 2.1077(a)



Responsible Party Name: G.B.T. INC. (U.S.A.)

Address: 17358 Railroad Street

City of Industry, CA 91748

Phone/Fax No: (818) 854-9338/ (818) 854-9339

hereby declares that the product

Product Name: Motherboard Model Number: GA-8GE800 Pro

Conforms to the following specifications:

FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Section 15.107(a) and Section 15.109 (a), Class B Digital Device

Supplementary Information:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful and (2) this device must accept any inference received, including that may cause undesired operation.

Representative Person's Name: ERIC LU

Signature: <u>Eric Lu</u>

Date: <u>January 24, 2003</u>

GA-8GE800 Pro P4 Titan Motherboard

USER'S MANUAL

Pentium®4 Processor Motherboard Rev. 1101 12ME-8GE800P-1101

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Item Checklist

- ☑ The GA-8GE800 Pro motherboard
- ☑ IDE cable x 1/ Floppy cable x 1
- ☑ CD for motherboard driver & utility
- ☑ GA-8GE800 Pro user's manual
- ☑ I/O Shield
- ☑ Quick PC Installation Guide
- □ RAID Manual

- ☐ 2 PortUSB Cable x 1
- ☑ 2 PortUSB Cable x 2
- ☑ SPDIF-KIT x 1 (SPDIF Out KIT)
- ☑ IEEE 1394 Cable x1
- ☐ Audio Combo Kit x 1

(SURROUND-Kit + SPDIF Out KIT)

☑ Motherboard Settings Label



Computer motherboards and expansion cards contain very delicate Integrated Circuit (IC) chips. To protect them against damage from static electricity, you should follow some precautions whenever you work on your computer.

- 1. Unplug your computer when working on the inside.
- Use a grounded wrist strap before handling computer components. If you do not have one, touch both of your hands to a safely grounded object or to a metal object, such as the power supply case.
- Hold components by the edges and try nottouch the IC chips, leads or connectors, or other components.
- Place components on a grounded antistatic pad or on the bag that came with the components whenever the components are separated from the system.
- Ensure that the ATX power supply is switched off before you plug in or remove the ATX ower connector on the motherboard.

Installing the motherboard to the chassis...

If the motherboard has mounting holes, but they don't line up with the holes on the base and there are no slots to attach the spacers, do not become alarmed you can still attach the spacers to the mounting holes. Just cut the bottom portion of the spacers (the spacer may be a little hard to cut off, so be careful of your hands). In this way you can still attach the motherboard to the base without worrying about short circuits. Sometimes you may need to use the plastic springs to isolate the screw from the motherboard PCB surface, because the circuit wire may be near by the hole. Be careful, don't let the screw contact any printed circuit write or parts on the PCB that are near the fixing hole, otherwise it may damage the board or cause board malfunctioning.

Chapter 1 Introduction

Features Summary

Form Factor	30.5cm x 24.4cm ATX size form factor, 4 layers PCB.
CPU	 Socket 478 for Intel® Micro FC-PGA2 Pentium® 4 processor
	 Support Intel ® Pentium ® 4 (Northwood, 0.13μm) processor
	 Support Intel ® Pentium ® 4 Processor with HT Technology
	 Intel Pentium®4 400/533MHz FSB
	 2nd cache depends on CPU
Chipset	Chipset Intel 845GE HOST/AGP/Controller
	 ICH4 I/O Controller Hub
Memory	3 184-pin DDR DIMM sockets
	 Supports DDR333/DDR266 DIMM
	 Supports up to 2GB DRAM (Max)
	 Supports only 2.5V DDR DIMM
VO Control	■ IT8712
Slots	1 AGP slot 4X (1.5V) device support
	 5 PCI slot supports 33MHz & PCI 2.2 compliant
On-Board IDE	2 IDE bus master (UDMA33/ATA66/ATA100) IDE ports
	for up to 4 ATAPI devices
	 Supports PIO mode 3,4 (UDMA 33/ATA66/ATA100) IDE
	& ATAPICD-ROM
On-Board Peripherals	 1 Floppy port supports 2 FDD with 360K, 720K,1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M bytes.
	 1 Parallel port supports Normal/EPP/ECP mode
	 1 Serial port (COMA), 1 VGA port, COMB on Board
	 6 USB 2.0/1.1 ports (2 x Rear, 4 xFront by cable)
	 1 Front Audio Connector
	 1 IrDA connector for IR/CIR
Hardware Monitor	CPU/Power/System Fan Revolution detect
	 CPU/Power/System Fan Fail Warning
	CPU Overheat Warning
	System Voltage Detect

to be continued.....

● Due to (Intel 845PE/GE/GV) chipset architecture limitation, DDR 333 memory module is only supported when using FSB 533 Pentium 4 processor. AFSB 400 Pentium 4 processor will only support DDR 266 memory module

On-Board Sound	Realtek ALC650 CODEC
	 Line Out/2 front speaker
	 Line In / 2 rear speaker(by s/w switch)
	 Mic In / center& subwoofer(by s/w switch)
	SPDIF Out/SPDIF In
	 CD In/ AUX_IN/ Game Port
On-Board LAN	Build in Kinnereth-R Chipset
On-Board SCR	 IT8712 I/O Chipset(Smart Card Reader)
On-Board IEEE1394	• VT6306
PS/2 Connector	 PS/2 Keyboard interface and PS/2 Mouse interface
BIOS	 Licensed AWARD BIOS, 3M bit Flash ROM
	 Supports Dual BIOS/Q-Flash
	Supports Multi Language
	Supports Face Wizard
Additional Features	PS/2 Keyboard power on by password
	 PS/2 Mouse power on
	 STR(Suspend-To-RAM)
	AC Recovery
	 USB KB/Mouse wake up from S3
	Supports EasyTune 4
	Supports @BIOS
Overclocking	 Over Voltage (DDR/AGP/CPU) by BIOS
	 Over Clock (DDR/AGP/CPU) by BIOS



"*" HT functionality requirement content:

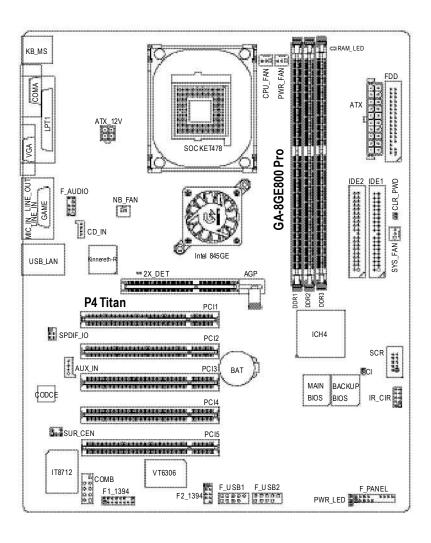
Enabling the functionality of Hyper-Threading Technology for your computer system requires all of the following platform components:

- CPU: An Intel® Pentium 4 Processor with HT Technology
- Chipset An Intel® Chipset that supports HT Technology
- BIOS: A BIOS that supports HT Technology and has it enabled
- OS: An operation system that has optimizations for HT Technology

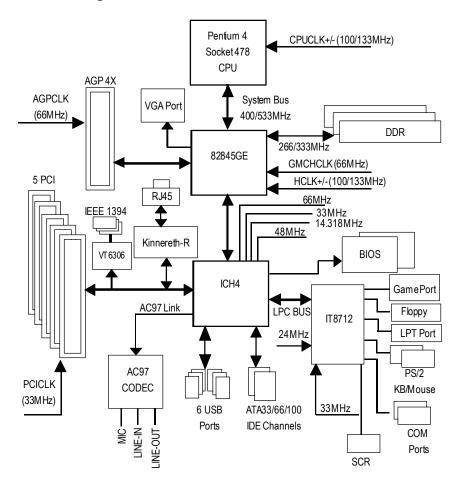


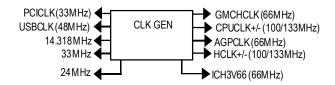
Please set the CPU host frequency in accordance with your processor's specifications. We don't recommend you to set the system bus frequency over the CPU's specification because these specific bus frequencies are not the standard specifications for CPU, chipset and most of the peripherals. Whether your system can run under these specific bus frequencies properly will depend on your hardware configurations, including CPU, Chipsets,SDRAM,Cards....etc.

GA-8GE800 Pro Motherboard Layout



Block Diagram

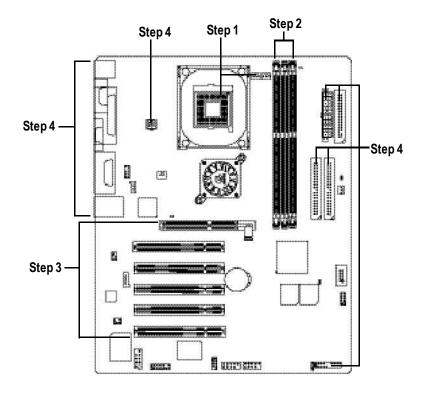




Chapter 2 Hardware Installation Process

To set up your computer, you must complete the following steps:

- Step 1- Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU)
- Step 2- Install memory modules
- Step 3- Install expansion cards
- Step 4- Connect ribbon cables, cabinet wires, and power supply



Congratulations you have accomplished the hardware installation! Turn on the power supply or connect the power cable to the power outlet. Continue with the BIOS/software installation.

Step 1: Install the Central Processing Unit (CPU)

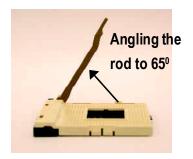
Before installing the processor, adhere to the following warning:



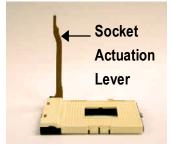
If you do not match the CPU socket Pin 1 and CPU cut edge well, it will cause improper installation. Please change the insert orientation.

Please make sure the CPU type is supported by the motherboard.

Step 1-1: CPU Installation



 Angling the rod to 65-degree maybe feel a kind oftight, and then continue pull the rod to 90-degree when a noise "cough" made.



2. Pull the rod to the 90-degree directly.



3. CPU Top View



 Locate Pin 1 in the socket and look for a (golden) cut edge on the CPU upper corner. Then insert the CPU into the socket.

Step 1-2: CPU Heat Sink Installation



Before installing the CPU Heat Sink, adhere to the following warning:

1.Please use Intel approved cooling fan.

2.We recommend you to apply the thermal tape to provide better heat conduction between your CPU and heatsink.

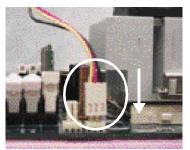
(The CPU cooling fan might stick to the CPU due to the hardening of the thermal paste. During this condition if you try to remove the cooling fan, you might pull the processor out of the CPU socket alone with the cooling fan, and might damage the processor. To avoid this from happening, we suggest you to either use thermal tape instead of thermal paste, or remove the cooling fan with extreme caution.)

3.Make sure the CPU fan power cable is plugged in to the CPU fan connector, this completes the installation.

Please refer to CPU heat sink user's manual for more detail installation procedure.



 Fasten the heatsink supporting-base onto the CPU socket on the mainboard.



Make sure the CPU fan is plugged to the CPU fan connector, than install complete.

Step 2: Install memory modules

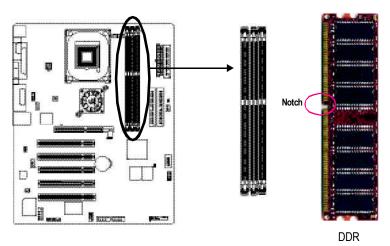


Before installing the processor and heatsink, adhere to the following warning:

When RAM LED is ON, do not install/remove DIMM from socket.

Please note that the DIMM module can only fit in one direction due to the one notches. Wrong orientation will cause improper installation. Please change the insert orientation.

The motherboard has 3 dual inline memory module (DIMM) sockets. The BIOS will automatically detects memory type and size. To install the memory module, just push it vertically into the DIMM socket. The DIMM module can only fit in one direction due to the notch. Memory size can vary between sockets.



Support Unbuffered DDR DIMM Sizes type:

64 Mbit (2Mx8x4 banks)	64 Mbit (1Mx16x4 banks)	128 Mbit(4Mx8x4 banks)
128 Mbit(2Mx16x4 banks)	256 Mbit(8Mx8x4 banks)	256 Mbit(4Mx16x4 banks)
512 Mbit(16Mx8x4 banks)	512 Mbit(8Mx16x4 banks)	
Total System Memory (Max2GB)		

DDR1	DDR2	DDR3
S	S	S
D	S	S
D	D	X
D	X	D
S	D	Х
S	Х	D

D:Double Sided DIMM S:Single Sided DIMM X:Not Use

 The DIMM slot has a notch, so the DIMM memory module can only fit in one direction.



Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM slot. Then push it down.



 Close the plastic clip at both edges of the DIMM slots to lock the DIMM module.
 Reverse the installation steps when you wish to remove the DIMM module.



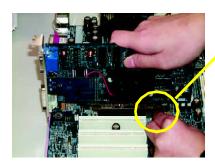
DDR Introduction

Established on the existing SDRAM industry infrastructure, DDR (Double Data Rate) memory is a high performance and cost-effective solution that allows easy adoption for memory vendors, OEMs and system integrators.

DDR memory is a sensible evolutionary solution for the PC industry that builds on the existing SDRAM infrastructure, yet makes awe some advances in solving the system performance bottleneck by doubling the memory bandwidth. DDR SDRAM will offer a superior solution and migration path from existing SDRAM designs due to its availability, pricing and overall market support. PC2100 DDR memory (DDR266) doubles the data rate through reading and writing at both the rising and falling edge of the clock, achieving data bandwidth 2X greater than PC133 when running with the same DRAM clock frequency. With peak bandwidth of 2.664GB per second, DDR memory enables system OEMs to build high performance and low latency DRAM subsystems that are suitable for servers, workstations, high-end PC's and value desktop SMA systems. With a core voltage of only 2.5 Volts compared to conventional SDRAM's 3.3 volts, DDR memory is a compelling solution for small form factor desktops and notebook applications.

Step 3: Install expansion cards

- Read the related expansion card's instruction document before install the expansion card into the computer.
- 2. Remove your computer's chassis cover, necessary screws and slot bracket from the computer.
- 3. Press the expansion card firmly into expansion slotin motherboard.
- 4. Be sure the metal contacts on the card are indeed seated in the slot.
- 5. Replace the screw to secure the slot bracket of the expansion card.
- 6. Replace your computer's chassis cover.
- 7. Power on the computer, if necessary, setup BIOS utility of expansion card from BIOS.
- 8. Install related driver from the operating system.



AGP Card



Please carefully pull out the small white- drawable bar at the end of the AGP slot when you try to install. Uninstall the AGP card. Please align the AGP card to the onboard AGP slot and press firmly down on the slot. Make sure your AGP card is locked by the small white-drawable bar.

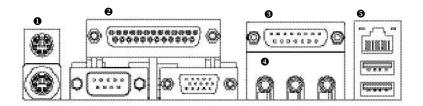


When an AGP 2x (3.3V) card is installed the $2X_DET$ will light up, indicating a non-supported graphics card is inserted. Informing users that system might not boot up normally due to AGP 2x (3.3V) is not supported by the chipset.

- 15 -

Step 4: Connect ribbon cables, cabinet wires, and power supply

Step 4-1: I/O Back Panel Introduction



• PS/2 Keyboard and PS/2 Mouse Connector



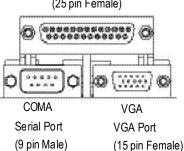
PS/2 Mouse Connector (6 pin Female)

PS/2 Keyboard Connector (6 pin Female)

This connector supports standard PS/2 keyboard and PS/2 mouse.

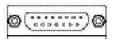
❷ Parallel Port, Serial Port and VGA Port (LPT/COMA/VGA)

Parallel Port (25 pin Female)



This connector supports 1 standard COM port, 1 Parallel port and 1 VGA port. Device like printer can be connected to Parallel port; mouse and modem etc can be connected to Serial ports.

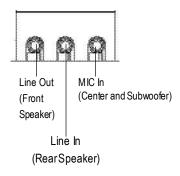
Game / MIDI Ports



Joystick/ MIDI (15 pin Female)

This connector supports joystick, MIDI keyboard and other relate audio devices.

Audio Connectors



After install onboard audio driver, you may connectspeaker to Line Outjack, micro phone to MIC In jack.

Device like CD-ROM, walkman etc can be connected to Line-In jack.

Please note:

You are able to use 2-/4-/6- channel audio feature by S/W selection.

If you want to enable 6-channel function, you have 2 choose for hardware connection.

Method1:

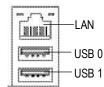
Connect "Front Speaker" to "Line Out"
Connect "Rear Speaker" to "Line In"
Connect "Center and Subwoofer" to "MIC Out".
Method2:

You can refer to page 26, and contact your nearestdealer for optional SUR CEN cable.



If you want the detail information for 2-/4-/6-channel audio setup installation, please refer to page 87.

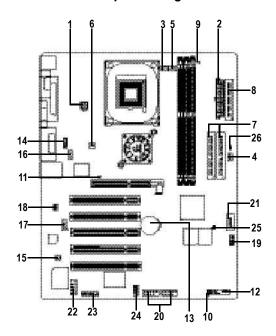
USB & LAN Connector



Before you connect your device(s) into USB connector(s), please make sure your device(s) such as USB keyboard, mouse, scanner, zip, speaker..etc. Have a standard USB interface. Also make sure your OS supports USB controller.

If your OS does not support USB controller, please contact OS vendor for possible patch or driver upgrade. For more information please contact your OS or device(s) vendors.

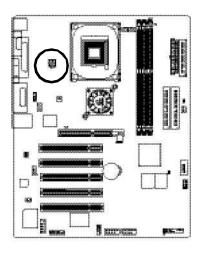
Step 4-2: Connectors & Jumper Setting Introduction



1) ATX_12V	14) F_AUDIO
2) ATX	15) SUR_CEN
3) CPU_FAN	16) CD_IN
4) SYS_FAN	17) AUX_IN
5) PWR_FAN	18) SPDIF_IO
6) NB_FAN	19) IR_CIR
7) IDE1/IDE2	20) F_USB1/F_USB2
8) FDD	21) SCR
9) RAM_LED	22) COMB
10) PWR_LED	23) F1_1394
11) 2X_DET	24) F2_1394
12) F_PANEL	25) CI
13) BAT	26) CLR_PWD

1) ATX_12V (+12V Power Connector)

This connector (ATX_12V) supplies the CPU operation voltage (Vcore). If this "ATX_12V connector" is not connected, system cannot boot.

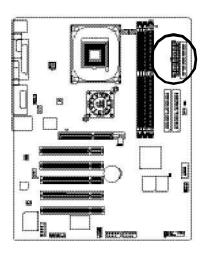


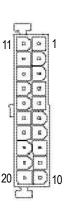


Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	GND
3	+12V
4	+12V

2) ATX (ATX Power)

AC power cord should only be connected to your power supply unit after ATX power cable and other related devices are firmly connected to the mainboard.

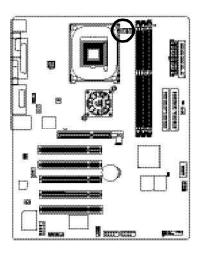




Pin No.	Definition
1	3.3V
2	3.3V
3	GND
4	VCC
5	GND
6	VCC
7	GND
8	PowerGood
9	5V SB(stand by +5V)
10	+12V
11	3.3V
12	-12V
13	GND
14	PS_ON(softOn/Off)
15	GND
16	GND
17	GND
18	-5V
19	VCC
20	VCC

3) CPU_FAN (CPU FAN Connector)

Please note, a proper installation of the CPU cooler is essential to prevent the CPU from running under abnormal condition or damaged by overheating. The CPU fan connector supports Max. current up to 600 mA.

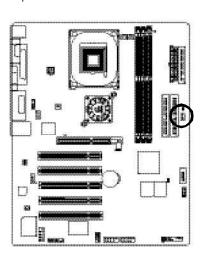




PinNo.	Definition
1	GND
2	+12V
3	Sense

4) SYS_FAN (System FAN Connector)

This connector allows you to link with the cooling fan on the system case to lower the system temperature.

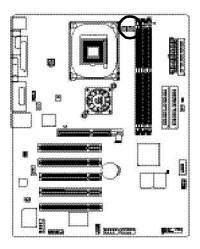




PinNo.	Definition
1	GND
2	+12V
3	Sense

5) PWR_FAN (PowerFan Connector)

This connector allows you to link with the cooling fan on the system case to lower the system temperature.

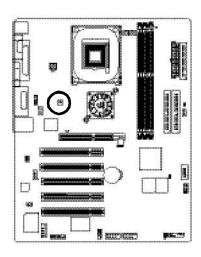




PinNo.	Definition
1	GND
2	+12V
3	Sense

6) NB FAN

If you installed wrong direction, the Chip Fan will not work. Sometimes will damage the Chip Fan. (Usually black cable is GND)

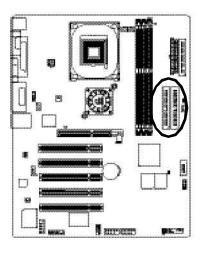


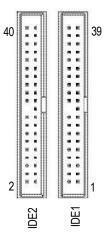


Pin No.	Definition
1	VCC
2	GND

7) IDE1/IDE2(IDE1/IDE2 Connector)

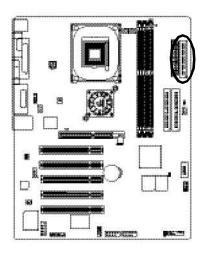
Please connect first harddisk to IDE1 and connect CDROM to IDE2. The red stripe of the ribbon cable must be the same side with the Pin1.

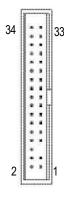




8) FDD (Floppy Connector)

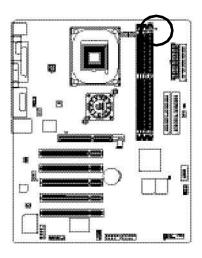
Please connect the floppy drive ribbon cables to FDD. Itsupports 360K,720K,1.2M,1.44M and 2.88Mbytes floppy disk types. The red stripe of the ribbon cable must be the same side with the Pin1.





9) RAM_LED

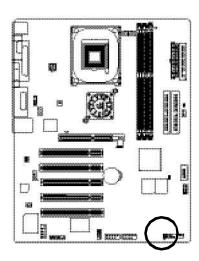
Do not remove memory modules while DIMM LED is on. It might cause short or other unexpected damages due to the 2.5V stand by voltage. Remove memory modules only when AC Power cord is disconnected.





10) PWR_LED

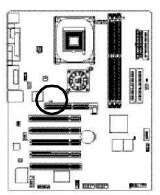
PWR_LED is connect with the system power indicator to indicate whether the system is on/off. It will blink when the system enters suspend mode. If you use dual color LED, power LED will turn to another color.





11) 2X_DET

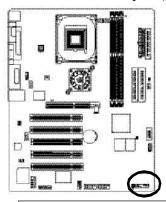
When an AGP 2X (3.3V) card is installed the 2X_DET will light up, indicating a nonsupported graphics card is inserted. Informing users that system might not boot up normally due to AGP 2X (3.3V) is not supported by the chipset.

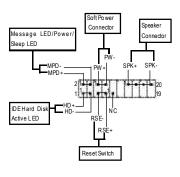




12) F PANEL (2x10 pins connector)

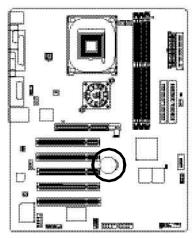
Please connect the power LED, PC peaker, reset switch and power switch etc of your chassis front panel to the F_PANEL connector according to the pin assignment above.

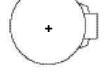




HD (IDEHard DiskActive LED)	Pin 1: LED anode(+)
(Blue)	Pin2: LED cathode(-)
SPK(Speaker Connector)	Pin 1: VCC(+)
(Amber)	Pin 2- Pin 3: NC
	Pin 4: Data(-)
RES (Reset Switch)	Open:Normal Operation
(Green)	Close: Reset Hardware System
PW (Soft Power Connector)	Open:Normal Operation
(Red)	Close: Power On/Off
MSG(Message LED/Power/	Pin 1: LED anode(+)
Sleep LED) (Yellow)	Pin2: LED cathode(-)
NC(Purple)	NC

13) BAT (Battery)





CAUTION

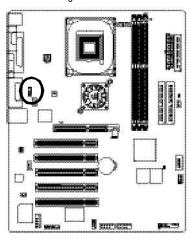
- Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

If you want to erase CM OS...

- 1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
- 2. Remove the battery, wait for 30 second.
- 3.Re-install the battery.
- 4. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.

14) F AUDIO (F AUDIO Connector)

If you want to use FrontAudio connector, you must remove 5-6, 9-10 Jumper. In order to utilize the front audio header, your chassis must have front audio connector. Also please make sure the pin assignment on the cable is the same as the pin assignment on the MB header. To find out if the chassis you are buying support front audio connector, please contact your dealer. Please note, you can have the alternative of using front audio connector or of using rear audio connector to play sound.

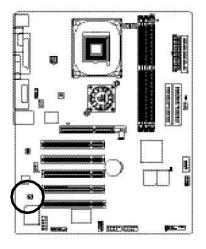




PinNo.	Definition
1	MIC
2	GND
3	REF
4	POWER
5	FrontAudio(R)
6	RearAudio(R)
7	Reserved
8	NoPin
9	FrontAudio (L)
10	RearAudio(L)

15) SUR_CEN

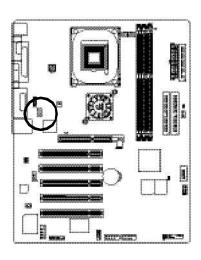
Please contact your nearest dealer for optional SUR_CEN cable.



Pin No.	Definition
1	SUROUTL
2	SUROUTR
3	GND
4	NoPin
5	CENTER_OUT
6	BASS OUT

16) CD_IN (CD IN,Black)

Connect CD-ROM or DVD-ROM audio out to the connector.

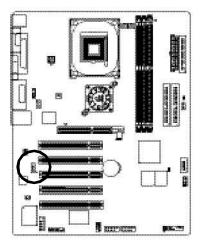




Pin No.	Definition
1	CD-L
2	GND
3	GND
1	CD B

17) AUX_IN (AUX In Connector)

Connect other device(such as PCI TV Tunner audio out) to the connector.

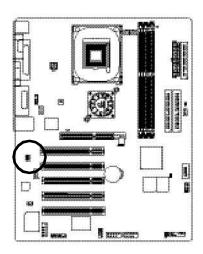




Pin No.	Definition
1	AUX-L
2	GND
3	GND
4	AUX_R

18) SPDIF_IO (SPDIF In/Out)

The SPDIF output is capable of providing digital audio to external speakers or compressed AC3 data to an external Dolby Digital Decoder. Use this feature only when your stereo system has digital input function. Use SPDIF IN feature only when your device has digital output function.



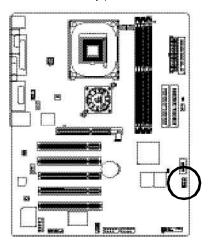


PinNo.	Definition
1	VCC
2	NoPin
3	SPDIF
4	SPDIFI
5	GND
6	GND

19) IR_CIR

Make sure the pin 1 on the IR device is aling with pin one the connector. To enable the IR/CIR function on the board, you are required to purchase an option IR/CIR module. For detail information please contact your authorized Giga-Byte distributor.

To use IR function only, please connect IR module to Pin1 to Pin5.

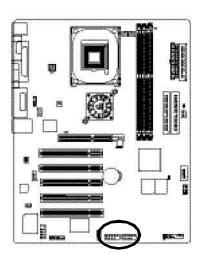




Pin No.	Definition
1	VCC
2	NC
3	IRRX
4	GND
5	IRTX
6	NC
7	CIRRX
8	VCC
9	CIRTX
10	NC

20)F_USB1 / F_USB2(Front USB Connector, Yellow)

Be careful with the polarity of the front USB connector. Check the pin assignment while you connect the front USB cable. Please contact your nearest dealer for optional front USB cable.

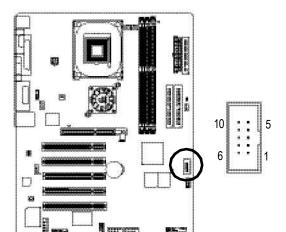




Pin No.	Definition
1	Power
2	Power
3	USB DX-
4	USB Dy-
5	USB DX+
6	USB Dy+
7	GND
8	GND
9	NoPin
10	NC

21) SCR (Smart Card Reader Header, Black Connector)

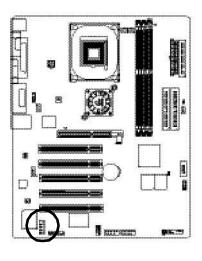
This MB supports smart card reader. To enable smart card reader function an optional smart card reader box is required. Please contact your autherized distributor.



PinNo.	Definition
1	VCC
2	SCAPWCTL-
3	SCAC4
4	SCAIO
5	SCACLK
6	GND
7	SCARST-
8	SCALED
9	SCAC8
10	SCAPSNT

22) COMB (COM B Connector)(White)

Be careful with the polarity of the COMB connector. Check the pin assignment while you connect the COMB cable. Please contact your nearest dealer for optional COMB cable.

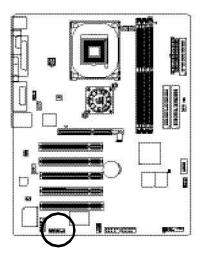




PinNo.	Definition
1	NDCDB-
2	NSINB
3	NSOUTB
4	NDT RB-
5	GND
6	NDSRB-
7	NRTSB-
8	NCTSB-
9	NRIB-
10	NoPin

23) F1_1394 (IEEE 1394 Connector)

Please Note: Serial interface standard set by Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, which has features like high speed, high bandwidth and hot plug.

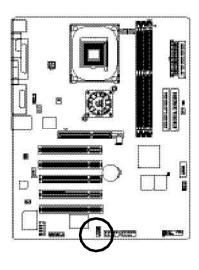




Pin No.	Definition
1	Power
2	Power
3	TPA0+
4 5	TPA0-
	GND
6	GND
7	TPB0+
8	TPB0-
9	Power
10	Power
11	TPA1+
12	TPA1-
13	GND
14	NoPin
15	TPB1+
16	TPB1-

24) F2_1394 (IEEE 1394 Connector)

Please Note: Serial interface standard set by Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, which has features like high speed, high bandwidth and hot plug.

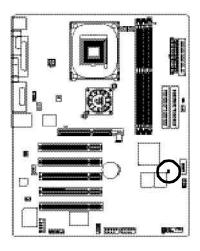


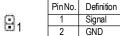


Pin No.	Definition
1	TPA2+
2	TPA2-
3	GND
4	GND
5	TPB2+
6	TPB2-
7	Power
8	Power
9	NoPin
10	GND

25) CI (CASE OPEN)

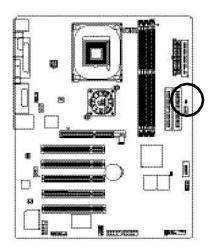
This 2 pin connector allows your system to enable or disable the "case open" item in BIOS if the system case begin remove.





26) CLR_PWD

When Jumper is set to "open" and system is restarted, the password that is set will be cleared. On the contrary when Jumper is set to "close", the current status remains.



- 1 open: Clear password
- 1 close: Normal

Chapter 3 BIOS Setup

BIOS Setup is an overview of the BIOS Setup Program. The program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed CMOS RAM so that it retains the Setup information when the power is turned off.

ENTERING SETUP

Powering ON the computer and pressing < Del> immediately will allow you to enter Setup. If you require more advanced BIOS settings, please go to "Advanced BIOS" setting menu. To enter Advanced BIOS setting menu, press "Ctrl+F1" key on the BIOS screen.

CONTROL KEYS

< ^>	Move to previous item
<↓>	Move to next item
<←>	Move to the item in the left hand
<→>	Move to the item in the right hand
Enter	Select item
<esc></esc>	Main Menu - Quit and not save changes into CMOS Status Page Setup Menu and
	Option Page Setup Menu - Exit current page and return to Main Menu
<+/PgUp>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<-/PgDn>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<f1></f1>	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
<f2></f2>	Item Help
<f3></f3>	Reserved
<f4></f4>	Reserved
<f5></f5>	Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu
<f6></f6>	Load the file-safe default CMOS value from BIOS default table
<f7></f7>	Load the Optimized Defaults
<f8></f8>	Dual BIOS/Q-Flash function
<f9></f9>	System Information
<f10></f10>	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

GETTING HELP

Main Menu

The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

Status Page Setup Menu / Option Page Setup Menu

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press <Esc>.

The Main Menu (For example: BIOS Ver.: E4)

Once you enterAward BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu (Figure 1) will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from eight setup functions and two exit choices. Use arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter the sub-menu.

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2003 Award Software

▶Standard CMOS Features	Select Language	
►Advanced BIOS Features	Load Fail-Safe Defaults	
►Integrated Peripherals	Load Optimized Defaults	
▶Power Management Setup	Set Supervisor Password	
▶PnP/PCI Configurations	Set User Password	
▶PC Health Status	Save & Exit Setup	
▶Frequency/Voltage Control	Exit Without Saving	
Top Performance		
ESC:Quit	F3: Select Language	
F8: Dual BIOS/Q-Flash	F10:Save & Exit Setup	
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type		

Figure 1: Main Menu



If you can't find the setting you want, please press "Ctrl+F1" to search the advanced option widden.

Standard CMOS Features

This setup page includes all the items in standard compatible BIOS.

Advanced BIOS Features

This setup page includes all the items of Award special enhanced features.

Integrated Peripherals

This setup page includes all onboard peripherals.

Power Management Setup

This setup page includes all the items of Green function features.

• PnP/PCI Configurations

This setup page includes all the configurations of PCI & PnP ISA resources.

• PC Health Status

This setup page is the System auto detect Temperature, voltage, fan, speed.

Frequency/Voltage Control

This setup page is control CPU's clock and frequency ratio.

• Top Performance

If you wish to maximize the performance of your system, set "Top Performance" as "Enabled".

Select Language

This setup page is select multi language.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Fail-Safe Defaults indicates the value of the system parameters which the system would be in safe configuration.

Load Optimized Defaults

Optimized Defaults indicates the value of the system parameters which the system would be in best performance configuration.

• Set Supervis or pass word

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup.

• Set User password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system.

• Save & Exit Setup

Save CMOS value settings to CMOS and exit setup.

Exit Without Saving

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

Standard CMOS Features

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Standard CMOS Features

Date (mm:dd:yy)	Tue, Aug 13 2002	Item Help
Time (hh:mm:ss)	22:31:24	Menu Level ▶
		Change the day, month,
▶IDE Primary Master	None	y ear
▶IDE Primary Slave	None	
▶IDE Secondary Master	None	<week></week>
▶IDE Secondary Slave	None	Sun. to Sat.
Driv e A	1.44M, 3.5 in.	<month></month>
Driv e B	None	Jan. to Dec.
Floppy 3 Mode Support	Disabled	
		<day></day>
Halt On	All, But Key board	1 to 31 (or max imum
		allowed in the month)
Base Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	130048K	<year></year>
Total Memory	131072K	1999 to 2098
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU	PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Ex	cit F1:General Help
F3: Language F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F	7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 2: Standard CMOS Features

☐ Date

The date format is <week>, <month>, <day>, <year>.

Week The week, from Sun to Sat, determined by the BIOS and is display only

Month The month, Jan. Through Dec.

Day The day, from 1 to 31 (or the maximum allowed in the month)

→ Year The year, from 1999 through 2098

Time

The times format in <hour> <minute> <second>. The time is calculated base on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00.

☐ IDE Primary Master, Slave / IDE Secondary Master, Slave

The category identifies the types of hard disk from driveC to F that has been installed in the computer. There are two types: auto type, and manual type. Manual type is user-definable; Auto type which will automatically detect HDD type.

Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category.

If you select User Type, related information will be asked to enter to the following items. Enter the information directly from the keyboard and press <Enter>. Such information should be provided in the documentation form your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

CYLS.	Number of cylinders
→ HEADS	Number of heads
▶ PRECOMP	Write precomp
▶ LANDZONE	Landing zone
→ SECTORS	Number of sectors

If a hard disk has not been installed select NONE and press <Enter>.

Trive A / Drive B

The category identifies the types of floppy disk drive A or drive B that has been installed in the computer.

N one	No floppy drive installed
→ 360K, 5.25 in.	5.25 inch PC-type standard drive; 360K byte capacity.
▶ 1.2M, 5.25 in.	5.25 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2M byte capacity
	(3.5 inch when 3 Mode is Enabled).
→ 720K, 3.5 in.	3.5 inch double-sided drive; 720K byte capacity
▶1.44M, 3.5 in.	3.5 inch double-sided drive; 1.44M byte capacity.
▶2.88M, 3.5 in.	3.5 inch double-sided drive; $2.88\mbox{M}$ by te capacity .

☐ Floppy 3 Mode Support (for Japan Area)

Disabled Normal Floppy Drive. (Default value)Drive ADrive A is 3 mode Floppy Drive.

→ Drive B
Drive B is 3 mode Floppy Drive.

▶ Both Drive A & B are 3 mode Floppy Drives.

→ Halt on

The category determines whether the computer will stop if an error is detected during power up.

NO Errors
The system boot will not stop for any error that may be detected

and you will be prompted.

▶All Errors Whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error the system will be stopped.

▶ All, But Key board The system boot will not stop for a key board error; it will stop for

all other errors. (Default value)

▶ All, But Diskette The system boot will not stop for a disk error; it will stop for all

other errors.

▶ All, But Disk/Key The system boot will not stop for a key board or disk error; it will

stop for all other errors.

☞ Memory

The category is display-only which is determined by POST (PowerOn Self Test) of the BIOS.

Base Memory

The POST of the BIOS will determine the amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system.

The value of the base memory is typically 512 K for systems with 512 K memory installed on the motherboard, or 640 K for systems with 640 K or more memory installed on the motherboard.

Extended Memory

The BIOS determines how much extended memory is present during the POST. This is the amount of memory located above 1 MB in the CPU's memory address map.

Advanced BIOS Features

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Advanced BIOS Features

First Boot Device	[Floppy]	Item Help
Second Boot Device	[HDD-0]	Menu Level ▶
Third Boot Device	[CDROM]	
Boot Up Floppy Seek	[Disabled]	
Password Check	[Setup]	
# CPU Hy per-Threading	[Enabled]	
Init Display First	[Onboard/AGP]	
Graphics Aperture Size	[128MB]	
Graphics Share Memory	[8MB]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value	F10:Save ESC:Ex	it F1:General Help
F3: Language F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-	Safe Defaults F	7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 3: Advanced BIOS Features

First / Second / Third Boot Device

→ Floppy	Select your boot device priority by Floppy.
▶ LS120	Select your boot device priority by LS120.
▶ HDD-0~3	Select your boot device priority by HDD-0~3.
→ SCSI	Select your boot device priority by SCSI.
→ CDROM	Select your boot device priority by CDROM.
≯ ZIP	Select your boot device priority by ZIP.
> USB-FDD	Select your boot device priority by USB-FDD.
₩ USB-ZIP	Select your boot device priority by USB-ZIP.
▶ USB-CDROM	Select your boot device priority by USB-CDROM.
▶ USB-HDD	Select your boot device priority by USB-HDD.
▶ LAN	Select your boot device priority by LAN.
▶ Disabled	Select your boot device priority by Disabled.

[&]quot; # " System will detect automatically and show up when you install the Intel® Pentium® 4 processor with HT Technology.

☞ Boot Up Floppy Seek

During POST, BIOS will determine the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360 K type is 40 tracks 720 K, 1.2 M and 1.44 M are all 80 tracks.

▶ Enabled BIOS searches for floppy disk drive to determine it is 40 or 80 tracks. Note

that BIOS can not tell from 720 K, 1.2 M or 1.44 M drive type as they are

all 80tracks.

▶ Disabled BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number. Note

that there will not be any warning message if the drive installed is 360 K.

(Default value)

Tassword Check

Please refer to the detail on P.58

⇒ Sy stem The sy stem can not boot and can not access to Setup page will be denied

if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

⇒ Setup The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct

password is not entered at the prompt. (Default value)

☞ CPU Hyper-Threading

▶ Enabled Enables CPU Hyper Threading Feature. Please note that this feature is only

working for operating system with multi processors mode supported.

(Default value)

▶ Disabled Disables CPU Hyper Threading.

☐ Init Display First

➤ Onboard/AGP Set Init Display First to onboard/AGP. (Default value)

▶PCI Set Init Display First to PCI.

☞ Graphics Aperture Size

▶ 128MB Set Graphics Aperture Size to 128MB. (Default value)

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

☞ Graphics Share Memory

▶ 8MB Set Graphics Share Memory to 8MB. (Default value)

▶ 1MB Set Graphics Share Memory to 1MB.

Integrated Peripherals

CMOS Setup Utility-Copy right (C) 1984-2003 Award Software

Integrated Peripherals

integrated Feriph		
On-Chip Primary PCI IDE	[Enabled]	Item Help
On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE	[Enabled]	Menu Level ►
IDE1 Conductor Cable	[Auto]	If a hard disk
IDE2 Conductor Cable	[Auto]	controller card is
USB Controller	[Enabled]	used, set at Disable
USB Key board Support	[Disabled]	
USB Mouse Support	[Disabled]	[Enabled]
AC97 Audio	[Auto]	Enable onboard IDE
Onboard H/W 1394	[Enabled]	PORT
Onboard H/W LAN	[Enabled]	
Onboard Serial Port 1	[3F8/IRQ4]	[Disabled]
Onboard Serial Port 2	[2F8/IRQ3]	Disable onboard IDE
UART Mode Select	[Normal]	PORT
x UR2 Duplex Mode	Half	
Onboard Parallel Port	[378/IRQ7]	
Parallel Port Mode	[SPP]	
x ECP Mode Use DMA	3	
Game Port Address	[201]	
Midi Port Address	[330]	
Midi Port IRQ	[10]	
CIR Port Address	[Disabled]	
x CIR Port IRQ	11	
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value		•
F3: Language F5:Previous Values F6:Fail	-Safe Defaults F7	7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 4: Integrated Peripherals

- 41 -

○ On-Chip Primary PCI IDE

▶ Enabled Enable onboard 1st channel IDE port. (Default value)

▶ Disabled Disable onboard 1st channel IDE port.

On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE

➤ Enabled Enable onboard 2nd channel IDE port. (Default value)

▶ Disabled Disable onboard 2nd channel IDE port.

□ IDE1 Conductor Cable

➤ Auto Will be automatically detected by BIOS. (Default Value)

▶ ATA66/100 Set IDE1 Conductor Cable to ATA66/100 (Please make sure your IDE device

and cable is compatible with ATA66/100).

▶ATA33 Set IDE1 Conductor Cable to ATA33 (Please make sure your IDE device and

cable is compatible with ATA33).

☞ IDE2 Conductor Cable

➤ Auto Will be automatically detected by BIOS. (Default Value)

▶ ATA66/100 Set IDE2 Conductor Cable to ATA66/100 (Please make sure your IDE device

and cable is compatible with ATA66/100).

▶ATA33 Set IDE2 Conductor Cable to ATA33 (Please make sure your IDE device and

cable is compatible with ATA33).

□ USB Controller

▶ Enabled Enable USB Controller. (Default value)

▶ Disabled Disable USB Controller.

♡ USB Keyboard Support

➤ Enabled Enable USB Key board Support.

▶ Disabled Disable USB Key board Support. (Default value)

← USB Mouse Support

➤ Enabled Enable USB Mouse Support.

▶ Disabled Disable USB Mouse Support. (Default value)

→ Auto Enable onboard AC'97 audio function. (Default Value)

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

♥ Onboard H/W 1394

➤ Enable Enable onboard IEEE 1394 function.(Default value)

▶ Disable Disable this function.

○ Onboard H/W LAN

▶ Enabled Enable Onboard H/W LAN function. (Default value)

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

TONDOARD Serial Port 1

→ Auto BIOS will automatically setup the port 1 address.

⇒ 3F8/IRQ4 Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3F8. (Default value)

▶ 2F8/IRQ3 Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2F8.
 ▶ 3E8/IRQ4 Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3E8.

▶ 2E8/IRQ3 Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2E8.

Disabled Disable onboard Serial port 1.

Onboard Serial Port 2

→ Auto BIOS will automatically setup the port 2 address.

⇒ 3F8/IRQ4 Enable onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3F8.

▶ 2F8/IRQ3 Enable onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2F8. (Default value)

→ 3E8/IRQ4 Enable onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3E8.
 → 2E8/IRQ3 Enable onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2E8.

→ Disabled Disable onboard Serial port 2.

♡ UART Mode Select

(This item allows you to determine which Infra Red(IR) function of Onboard I/O chip)

▶ASKIR Set onboard I/O chip UART to ASKIR Mode.▶IrDA Set onboard I/O chip UART to IrDA Mode.

Normal Set onboard I/O chip UART to Normal Mode. (Default Value)

SCR Set onboard I/O chip UART to SCR Mode.

☐ UR2 Dupl ex Mode

→ Half IR Function Duplex Half. (Default Value)

Full IR Function Duplex Full.

Onboard Parallel port

⇒ 378/IRQ7 Enable onboard LPT port and address is 378/IRQ7. (Default Value)

▶ 278/IRQ5 Enable onboard LPT port and address is 278/IRQ5.

Disabled Disable onboard LPT port.

⇒ 3BC/IRQ7 Enable onboard LPT port and address is 3BC/IRQ7.

Parallel Port Mode

⇒ SPP Using Parallel port as Standard Parallel Port. (Default Value)

▶EPP Using Parallel port as Enhanced Parallel Port.▶ECP Using Parallel port as Extended Capabilities Port.

▶ ECP+EPP Using Parallel port as ECP & EPP mode.

© ECP Mode Use DMA

▶3 Set ECP Mode Use DMA to 3. (Default Value)

▶1 Set ECP Mode Use DMA to 1.

⇔ Game Port Address

▶ 201 Set Game Port Address to 201. (Default Value)

▶ 209 Set Game Port Address to 209.

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

→ Midi Port Address

→ 300 Set Midi Port Address to 300.

→ 330 Set Midi Port Address to 330.(Default Value)

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

[™]Midi Port IRQ

⇒ 5 Set Midi Port IRQ to 5.

▶ 10 Set Midi Port IRQ to 10. (Default Value)

CIR Port Address

→ 310 Set CIR Port Address to 310.→ 320 Set CIR Port Address to 320.

▶ Disabled Disable this function. (Default Value)

CIR Port IRQ

→ 5 Set CIR Port IRQ to 5.

→ 11 Set CIR Port IRQ to 11. (Default Value)

Power Management Setup

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Power Management Setup

ACPI Suspend Type	[S1(POS)]	Item Help
Power LED in S1 State	[Blinking]	Menu Level ▶
Soft-Off by PWR_BTTN	[Instant-Off]	[S1]
PME Event Wake Up	[Enabled]	Set suspend type to
ModemRingOn/WakeOnLan	[Enabled]	Power On Suspend under
Resume by Alarm	[Disabled]	ACPI OS
x Date (of Month) Alarm	Ev ery day	
x Time (hh:nn:ss)	0 0 0	[S3]
Power On By Mouse	[Disabled]	Set suspend type to
Power On By Keyboard	[Disabled]	Suspend to RAM under
x KB Power ON Password	Enter	ACPI OS
AC BACK Function	[Soft-Off]	
↑↓→←: Mov e Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value	e F10:Save ESC:Ex	it F1:General Help
F3: Language F5:Previous Values F6:Fa	ail-Safe Defaults F	7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 5: Power Management Setup

☞ ACPI Suspend Type

▶ S1(POS) Set ACPI suspend type to S1. (Default Value)

S3(STR) Set ACPI suspend type to S3.

Power LED in S1 state

⇒ Blinking In standby mode(S1), power LED will blink. (Default Value)

Dual/OFF In standby mode(S1):

a. If use single color LED, power LED will turn off.

b. If use dual color LED, power LED will turn to another color.

○ Soft-off by PWR_BTIN

▶ Instant-off Press power button then Power off instantly. (Default value)

▶ Delay 4 Sec. Press power button 4 sec to Power off. Enter suspend if button is pressed less than 4 sec.

The PME Event Wake Up

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

▶ Enabled Enable PME Event Wake up. (Default Value)

▽ ModemRingOn/WakeOnLAN

▶ Disabled Disable Modem Ring on/wake on Lan function.

▶ Enabled Enable Modem Ring on/wake on Lan. (Default Value)

Resume by Alarm

You can set "Resume by Alarm" item to enabled and key in Data/time to power on system.

▶ Disabled Disable this function. (Default Value)

▶ Enabled Enable alarm function to POWER ON system.

If RTC Alarm Lead To Power On is Enabled.

Date (of Month) Alarm: Every day, 1~31

Time (hh: mm: ss) Alarm : (0~23) : (0~59) : (0~59)

Power On By Mouse

Disabled Disabled this function. (Default value)
 Mouse Click Double click on PS/2 mouse left button.

Power On By Keyboard

▶ Password Enter from 1 to 5 characters to set the Key board Power On Password.

▶ Disabled Disabled this function. (Default value)

▶ Key board 98 If your key board have "POWER Key" button, you can press the key to

power on your system.

☞ KB Power ON Password

▶ Enter Input password (from 1 to 5 characters) and press Enter to set the Key

board Power On Password.

⇔ AC BACK Function

▶ Memory System power on depends on the status before AC lost.

➤ Soft-Off Always in Off state when AC back. (Default value)

Full-On Always power on the system when AC back.

PnP/PCI Configurations

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PnP/PCI Configurations

PCI 1/PCI 5 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	Item Help
PCI 2/PCI 6 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	Menu Level ▶
PCI 3 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	
PCI 4 IRQ Assignment	[Auto]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value	F10:Save ESC:Exi	t F1:General Help
F3: Language F5:Previous Values F6:Fa	il-Safe Defaults F7	':Optimized Defaults

Figure 6: PnP/PCI Configurations

→ PCI 1/PCI 5 IRQ Assignment

→ Auto Auto assign IRQ to PCI 1/PCI 5. (Default value)
 → 3.4.5.7.9.10.11.12.14.15
 Set IRQ 3.4.5.7.9.10.11.12.14.15 to PCI 1/PCI 5.

○ PCI 2/PCI 6 IRQ Assignment

Auto Auto assign IRQ to PCI 2/PCI 6. (Default value)
 →3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15
 Set IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI 2/PCI 6.

PCI 3 IRQ Assignment

→ Auto Auto assign IRQ to PCI 3. (Default value)
 → 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI 3.

→ PCI 4 IRQ Assignment

▶ Auto Auto assign IRQ to PCI 4. (Default value)
 ▶ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI 4.

PC Health Status

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PC Health Status

Reset Case Open Status	[Disabled]	Item Help
Case Opened	No	Menu Level ▶
VCORE	1.730V	
+1.5V	1.504V	
+3.3V	3.360V	
+5V	5.053V	
+12V	11.840V	
Current CPU Temperature	40°C	
Current CPU FAN Speed	6490 RPM	
Current POWER FAN Speed	0 RPM	
Current SYSTEM FAN Speed	0 RPM	
CPU Warning Temperature	[Disabled]	
CPU FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
POWER FAN Fail Waring	[Disabled]	
SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value	F10:Save ESC:Exi	t F1:General Help
F3: Language F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-	Safe Defaults F7	7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 7: PC Health Status

Reset Case Open Status

⇔ Case Opened

If the case is closed, "Case Opened" will show "No".

If the case hav e been opened, "Case Opened" will show "Yes".

If you want to reset "Case Opened" value, set "Reset Case Open Status" to

"Enabled" and save CMOS, your computer will restart.

○ Current Voltage (V) VCORE/ +1.5V/ +3.3V/ +5V/ +12V

➤ Detect system's voltage status automatically.

♡ Current CPU Temperature

▶ Detect CPU Temp. automatically.

Current CPU/POWER/SYSTEM FAN Speed (RPM)

▶ Detect CPU/POWER/SYSTEM Fan speed status automatically.

☞ CPU Warning Temperature

▶60°C / 140°F
 ▶70°C / 158°F
 ▶80°C / 176°F
 ▶90°C / 194°F
 Monitor CPU Temp. at 70°C / 158°F.
 ▶90°C / 176°F
 Monitor CPU Temp. at 80°C / 176°F.
 ▶90°C / 194°F
 Monitor CPU Temp. at 90°C / 194°F.
 ▶ Disabled
 Disable this function.(Default value)

☞ CPU FAN Fail Warning

▶ Disabled Fan Warning Function Disable. (Default value)

➤ Enabled Fan Warning Function Enable.

→ POWER FAN Fail Warning

▶ Disabled Fan Warning Function Disable. (Default value)

➤ Enabled Fan Warning Function Enable.

♡ SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning

▶ Disabled Fan Warning Function Disable. (Default value)

▶ Enabled Fan Warning Function Enable.

Frequency/Voltage Control

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Frequency/Voltage Control

CPU Clock Ratio	[15X]	Item Help
CPU Host Clock Control	[Disabled]	Menu Level ▶
*CPU Host Frequency (Mhz)	100	
*Fix ed PCI/AGP Frequency	33/66	
Host/DRAM Clock ratio	[Auto]	
Memory Frequency (Mhz)	266	
PCI/AGP Frequency (Mhz)	33/66	
DIMM OverVoltage Control	[Normal]	
AGP OverVoltage Control	[Normal]	
CPU Voltage Control	[Normal]	
Normal CPU Vcore	1.5000V	
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PI	D:Value F10:Save ESC:Ex	kit F1:General Help
F3: Language F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F	7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 8: Frequency/Voltage Control

*Those items will be available when "CPU Host Clock Control" is set to Enabled.

CPU Clock Ratio

This setup option will automatically assign by CPU detection.

For Willamette CPU:

8X~23X default: 14X For C-Stepping P4: 8X,10X~24X default: 15X For Northwood CPU: 12X~24X default: 16X

The option will display "Locked" and read only if the CPU ratio is not changeable.

CPU Host Clock Control

Note: If system hangs up before enter CMOS setup utility, wait for 20 sec for times out reboot. When time out occur, system will reset and run at CPU default Host clock at next boot.

▶ Disabled Disable CPU Host Clock Control.(Default value)

▶ Enabled Enable CPU Host Clock Control.

CPU Host Frequency

► 100MHz ~ 355MHz Set CPU Host Clock from 100MHz to 355MHz.

Incorrect using it may cause your system broken. For power End-User use only!

☞ FixedPCI/AGP Frequency

➤ You can choose those mode to adjust PCI/AGP frequency. (Select PCI/AGP frequency asynchronous with CPU frequency).

→ Host/DRAM Clock Ratio

for FSB(Front Side Bus) frequency = 400MHz,

▶2.0 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.0.

▶ 2.66 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.66.

➤ Auto Set Memory frequency by DRAM SPD data. (Default value)

for FSB(Front Side Bus) frequency = 533MHz,

▶2.0 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.0.

▶2.5 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.5.

▶ Auto Set Memory frequency by DRAM SPD data. (Default value)

Set Memory frequency by DRAM SPD data. (Default value)

for FSB(Front Side Bus) frequency =667MHz,

▶2.0 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.0.
 ▶1.5 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 1.5.

, , ,

➤ Auto

The values depend on CPU Host Frequency (Mhz).

PCI/AGP Frequency(Mhz)

➤ The values depend on Fixed PCI/AGP Frequency.

○ DIMM OverVoltage Control

► Normal Set DIMM OverVoltage Control to Normal. (Default value)

→ +0.1V Set DIMM OverVoltage Control to +0.1V.
 → +0.2V Set DIMM OverVoltage Control to +0.2V.

☞ AGP OverVoltage Control

► Normal Set AGP OverVoltage Control to Normal. (Default value)

→+0.1V Set AGP OverVoltage Control to +0.1V.
 →+0.2V Set AGP OverVoltage Control to +0.2V.
 →+0.3V Set AGP OverVoltage Control to +0.3V.

☞ CPU Voltage Control

➤ Supports adjustable CPU Vcore from 0.8375V to 1.6000V by 0.025V step. (Default v alue: Normal)

♡ Normal CPU Vcore

▶ Display your CPU Vcore Voltage.

Top Performance

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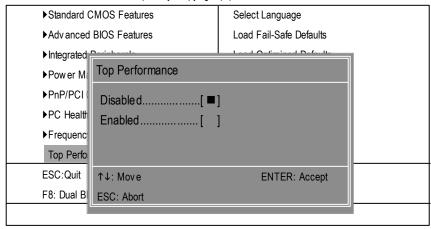


Figure 9: Top Performance

Top Performance

If you wish to maximize the performance of your system, set "Top Performance" as "Enabled".

- ⇒ Disabled Disable this function. (Default Value)
- ▶ Enabled Enable Top Performance function.



"Top Performance" will increase H/W working speed. Different system configuration (both H/W component and OS) will effect the result. For example, the same H/W configuration might not run properly with Windows XP, but works smoothly with Windows NT. Therefore, if your system is not perform enough, the reliability or stability problem will appear sometimes, and we will recommend you disabling the option to avoid the problem as mentioned above.

Select Language

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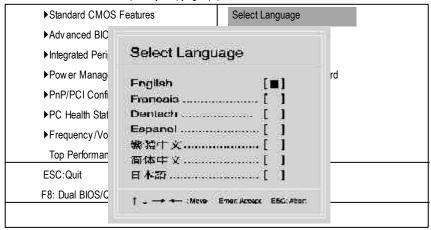


Figure 10:Select Language

Select Language

Multi Language is supports 7 languages. There are English, Japanese, French, Spanish, Germany, Simplified Chinese, Traditional Chinese.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

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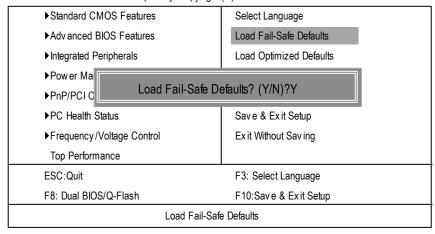


Figure 11: Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Fail-Safe defaults contain the most appropriate values of the system parameters that allow minimum system performance.

Load Optimized Defaults

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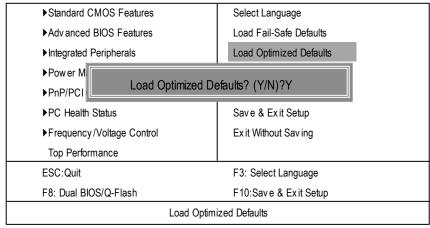


Figure 12: Load Optimized Defaults

Load Optimized Defaults

Selecting this field loads the factory defaults for BIOS and Chipset Features which the system automatically detects.

Set Supervisor/User Password

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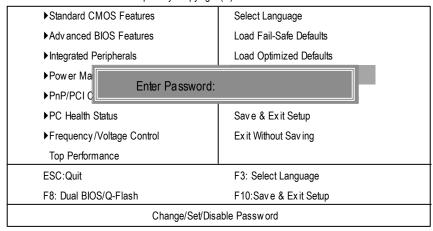


Figure 13: Password Setting

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press <Enter>. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter password. A message "PASSWORD DISABLED" will appear to confirm the password being disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

The BIOS Setup program allows you to specify two separate passwords:

SUPERVISOR PASSWORD and a USER PASSWORD. When disabled, any one may access all BIOS Setup program function. When enabled, the Supervisor password is required for entering the BIOS Setup program and having full configuration fields, the User password is required to access only basic items.

If you select "System" at "Password Check" in Advance BIOS Features Menu, you will be prompted for the password every time the system is rebooted or any time you try to enter Setup Menu.

If you select "Setup" at "Password Check" in Advance BIOS Features Menu, you will be prompted only when you try to enter Setup.

Save & Exit Setup

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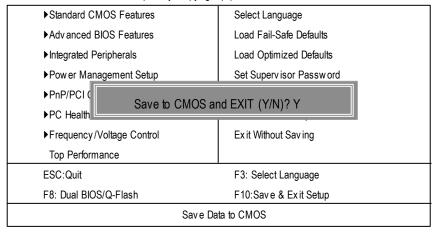


Figure 14: Save & Exit Setup

Type "Y" will quit the Setup Utility and save the user setup value to RTC CMOS. Type "N" will return to Setup Utility.

Exit Without Saving

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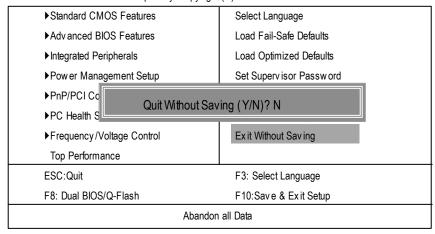


Figure 15: Exit Without Saving

Type "Y" will quit the Setup Utility without saving to RTC CMOS.

Type "N" will return to Setup Utility.

	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	—
	_
	_

Chapter 3 BIOS Setup

BIOS Setup is an overview of the BIOS Setup Program. The program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed CMOS RAM so that it retains the Setup information when the power is turned off.

ENTERING SETUP

Powering ON the computer and pressing < Del> immediately will allow you to enter Setup. If you require more advanced BIOS settings, please go to "Advanced BIOS" setting menu. To enter Advanced BIOS setting menu, press "Ctrl+F1" key on the BIOS screen.

CONTROL KEYS

< ^>	Move to previous item
<↓>	Move to next item
<←>	Move to the item in the left hand
<→>	Move to the item in the right hand
Enter	Select item
<esc></esc>	Main Menu - Quit and not save changes into CMOS Status Page Setup Menu and
	Option Page Setup Menu - Exit current page and return to Main Menu
<+/PgUp>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<-/PgDn>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<f1></f1>	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
<f2></f2>	Item Help
<f3></f3>	Reserved
<f4></f4>	Reserved
<f5></f5>	Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu
<f6></f6>	Load the file-safe default CMOS value from BIOS default table
<f7></f7>	Load the Optimized Defaults
<f8></f8>	Dual BIOS/Q-Flash function
<f9></f9>	System Information
<f10></f10>	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

GETTING HELP

Main Menu

The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

Status Page Setup Menu / Option Page Setup Menu

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press <Esc>.

The Main Menu (For example: BIOS Ver.: E4)

Once you enterAward BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu (Figure 1) will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from eight setup functions and two exit choices. Use arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter the sub-menu.

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▶Standard CMOS Features	Select Language
►Advanced BIOS Features	Load Fail-Safe Defaults
►Integrated Peripherals	Load Optimized Defaults
▶Power Management Setup	Set Supervisor Password
▶PnP/PCI Configurations	Set User Password
▶PC Health Status	Save & Exit Setup
▶Frequency/Voltage Control	Exit Without Saving
Top Performance	
ESC:Quit	F3: Select Language
F8: Dual BIOS/Q-Flash	F10:Save & Exit Setup
Time, D	ate, Hard Disk Type

Figure 1: Main Menu



If you can't find the setting you want, please press "Ctrl+F1" to search the advanced option widden.

Standard CMOS Features

This setup page includes all the items in standard compatible BIOS.

Advanced BIOS Features

This setup page includes all the items of Award special enhanced features.

Integrated Peripherals

This setup page includes all onboard peripherals.

Power Management Setup

This setup page includes all the items of Green function features.

• PnP/PCI Configurations

This setup page includes all the configurations of PCI & PnP ISA resources.

• PC Health Status

This setup page is the System auto detect Temperature, voltage, fan, speed.

Frequency/Voltage Control

This setup page is control CPU's clock and frequency ratio.

• Top Performance

If you wish to maximize the performance of your system, set "Top Performance" as "Enabled".

Select Language

This setup page is select multi language.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Fail-Safe Defaults indicates the value of the system parameters which the system would be in safe configuration.

Load Optimized Defaults

Optimized Defaults indicates the value of the system parameters which the system would be in best performance configuration.

• Set Supervis or pass word

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup.

• Set User password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system.

• Save & Exit Setup

Save CMOS value settings to CMOS and exit setup.

Exit Without Saving

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

Standard CMOS Features

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Standard CMOS Features

Date (mm:dd:yy)	Tue, Aug 13 2002	Item Help
Time (hh:mm:ss)	22:31:24	Menu Level ▶
		Change the day, month,
▶IDE Primary Master	None	y ear
▶IDE Primary Slave	None	
▶IDE Secondary Master	None	<week></week>
▶IDE Secondary Slave	None	Sun. to Sat.
Driv e A	1.44M, 3.5 in.	<month></month>
Driv e B	None	Jan. to Dec.
Floppy 3 Mode Support	Disabled	
		<day></day>
Halt On	All, But Key board	1 to 31 (or max imum
		allowed in the month)
Base Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	130048K	<year></year>
Total Memory	131072K	1999 to 2098
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU	PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Ex	cit F1:General Help
F3: Language F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F	7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 2: Standard CMOS Features

☐ Date

The date format is <week>, <month>, <day>, <year>.

Week The week, from Sun to Sat, determined by the BIOS and is display only

Month The month, Jan. Through Dec.

Day The day, from 1 to 31 (or the maximum allowed in the month)

→ Year The year, from 1999 through 2098

Time

The times format in <hour> <minute> <second>. The time is calculated base on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00.

☐ IDE Primary Master, Slave / IDE Secondary Master, Slave

The category identifies the types of hard disk from driveC to F that has been installed in the computer. There are two types: auto type, and manual type. Manual type is user-definable; Auto type which will automatically detect HDD type.

Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category.

If you select User Type, related information will be asked to enter to the following items. Enter the information directly from the keyboard and press <Enter>. Such information should be provided in the documentation form your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

CYLS.	Number of cylinders
→ HEADS	Number of heads
▶ PRECOMP	Write precomp
▶ LANDZONE	Landing zone
→ SECTORS	Number of sectors

If a hard disk has not been installed select NONE and press <Enter>.

Trive A / Drive B

The category identifies the types of floppy disk drive A or drive B that has been installed in the computer.

N one	No floppy drive installed
→ 360K, 5.25 in.	5.25 inch PC-type standard drive; 360K byte capacity.
▶ 1.2M, 5.25 in.	5.25 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2M byte capacity
	(3.5 inch when 3 Mode is Enabled).
→ 720K, 3.5 in.	3.5 inch double-sided drive; 720K byte capacity
▶1.44M, 3.5 in.	3.5 inch double-sided drive; 1.44M byte capacity.
▶2.88M, 3.5 in.	$3.5 \ \text{inch double-sided drive}; \ 2.88 \text{M} \ \ \text{by te capacity} \ .$

☐ Floppy 3 Mode Support (for Japan Area)

Disabled Normal Floppy Drive. (Default value)Drive ADrive A is 3 mode Floppy Drive.

→ Drive B
Drive B is 3 mode Floppy Drive.

▶ Both Drive A & B are 3 mode Floppy Drives.

→ Halt on

The category determines whether the computer will stop if an error is detected during power up.

NO Errors
The system boot will not stop for any error that may be detected

and you will be prompted.

▶All Errors Whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error the system will be stopped.

▶ All, But Key board The system boot will not stop for a key board error; it will stop for

all other errors. (Default value)

▶ All, But Diskette The system boot will not stop for a disk error; it will stop for all

other errors.

▶ All, But Disk/Key The system boot will not stop for a key board or disk error; it will

stop for all other errors.

☞ Memory

The category is display-only which is determined by POST (PowerOn Self Test) of the BIOS.

Base Memory

The POST of the BIOS will determine the amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system.

The value of the base memory is typically 512 K for systems with 512 K memory installed on the motherboard, or 640 K for systems with 640 K or more memory installed on the motherboard.

Extended Memory

The BIOS determines how much extended memory is present during the POST. This is the amount of memory located above 1 MB in the CPU's memory address map.

Advanced BIOS Features

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Advanced BIOS Features

First Boot Device	[Floppy]	Item Help
Second Boot Device	[HDD-0]	Menu Level ▶
Third Boot Device	[CDROM]	
Boot Up Floppy Seek	[Disabled]	
Password Check	[Setup]	
# CPU Hy per-Threading	[Enabled]	
Init Display First	[Onboard/AGP]	
Graphics Aperture Size	[128MB]	
Graphics Share Memory	[8MB]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value	F10:Save ESC:Ex	it F1:General Help
F3: Language F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-	Safe Defaults F	7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 3: Advanced BIOS Features

First / Second / Third Boot Device

→ Floppy	Select your boot device priority by Floppy.
▶ LS120	Select your boot device priority by LS120.
▶ HDD-0~3	Select your boot device priority by HDD-0~3.
→ SCSI	Select your boot device priority by SCSI.
→ CDROM	Select your boot device priority by CDROM.
≯ ZIP	Select your boot device priority by ZIP.
> USB-FDD	Select your boot device priority by USB-FDD.
₩ USB-ZIP	Select your boot device priority by USB-ZIP.
▶ USB-CDROM	Select your boot device priority by USB-CDROM.
▶ USB-HDD	Select your boot device priority by USB-HDD.
▶ LAN	Select your boot device priority by LAN.
▶ Disabled	Select your boot device priority by Disabled.

[&]quot; # " System will detect automatically and show up when you install the Intel® Pentium® 4 processor with HT Technology.

☞ Boot Up Floppy Seek

During POST, BIOS will determine the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360 K type is 40 tracks 720 K, 1.2 M and 1.44 M are all 80 tracks.

▶ Enabled BIOS searches for floppy disk drive to determine it is 40 or 80 tracks. Note

that BIOS can not tell from 720 K, 1.2 M or 1.44 M drive type as they are

all 80tracks.

▶ Disabled BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number. Note

that there will not be any warning message if the drive installed is 360 K.

(Default value)

Tassword Check

Please refer to the detail on P.58

⇒ Sy stem The sy stem can not boot and can not access to Setup page will be denied

if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

⇒ Setup The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct

password is not entered at the prompt. (Default value)

☞ CPU Hyper-Threading

▶ Enabled Enables CPU Hyper Threading Feature. Please note that this feature is only

working for operating system with multi processors mode supported.

(Default value)

▶ Disabled Disables CPU Hyper Threading.

☐ Init Display First

➤ Onboard/AGP Set Init Display First to onboard/AGP. (Default value)

▶PCI Set Init Display First to PCI.

☞ Graphics Aperture Size

▶ 128MB Set Graphics Aperture Size to 128MB. (Default value)

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

☞ Graphics Share Memory

▶ 8MB Set Graphics Share Memory to 8MB. (Default value)

▶ 1MB Set Graphics Share Memory to 1MB.

Integrated Peripherals

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Integrated Peripherals

integrated Feriph		
On-Chip Primary PCI IDE	[Enabled]	Item Help
On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE	[Enabled]	Menu Level ►
IDE1 Conductor Cable	[Auto]	If a hard disk
IDE2 Conductor Cable	[Auto]	controller card is
USB Controller	[Enabled]	used, set at Disable
USB Key board Support	[Disabled]	
USB Mouse Support	[Disabled]	[Enabled]
AC97 Audio	[Auto]	Enable onboard IDE
Onboard H/W 1394	[Enabled]	PORT
Onboard H/W LAN	[Enabled]	
Onboard Serial Port 1	[3F8/IRQ4]	[Disabled]
Onboard Serial Port 2	[2F8/IRQ3]	Disable onboard IDE
UART Mode Select	[Normal]	PORT
x UR2 Duplex Mode	Half	
Onboard Parallel Port	[378/IRQ7]	
Parallel Port Mode	[SPP]	
x ECP Mode Use DMA	3	
Game Port Address	[201]	
Midi Port Address	[330]	
Midi Port IRQ	[10]	
CIR Port Address	[Disabled]	
x CIR Port IRQ	11	
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value		•
F3: Language F5:Previous Values F6:Fail	-Safe Defaults F7	7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 4: Integrated Peripherals

- 41 -

○ On-Chip Primary PCI IDE

▶ Enabled Enable onboard 1st channel IDE port. (Default value)

▶ Disabled Disable onboard 1st channel IDE port.

On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE

➤ Enabled Enable onboard 2nd channel IDE port. (Default value)

▶ Disabled Disable onboard 2nd channel IDE port.

□ IDE1 Conductor Cable

➤ Auto Will be automatically detected by BIOS. (Default Value)

▶ ATA66/100 Set IDE1 Conductor Cable to ATA66/100 (Please make sure your IDE device

and cable is compatible with ATA66/100).

▶ATA33 Set IDE1 Conductor Cable to ATA33 (Please make sure your IDE device and

cable is compatible with ATA33).

☞ IDE2 Conductor Cable

➤ Auto Will be automatically detected by BIOS. (Default Value)

▶ ATA66/100 Set IDE2 Conductor Cable to ATA66/100 (Please make sure your IDE device

and cable is compatible with ATA66/100).

▶ATA33 Set IDE2 Conductor Cable to ATA33 (Please make sure your IDE device and

cable is compatible with ATA33).

□ USB Controller

▶ Enabled Enable USB Controller. (Default value)

▶ Disabled Disable USB Controller.

♡ USB Keyboard Support

➤ Enabled Enable USB Key board Support.

▶ Disabled Disable USB Key board Support. (Default value)

← USB Mouse Support

➤ Enabled Enable USB Mouse Support.

▶ Disabled Disable USB Mouse Support. (Default value)

→ Auto Enable onboard AC'97 audio function. (Default Value)

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

♥ Onboard H/W 1394

➤ Enable Enable onboard IEEE 1394 function.(Default value)

▶ Disable Disable this function.

○ Onboard H/W LAN

▶ Enabled Enable Onboard H/W LAN function. (Default value)

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

○ Onboard Serial Port 1

→ Auto BIOS will automatically setup the port 1 address.

⇒ 3F8/IRQ4 Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3F8. (Default value)

▶ 2F8/IRQ3 Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2F8.
 ▶ 3E8/IRQ4 Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3E8.

▶ 2E8/IRQ3 Enable onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2E8.

Disabled Disable onboard Serial port 1.

Onboard Serial Port 2

→ Auto BIOS will automatically setup the port 2 address.

⇒ 3F8/IRQ4 Enable onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3F8.

▶ 2F8/IRQ3 Enable onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2F8. (Default value)

→ 3E8/IRQ4 Enable onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3E8.
 → 2E8/IRQ3 Enable onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2E8.

→ Disabled Disable onboard Serial port 2.

♡ UART Mode Select

(This item allows you to determine which Infra Red(IR) function of Onboard I/O chip)

▶ASKIR Set onboard I/O chip UART to ASKIR Mode.▶IrDA Set onboard I/O chip UART to IrDA Mode.

Normal Set onboard I/O chip UART to Normal Mode. (Default Value)

SCR Set onboard I/O chip UART to SCR Mode.

☐ UR2 Dupl ex Mode

→ Half IR Function Duplex Half. (Default Value)

▶Full IR Function Duplex Full.

Onboard Parallel port

⇒ 378/IRQ7 Enable onboard LPT port and address is 378/IRQ7. (Default Value)

▶ 278/IRQ5 Enable onboard LPT port and address is 278/IRQ5.

Disabled Disable onboard LPT port.

⇒ 3BC/IRQ7 Enable onboard LPT port and address is 3BC/IRQ7.

Parallel Port Mode

⇒ SPP Using Parallel port as Standard Parallel Port. (Default Value)

▶EPP Using Parallel port as Enhanced Parallel Port.▶ECP Using Parallel port as Extended Capabilities Port.

▶ ECP+EPP Using Parallel port as ECP & EPP mode.

© ECP Mode Use DMA

▶3 Set ECP Mode Use DMA to 3. (Default Value)

▶1 Set ECP Mode Use DMA to 1.

⇔ Game Port Address

▶ 201 Set Game Port Address to 201. (Default Value)

▶ 209 Set Game Port Address to 209.

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

→ Midi Port Address

→ 300 Set Midi Port Address to 300.

→ 330 Set Midi Port Address to 330.(Default Value)

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

[™]Midi Port IRQ

⇒ 5 Set Midi Port IRQ to 5.

▶ 10 Set Midi Port IRQ to 10. (Default Value)

CIR Port Address

→ 310 Set CIR Port Address to 310.→ 320 Set CIR Port Address to 320.

▶ Disabled Disable this function. (Default Value)

CIR Port IRQ

→ 5 Set CIR Port IRQ to 5.

→ 11 Set CIR Port IRQ to 11. (Default Value)

Power Management Setup

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Power Management Setup

ACPI Suspend Type	[S1(POS)]	Item Help
Power LED in S1 State	[Blinking]	Menu Level ▶
Soft-Off by PWR_BTTN	[Instant-Off]	[S1]
PME Event Wake Up	[Enabled]	Set suspend type to
ModemRingOn/WakeOnLan	[Enabled]	Power On Suspend under
Resume by Alarm	[Disabled]	ACPI OS
x Date (of Month) Alarm	Ev ery day	
x Time (hh:nn:ss)	0 0 0	[S3]
Power On By Mouse	[Disabled]	Set suspend type to
Power On By Keyboard	[Disabled]	Suspend to RAM under
x KB Power ON Password	Enter	ACPI OS
AC BACK Function	[Soft-Off]	
↑↓→←: Mov e Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value	e F10:Save ESC:Ex	it F1:General Help
F3: Language F5:Previous Values F6:Fa	ail-Safe Defaults F	7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 5: Power Management Setup

▶ S1(POS) Set ACPI suspend type to S1. (Default Value)

⇒ S3(STR) Set ACPI suspend type to S3.

Power LED in S1 state

⇒ Blinking In standby mode(S1), power LED will blink. (Default Value)

Dual/OFF In standby mode(S1):

a. If use single color LED, power LED will turn off.

b. If use dual color LED, power LED will turn to another color.

○ Soft-off by PWR_BTIN

▶ Instant-off Press power button then Power off instantly. (Default value)

▶ Delay 4 Sec. Press power button 4 sec to Power off. Enter suspend if button is pressed less than 4 sec.

The PME Event Wake Up

▶ Disabled Disable this function.

▶ Enabled Enable PME Event Wake up. (Default Value)

▽ ModemRingOn/WakeOnLAN

⇒ Disabled Disable Modem Ring on/wake on Lan function.

▶ Enabled Enable Modem Ring on/wake on Lan. (Default Value)

☞ Resume by Alarm

You can set "Resume by Alarm" item to enabled and key in Data/time to power on system.

▶ Disabled Disable this function. (Default Value)

▶ Enabled Enable alarm function to POWER ON system.

If RTC Alarm Lead To Power On is Enabled.

Date (of Month) Alarm: Every day, 1~31

Time (hh: mm: ss) Alarm : (0~23) : (0~59) : (0~59)

Power On By Mouse

Disabled Disabled this function. (Default value)
 Mouse Click Double click on PS/2 mouse left button.

Power On By Keyboard

▶ Password Enter from 1 to 5 characters to set the Key board Power On Password.

▶ Disabled Disabled this function. (Default value)

▶ Key board 98 If your key board have "POWER Key" button, you can press the key to

power on your system.

☞ KB Power ON Password

▶ Enter Input passw ord (from 1 to 5 characters) and press Enter to set the Key

board Power On Password.

⇔ AC BACK Function

▶ Memory System power on depends on the status before AC lost.

► Soft-Off Always in Off state when AC back. (Default value)

Full-On Always power on the system when AC back.

PnP/PCI Configurations

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PnP/PCI Configurations

PCI 1/PCI 5 IRQ As	signment		[Auto]		Item Help
PCI 2/PCI 6 IRQ As	signment		[Auto]	1	Menu Level ►
PCI 3 IRQ Assignm	ent		[Auto]		
PCI 4 IRQ Assignm	ent		[Auto]		
1 ↑ ↓ → ←: Move	Enter:Select -	+/-/PU/PD:Value	F10:Save	ESC:Exit	F1:General Help
F3: Language	F5:Previous	Values F6:Fa	il-Safe Defaults	s F7:0	Optimized Defaults

Figure 6: PnP/PCI Configurations

→ PCI 1/PCI 5 IRQ Assignment

→ Auto Auto assign IRQ to PCI 1/PCI 5. (Default value)
 → 3.4.5.7.9.10.11.12.14.15
 Set IRQ 3.4.5.7.9.10.11.12.14.15 to PCI 1/PCI 5.

PCI 2/PCI 6 IRQ Assignment

Auto assign IRQ to PCI 2/PCI 6. (Default value)
 → 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15
 Set IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI 2/PCI 6.

PCI3 IRQ Assignment

▶ Auto Auto assign IRQ to PCI 3. (Default value)
 ▶ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 Set IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI 3.

→ PCI 4 IRQ Assignment

▶ Auto Auto assign IRQ to PCI 4. (Default value)
 ▶ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to PCI 4.

PC Health Status

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PC Health Status

Reset Case Open Status	[Disabled]	Item Help
Case Opened	No	Menu Level ▶
VCORE	1.730V	
+1.5V	1.504V	
+3.3V	3.360V	
+5V	5.053V	
+12V	11.840V	
Current CPU Temperature	40°C	
Current CPU FAN Speed	6490 RPM	
Current POWER FAN Speed	0 RPM	
Current SYSTEM FAN Speed	0 RPM	
CPU Warning Temperature	[Disabled]	
CPU FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
POWER FAN Fail Waring	[Disabled]	
SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]	
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value	F10:Save ESC:Exi	t F1:General Help
F3: Language F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-	Safe Defaults F7	7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 7: PC Health Status

Reset Case Open Status

Case Opened

If the case is closed, "Case Opened" will show "No".

If the case hav e been opened, "Case Opened" will show "Yes".

If you want to reset "Case Opened" value, set "Reset Case Open Status" to

"Enabled" and save CMOS, your computer will restart.

○ Current Voltage (V) VCORE/ +1.5V/ +3.3V/ +5V/ +12V

➤ Detect system's voltage status automatically.

☞ Current CPU Temperature

▶ Detect CPU Temp. automatically.

Current CPU/POWER/SYSTEM FAN Speed (RPM)

▶ Detect CPU/POWER/SYSTEM Fan speed status automatically.

☞ CPU Warning Temperature

▶60°C / 140°F
 ▶70°C / 158°F
 ▶80°C / 176°F
 ▶90°C / 194°F
 Monitor CPU Temp. at 70°C / 158°F.
 ▶90°C / 176°F
 Monitor CPU Temp. at 80°C / 176°F.
 ▶90°C / 194°F
 Monitor CPU Temp. at 90°C / 194°F.
 ▶ Disabled
 Disable this function.(Default value)

☞ CPU FAN Fail Warning

▶ Disabled Fan Warning Function Disable. (Default value)

➤ Enabled Fan Warning Function Enable.

→ POWER FAN Fail Warning

▶ Disabled Fan Warning Function Disable. (Default value)

➤ Enabled Fan Warning Function Enable.

☞ SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning

▶ Disabled Fan Warning Function Disable. (Default value)

▶ Enabled Fan Warning Function Enable.

Frequency/Voltage Control

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Frequency/Voltage Control

CPU Clock Ratio	[15X]	Item Help
CPU Host Clock Control	[Disabled]	Menu Level ▶
*CPU Host Frequency (Mhz)	100	
*Fix ed PCI/AGP Frequency	33/66	
Host/DRAM Clock ratio	[Auto]	
Memory Frequency (Mhz)	266	
PCI/AGP Frequency (Mhz)	33/66	
DIMM OverVoltage Control	[Normal]	
AGP OverVoltage Control	[Normal]	
CPU Voltage Control	[Normal]	
Normal CPU Vcore	1.5000V	
↑↓→←: Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value	F10:Save ESC:Ex	tit F1:General Help
F3: Language F5:Previous Values F6:Fail	-Safe Defaults F	7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 8: Frequency/Voltage Control

*Those items will be available when "CPU Host Clock Control" is set to Enabled.

CPU Clock Ratio

This setup option will automatically assign by CPU detection.

For Willamette CPU:

8X~23X default: 14X For C-Stepping P4: 8X,10X~24X default: 15X For Northwood CPU: 12X~24X default: 16X

The option will display "Locked" and read only if the CPU ratio is not changeable.

CPU Host Clock Control

Note: If system hangs up before enter CMOS setup utility, wait for 20 sec for times out reboot. When time out occur, system will reset and run at CPU default Host clock at next boot.

▶ Disabled Disable CPU Host Clock Control.(Default value)

▶ Enabled Enable CPU Host Clock Control.

CPU Host Frequency

▶ 100MHz ~ 355MHz Set CPU Host Clock from 100MHz to 355MHz.

Incorrect using it may cause your system broken. For power End-User use only!

▽ FixedPCI/AGP Frequency

➤ You can choose those mode to adjust PCI/AGP frequency. (Select PCI/AGP frequency asynchronous with CPU frequency).

→ Host/DRAM Clock Ratio

for FSB(Front Side Bus) frequency = 400MHz,

▶ 2.0 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.0.

⇒ 2.66 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.66.

➤ Auto Set Memory frequency by DRAM SPD data. (Default value)

for FSB(Front Side Bus) frequency = 533MHz,

▶2.0 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.0.

▶2.5 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.5.

➤ Auto Set Memory frequency by DRAM SPD data. (Default value)

for FSB(Front Side Bus) frequency =667MHz,

▶2.0 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 2.0.

▶1.5 Memory Frequency = Host clock X 1.5.

→ Auto Set Memory frequency by DRAM SPD data. (Default value)

The values depend on CPU Host Frequency (Mhz).

□ PCI/AGP Frequency(Mhz)

➤ The values depend on Fixed PCI/AGP Frequency.

○ DIMM OverVoltage Control

► Normal Set DIMM OverVoltage Control to Normal. (Default value)

→ +0.1V Set DIMM OverVoltage Control to +0.1V.
 → +0.2V Set DIMM OverVoltage Control to +0.2V.

☞ AGP OverVoltage Control

► Normal Set AGP OverVoltage Control to Normal. (Default value)

→+0.1V Set AGP OverVoltage Control to +0.1V.
 →+0.2V Set AGP OverVoltage Control to +0.2V.
 →+0.3V Set AGP OverVoltage Control to +0.3V.

☞ CPU Voltage Control

➤ Supports adjustable CPU Vcore from 0.8375V to 1.6000V by 0.025V step. (Default v alue: Normal)

♡ Normal CPU Vcore

Display your CPU Vcore Voltage.

Top Performance

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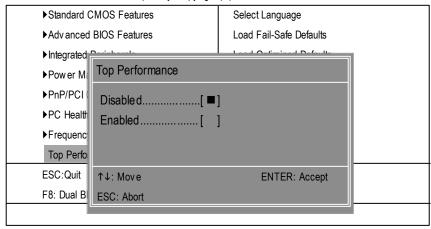


Figure 9: Top Performance

Top Performance

If you wish to maximize the performance of your system, set "Top Performance" as "Enabled".

- ⇒ Disabled Disable this function. (Default Value)
- ▶ Enabled Enable Top Performance function.



"Top Performance" will increase H/W working speed. Different system configuration (both H/W component and OS) will effect the result. For example, the same H/W configuration might not run properly with Windows XP, but works smoothly with Windows NT. Therefore, if your system is not perform enough, the reliability or stability problem will appear sometimes, and we will recommend you disabling the option to avoid the problem as mentioned above.

Select Language

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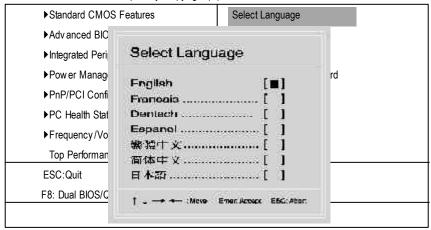


Figure 10:Select Language

Select Language

Multi Language is supports 7 languages. There are English, Japanese, French, Spanish, Germany, Simplified Chinese, Traditional Chinese.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

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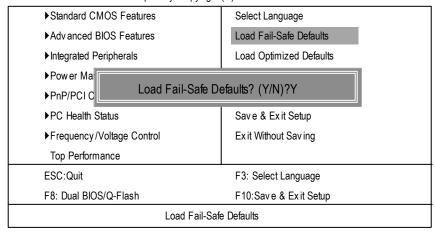


Figure 11: Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Fail-Safe defaults contain the most appropriate values of the system parameters that allow minimum system performance.

Load Optimized Defaults

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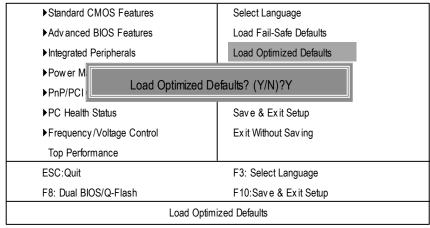


Figure 12: Load Optimized Defaults

Load Optimized Defaults

Selecting this field loads the factory defaults for BIOS and Chipset Features which the system automatically detects.

Set Supervisor/User Password

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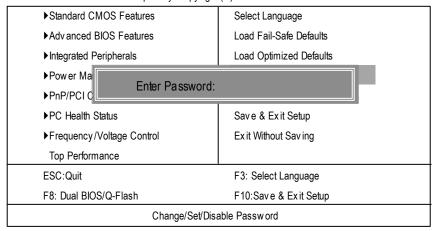


Figure 13: Password Setting

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press <Enter>. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter password. A message "PASSWORD DISABLED" will appear to confirm the password being disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

The BIOS Setup program allows you to specify two separate passwords:

SUPERVISOR PASSWORD and a USER PASSWORD. When disabled, any one may access all BIOS Setup program function. When enabled, the Supervisor password is required for entering the BIOS Setup program and having full configuration fields, the User password is required to access only basic items.

If you select "System" at "Password Check" in Advance BIOS Features Menu, you will be prompted for the password every time the system is rebooted or any time you try to enter Setup Menu.

If you select "Setup" at "Password Check" in Advance BIOS Features Menu, you will be prompted only when you try to enter Setup.

Save & Exit Setup

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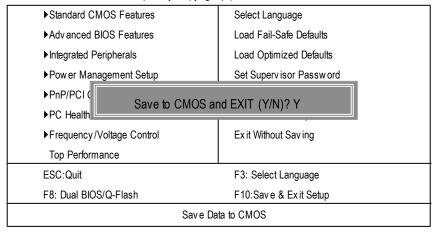


Figure 14: Save & Exit Setup

Type "Y" will quit the Setup Utility and save the user setup value to RTC CMOS. Type "N" will return to Setup Utility.

Exit Without Saving

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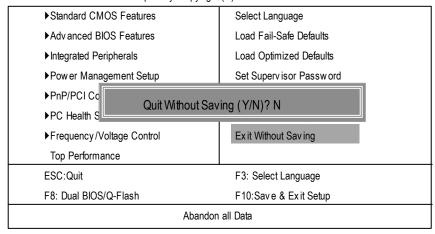


Figure 15: Exit Without Saving

Type "Y" will quit the Setup Utility without saving to RTC CMOS.

Type "N" will return to Setup Utility.

Chapter 4 Technical Reference

@ BIOS™ Introduction

Gigabyte announces @ BIOS Windows BIOS live update utility



Have you ever updated BIOS by yourself? Or like many other people, you just know what BIOS is, but always he sitate to update it? Because you think updating newest BIOS is unnecessary and actually you don't know how to update it.

Maybe not like others, you are very experienced in BIOS updating and spend quite a lot oftime to do it. Butof course you don't like to do it too much. First, download different BIOS from website and then switch the operating system to DOS mode. Secondly, use different flash utility to update BIOS. The above process is not a interesting job. Besides, always be carefully to store the BIOS source code correctly in your disks as if you update the wrong BIOS, it will be a nightmare.

Certainly, you wonder why motherboard vendors could not just do something right to save your time and effort and save you from the lousy BIOS updating work? Here it comes! Now Gigabyte announces @BIOS—the first Windows BIOS live update utility. This is a smart BIOS update software. It could help you to download the BIOS from internet and update it. Not like the other BIOS update software, it's a Windows utility. With the help of "@BIOS', BIOS updating is no more than a click.

Besides, no matter which mainboard you are using, if it's a Gigabyte's product*, @BIOS help you to maintain the BIOS. This utility could detect your correct mainboard model and help you to choose the BIOS accordingly. It then downloads the BIOS from the nearest Gigabyte ftp site automatically. There are several different choices; you could use "Internet Update" to download and update your BIOS directly. Or you may want to keep a backup for your current BIOS, just choose "Save Current BIOS" to save it first. You make a wise choice to use Gigabyte, and @BIOS update your BIOS smartly. You are now worry free from updating wrong BIOS, and capable to maintain and manage your BIOS easily. Again, Gigabyte's innovative producterects a milestone in mainboard industries.

For such a wonderful software, how much it costs? Impossible! It's free! Now, if you buy a Gigabyte's motherboard, you could find this amazing software in the attached driver CD. But please remember, connected to internet at first, then you could have a internet BIOS update from your Gigabyte @BIOS.

Easy Tune[™] 4 Introduction

Gigabyte announces EasyTune™ 4 Windows based Overclocking utility

EasyTune 4 carries on the heritage so as to pave the way for future generations.



Overclock" might be one of the most common issues in computer field. But have many users ever tried it? The answer is probably "no". Because "Overclock" is thought to be very difficult and includes a lot of technical know-how, sometimes "Overclock" is even considered as special skills found only in some enthusiasts. But as to the experts in "Overclock", what's the truth? They may spend quite a lot of time and money to study, try and use many different hard-

ware or BIOS tools to do "Overclock". And even with these technologies, they still learn that it's quite a risk because the safety and stability of an "Overclock" system is unknown. Now everything is different because of a Windows based overclocking utility "EasyTune 4" -- announced by Gigabyte. This windows based utility has totally changed the gaming rule of "Overclock". This is the first windows based overclocking utility is suitable for both normal and power users. Users can choose either "Easy Mode" or"Advanced Mode" for overclocking at their convenience. For users who choose "Easy Mode", they justneed to click "Auto Optimize" to have autoed and immediate CPU overclocking. This software will then overdrive CPU speed automatically with the result being shown in the control panel. If users prefer "Overclock" by them, there is also another choice. Click "Advanced Mode" to enjoy "sport drive" class Overclocking user interface. "Advanced Mode", allows users to change the system bus / AGP / Memory working frequency in small increments to get ultimate system performance. It operates in coordination with Gigabyte motherboards. Besides, it is different from other traditional over-clocking methods, EasyTune 4 doesn'trequire users to change neither BIOS nor hardware switch/jumper setting; on the other hand, they can do "Overclock" at easy step. Therefore, this is a safer way for "Overclock" as nothing is changed on software or hardware. If user runs EasyTune 4 over system's limitation, the biggestlost is only to restart the computer again and the side effect is then well controlled. Moreover, if one well-performed system speed has been tested in EasyTune 4, user can "Save" this setting and "Load" itin next time. Obviously, Gigabyte EasyTune 4 has already turned the "Overclock" technology toward to a newer generation. This wonderful software is now free bundled in Gigabyte motherboard attached in driver CD. Users may make a test drive of "EasyTune 4" to find out more amazing features by themselves.

*Some Gigabyte products are not fully supported by EasyTune 4. Please find the products supported list in the web site.

*Any "Overclocking action" is at user's risk, Gigabyte Technology will not be responsible for any damage or instability to your processor, motherboard, or any other components.

Face-Wizard™ Utilities Installation

What is Face-Wizard™?

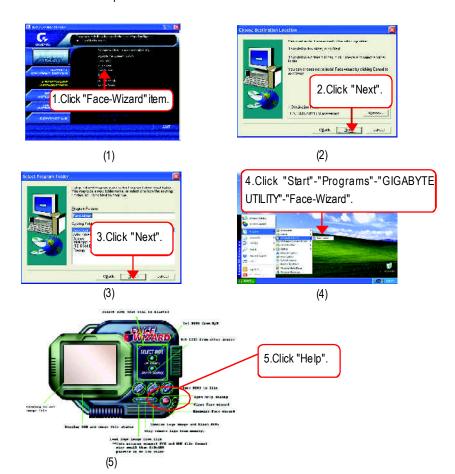
Face-Wizard™ is a windows based utility with user-friendly interface that allows users to change the boot-up logo with picture from Gigabyte Logo Gallery on web site or other compatible picture you have.

How does it work?

Face-Wizard[™] allows user to select BIOS on board or file in hard drive, floppy disk, zip, MO or other storage devices and combine the compatible picture you prefer into BIOS. And not only this, Face-Wizard[™] also helps user to update BIOS in windows mode.

What's benefit for using Face-Wizard™?

It can personalize boot-up logo to show your unique style from others, and never again looking at the black and white bootup screen.



Flash BIOS Method Introduction

Method 1: Dual BIOS/Q-Flash

A. What is Dual BIOS Technology?

Dual BIOS means that there are two system BIOS (ROM) on the motherboard, one is the Main BIOS and the other is Backup BIOS. Under the normal circumstances, the system works on the Main BIOS. If the Main BIOS is corrupted or damaged, the Backup BIOS can take over while the system is powered on. This means that your PC will still be able to run stably as if nothing has happened in your BIOS.

B. How to use Dual BIOS and Q-Flash Utility?

a. After power on the computer, pressing immediately during POST (Power On Self Test) it will allow you to enter Award BIOS CMOS SETUP, then press <F8> to enter Flash utility.

▶Standard CMOS Features Select Language ▶Advanced BIOS Features Load Fail-Safe Defaults ▶Integrated Peripherals Load Optimized Defaults ▶Power Management Setup Set Supervisor Password PnP/f Enter Dual BIOS/Q-Flash Utility (Y/N)? Y ▶PC H Freque Top Performance ESC:Ouit F3: Select Language F8: Dual BIOS/Q-Flash F10:Save & Exit Setup Time, Date, Hard Disk Type...

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2003 Award Software

b. Award Dual BIOS Flash ROM Programming Utility

Dual BIOS Utility V1.20			
Boot From	Main Bios		
Main ROM Type/Size	SST49LF003A	384K	
Backup ROM Type/Size	SST49LF003A	384K	
WideRangeProtection	:Disable		
BootFrom	:Main BIOS		
Auto Recovery	:Enable		
Halt On Error	:Disable		
Keep DMI Data	:Enable		
Copy Main ROM Da	ta to Backup		
Load Default Settings			
Save Settings to CMOS			
Q-Flash Utility			
Load Main BIOS from Floppy			
Load Backup BIOS from Floppy			
Save Main BIOS to Floppy			
Save Backup BIOS to Floppy			
PgDn/PgUp: Modify ↑↓: Move	ESC: Reset	F10: Power Off	

c. Dual BIOS Item explanation:

Wide Range Protection: Disable(Default), Enable

Status 1:

If any failure (ex. Update ESCD failure, checksum error or reset...) occurs in the Main BIOS, just before the Operating System is loaded and after the power is on, and that the Wide Range Protection is set to "Enable", the PC will boot from Backup BIOS automatically.

Status 2:

If the ROM BIOS on peripherals cards(ex. SCSI Cards, LAN Cards,..) emits signals torequest restart of the system after the user make any alteration on it, the bootup BIOS will not be changed to the Backup BIOS.

Boot From: Main BIOS(Default), Backup BIOS

Status 1:

The user can set to boot from main BIOS or Backup BIOS.

Status 2:

If one of the main BIOS or the Backup BIOS fails, this item "Boot From: Main BIOS(Default)" will become gray and will not be changed by user.

Auto Recovery: Enable(Default), Disable

When one of the Main BIOS or Backup BIOS occurs checksum failure, the working BIOS will automatically recover the BIOS of checksum failure.

(In the Power Management Setup of the BIOS Setting, if ACPI Suspend Type is set to Suspend to RAM, the Auto Recovery will be set to Enable automatically.)

(If you want be enter the BIOS setting, please press "Del" key when the boot screen appears.)

Halt On Error: Disable(Default), Enable

If the BIOS occurs a checksum error or the Main BIOS occurs a WIDE RANGE PROTECTION error and Halt On Error set to Enable, the PC will show messages on the boot screen, and the system will pause and wait for the user's instruction.

If Auto Recovery: Disable, it will show <or the other key to continue.>

If Auto Recovery: Enable, it will show <or the other key to Auto Recover.>

Keep DMI Data: Enable(Default), Disable

Enable: The DMIdata won't be replaced by flashing new BIOS. (recommend)

Disable: The DMI data will be replaced by flashing new BIOS.

Copy Main ROM Data to Backup

(If you boot from Backup ROM, this item will change to "Copy Backup ROM Data to Main) Auto recovery message:

BIOS Recovery: Main to Backup

The means that the Main BIOS works normally and could automatically recover the Backup BIOS.

BIOS Recovery: Backup to Main

The means that the Backup BIOS works normally and could automatically recover the Main BIOS. (This auto recovery utility is setby system automatically and can't be changed by user.)

Load Default Settings

Load dual BIOS default value.

Save Settings to CMOS

Save revised setting.

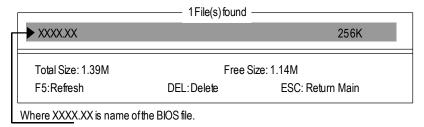
C. What is Q-Flash Utility?

Q-Flash utility is a pre-O.S. BIOS flash utility enables users to update its BIOS within BIOS mode, no more fooling around any OS.

D. How to use Q-Flash?

Load Main BIOS from Floppy / Load Backup BIOS from Floppy

In the A:drive, insert the "BIOS" diskette, then Press Enter to Run.



Press Enter to Run.

Are you sure to update BIOS?
[Enter] to contiune Or [ESC] ot abort...

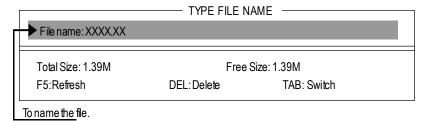
Press Enter to Run.

!! COPY BIOS Completed -Pass !! Please press any key to confinue

Congratulation! You have completed the flashed and now can restart system.

Save Main BIOS to Floppy / Save Backup BIOS to Floppy

In the A:drive, insert the floppy disk, then Press Enter to Run.



Congratulate you have accomplished the saving.

CONTROL KEYS

<pgdn pgup=""></pgdn>	Makechanges
<^>	Move to previous item
<↓>	Move to next item
<esc></esc>	Reset
<f10></f10>	Power Off



DualBIOS™ Technology FAQ

GIGABYTE Technology is pleased to introduce DualBIOS technology, a hotspare for your system BIOS. This newest "Value-added" feature, in a long series of innovations from GIGABYTE, is available on this motherboard. Future GIGABYTE motherboards will also incorporate this innovation.

What's DualBIOS™?

On GIGABYTE motherboards with DualBIOS there are physically two BIOS chips. For simplicity we'll call one your "Main BIOS" and the other we'll call your "Backup" BIOS (your "hot spare"). If your Main BIOS fails, the Backup BIOS almost automatically takes over on your next system boot. Almost automatically and with virtually zero down time! Whether the problem is a failure in flashing your BIOS or a virus or a catastrophic failure of the Main BIOS chip, the result is the same - the Backup BIOS backs you up, almost automatically.

I. Q: What is DualBIOS™ technology?

Answer:

DualBIOS technology is a patented technology from Giga-Byte Technology. The concept of this technology is based on the redundancy and fault tolerance theory. DualBIOSTM technology simply means there are two system BIOSes (ROM) integrated onto the motherboard. One is a main BIOS, and the other is a backup BIOS. The mainboard will operate normally with the main BIOS, however, if the main BIOS is corrupt or damaged for various reasons, the backup BIOS will be automatically used when the system powered-On. Your PC will operate as before the main BIOS was damaged, and is completely transparent to the user.

II. Q: Why does anyone need a motherboard with DualBIOS™ technology? Answer:

In today's systems there are more and more BIOS failures. The most common reasons are virus attacks, BIOS upgrade failures, and/or deterioration of the BIOS (ROM) chip itself.

- 1. New computer viruses are being found that attack and destroy the system BIOS. They may corrupt your BIOS code, causing your PC to be unstable or even not boot normally.
- BIOS data will be corrupted if a power loss/surge occurs, or if a user resets the system, or if the power button is pressed during the process of performing a system BIOS upgrade.
- If a user mistakenly updates their mainboard with the incorrect BIOS file, then the system
 may not be able to boot correctly. This may cause the PC system hang in operation or
 duringboot.
- 4. A flash ROM's life cycle is limited according to electronic characteristics. The modem PC utilizes the Plug and Play BIOS, and is updated regularly. If a user changes peripherals often, there is a slight chance of damage to the flash ROM.
 With Giga-Byte Technology's patented DualBIOS™ technology you can reduce the possibility of hangs during system bootup, and/or loss BIOS data due to above reasons. This new technology will eliminate valuable system down time and costly repair bills cause by BIOS failures.

III. Q: How does DualBIOS™ technology work?

Answer:

- DualBIOS™ technology provides a wide range of protection during the boot up procedure. It
 protects your BIOS during system POST, ESCD update, and even all the way to PNP
 detection/assignment.
- 2. DualBIOS[™] provides automatic recovery for the BIOS. When the first BIOS used during bootup does not complete or ifa BIOS checksum error occurs, boot-up is still possible. In the DualBIOS[™] utility, the "Auto Recovery" option will guarantee that if either the main BIOS or backup BIOS is corrupted, the DualBIOS[™] technology will use the good BIOS and correct the wrong BIOS automatically.
- DualBIOS™ provides manual recovery for the BIOS. DualBIOS™ technology contains a built-in flash utility, which can flash your system BIOS from backup to main and/or visa versa. There is no need for an OS-dependent flash utility program.
- 4. DualBIOS™ contains a one-way flash utility. The built-in one-way flash utility will ensure that the corruptBIOS is not mistaken as the good BIOS during recovery and thatthe correct BIOS (main vs. backup) will be flashed. This will prevent the good BIOS from being flashed.

IV. Q: Who Needs DualBIOS™ technology?

Answer:

- Every user should have DualBIOS[™] technology due to the advancement of computer viruses.
 - Everyday, there are new BIOS-type viruses discovered that will destroy your system BIOS. Most commercial products on the marketdo not have solutions to guard against this type of virus intrusion. The DualBIOSTM technology will provide a state-of-the-art solution to protect your PC:
- Case I.) Vicious computer viruses may wipe out your entire system BIOS. With a conventional single system BIOS PC, the PC will not be functional until it is sent for repairs.
- Case II.) If the "Auto Recovery" option is enabled in the DualBIOS™ utility, and if a virus corrupts your system BIOS, the backup BIOS will automatically reboot the system and correct the main BIOS.
- Case III.) A user may override booting from the main system BIOS. The DualBIOS™ utility may be entered to manually change the boot sequence to boot from the backup BIOS.
- 2. During or after a BIOS upgrade, if DualBIOS™ detects that the main BIOS is corrupt, the backup BIOS will take over the boot-up process automatically. Moreover, it will verify the main and backup BIOS checksums when booting-up. DualBIOS™ technology examines the checksum of the main and backup BIOS while the system is powered on to guarantee your BIOS operates properly.
- 3. Power Users will have the advantage of having two BIOS versions on their mainboard. The benefit is being able to select either version BIOS to suit the performance system needs.
- 4. Flexibility for high-end desktop PCs and workstation/servers. In the DualBIOS™ utility, the option can be set, "Halt On When BIOS Defects," to be enabled to halt your system with awarning message that the main BIOS has been corrupted. Most workstation/servers require constantoperation to guarantee services have not been interrupted. In this situation, the "Halt On When BIOS Defects" message may be disabled to avoid system pauses during normal booting. Another advantage you gain from Giga-Byte's DualBIOS™ technology is the ability to upgrade from dual 2 Mbit BIOS to dual 4 Mbit BIOS in the future if extra BIOS storage is need.

Method 2: BIOS Flash Utility

BIOS Flash Procedure

We use GA-7VTX motherboard and Flash841 BIOS flash utility as example.

Please flash the BIOS according to the following procedures if you are now under the DOS mode.

Flash BIOS Procedure:

STEP 1:

(1) Please make sure your system has installed the extraction utility such as winzip or pkunzip. Firstly you have to install the extraction utility such as winzip or pkunzip for unzip the files. Both of these utilities are available on many shareware download pages like http://www.shareware.cnet.com

STEP 2: Make a DOS bootdiskette. (See example: Windows 98 O.S.)

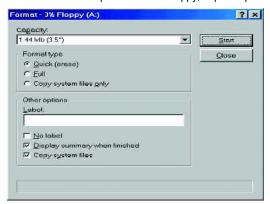
Beware: Windows ME/2000 are notallowed to make a DOS boot diskette.

(1) With an available floppy disk in the floppy drive. Please leave the diskette "UN-write protected" type. Double click the "My Computer" icon from Desktop, then click "3.5 diskette (A)" and right click to select "Format (M)"

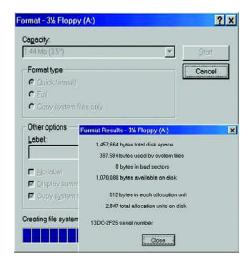


(2) Select the "Quick (erase)" for Format Type, and pick both "Display summary when finished" and "Copy system fles", after that press "Start". That will format the floppy and transfer the needed system files to it.

Beware: This procedure will erase all the prior data on that floppy, so please proceed accordingly.



(3) After the floppy has been formatted completely, please press "Close".



STEP 3: Download BIOS and BIOS utility program.

(1) Please go to Gigabyte website http://www.gigabyte.com.tw/index.html, and click "Support".



(2) From Supportzone, click the "Motherboards BIOS & Drivers".



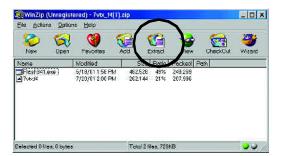
(3) We use GA-7VTX motherboard as example. Please select GA-7VTX by Model or Chipsetoptional menu to obtain BIOS flash files.



(4) Select an appropriate BIOS version (For example: F4), and click to download the file. It will pop up a file download screen, then select the "Open this file from its current location" and press "OK".



(5) At this time the screen shows the following picture, please click "Extract" button to unzip the files.



(6) Please extract the download files into the clean bootable floppy disk A mentioned in STEP 2, and press "Extract".



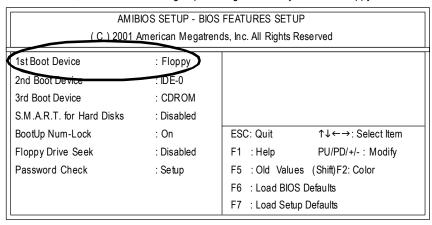
- STEP 4: Make sure the system will boot from the floppy disk.
- (1) Insert the floppy disk (contains bootable program and unzip fle) into the floppy drive A. Then, restart the system. The system will boot from the floppy disk. Please press key to enter BIOS setup main menu when system is bootup.



(2) Once you enter the BIOS setup utility, the main menu will appear on the screen. Use the arrows to highlight the item "BIOS FEATURES SETUP".

AMIBIOS SIMPLE SETUP UTILITY - VERSION 1.24b				
(C) 1999 American Megatre	nds, Inc. All Rights Reserved			
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS			
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	HARDWARE MONITOR & MISC SETUP			
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD			
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	USER PASSWORD			
PNP / PCI CONFIGURATION	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION			
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	SAVE & EXIT SETUP			
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING			
ESC: Quit ↑↓←→ : Select Item (Shi	ft)F2 : Change Color F5: Old Values			
F6: Load BIOS Defaults F7: Load Setup Defaults F10:Save & Exit				
Time, Date , Hard Disk Type				

(3) Press "Enter" to enter "BIOS FEATURES SETUP" menu. Use the arrows to highlight the item "1st Boot Device", and then use the "Page Up" or "Page Down" keys to select "Floppy".



(4) Press "ESC" to go back to previous screen. Use the arrows to highlight the item "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" then press "Enter". System will ask "SAVE to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)?" Press "Y" and "Enter" keys to confirm. Now the system will reboot automatically, the new BIOS setting will be taken effectnextboot-up.

AMIBIOS SIMPLE SETUP UTILITY - VERSION 1.24b				
(C) 2001 American Mega	atrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved			
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS			
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	HARDWARE MONITOR & MISC SETUP			
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD			
POWER MANAGEMENT CETUB	HOED DACOMODD			
PNP / PCI CONF Save to CMOS an	d EXIT (Y/N)? Y			
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	SAVE & EXIT SETUP			
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING			
ESC: Quit ↑↓←→ : Select Item (Shir	ft)F2 : Change Color F5: Old Values			
F6: Load BIOS Defaults F7: Load Setup Defaults F10:Save & Exit				
Save Data to CM OS & Exit SETUP				

STEP 5: BIOS flashing.

(1) After the system boot from floppy disk, type "A:\> dir/w" and press "Enter" to check the entire files in floppy A. Then type the "BIOS flash utility" and "BIOS file" after A:\>. In this case you have to type "A:\> Flash841 7VTX.F4" and then press "Enter".

Starting Windows 98...

Microsoft(R) Windows 98

© Copyright Microsoft Corp 1981-1999

A:\> dir/w

Volume in drive A has no label

Volume Serial Number is 16EB-353D

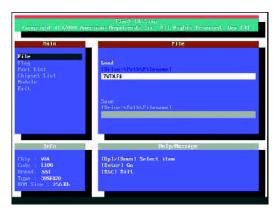
Directory of A:\

COMMAND.COM 7VTX.F4 FLASH841.EXE

3 file(s) 838,954 bytes
0 dir(s) 324,608 bytes free

A:\> Flash8417VTX.F4

(2) Now screen appears the following Flash Utility main menu. Press "Enter", the highlighted item will locate on the model name of the right-upper screen. Rightafter that, press "Enter" to start BIOS Flash Utility.



(3) It will pop up a screen and asks "Are you sure to flash the BIOS?" Press [Enter] to continue the procedure, or press [ESC] to quit.

Beware: Please do not turn off the system while you are upgrading BIOS. It will render your BIOS corrupted and system totally inoperative.



(4) The BIOS flash completed. Please press [ESC] to exit Flash Utility.



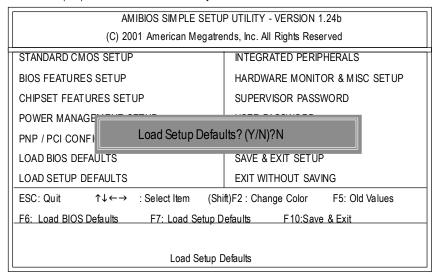
STEP 6: Load BIOS defaults.

Normally the system redetects all devices after BIOS has been upgraded. Therefore, we highly recommend reloading the BIOS defaults after BIOS has been upgraded. This important step resets everything after the fash.

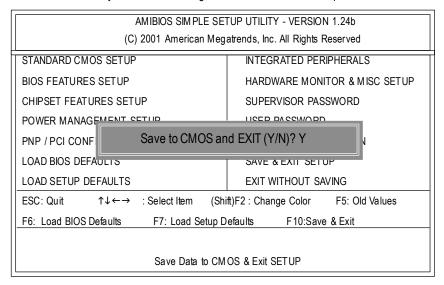
(1) Take out the floppy diskette from floppy drive, and then restart the system. The bootup screen will indicate your motherboard model and current BIOS version.



(2) Don'tforget to press key to enter BIOS setup again when system is bootup. Use the arrows to highlight the item "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" then press "Enter". System will ask "Load Setup Defaults (Y/N)?" Press "Y" and "Enter" keys to confirm.



(3) Use the arrows to highlight the item "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" and press "Enter". System will ask "SAVE to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)?" Press "Y" and "Enter" keys to confirm. Now the system will reboot automatically, the new BIOS setting will be taken effect next boot-up.

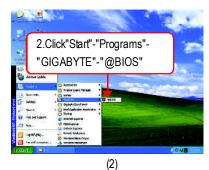


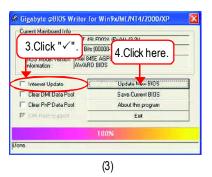
(4) Congratulate you have accomplished the BIOS flash procedure.

Method 3: @ BIOS Utility

If you don't have DOS boot disk, we recommend that you used Gigabyte @BIOS™ program to flash BIOS.









(4)

Methods and steps:

- I. Update BIOS through Internet
- a. Click "Internet Update" icon
- b. Click "Update New BIOS" icon
- c. Select @BIOS™ sever
- d. Select the exact model name on your motherboard
- e. System will automatically download and update the BIOS.

II. Update BIOS NOT through Internet

- a. Do not click "Internet Update" icon
- b. Click "Update New BIOS"
- c. Please select "All Files" in dialog box while opening the old fle.
- d. Please search for BIOS unzip file, downloading from internet or any other methods (such as: 8GE800 Pro.F1).
- e. Complete update process following the instruction.

III. Save BIOS

In the very beginning, there is "Save Current BIOS" icon shown in dialog box. It means to save the current BIOS version.

V. Check out supported motherboard and Flash ROM:

In the very beginning, there is "About this program" icon shown in dialog box. It can help you check out which kind of motherboard and which brand of Flash ROM are supported.

Note:

- a. In method I, if it shows two or more motherboard's model names to be selected, please make sure your motherboard's model name again. Selecting wrong model name will cause the system unbooted.
- In method II, be sure that mother board's model name in BIOS unzip file are the same as your mother board's. Otherwise, your system won't boot.
- c. In method I, if the BIOS file you need cannot be found in @BIOS™ server, please go onto Gigabyte's web site for downloading and updating it according to method II.
- d. Please note that any interruption during updating will cause system unbooted

2-/4-/6-Channel Audio Function Introuction

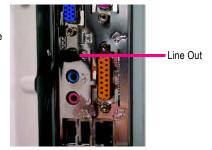
The installation of windows 98SE/2K/ME/XP is very simple. Please follow next step to install the function!

Stereo Speakers Connection and Settings:

We recommend that you use the speaker with amplifier to acquire the best sound effect if the stereo output is applied.

STEP 1:

Connect the stereo speakers or earphone to "Line Out".



STEP 2:

the bottom of the screen.

After installation of the audio driver, you'll find an icon on the taskbar's status area. Click the audio icon "Sound Effect" from the windows tray at





STEP 3:

Select "Speaker Configuration", and choose the "2 channels for stereo speakers out put".

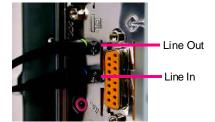
 2 channels mode for stereo speakers output



4 Channel Analog Audio Output Mode

STEP 1:

Connect the front channels to "Line Out", the rear channels to "Line In".



STEP 2:

After installation of the audio driver, you'll find an icon on the taskbar's status area. Click the audio icon "Sound Effect" from the windows tray at the bottom of the screen.

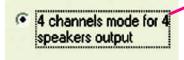




STEP 3:

Select "Speaker Configuration", and choose the "4 channels for 4 speakers out put".

Disable "Only SURROUND-KIT", and press "OK".



When the "Environment settings" is "None", the sound would be performed as stereo mode (2 channels output). Please select the other settings for 4 channels output.



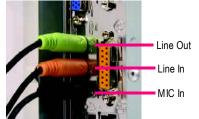


Basic 6 Channel Analog Audio Output Mode

Use the back audio panel to connect the audio output without any additional module.

STEP 1:

Connect the front channels to "Line Out", the rear channels to "Line In", and the Center/Subwoofer channels to "MIC In".



STEP 2:

After installation of the audio driver, you'll find an

icon on the taskbar's status area. Click the audio icon "Sound Effect" from the windows tray at the bottom of the screen.





STEP 3:

Select "Speaker Configuration", and choose the "6 channels for 5.1 speakers out put".

Disable "Only SURROUND-KIT" and pess "OK".





Advanced 6 Channel Analog Audio Output Mode (using Audio Combo Kit,Optional Device):

(Audio Combo Kit provides SPDIF output port : optical & coaxis and SURROUND-KIT : Rear R/L & CEN /Subwoofer)

SURROUND-KIT access analog output to rear channels and Center/Subwoofer channels. It is the best solution if you need 6 channel output, Line In and MIC at the same time. "SURROUND-KIT" is included in the GIGABYTE unique "Audio Combo Kit" as picture.



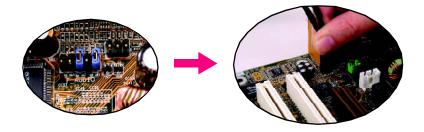
STEP 1:

Insert the "SURROUND-KIT" in the back of the case and fix it with the screw.



STEP 2:

Connect the "SURROUND-KIT" to SUR_CEN on the M/B.



STEP 3:

Connect the front channels to back audio panel's

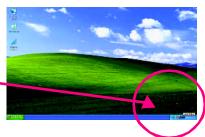
"Line Out", the rear channels to SURROUND-KIT's REAR R/L, and the Center/Subwoofer channels to SURROUND-KIT's SUB CENTER.



STFP 4:

Click the audio icon "Sound Effect" from the windows tray at the bottom of the screen.





STEP 5:

Select "Speaker Configuration", and choose the "6 channels for 5.1 speakers out put".

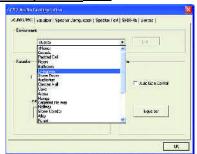
Enable "Only SURROUND-KIT" and press "OK".





Basic & Advanced 6 Channel Analog Audio Output ModeNotes:

When the "Environment settings" is "None", the sound would be performed as stereo mode(2 channels output). Please select the other settings for 6 channels output.



SPDIF Output Device (Optional Device)

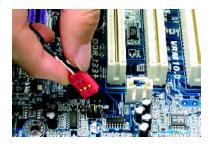
A "SPDF output" device is available on the motherboard. Cable with rear bracket is provided and could link to the "SPDIF output" connector (As picture.) For the further linkage to decoder, rear bracket provides coaxial cable and Fiber connecting port.



 Connect the SPDIF output device to the rear bracket of PC, and fix it with screw.



2. Connect SPDIF device to the motherboard.



3. Connect SPDIF to the SPDIF decoder.



Chapter 5 Appendix

Install Drivers



Pictures below are shown in Windows XP (CD ver. 2.22)

Insert the driver CD-title that came with your motherboard into your CD-ROM drive, the driver CD-title will auto start and show the installation guide. If not, please double click the CD-ROM device icon in "My computer", and execute the setup.exe.

INSTALL CHIPSET DRIVER

This page shows the drivers that need to be installed for the system. Click each item to install the driver manually or switch to the to install the drivers automatically.



Massage: Some device drivers will restart your system automatically. After restarting your system the "Xpress Install" will continue to install other drivers.

The "Xpress Install" uses the "Click and Forget" technology to install the drivers automatically. Just select the drivers you want then click the "GO" button. The will execute the installation for you by itself.





Driver install finished!! you have to reboot system!!

Item Description

- Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility
 Tell the operating system how the chipset components will be configured.
- Intel Application Accelerator
 Designed to improve performance of the storage sub-system and overall system performance.
- Intel Extreme Graphics Driver
 For Intel 845G/GL/GE/GV chipsets.
- USB Patch for WinXP

This patch driver can help you to resolve the USB device wake up S3 hang up issue in XP.

- Intel 82562/82562EX/82540EM LAN Driver
 For Intel(R) PRO/10/1000/Wireless Ethernet connections
- RealTek ALC101A/201A/202/650 AC97 Codec Driver For Intel(R) ICH/ICH2/ICH4 AC97 audio.
- USB Driver Patch This patch driver can help you to resolve some USB device issue on XP.
- Intel/NEC USB 2.0 Driver It is recommended that you use the Microsoft Windows update for the most updated driver for XP/2K.

SOFTWARE APPLICATION

This page reveals the value-added software developed by Gigabyte and its worldwide partners.



Gigabyte Windows Utilities Manager(GWUM)
 This utility can integrate the Gigabyte's applications in the system tray.

■ Gigabyte Management Tool(GMT)

A useful tool which can manage the computer via the network.

■ EasyTune4

Powerful utility that integrates the overclocking and hardware monitoring functions.

■ DMI Viewer

Windows based utility which is used to browse the DMI/SMBIOS information of the system.

■ Face-Wizard

New utility for adding BIOS logo.

■ @BIOS

Gigabyte windows flash BIOS utility.

■ Acrobat e-Book

Useful utility from Adobe.

Acrobat Reader

Popular utility from Adobe for reading .PDF file format documents.

■ Norton Internet Security(NIS)

Integrated utility which includes anti-virus, ad control, etc

■ Intel LAN card utility

Utility for Intel(R) PRO/10/100/1000/Wireless Ethernet connections

SOFTWARE INFORMATION

This page list the contects of softwares and drivers in this CD title.



HARDWARE INFORMATION

This page lists all device you have for this motherboard.



CONTACT US

Please see the last page for details.



Acronyms

Acronyms	Meaning
ACPI	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface
APM	Advanced Power Management
AGP	Accelerated Graphics Port
AMR	Audio Modem Riser
ACR	Advanced Communications Riser
BIOS	Basic Input / Output System
CPU	Central Processing Unit
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
CRIMM	Continuity RIMM
CNR	Communication and Networking Riser
DMA	Direct Memory Access
DMI	Desktop Management Interface
DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Module
DRM	Dual Retention Mechanism
DRAM	Dynamic Random Access Memory
DDR	Double Data Rate
ECP	Extended Capabilities Port
ESCD	Extended System Configuration Data
ECC	Error Checking and Correcting
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EPP	Enhanced Parallel Port
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
FDD	Floppy Disk Device
FSB	Front Side Bus
HDD	Hard Disk Device
IDE	Integrated Dual Channel Enhanced
IRQ	Interrupt Request

to be continued.....

Acronyms	Meaning
IOAPIC	Input Output Advanced Programmable Input Controller
ISA	Industry Standard Architecture
LAN	Local Area Network
I/O	Input / Output
LBA	Logical Block Addressing
LED	Light Emitting Diode
MHz	Megahertz
MIDI	Musical Instrument Digital Interface
MTH	Memory Translator Hub
MPT	Memory Protocol Translator
NIC	Network Interface Card
OS	Operating System
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
PAC	PCI A.G.P. Controller
POST	Power-On Self Test
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect
RIMM	Rambus in-line Memory Module
SCI	Special Circumstance Instructions
SECC	Single Edge Contact Cartridge
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory

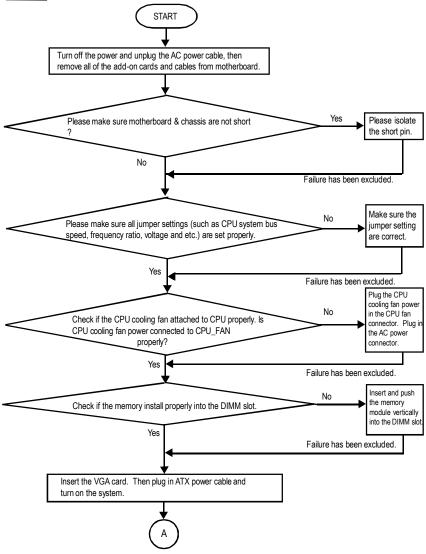
Technical Support/RMA Sheet

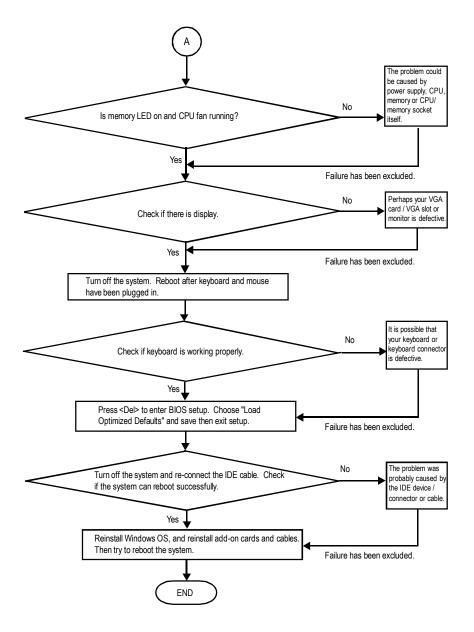
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Keyboard						
Mouse						
Power supply						
Other Device						
Problem Descri	ption:		·			
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Troubleshooting



If you encounter any trouble during boot up, please follow the troubleshooting procedures .





If the above procedure unable to solve your problem, please contact with your local retailer or national distributor for help. Or, you could submit your question to the service mail via Gigabyte website technical support zone

(http://www.gigabyte.com.tw). The appropriate response will be provided ASAP.

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