# GA-M85M-US2H

AM2+/AM2 socket motherboard for AMD Phenom<sup>™</sup> II X4 processor/AMD Phenom<sup>™</sup> II X3 processor/ AMD Phenom<sup>™</sup> FX processor/AMD Phenom<sup>™</sup> X4 processor/ AMD Phenom<sup>™</sup> X3 processor/AMD Athlon<sup>™</sup> X2 processor/ AMD Athlon<sup>™</sup> processor/AMD Sempron<sup>™</sup> X2 processor/ AMD Sempron<sup>™</sup> processor

### User's Manual

Rev. 1201 12ME-M85MU2H-1201R

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#### **Documentation Classifications**

In order to assist in the use of this product, GIGABYTE provides the following types of documentations:

- For detailed product information, carefully read the User's Manual.
- For instructions on how to use GIGABYTE's unique features, read or download the information on/from the Support&Downloads\Motherboard\Technology Guide page on our website.

For product-related information, check on our website at: http://www.gigabyte.com.tw

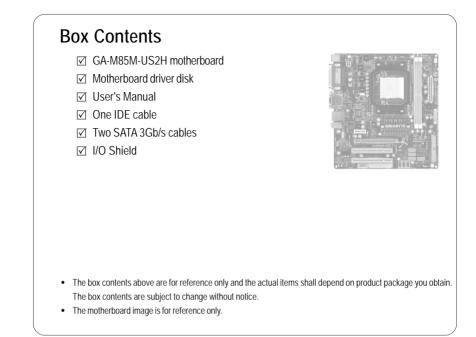
#### Identifying Your Motherboard Revision

The revision number on your motherboard looks like this: "REV: X.X." For example, "REV: 1.0" means the revision of the motherboard is 1.0. Check your motherboard revision before updating motherboard BIOS, drivers, or when looking for technical information. Example:

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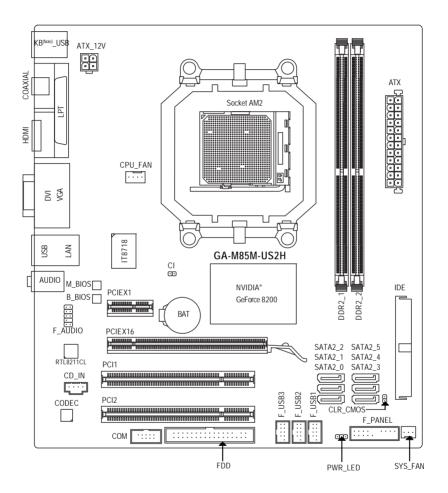
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### **Optional Items**

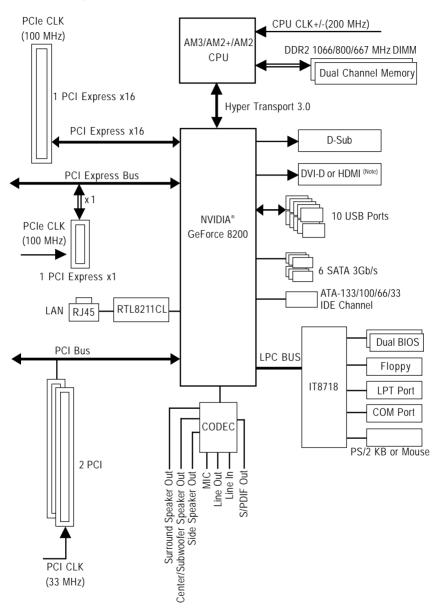
- □ Floppy disk drive cable (Part No. 12CF1-1FD001-7\*R)
- □ 2-port USB 2.0 bracket (Part No. 12CR1-1UB030-5\*R)
- □ 2-port SATA power cable (Part No. 12CF1-2SERPW-0\*R)
- COM port cable (Part No. 12CF1-1CM001-3\*R)

### GA-M85M-US2H Motherboard Layout



(Note) Use this port to connect a PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse.

### **Block Diagram**



(Note) Simultaneous output for DVI-D and HDMI is not supported.

### Chapter 1 Hardware Installation

### 1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard contains numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the user's manual and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an electrostatic shielding container.
- Before unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.

### 1-2 Product Specifications

CPU	<ul> <li>Support for AM3/AM2+/AM2 processors (Note 1):</li> </ul>
	AMD Phenom <sup>™</sup> II X4 processor/AMD Phenom <sup>™</sup> II X3 processor/
	AMD Phenom™ FX processor/AMD Phenom™ X4 processor/
	AMD Phenom™ X3 processor/AMD AthIon™ X2 processor/
	AMD AthIon™ processor/AMD Sempron™X2 processor/
	AMD Sempron™processor
	(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
Hyper Transport Bus	• 5200/2000 MT/s
Chipset	NVIDIA <sup>®</sup> GeForce 8200 chipset
Memory	<ul> <li>2 x 1.8V DDR2 DIMM sockets supporting up to 8 GB of system memory (Note 2)</li> </ul>
	Dual channel memory architecture
	Support for DDR2 1066/800/667 MHz memory modules
	(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest memory support list.)
Audio	Realtek ALC888 codec
	High Definition Audio
	• 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel (Note 3)
	Support for S/PDIF Out
	Support for CD In
LAN	• RTL8211CL chip (10/100/1000 Mbit)
Expansion Slots	1 x PCI Express x16 slot, running at x16
	(The PCI Express x16 slot supports NVIDIA Hybrid SLI (Note 4) technology
	and conforms to PCI Express 2.0 standard.)
	1 x PCI Express x1 slot
	2 x PCI slots
Storage Interface	Chipset:
5	- 1 x IDE connector supporting ATA-133/100/66/33 and up to 2 IDE device:
	- 6 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors supporting up to 6 SATA 3Gb/s devices (Note 5
	- Support for SATA RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 0+1, RAID 5, and JBOD
	• iTE IT8718 chip:
	- 1 x floppy disk drive connector supporting up to 1 floppy disk drive
USB	<ul> <li>Integrated in the Chipset</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Up to 10 USB 2.0/1.1 ports (4 on the back panel, 6 via the USB brackets)</li> </ul>
	connected to the internal USB headers)

Internal Connectors	1 x 24-pin ATX main power connector
	<ul> <li>1 x 4-pin ATX 12V power connector</li> </ul>
	1 x floppy disk drive connector
	1 x IDE connector
	6 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors
	• 1 x CPU fan header
	<ul> <li>1 x system fan header</li> </ul>
	1 x front panel header
	1 x front panel audio header
	1 x CD In connector
	• 3 x USB 2.0/1.1 headers
	1 x serial port header
	<ul> <li>1 x power LED header</li> </ul>
	1 x chassis intrusion header
Back Panel	<ul> <li>1 x PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse port</li> </ul>
Connectors	1 x parallel port
	1 x coaxial S/PDIF Out connector
	1 x HDMI port (Note 6)
	• 1 x D-Sub port
	<ul> <li>1 x DVI-D port (Note 6) (Note 7)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>4 x USB 2.0/1.1 ports</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 x RJ-45 port</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>3 x audio jacks (Line In/Line Out/Microphone)</li> </ul>
I/O Controller	iTE IT8718 chip
Hardware Monitor	System voltage detection
	CPU/System temperature detection
	CPU/System fan speed detection
	CPU/System overheating warning
	CPU/System fan fail warning
	CPU fan speed control (Note 8)
BIOS	2 x 8 Mbit flash
	Use of licensed AWARD BIOS
	<ul> <li>Support for DualBIOS<sup>™</sup></li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PnP 1.0a, DMI 2.0, SM BIOS 2.4, ACPI 1.0b</li> </ul>

Unique Features	Support for @BIOS
	Support for Q-Flash
	Support for Xpress BIOS Rescue
	Support for Download Center
	Support for Xpress Install
	Support for Xpress Recovery2
	Support for EasyTune (Note 9)
	<ul> <li>Support for Easy Energy Saver (Note 10)</li> </ul>
Bundled Software	Norton Internet Security (OEM version)
Operating System	<ul> <li>Support for Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows<sup>®</sup> Vista/XP</li> </ul>
Form Factor	Micro ATX Form Factor; 24.4cm x 22.0cm

- (Note 1) We recommend that you enhance heat dissipation for the CPU VRM area if an AMD Black Edition CPU is installed and NVIDIA Core Calibration is enabled.
- (Note 2) Due to Windows Vista/XP 32-bit operating system limitation, when more than 4 GB of physical memory is installed, the actual memory size displayed will be less than 4 GB.
- (Note 3) To configure 7.1-channel audio, you need connect with the port of HD Audio standard via front panel and enable the multi-channel audio feature through the audio driver.
- (Note 4) Whether Hybird SLI technology is supported depends on the graphics card being used.
- (Note 5) Due to a chipset limitation, the SATA2\_4 and SATA2\_5 connectors only support AHCI/RAID mode.
- (Note 6) Simultaneous output for DVI-D and HDMI is not supported.
- (Note 7) The DVI-D port does not support D-Sub connection by adapter.
- (Note 8) Whether the CPU fan speed control function is supported will depend on the CPU cooler you install.
- (Note 9) Available functions in EasyTune may differ by motherboard model.
- (Note 10) Due to the hardware limitation, you must install the AMD AM3 Phenom<sup>™</sup> II/AM2+ Phenom<sup>™</sup> Series CPU toenable support for Easy Energy Saver.

### 1-3 Installing the CPU and CPU Cooler

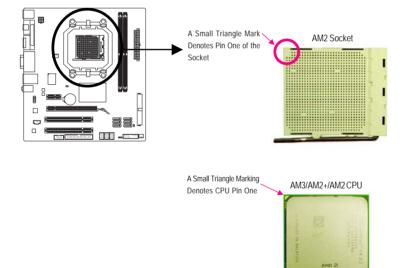


Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.
  - (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- Locate the pin one of the CPU. The CPU cannot be inserted if oriented incorrectly.
- Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the CPU.
- Do not turn on the computer if the CPU cooler is not installed, otherwise overheating and damage of the CPU may occur.
- Set the CPU host frequency in accordance with the CPU specifications. It is not recommended that the system bus frequency be set beyond hardware specifications since it does not meet the standard requirements for the peripherals. If you wish to set the frequency beyond the standard specifications, please do so according to your hardware specifications including the CPU, graphics card, memory, hard drive, etc.

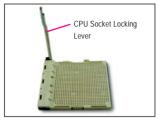
#### 1-3-1 Installing the CPU

A. Locate the pin one (denoted by a small triangle) of the CPU socket and the CPU.



B. Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU into the motherboard CPU socket.

Before installing the CPU, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power courses courses and the power outlet to prevent damage to the CPU.



Step 1:

Completely lift up the CPU socket locking lever.





Align the CPU pin one (small triangle marking) with the triangle mark on the CPU socket and gently insert the CPU into the socket. Make sure that the CPU pins fit perfectly into their holes. Once the CPU is positioned into its socket, place one finger down on the middle of the CPU, lowering the locking lever and latching it into the fully locked position.



Do not force the CPU into the CPU socket. The CPU cannot fit in if oriented incorrectly. Adjust the CPU orientation if this occurs.

#### 1-3-2 Installing the CPU Cooler

Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU cooler on the CPU. (The following procedure uses the GIGABYTE cooler as the example.)



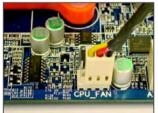
#### Step 1:

Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the installed CPU.



#### Step 3:

Hook the CPU cooler clip to the mounting lug on one side of the retention frame. On the other side, push straight down on the the CPU cooler clip to hook it to the mounting lug on the retention frame.



#### Step 5:

Finally, attach the power connector of the CPU cooler to the CPU fan header (CPU\_FAN) on the motherboard.



Use extreme care when removing the CPU cooler because the thermal grease/tape between the CPU cooler and CPU may adhere to the CPU. Inadequately removing the CPU cooler may damage the CPU.



Step 2: Place the CPU cooler on the CPU.





Turn the cam handle from the left side to the right side (as the picture above shows) to lock into place. (Refer to your CPU cooler installation manual for instructions on installing the cooler.)

### 1-4 Installing the Memory



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

• Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.

(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest memory support list.)

- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

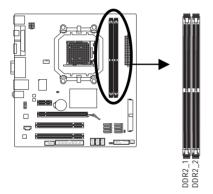
#### 1-4-1 Dual Channel Memory Configuration



This motherboard provides two DDR2 memory sockets and supports Dual Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory. Enabling Dual Channel memory mode will double the original memory bandwidth.

The two DDR2 memory sockets are divided into two channels as following:

- ▶ Channel 0: DDR2\_1
- ➡ Channel 1: DDR2\_2



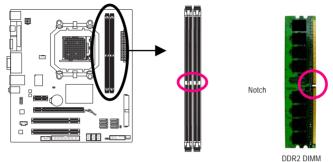
Due to CPU limitation, read the following guidelines before installing the memory in Dual Channel mode.

- 1. Dual Channel mode cannot be enabled if only one DDR2 memory module is installed.
- 2. When enabling Dual Channel mode with two memory modules, it is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.

#### 1-4-2 Installing a Memory



Before installing a memory module , make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the memory module. DDR2 DIMMs are not compatible to DDR DIMMs. Be sure to install DDR2 DIMMs on this motherboard.



A DDR2 memory module has a notch, so it can only fit in one direction. Follow the steps below to correctly install your memory modules in the memory sockets.



#### Step 1:

Note the orientation of the memory module. Spread the retaining clips at both ends of the memory socket. Place the memory module on the socket. As indicated in the picture on the left, place your fingers on the top edge of the memory, push down on the memory and insert it vertically into the memory socket.



#### Step 2:

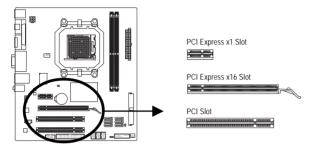
The clips at both ends of the socket will snap into place when the memory module is securely inserted.

### 1-5 Installing an Expansion Card



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install an expansion card:

- Make sure the motherboard supports the expansion card. Carefully read the manual that came with your expansion card.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing an expansion card to prevent hardware damage.



Follow the steps below to correctly install your expansion card in the expansion slot.

- 1. Locate an expansion slot that supports your card. Remove the metal slot cover from the chassis back panel.
- 2. Align the card with the slot, and press down on the card until it is fully seated in the slot.
- 3. Make sure the metal contacts on the card are completely inserted into the slot.
- 4. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.
- 5. After installing all expansion cards, replace the chassis cover(s).
- Turn on your computer. If necessary, go to BIOS Setup to make any required BIOS changes for your expansion card(s).
- 7. Install the driver provided with the expansion card in your operating system.

Example: Installing and Removing a PCI Express x16 Graphics Card:



• Installing a Graphics Card:

Gently push down on the top edge of the card until it is fully inserted into the PCI Express x16 slot. Make sure the card is securely seated in the slot and does not rock.



Removing the Card:

Gently push back on the lever on the slot and then lift the card straight out from the slot.

### 1-6 Enabling the NVIDIA Hybrid SLI Function

The NVIDIA<sup>®</sup> Hybrid SLI<sup>®</sup> technology delivers multi-GPU (graphics processing unit) benefits when an NVIDIA motherboard GPU is combined with an NVIDIA discrete GPU. This section gives instructions on configuring an NVIDIA Hybrid SLI system.

#### A. System Requirements:

- Hybrid SLI-enabled motherboard and graphics card (Go to NVIDIA's website for a full list.)
- At least 2 GB of system memory
- Windows Vista operating system
- Latest NVIDIA graphics driver
- System BIOS that has Hybrid SLI enabled

#### B. Enabling Hybrid SLI:

1. BIOS Setup:

Enter BIOS Setup to set the following items under the Advanced BIOS Features menu:

- Set Hybrid SLI to Auto.
- Set Onboard GPU to Always Enable.
- Set iGPU Frame Buffer Control to Manual.
- Set Frame Buffer Size to 256MB or 512MB.

(Refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup", "Advanced BIOS Features", for more information.)

#### 2. Driver Installation:

Insert the motherboard driver disk and select Installing Chipset Drivers. Click Xpress Install for installation. Restart your system when completed.



- It is recommended that the Hybrid SLI-ready graphics card be installed after the motherboard driver installation. Restart your system after installing the graphics card. The system will detect the card and enable Hybrid SLI automatically.
- You do not have to install the graphics card driver if the motherboard chipset driver has been installed.

#### C. The Hybrid SLI Interface:



#### 1. Hybrid SLI Mode Confirmation:

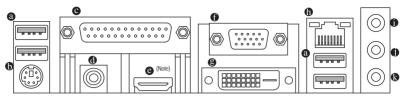
The Hybrid SLI icon appears in the notification area after the system restarts. Pause your mouse over the icon to see the current mode of the system. (Boost Performance means the Hybrid SLI is enabled.)

#### 2. Options for Hybrid SLI Mode:

Click the Hybrid SLI icon to show this dialog box.

- Choose Additional displays if you want to disable Hybrid SLI. This makes motherboard GPU and graphics card operate independently to support multiple displays.
- Under Save Power mode, all discrete NVIDIA GPUs are powered off for reduced power consumption and temperature, quieter operation. Only the motherboard GPU renders and display. (Hybrid SLI icon from to to to the second se

### 1-7 Back Panel Connectors



#### USB Port

The USB port supports the USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use this port for USB devices such as a USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.

#### PS/2 Keyboard or PS/2 Mouse Port

Use this port to connect a PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse.

#### Parallel Port

Use the parallel port to connect devices such as a printer, scanner and etc. The parallel port is also called a printer port.

#### Coaxial S/PDIF Out Connector

This connector provides digital audio out to an external audio system that supports digital coaxial audio. Before using this feature, ensure that your audio system provides a coaxial digital audio in connector.

#### HDMI Port

The HDMI (High-Definition Multimedia Interface) provides an all-digital audio/video interface to transmit the uncompressed audio/video signals and is HDCP compliant. Connect the HDMI audio/ video device to this port. The HDMI Technology can support a maximum resolution of 1920x1080 but the actual resolutions supported depend on the monitor being used.



- After installing the HDMI device, make sure the default device for sound playback is the HDMI device. (The item name may differ by operating system. Refer the figures below for details.).
- Please note the HDMI audio output only supports AC3, DTS and 2-channel-LPCM formats. (AC3 and DTS require the use of an external decoder for decoding.)



In Windows Vista, select Start>Control Panel>Sound, select NVIDIA HDMI Output and then click Set Default.



- When removing the cable connected to a back panel connector, first remove the cable from your device and then remove it from the motherboard.
- When removing the cable, pull it straight out from the connector. Do not rock it side to side to prevent an electrical short inside the cable connector.

(Note) Simultaneous output for DVI-D and HDMI is not supported.

#### A. Dual Display Configurations:

This motherboard provides three ports for video output: DVI-D, HDMI and D-Sub. The table below shows the supported dual display configurations.

Dual	Combination	Supported or Not
Display	DVI-D + D-Sub	Yes
	DVI-D + HDMI	Yes
	HDMI + D-Sub	Yes

#### B. Playback of HD DVD and Blu-ray Discs:

In order to get better playback quality, when playing the HD DVD or Blu-ray discs, refer to the recommended system requirements (or better) below.

- CPU: AMD Phenom<sup>™</sup> Dual Core or above processor
- Memory: Two 1 GB DDR2 800 memory modules with dual channel mode enabled
- BIOS Setup: At least 256 MB of Frame Buffer Size (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Advanced BIOS Features," for more information)
- Playback software: CyberLink PowerDVD 8.0 or above (Note: Please ensure Hardware Acceleration is enabled )
- HDCP compliant monitor(s)

#### D-Sub Port

The D-Sub port supports a 15-pin D-Sub connector. Connect a monitor that supports D-Sub connection to this port.

#### DVI-D Port

The DVI-D port supports DVI-D specification. Connect a monitor that supports DVI-D connection to this port.

#### RJ-45 LAN Port

The Gigabit Ethernet LAN port provides Internet connection at up to 1 Gbps data rate. The following describes the states of the LAN port LEDs.

Connection/ Speed LED



Connection/Speed LED:				
State	Description			
Orange	1 Gbps data rate			
Green	100 Mbps data rate			
Off	10 Mbps data rate			

Activity	I FD.
currey	LLD.

,	
State	Description
Blinking	Data transmission or receiving is occurring
Off	No data transmission or receiving is occurring

#### • Line In Jack (Blue)

The default line in jack. Use this audio jack for line in devices such as an optical drive, walkman, etc.

#### Line Out Jack (Front Speaker Out, Green)

The default line out jack. Use this audio jack for a headphone or 2-channel speaker. This jack can be used to connect front speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

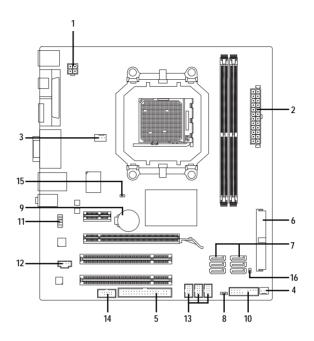
#### Mic In Jack (Pink)

The default Mic in jack. Microphones must be connected to this jack.



To configure 7.1-channel audio, you need connect with the port of HD Audio standard via front panel and enable the multi-channel audio feature through the audio driver. Refer to the instructions on setting up a 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration in Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."

### 1-8 Internal Connectors



1)	ATX_12V	9)	BAT
2)	ATX	10)	F_PANEL
3)	CPU_FAN	11)	F_AUDIO
4)	SYS_FAN	12)	CD_IN
5)	FDD	13)	F_USB1 / F_USB2 / F_USB3
6)	IDE	14)	СОМ
7)	SATA2_0 / 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5	15)	CI
8)	PWR_LED	16)	CLR_CMOS



Read the following guidelines before connecting external devices:

• First make sure your devices are compliant with the connectors you wish to connect.

- Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.
  - After installing the device and before turning on the computer, make sure the device cable has been securely attached to the connector on the motherboard.

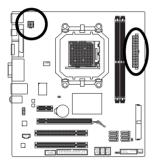
#### 1/2) ATX 12V/ATX (2x2 12V Power Connector and 2x12 Main Power Connector)

With the use of the power connector, the power supply can supply enough stable power to all the components on the motherboard. Before connecting the power connector, first make sure the power supply is turned off and all devices are properly installed. The power connector possesses a foolproof design. Connect the power supply cable to the power connector in the correct orientation. The 12V power connector mainly supplies power to the CPU. If the 12V power connector is not connected, the computer will not start.



To meet expansion requirements, it is recommended that a power supply that can withstand high power consumption be used (500W or greater). If a power supply is used that does not provide the required power, the result can lead to an unstable or unbootable system.

• The main power connector is compatible with power supplies with 2x10 power connectors. When using a 2x12 power supply, remove the protective cover from the main power connector on the motherboard. Do not insert the power supply cable into pins under the protective cover when using a 2x10 power supply.

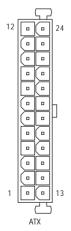




	_	
ATX	12V	

A	I X_	120	i
	D'	N.I.	

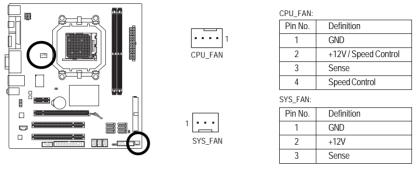
Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	GND
3	+12V
4	+12V



ATX:			
Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	3.3V	13	3.3V
2	3.3V	14	-12V
3	GND	15	GND
4	+5V	16	PS_ON(soft On/Off)
5	GND	17	GND
6	+5V	18	GND
7	GND	19	GND
8	Power Good	20	-5V
9	5V SB(stand by +5V)	21	+5V
10	+12V	22	+5V
11	+12V (Only for 2x12-pinATX)	23	+5V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)
12	3.3V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)	24	GND (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)

#### 3/4) CPU\_FAN/SYS\_FAN (Fan Headers)

The motherboard has a 4-pin CPU fan header (CPU\_FAN) and a 3-pin system fan header (SYS\_FAN). Most fan headers possess a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation (the black connector wire is the ground wire). The motherboard supports CPU fan speed control, which requires the use of a CPU fan with fan speed control design. For optimum heat dissipation, it is recommended that a system fan be installed inside the chassis.

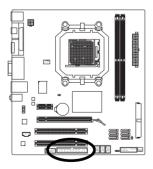


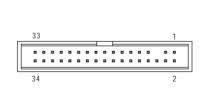
 Be sure to connect fan cables to the fan headers to prevent your CPU and system from overheating. Overheating may result in damage to the CPU or the system may hang.

• These fan headers are not configuration jumper blocks. Do not place a jumper cap on the headers.

#### 5) FDD (Floppy Disk Drive Connector)

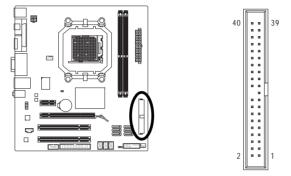
This connector is used to connect a floppy disk drive. The types of floppy disk drives supported are: 360 KB, 720 KB, 1.2 MB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB. Before connecting a floppy disk drive, be sure to locate pin 1 of the connector and the floppy disk drive cable. The pin 1 of the cable is typically designated by a stripe of different color.





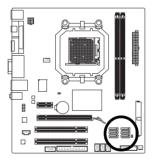
#### 6) IDE (IDE Connector)

The IDE connector supports up to two IDE devices such as hard drives and optical drives. Before attaching the IDE cable, locate the foolproof groove on the connector. If you wish to connect two IDE devices, remember to set the jumpers and the cabling according to the role of the IDE devices (for example, master or slave). (For information about configuring master/slave settings for the IDE devices, read the instructions from the device manufacturers.)



#### 7) SATA2\_0/1/2/3/4/5 (SATA 3Gb/s Connectors)

The SATA connectors conform to SATA 3Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device. The NVIDIA\* GeForce 8200 controller supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 0+1, RAID 5 and JBOD. Refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.





Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	GND
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	GND



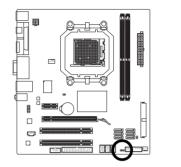
Please connect the L-shaped end of the SATA 3Gb/s cable to your SATA hard drive.



- Due to a chipset limitation, the SATA2\_4/SATA2\_5 connectors only support AHCI/RAID mode.
- A RAID 0 or RAID 1 configuration requires at least two hard drives. If more than two hard drives are to be used, the total number of hard drives must be an even number.
- A RAID 5 configuration requires at least three hard drives. (The total number of hard drives does not have to be an even number.)
- A RAID 0+1 configuration requires at least four hard drives and the total number of hard drives must be an even number.

#### 8) PWR\_LED (System Power LED Header)

This header can be used to connect a system power LED on the chassis to indicate system power status. The LED is on when the system is operating. The LED keeps blinking when the system is in S1 sleep state. The LED is off when the system is in S3/S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).



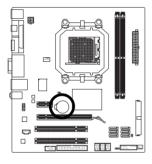
1	•	•	•
	$\sim$	-	$\sim$

Definition
MPD+
MPD-
MPD-

System Status	LED
SO	On
S1	Blinking
S3/S4/S5	Off

#### 9) BAT (Battery)

The battery provides power to keep the values (such as BIOS configurations, date, and time information) in the CMOS when the computer is turned off. Replace the battery when the battery voltage drops to a low level, or the CMOS values may not be accurate or may be lost.



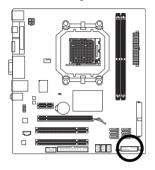


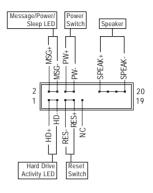
You may clear the CMOS values by removing the battery:

- 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
- Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
- 3. Replace the battery.
- 4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.
- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord before replacing the battery.
- Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Danger of explosion if the battery is replaced with an incorrect model.
- Contact the place of purchase or local dealer if you are not able to replace the battery by yourself or uncertain about the battery model.
- When installing the battery, note the orientation of the positive side (+) and the negative side (-) of the battery (the positive side should face up).
- Used batteries must be handled in accordance with local environmental regulations.

#### 10) F\_PANEL (Front Panel Header)

Connect the power switch, reset switch, speaker and system status indicator on the chassis front panel to this header according to the pin assignments below. Note the positive and negative pins before connecting the cables.





• MSG (Message/Power/Sleep LED, Yellow):

System Status	LED	Co
S0	On	LE
S1	Blinking	th
S3/S4/S5	Off	S3

Connects to the power status indicator on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the system is operating. The LED keeps blinking when the system is in S1 sleep state. The LED is off when the system is in S3/S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).

• PW (Power Switch, Red):

Connects to the power switch on the chassis front panel. You may configure the way to turn off your system using the power switch (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Power Management Setup," for more information).

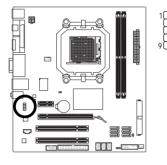
- SPEAK (Speaker, Orange): Connects to the speaker on the chassis front panel. The system reports system startup status by issuing a beep code. One single short beep will be heard if no problem is detected at system startup. If a problem is detected, the BIOS may issue beeps in different patterns to indicate the problem. Refer to Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," for information about beep codes.
- HD (Hard Drive Activity LED, Blue) Connects to the hard drive activity LED on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the hard drive is reading or writing data.
- RES (Reset Switch, Green): Connects to the reset switch on the chassis front panel. Press the reset switch to restart the computer if the computer freezes and fails to perform a normal restart.
- NC (Purple): No connection



The front panel design may differ by chassis. A front panel module mainly consists of power switch, reset switch, power LED, hard drive activity LED, speaker and etc. When connecting your chassis front panel module to this header, make sure the wire assignments and the pin assignments are matched correctly.

#### 11) F\_AUDIO (Front Panel Audio Header)

The front panel audio header supports Intel High Definition audio (HD) and AC'97 audio. You may connect your chassis front panel audio module to this header. Make sure the wire assignments of the module connector match the pin assignments of the motherboard header. Incorrect connection between the module connector and the motherboard header will make the device unable to work or even damage it.



	For HD Front Panel Audio:		
	Pin No.	Definition	
0	1	MIC2_L	
0	2	GND	
	3	MIC2_R	
	4	-ACZ_DET	
	5	LINE2_R	
	6	GND	
	7	FAUDIO_JD	
	8	No Pin	
	9	LINE2_L	
	10	GND	

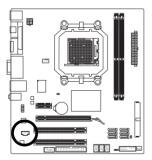
For AC'97 Front Panel Audio:

		i i onti i anon i ada
	Pin No.	Definition
	1	MIC
	2	GND
	3	MIC Power
	4	NC
	5	Line Out (R)
	6	NC
D	7	NC
	8	No Pin
	9	Line Out (L)
	10	NC

- The front panel audio header supports HD audio by default. If your chassis provides an AC'97 front panel audio module, refer to the instructions on how to activate AC'97 functionality via the audio software in Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."
- Audio signals will be present on both of the front and back panel audio connections simultaneously. If you want to mute the back panel audio (only supported when using an HD front panel audio module), refer to Chapter 5, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."
- Some chassis provide a front panel audio module that has separated connectors on each wire instead of a single plug. For information about connecting the front panel audio module that has different wire assignments, please contact the chassis manufacturer.

#### 12) CD\_IN (CD In Connector)

You may connect the audio cable that came with your optical drive to the header.

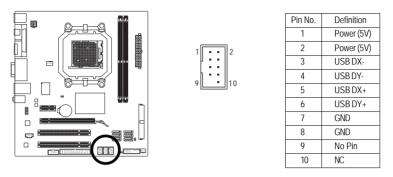


		_	_	_	
1	•	•	•	•	
	لاس				

Pin No.	Definition
1	CD-L
2	GND
3	GND
4	CD-R

#### 13) F\_USB1/F\_USB2/F\_USB3 (USB Headers, Yellow)

The headers conform to USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Each USB header can provide two USB ports via an optional USB bracket. For purchasing the optional USB bracket, please contact the local dealer.



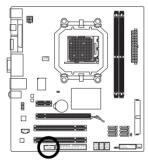
• Do not plug the IEEE 1394 bracket (2x5-pin) cable into the USB header.

• Prior to installing the USB bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the USB bracket.

#### 14) COM (Serial Port Header, White)

CAUTIO

The COM header can provide one serial port via an optional COM port cable. For purchasing the optional COM port cable, please contact the local dealer.

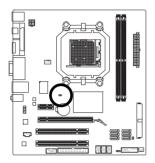


9	1
• •	
10	2

Pin No.	Definition
1	NDCD-
2	NSIN
3	NSOUT
4	NDTR -
5	GND
6	NDSR -
7	NRTS -
8	NCTS -
9	NRI-
10	No Pin

#### 15) CI (Chassis Intrusion Header)

This motherboard provides a chassis detection feature that detects if the chassis cover has been removed. This function requires a chassis with chassis intrusion detection design.

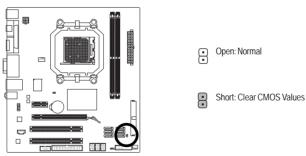


1 💽

Pin No.	Definition
1	Signal
2	GND

#### 16) CLR\_CMOS (Clearing CMOS Jumper)

Use this jumper to clear the CMOS values (e.g. date information and BIOS configurations) and reset the CMOS values to factory defaults. To clear the CMOS values, place a jumper cap on the two pins to temporarily short the two pins or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the two pins for a few seconds.



- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before clearing the CMOS values.
- After clearing the CMOS values and before turning on your computer, be sure to remove the jumper cap from the jumper. Failure to do so may cause damage to the motherboard.
  - After system restart, go to BIOS Setup to load factory defaults (select Load Optimized Defaults) or manually configure the BIOS settings (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," for BIOS configurations).


### Chapter 2 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the CMOS on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters and loading operating system, etc. BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features. When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the <Delete> key during the POST when the power is turned on. To see more advanced BIOS Setup menu options, you can press <Ctrl> + <F1> in the main menu of the BIOS Setup program.

To upgrade the BIOS, use either the GIGABYTE Q-Flash or @BIOS utility.

- Q-Flash allows the user to quickly and easily upgrade or back up BIOS without entering the operating system.
- @BIOS is a Windows-based utility that searches and downloads the latest version of BIOS from the Internet and updates the BIOS.

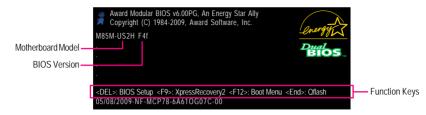
For instructions on using the Q-Flash and @BIOS utilities, refer to Chapter 4, "BIOS Update Utilities."



- Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter problems using the current version of BIOS, it is recommended that you not flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.
- BIOS will emit a beep code during the POST. Refer to Chapter 5, "Troubleshooting," for the beep codes description.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values. (Refer to the "Load Optimized Defaults" section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clearing CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

### 2-1 Startup Screen

The following screens may appear when the computer boots.



#### Function Keys:

#### <DEL>: BIOS Setup

Press the <Delete> key to enter BIOS Setup or to access the Q-Flash utility in BIOS Setup.

#### <F9>: XpressRecovery2

If you have ever entered Xpress Recovery2 to back up hard drive data using the motherboard driver disk, the <F9> key can be used for subsequent access to XpressRecovery2 during the POST. For more information, refer to Chapter 4, "Xpress Recovery2."

#### <F12>: Boot Menu

Boot Menu allows you to set the first boot device without entering BIOS Setup. In Boot Menu, use the up arrow key <  $\uparrow$ > or the down arrow key<  $\downarrow$ > to select the first boot device, then press <Enter> to accept. To exit Boot Menu, press <Esc>. The system will directly boot from the device configured in Boot Menu.

Note: The setting in Boot Menu is effective for one time only. After system restart, the device boot order will still be based on BIOS Setup settings. You can access Boot Menu again to change the first boot device setting as needed.

#### <End>: Q-Flash

Press the <End> key to access the Q-Flash utility directly without having to enter BIOS Setup first.

#### 2-2 The Main Menu

Once you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main Menu (as shown below) appears on the screen. Use arrow keys to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter a sub-menu.

#### (Sample BIOS Version: F4f)

 CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2009 Award Software				
> > >	MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.) Standard CMOS Features Advanced BIOS Features Integrated Peripherals Power Management Setup	Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Optimized Defaults Set Supervisor Password Set User Password		
•	PC Health Status	Save & Exit Setup Exit Without Saving		
ESC: Quit ↑↓→←: Select Item		↑↓→←: Select Item		
F8: Q-Flash		F10: Save & Exit Setup		
Change CPU's Clock & Voltage				

#### **BIOS Setup Program Function Keys**

$\frac{1}{\langle \uparrow \rangle \langle \downarrow \rangle \langle \leftarrow \rangle \langle \rightarrow \rangle}$	Move the selection bar to select an item	
<enter></enter>	Execute command or enter the submenu	
<esc></esc>	Main Menu: Exit the BIOS Setup program	
	Submenus: Exit current submenu	
<page up=""></page>	Increase the numeric value or make changes	
<page down=""></page>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes	
<f1></f1>	Show descriptions of the function keys	
<f2></f2>	Move cursor to the Item Help block on the right (submenus only)	
<f5></f5>	Restore the previous BIOS settings for the current submenus	
<f6></f6>	Load the Fail-Safe BIOS default settings for the current submenus	
<f7></f7>	Load the Optimized BIOS default settings for the current submenus	
<f8></f8>	Access the Q-Flash utility	
<f9></f9>	Display system information	
<f10></f10>	Save all the changes and exit the BIOS Setup program	
<f11></f11>	Save CMOS to BIOS	
<f12></f12>	Load CMOS from BIOS	

#### Main Menu Help

The onscreen description of a highlighted setup option is displayed on the bottom line of the Main Menu. Submenu Help

While in a submenu, press <F1> to display a help screen (General Help) of function keys available for the menu. Press <Esc> to exit the help screen. Help for each item is in the Item Help block on the right side of the submenu.



- If you do not find the settings you want in the Main Menu or a submenu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to access more advanced options.
- · When the system is not stable as usual, select the Load Optimized Defaults item to set your system to its defaults.
- The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.

#### MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.) Use this menu to configure the clock, frequency and voltages of your CPU, memory, etc. Standard CMOS Features Use this menu to configure the system time and date, hard drive types, floppy disk drive types. and the type of errors that stop the system boot, etc. Advanced BIOS Features Use this menu to configure the device boot order, advanced features available on the CPU, and the primary display adapter. Integrated Peripherals Use this menu to configure all peripheral devices, such as IDE, SATA, USB, integrated audio, and integrated LAN, etc. Power Management Setup Use this menu to configure all the power-saving functions. PC Health Status Use this menu to see information about autodetected system/CPU temperature, system voltage and fan speed, etc. Load Fail-Safe Defaults Fail-Safe defaults are factory settings for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations. Load Optimized Defaults Optimized defaults are factory settings for optimal-performance system operations. Set Supervisor Password Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup. A supervisor password allows you to make changes in BIOS Setup. Set User Password Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup. A user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes. Save & Exit Setup Save all the changes made in the BIOS Setup program to the CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <F10> can also carry out this task.) Exit Without Saving Abandon all changes and the previous settings remain in effect. Pressing <Y> to the confirmation

Abandon all changes and the previous settings remain in effect. Pressing <Y> to the confirmation message will exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <Esc> can also carry out this task.)

### 2-3 MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2009 Award Software MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)				
<ul> <li>Advanced Clock Calibratioin CPU Frequency HT Link Frequency PCIE Clock</li> <li>CPU Clock Ratio CPU NorthBridge Freq. <sup>(Note)</sup></li> <li>DRAM Configuration DDR2 Voltage Control CPU NB VID Control <sup>(Note)</sup> CPU Voltage Control Normal CPU Vcore</li> </ul>	[Press Enter] [200] [Auto] [100] [Auto] [Auto] [Press Enter] [Normal] [Normal] [Normal] 1.2500V	Item Help Menu Level>		
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values		ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults		

#### Advanced Clock Calibration

NVIDIA Core Calibration     [Disabled]     Item Help       x     Core 0 NVCC Percentage     -2%       x     Core 1 NVCC Percentage     -2%       x     Core 3 NVCC Percentage     -2%       x     Core 3 NVCC Percentage     -2%		CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2009 Award Software Advanced Clock Calibration				
x Core 1 NVCC Percentage -2% x Core 2 NVCC Percentage -2%		NVIDIA Core Calibration	[Disabled]	Item Help		
x Core 2 NVCC Percentage -2%	x	Core 0 NVCC Percentage		Menu Level▶		
	x					
x Core 3 NVCC Percentage -2%	x	Core 2 NVCC Percentage				
	x	Core 3 NVCC Percentage				
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help	↑	↓→←: Move Enter: Select	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save	ESC: Exit F1: General Help		
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults		F7: Optimized Defaults				



Whether the system will work stably with the overclock/overvoltage settings you made is dependent on your overall system configurations. Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory and reduce the useful life of these components. This page is for advanced users only and we recommend you not to alter the default settings to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. (Inadequately alter ing the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.)

(Note) This item is present only if you install a CPU that supports this feature.

#### ∽ NVIDIA Core Calibration

Allows you to determine whether to enable NVIDIA Core Calibration when using an AMD Black Edition CPU. We recommend that you enhance heat dissipation for the CPU VRM area if you enable this function.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ➡ Auto Lets the BIOS to configure the settings to defaults.
- ➡ All Cores Configures NVIDIA Core Calibration for all CPU cores.
- ▶ Per Core Individually configures NVIDIA Core Calibration for each CPU core.

#### ∽ Core 0 NVCC Percentage

This option is configurable only when NVIDIA Core Calibration is set to All Cores. Options are: -12% + 12%.

#### Core 1 NVCC Percentage, Core 2 NVCC Percentage, Core 3 NVCC Percentage This option is configurable only when NVIDIA Core Calibration is set to Per Core. Options are: -12%-+12%.

#### ∽ CPU Frequency

Allows you to manually set the CPU host frequency. The adjustable range is from 200 MHz to 600 MHz.

Important It is highly recommended that the CPU frequency be set in accordance with the CPU specifications.

#### ☞ HT Link Frequency

Allows you to manually set the frequency for the HT Link between the CPU and chipset.

✤ Auto BIOS will automatically adjust the HT Link Frequency. (Default)

▶ 200 MHz~1.0 GHz Sets HT Link Frequency to 200 MHz~1.0 GHz.

#### PCIE Clock

Allows you to manually set the PCIe clock frequency. The adjustable range is from 100 MHz to 200 MHz. (Default: 100)

#### ∽ CPU Clock Ratio

Allows you to alter the clock ratio for the installed CPU. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being used.

#### ○ CPU NorthBridge Freq. (Note)

Allows you to alter the North Bridge controller frequency for the installed CPU. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being used.

#### ☞ DRAM Configuration

CMOS Set	up Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2009 Award Sol DRAM Configuration	tware
SLI-Ready Memory Timing Mode x Memory Clock x CAS# latency DCTs Mode	[Disabled] [Auto] x2.66 533Mhz 4T [Unganged]	Item Help Menu Level≯
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values		C: Exit F1: General Help : Optimized Defaults

#### ∽ SLI-Ready Memory

Allows you to enable or disable the SLI-Ready (EPP) memory function. (Default: Disabled)

#### ∽ Timing Items

**Manual** allows all Timing items below to be configurable. Options are: Auto (default), Manual.

#### Memory Clock

This option is configurable only when Timing Items is set to Manual. When you use a AM3/AM2+ CPU:

- ➤ X2.00 Sets Memory Clock to X2.00.
- ➡ X2.66 Sets Memory Clock to X2.66.
- ► X3.33 Sets Memory Clock to X3.33.
- → X4.00 Sets Memory Clock to X4.00.
- ✤ X5.33 Sets Memory Clock to X5.33.

When you use a AM2 CPU:

- DDR 400 Sets Memory Clock to DDR 400.
- DDR 533 Sets Memory Clock to DDR 533.
- DDR 667 Sets Memory Clock to DDR 667.
- DDR 800 Sets Memory Clock to DDR 800.

#### → CAS# latency

Options are: Auto (default), 3T~7T.

#### DCTs Mode

Allows you to set memory control mode.

- ➤ Ganged Sets memory control mode to single dual-channel.
- >> Unganged Sets memory control mode to two single-channel. (Default)

#### ☞ DDR2 Voltage Control

Allows you to set memory voltage.

✤ Normal Supplies the memory voltage as required. (Default)

▶ +0.10V ~ +0.60V Increases memory voltage by 0.10V to 0.60V at 0.1V increment.

#### CPU NB VID Control (Note)

Allows you to set the CPU Northbridge VID voltage. Normal sets the CPU Northbridge VID voltage as required. (Default: Normal)

Note: Increasing CPU voltage may result in damage to your CPU or reduce the useful life of the CPU.

#### ☞ CPU Voltage Control

Allows you to set the CPU voltage. **Normal** sets the CPU voltage as required. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being installed. (Default: Normal)

Note: Increasing CPU voltage may result in damage to your CPU or reduce the useful life of the CPU.

#### ∽ Normal CPU Vcore

Displays the normal operating voltage of your CPU.

(Note) This item is present only if you install a CPU that supports this feature.

### 2-4 Standard CMOS Features

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2009 Award Software Standard CMOS Features				
Date (mm:dd:yy)	Fri, Apr 24 2009	Item Help		
Time (hh:mm:ss)	18:25:04	Menu Level▶		
IDE Channel 0 Master	[None]			
IDE Channel 0 Slave	[None]			
<ul> <li>IDE Channel 2 Master</li> <li>IDE Channel 2 Slave</li> </ul>	[None] [None]			
DE Channel 3 Master	[None]			
<ul> <li>IDE Channel 3 Slave</li> </ul>	[None]			
F IDE Chamier 5 Slave	[None]			
Drive A	[1.44M, 3.5"]			
Floppy 3 Mode Support	[Disabled]			
Halt On	[All, But Keyboard]			
Base Memory	640K			
Extended Memory	1022M			
$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$ : Move Enter: Select	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save	ESC: Exit F1: General Help		
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Default	F7: Optimized Defaults		
	ro. run bure Denun	17. Optimized Defaults		

#### ං Date

Sets the system date. The date format is week (read-only), month, date and year. Select the desired field and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the date.

#### ං Time

Sets the system time. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:0:0. Select the desired field and use the up arrow or down arrow key to set the time.

#### □ IDE Channel 0 Master/Slave

#### ▶ IDE HDD Auto-Detection

Press <Enter> to autodetect the parameters of the IDE/SATA device on this channel.

#### ▶ IDE Channel 0 Master/Slave

Configure your IDE/SATA devices by using one of the three methods below:

- Auto Lets BIOS automatically detect IDE/SATA devices during the POST. (Default)
- None If no IDE/SATA devices are used, set this item to None so the system will skip the detection of the device during the POST for faster system startup.
   Manual Allows you to manually enter the specifications of the hard drive when the
- hard drive access mode is set to CHS.
   Access Mode Sets the hard drive access mode. Options are: Auto (default), CHS, LBA, Large.

#### ☞ IDE Channel 2, 3 Master/Slave

#### ► IDE Auto-Detection

Press <Enter> to autodetect the parameters of the IDE/SATA device on this channel.

- >> Extended IDE Drive Configure your IDE/SATA devices by using one of the two methods below:
  - Auto Lets BIOS automatically detect IDE/SATA devices during the POST. (Default)
  - None If no IDE/SATA devices are used, set this item to None so the system will skip the detection of the device during the POST for faster system startup.
- ➤ Access Mode Sets the hard drive access mode. Options are: Auto (default), Large.

The following fields display your hard drive specifications. If you wish to enter the parameters manually, refer to the information on the hard drive.

- ➤ Capacity Approximate capacity of the currently installed hard drive.
- Cylinder Number of cylinders.
- ➡ Head Number of heads.
- ▶ Precomp Write precompensation cylinder.
- ▶ Landing Zone Landing zone.
- Sector Number of sectors.

#### っ Drive A

Allows you to selects the type of floppy disk drive installed in your system. If you do not install a floppy disk drive, set this item to **None**. Options are: None, 360K/5.25", 1.2M/5.25", 720K/3.5", 1.44M/3.5", 2.88M/3.5".

#### ∽ Floppy 3 Mode Support

Allows you to specify whether the installed floppy disk drive is 3-mode floppy disk drive, a Japanese standard floppy disk drive. Options are: Disabled (default), Drive A.

#### ං Halt On

Allows you to determine whether the system will stop for an error during the POST.

- ✤ No Errors The system boot will not stop for any error.
- ▶ All Errors Whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error the system boot will stop.
- ➤ All, But Keyboard The system boot will not stop for a keyboard error but stop for all other errors. (Default)
- ➤ All, But Diskette The system boot will not stop for a floppy disk drive error but stop for all other errors.
- ➤ All, But Disk/Key The system boot will not stop for a keyboard or a floppy disk drive error but it will stop for all other errors.

#### Memory

These fields are read-only and are determined by the BIOS POST.

- Base Memory Also called conventional memory. Typically, 640 KB will be reserved for the MS-DOS operating system.
- ▶ Extended Memory The amount of extended memory.

### 2-5 Advanced BIOS Features

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2009 Award Software Advanced BIOS Features				
Virtualization	[Disabled]	Item Help		
Patch AMD TLB Erratum (Note)	[Enabled]	Menu Level		
AMD K8 Cool&Quiet control	[Auto]			
<ul> <li>Hard Disk Boot Priority</li> </ul>	[Press Enter]			
First Boot Device	[Floppy]			
Second Boot Device	[Hard Disk]			
Third Boot Device	[CDROM]			
Password Check	[Setup]			
HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability	[Disabled]			
Away Mode	[Disabled]			
Backup BIOS Image to HDD	[Enabled]			
x Hybrid SLI	Disabled			
x Display Detection	Disabled			
Init Display First	[PEG]			
iGPU Frame Buffer Control	[Auto]			
x Frame Buffer Size	128M			
Onboard GPU	[Enable If No Ext PEG]			
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Optimized Defaults		

#### ∽ Virtualization

Virtualization allows a platform to run multiple operating systems and applications in independent partitions. With virtualization, one computer system can function as multiple virtual systems. (Default: Disabled)

#### ∽ Patch AMD TLB Erratum <sup>(Note)</sup>

Enables or disables the Patch AMD TLB Erratum function. (Default: Enabled)

#### ∽ AMD K8 Cool&Quiet control

Auto Lets the AMD Cool'n'Quiet driver dynamically adjust the CPU clock and VIA to reduce heat output from your computer and its power consumption. (Default)
 Disabled Disables this function.

#### ∽ Hard Disk Boot Priority

Specifies the sequence of loading the operating system from the installed hard drives. Use the up or down arrow key to select a hard drive, then press the plus key <+> (or <PageUp>) or the minus key <-> (or <PageDown>) to move it up or down on the list. Press <Esc> to exit this menu when finished.

#### ∽ First/Second/Third Boot Device

Specifies the boot order from the available devices. Use the up or down arrow key to select a device and press <Enter> to accept. Options are: Floppy, LS120, Hard Disk, CDROM, ZIP, USB-FDD, USB-ZIP, USB-CDROM, USB-HDD, Legacy LAN, Disabled.

(Note) This item is present only if you install a CPU that supports this feature.

#### Password Check

Specifies whether a password is required every time the system boots, or only when you enter BIOS Setup. After configuring this item, set the password(s) under the Set Supervisor/User Password item in the BIOS Main Menu.

- Setup A password is only required for entering the BIOS Setup program. (Default)
- System A password is required for booting the system and for entering the BIOS Setup program.

#### ☞ HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability

Enables or disables the S.M.A.R.T. (Self Monitoring and Reporting Technology) capability of your hard drive. This feature allows your system to report read/write errors of the hard drive and to issue warnings when a third party hardware monitor utility is installed. (Default: Disabled)

#### 🗢 Away Mode

Enables or disables Away Mode in Windows XP Media Center operating system. Away Mode allows the system to silently perform unattended tasks while in a low-power mode that appears off (Default: Disabled)

#### ☞ Backup BIOS Image to HDD

Allows the system to copy the BIOS image file to the hard drive. If the system BIOS is corrupted, it will be recovered from this image file. (Default: Enabled)

#### Hybrid SLI

Enables or disables the Hybrid SLI function. This item is automatically set to **Enabled** when a Hybrid SLI-supported graphics card is installed.

#### Display Detection

This item is configuable when **Hybrid SLI** is enabled. **Enabled** allows the BIOS to automatically detect whether the current display is from the onboard VGA or a PCI Express graphics card and to change the current display if it is different from the **Init Diplay First** setting.

#### ☞ Init Display First

Specifies the first initiation of the monitor display from the installed PCI graphics card, PCI Express graphics card or the onboard VGA. (Only **Onboard VGA** and **PEG** are available for selection when **Hybrid SLI** is enabled.)

▶ PCI Slot Sets the PCI graphics card as the first display.

✤ Onboard VGA Sets the onboard VGA as the first display.

▶ PEG Sets the PCI Express graphics card oas the first display. (Default)

#### ☞ iGPU Frame Buffer Control

Determines whether to manually set the Frame Buffer Size. Auto lets the BIOS automatically set the Frame Buffer Size as required. Manual allows the Frame Buffer Size item below to be configurable. (Default: Auto. This item is automatically set to Manual when Hybrid SLI is enabled.)

#### ☞ Frame Buffer Size

Frame buffer size is the total amount of system memory allocated solely for the onboard graphics controller. MS-DOS, for example, will use only this memory for display. This item is configurable only if the **iGPU Frame Buffer Control** option is set to **Manual**.

Options are: 128M (default), 256M, 512M. (Only **256M** and **512M** are available for selection when **Hybrid SLI** is enabled.)

#### ∽ Onboard GPU

Enables or disables the onboard VGA function.

➡ Enable If No Ext PEG

Activates the onboard VGA only if no PCI Express VGA card is installed. (Default)

► Always Enable

Always activates the onboard VGA, whether or not a PCI Express card is installed. If you wish to set up a dual view configuration, set this item to **Always Enable**. This item is automatically set to **Always Enable** when **Hybrid SLI** is enabled.

### 2-6 Integrated Peripherals

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2009 Award Software Integrated Peripherals				
On-Chip IDE Channel         NV SATA Controller         Onchip SATA Mode         Onboard Audio Function         HDMI Audio         On-Chip MAC Lan         SMART LAN         Onboard LAN Boot ROM         Onboard Parallel Port         Parallel Port Mode         x ECP Mode Use DMA         OnChip USB         USB Keyboard Support         USB Kourge Support         USB storage detect	[Enabled] [Enabled] [IDE] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Press Enter] [Disabled] [3F8/IRQ4] [378/IRQ7] [SPP] 3 [V1.1+V2.0] [SHADOW] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	Item Help Menu Level≯		
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values		C: Exit F1: General Help Optimized Defaults		

#### ∽ On-Chip IDE Channel

Enables or disables the integrated IDE controller. (Default: Enabled)

#### NV SATA Controller

Enables or disables the integrated SATA controller. (Default: Enabled)

#### Onchip SATA Mode

Enables or disables RAID for the SATA controller integrated in the NVIDIA<sup>®</sup> GeForce 8200 chipset or configures the SATA controller to AHCI mode.

- IDE Disables RAID for the SATA controller and configures the SATA controller to PATA mode. (Default)
- AHCI Configures the SATA controller to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug.
- ➡ RAID Enables RAID for the SATA controller.

#### Onboard Audio Function

Enables or disables the onboard audio function. (Default: Auto) If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in audio card instead of using the onboard audio, set this item

#### to Disabled.

#### ∽ HDMI Audio

Enables or disables the chipset-integrated HDMI audio function. (Default: Auto)

#### ∽ On-Chip MAC Lan

Enables or disables the onboard LAN function. (Default: Auto) If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in network card instead of using the onboard LAN, set this item to **Disabled**.

#### ☞ SMART LAN (LAN Cable Diagnostic Function)

	CMOS	Sotup Utili	v-Convri	oht (C) 1	984-2009 Awa	rd Softw	979
	CINICL	setup oun		ART LA		10 3011	ai c
Start detecting a	at Port						Item Help
Part1-2 Status		/ Lengt	) =	0m			Menu Level
Part3-6 Status			1 =				
Part4-5 Status			1 =				
Part7-8 Status	= Open	/ Lengt	1 =	0 m			
↓→←: Move	Enter: Select	/_/P	U/PD: Va	lue	F10: Save	ESC:	Exit F1: General Help
	ous Values		ail-Safe I		-1-10. Save		ptimized Defaults
15.11000	ous randos	10.1	an bare i	sonatio			printing of the second

This motherboard incorporates cable diagnostic feature designed to detect the status of the attached LAN cable. This feature will detect cabling issue and report the approximate distance to the fault or short. Refer to the following information for diagnosing your LAN cable:

#### ∽When No LAN Cable Is Attached...

If no LAN cable is attached to the motherboard, the **Status** fields of all four pairs of wires will show **Open** and the **Length** fields show **0m**, as shown in the figure above.

#### ∽When LAN Cable Is Functioning Normally...

If no cable problem is detected on the LAN cable connected to a Gigabit hub or a 10/100 Mbps hub, the following message will appear:



✤ Link Detected Displays transmission speed

▶ Cable Length Displays the approximate length of the attached LAN cable.

Note: The Gigabit hub will only operate at a speed of 10/100Mbps in MS-DOS mode; it will operate at a normal speed of 10/100/1000 Mbps in Windows mode or when the LAN Boot ROM is activated.

#### ∽ When a Cable Problem Occurs...

If a cable problem occurs on a specified pair of wires, the **Status** field will show **Short** and thenlength shown will be the approximate distance to the fault or short.

Example: Part1-2 Status = Short / Length = 2m Explanation: A fault or short might occur at about 2m on Part 1-2.

Note: Part 4-5 and Part 7-8 are not used in a 10/100 Mbps environment, so their **Status** fields will show **Open**, and the length shown is the approximate length of the attached LAN cable.

#### Onboard LAN Boot ROM

Allows you to decide whether to activate the boot ROM integrated with the onboard LAN chip. (Default: Disabled)

#### Onboard Serial Port

Enables or disables the first serial port and specifies its base I/O address and corresponding interrupt. Options are: Auto, 2F8/IRQ3, 3F8/IRQ4(default), 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, Disabled.

#### Onboard Parallel Port

Enables or disables the onboard parallel port (LPT) and specifies its base I/O address and corresponding interrupt. Options are: 378/IRQ7 (default), 278/IRQ5, 3BC/IRQ7, Disabled.

#### ☞ Parallel Port Mode

Selects an operating mode for the onboard parallel (LPT) port. Options are: SPP (Standard Parallel Port)(default), EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port), ECP (Extended Capabilities Port), ECP+EPP.

#### ☞ ECP Mode Use DMA

Selects DMA channel for the LPT port in ECP mode. This item is configurable only if **Parallel Port Mode** is set to **ECP** or **ECP+EPP** mode. Options are: 3 (default), 1.

#### On-Chip USB

Configures the integrated USB controller.

- ▶ V1.1+V2.0 Enables the integrated USB 1.1 and USB 2.0 controllers. (Default)
- ▶ V1.1 Enables only the integrated USB 1.1 controller.

✤ Disabled Disables the integrated USB 1.1 and USB 2.0 controllers.

Disabled will turn off all of the USB functionalities below.

#### ☞ USB Memory Type

Specifies the type of memory allocated for USB devices. Options are: SHADOW (default), Base Memory (640K).

#### ∽ USB Keyboard Support

Allows USB keyboard to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Disabled)

#### ☞ USB Mouse Support

Allows USB mouse to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Disabled)

#### Legacy USB storage detect

Determines whether to detect USB storage devices, including USB flash drives and USB hard drives during the POST. (Default: Enabled)

### 2-7 Power Management Setup

CMOS Setu	p Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2009 Award Sof Power Management Setup	tware
ACPI Suspend Type Soft-Off by Power button PME Event Wake Up Modem Ring On USB Resume from Suspend Power-On by Alarm X Date (of Month) Resume Time (hh:mm:ss) HPET Support (Newe) HPET Mode (Newe) Power On By Mouse Power On By Mouse Power On By Keyboard X KB Power ON Password AC Back Function	[S3(STR)] [Instant-off] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Disabled] Everyday 0:0:0 [Enabled] [32-bit mode] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] Enter [Soft-Off]	Item Help Menu Level
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select F5: Previous Values		C: Exit F1: General Help Optimized Defaults

#### ACPI Suspend Type

Specifies the ACPI sleep state when the system enters suspend.

➡ S1(POS)	Enables the system to enter the ACPI S1 (Power on Suspend) sleep state.
	In S1 sleep state, the system appears suspended and stays in a low power
	mode. The system can be resumed at any time.
➡ S3(STR)	Enables the system to enter the ACPI S3 (Suspend to RAM) sleep state
	(default). In S3 sleep state, the system appears to be off and consumes less
	power than in the S1 state. When signaled by a wake-up device or event,
	the system resumes to its working state exactly where it was left off.

#### ∽ Soft-Off by Power button

Configures the way to turn off the computer in MS-DOS mode using the power button.

- Instant-Off
   Press the power button and then the system will be turned off instantly. (Default)
- Delay 4 Sec. Press and hold the power button for 4 seconds to turn off the system. If the power button is pressed for less than 4 seconds, the system will enter suspend mode.

#### ☞ PME Event Wake Up

Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a PCI or PCIe device. Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. (Default: Enabled)

#### ☞ Modem Ring On

Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a modem that supports wake-up function. (Default: Enabled)

(Note) Supported on Windows® Vista® operating system only.

#### ☞ USB Resume from Suspend

Allows the system to be awakened from ACPI S3 sleep state by a wake-up signal from the installed USB device. (Default: Enabled)

#### Power-On by Alarm

Determines whether to power on the system at a desired time. (Default: Disabled) If enabled, set the date and time as following:

➡ Date (of Month): Turn on the system at a specific time on each day or on a specific day in a month.

✤ Resume Time (hh: mm: ss): Set the time at which the system will be powered on automatically. Note: When using this function, avoid inadequate shutdown from the operating system or removal of the AC power, or the settings may not be effective.

#### ☞ HPET Support (Note)

Enables or disables High Precision Event Timer (HPET) for Windows® Vista® operating system. (Default: Enabled)

#### → HPET Mode (Note)

Allows you to select the HPET mode for your Windows<sup>®</sup> Vista<sup>®</sup> operating system. Select **32-bit mode** when you install 32-bit Windows<sup>®</sup> Vista<sup>®</sup>; select **64-bit mode** when you install 64-bit Windows<sup>®</sup> Vista<sup>®</sup>. This item is configurable only if the **HPET Support** option is enabled. (Default: 32-bit mode)

#### ☞ Power On By Mouse

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 mouse wake-up event.

Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- Double Click Double click on left button on the PS/2 mouse to turn on the system.

#### Power On By Keyboard

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 keyboard wake-up event.

Note: you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ▶ Password Set a password with 1~5 characters to turn on the system.
- ➤ Any KEY Press any key on the keyboard to turn on the system.
- ▶ Keyboard 98 Press POWER button on the Windows 98 keyboard to turn on the system.

#### ∽ KB Power ON Password

Set the password when **Power On by Keyboard** is set to **Password**. Press <Enter> on this item and set a password with up to 5 characters and then press <Enter> to accept. To turn on the system, enter the password and press <Enter>.

Note: To cancel the password, press <Enter> on this item. When prompted for the password, press <Enter> again without entering the password to clear the password settings.

#### AC Back Function

Determines the state of the system after the return of power from an AC power loss.

- ▶ Soft-Off The system stays off upon the return of the AC power. (Default)
- ➡ Full-On The system is turned on upon the return of the AC power.

(Note) Supported on Windows® Vista® operating system only.

### 2-8 PC Health Status

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2009 Award Software PC Health Status				
Reset Case Open Status	[Disabled]	Item Help		
Case Opened		Menu Level		
Vcore		.		
DDR2 1.8V		.		
+3.3V		.		
+12V		.		
Current System Temperature				
Current CPU Temperature				
Current CPU FAN Speed	3375 RPM	.		
Current SYSTEM FAN Speed	0 RPM	.		
System Warning Temperature	[Disabled]			
CPU Warning Temperature	[Disabled]			
CPU FAN Fail Warning	[Disabled]			
SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning	STEM FAN Fail Warning [Disabled]			
CPU Smart FAN Control	[Enabled]	.		
CPU Smart FAN Mode	[Auto]	.		
		.		
$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$ : Move Enter: Select	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save E	SC: Exit F1: General Help		
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F	7: Optimized Defaults		

#### Reset Case Open Status

Keeps or clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status. **Enabled** clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status and the **Case Opened** field will show "No" at next boot. (Default: Disabled)

#### ∽ Case Opened

Displays the detection status of the chassis intrusion detection device attached to the motherboard CI header. If the system chassis cover is removed, this field will show "Yes", otherwise it will show "No". To clear the chassis intrusion status record, set **Reset Case Open Status** to **Enabled**, save the settings to CMOS, and then restart your system.

#### Current Voltage(V) Vcore/DDR2 1.8V/+3.3V/+12V Displays the current system voltages.

# Current System/CPU Temperature Displays current system/CPU temperature.

## Current CPU/SYSTEM FAN Speed (RPM)

Displays current CPU/system/power fan speed.

#### ∽ System/CPU Warning Temperature

Sets the warning threshold for system/CPU temperature. When system/CPU temperature exceeds the threshold, BIOS will emit warning sound. Options are: Disabled (default), 60°C/140°F, 70°C/158°F, 80°C/176°F, 90°C/194°F.

#### CPU/SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning

Allows the system to emit warning sound if the CPU/system fan is not connected or fails. Check the fan condition or fan connection when this occurs. (Default: Disabled)

#### ∽ CPU Smart FAN Control

Enables or disables the CPU fan speed control function. **Enabled** allows the CPU fan to run at different speed according to the CPU temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on system requirements. If disabled, CPU fan runs at full speed. (Default: Enabled)

#### ☞ CPU Smart FAN Mode

Specifies how to control CPU fan speed. This item is configurable only if CPU Smart FAN Control is set to Enabled.

- Auto Lets BIOS autodetect the type of CPU fan installed and sets the optimal CPU fan control mode. (Default)
- ✤ Voltage Sets Voltage mode for a 3-pin CPU fan.
- ▶ PWM Sets PWM mode for a 4-pin CPU fan.

### 2-9 Load Fail-Safe Defaults

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2009 Award Software			
MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)     Standard CMOS Features     Advanced BIOS Features     Integrated	Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Optimized Defaults Set Supervisor Password		
Power Ma	Defaults (Y/N)? N		
► PC Health Status	Exit Without Saving		
ESC: Quit	↑↓→←: Select Item		
F8: Q-Flash	F10: Save & Exit Setup		
Load Fail-Safe Defaults			

Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the safest BIOS default settings. In case system instability occurs, you may try to load Fail-Safe defaults, which are the safest and most stable BIOS settings for the motherboard.

### 2-10 Load Optimized Defaults

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2009 Award Software			
<ul> <li>MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)</li> <li>Standard CMOS Features</li> <li>Advanced BIOS Features</li> <li>Integrated</li> </ul>	Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Optimized Defaults Set Supervisor Password		
Power Mc     PC Health Status	Defaults (Y/N)? N		
ESC: Quit	↑↓→←: Select Item		
F8: Q-Flash	F10: Save & Exit Setup		
Load Optimized Defaults			

Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the optimal BIOS default settings. The BIOS defaults settings helps the system to operate in optimum state. Always load the Optimized defaults after updating the BIOS or after clearing the CMOS values.

### 2-11 Set Supervisor/User Password

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright	(C) 1984-2009 Award Software
<ul> <li>MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)</li> <li>Standard CMOS Features</li> <li>Advanced BIOS Features</li> </ul>	Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Optimized Defaults Set Supervisor Password
<ul> <li>Integrated</li> <li>Power Ma</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>PC Health Status</li> </ul>	Exit Without Saving
ESC: Quit	↑↓→←: Select Item
F8: Q-Flash	F10: Save & Exit Setup
Change/Set/Di	sable Password

Press <Enter> on this item and type the password with up to 8 characters and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>.

The BIOS Setup program allows you to specify two separate passwords:

#### ∽ Supervisor Password

When a system password is set and the **Password Check** item in **Advanced BIOS Features** is set to **Setup**, you must enter the supervisor password for entering BIOS Setup and making BIOS changes.

When the **Password Check** item is set to **System**, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup.

#### ∽ User Password

When the **Password Check** item is set to **System**, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup to continue system boot. In BIOS Setup, you must enter the supervisor password if you wish to make changes to BIOS settings. The user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

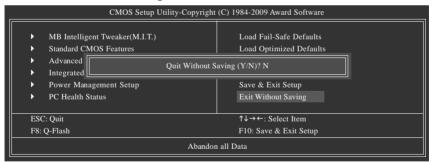
To clear the password, press <Enter> on the password item and when requested for the password, press <Enter> again. The message "PASSWORD DISABLED" will appear, indicating the password has been cancelled.

### 2-12 Save & Exit Setup

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyrigh	t (C) 1984-2009 Award Software
MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)     Standard CMOS Ensturance     Advanci     Integrat	Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Ontimized Defaults EXIT (Y/N)? Y
<ul> <li>Power Management Setup</li> <li>PC Health Status</li> </ul>	Save & Exit Setup Exit Without Saving
ESC: Quit	$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow: Select Item$
F8: Q-Flash Save Dat	F10: Save & Exit Setup a to CMOS

Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This saves the changes to the CMOS and exits the BIOS Setup program. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

### 2-13 Exit Without Saving



Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This exits the BIOS Setup without saving the changes made in BIOS Setup to the CMOS. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.


## Chapter 3 Drivers Installation



Before installing the drivers, first install the operating system.

 After installing the operating system, insert the motherboard driver disk into your optical drive. The driver Autorun screen is automatically displayed which looks like that shown in the screen shot below. (If the driver Autorun screen does not appear automatically, go to My Computer, double-click the optical drive and execute the Run.exe program.)

### 3-1 Installing Chipset Drivers

#### "Xpress Install " is now analyizing your computer...99%

After inserting the driver disk, "Xpress Install" will automatically scan the system and then list all the drivers that are recommended to install. Please select the item that you wish to install and press the **Install** button following the item. Or you can press **Xpress Install** to install all the driver items.

install Chipset Drivers		Drivers at you install the drivers listed below for your motherboard. Is install to install all the drivers automatically. By default, all drivers are checked to be installed. Unchecke	d items will not be installed.
Software Applications		ss install' button to install all selected drivers.	Keres
Driver CD Information	C <u>Click the Tinsta</u>	IF befon to install the drivers individually.	Xpress Install
Hardware	🖬 Easy Ener	gy Saver	Install.
Information	Size	3 6MB	
Contact Us	advanced proprie efficient switching	Energy Saver is a revolutionary technology that delivers unparalleled power savings with the simple click of fairly hardware and software design. The unique multi-gear power phase design of GIGABYTE Easy Energy 1 of power phases depending on CPU workload.	Saver allows for the most
	A DECK AND A	Configuration Utility	(estat)
	Size	2.11/0	
	Version This utility change	1.0 es the default search provider within your browser to Gooder	
		Sit Vista Chipset Driver for MCP72 and MCP78	benat.
	5128	dolla desta de la desta desta de la desta desta Index de la desta de	
	Version	15.24	
	NVIDIA 328# Vist	a Chipset Onver for MCP72 and MCP78	
	NVIDIA 328	Bit Vista VGA Driver for MCP72 and MCP78	Trend
	Size	61.8MB	
	Version	7.15.11.7540	
	MVIDIA 32B# Vist	a VGA Driver for MCP72 and MCP78	
	🖉 Reattek H	D Audio Driver (Vista)	Tratal
	Size	113.7MB	
	Version	6.0.1.5776	
	Rester HO Audio	3 Ditver	
	R NVIDIA HD	Mi Audio Driver	butd



- Please ignore the popup dialog box(es) (e.g. the Found New Hardware Wizard) displayed when "Xpress Install" is installing the drivers. Failure to do so may affect the driver installation.
- Some device drivers will restart your system automatically during the driver installation. After the system restart, "Xpress Install" will continue to install other drivers.
- After the drivers are installed, follow the onscreen instructions to restart your system. You can install other applications included in the motherboard driver disk.
- For USB 2.0 driver support under the Windows XP operating system, please install the Windows XP Service Pack 1 or later. After installing the SP1 (or later), if a question mark still exists in **Universal Serial Bus Controller** in **Device Manager**, please remove the question mark (by right-clicking your mouse and select **Uninstall**) and restart the system. (The system will then autodetect and install the USB 2.0 driver.)

### 3-2 Software Applications

This page displays all the tools and applications that GIGABYTE develops and some free software. You may press the **Install** button following an item to install it.

stall	Software Applications	
hipset Drivers	Please click the following applications to instalt.	
plications		
20020000		
river CD formation		
ardware	Norton Internet Security(NIS)	Install
formation	Size 104.1MB	
ontact Us	Please install Windows Installer 3.1 before to install NS in Windows XP SP2 Click to Download Windows Installer 3.1	
	Noton Internet Security provides essential protection from viruses hadners and privacy threats, Eindudes - Noton Personal Reveal - Notons Personal Reveal - Notons Personal Control - Notons Personal Control	
	Kaspersky Anti-Virus	Instal
	Size 121.5MB	
	Kaspersky antiros	
	Acrobat Reader	Instal
	Size 15.94/8	
	Utility for viewing or printing Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) files.	
	NV Forceware Network Guide	Install
	5ize 11.5k0	
	NV Forceware Network Guide	
	Nvidia Forceware Network Access Manager For Vista	Instal
	Size 35.9MB	
	Midia Forceware Network Access Manager For Vista	

### 3-3 Driver CD Information

This page provides information about the drivers, applications and tools in this driver disk.

Install Chipset Drivers	Driver CD information The following shows the details	ed information about the software and drivers included in the motherboard driver disk.	
Software Applications			
Driver CD Information			
Hardware	Chepset		
Information	Directory Name	Description	
	<ul> <li>ni/IDIA_Dri</li> </ul>	-NV/EIA system driver.	
Contact Us	<ul> <li>N_VGA</li> </ul>	-MIERAVGA driver.	
	• DE	AMERA IDE driver.	
	<ul> <li>Coorn Quiet</li> </ul>	AMD K8 CPU driver for XP.	
	<ul> <li>tause</li> </ul>	USB 2.0 driver for VP with SP1 and 2K with SP4	
	<ul> <li>XPR2</li> </ul>	Vibress Recovery 2 patch files.	
	<ul> <li>EnableUSBS30p</li> </ul>	Enable USB device back form S3 mode.	
	<ul> <li>AMDLive</li> </ul>	AND live driver.	
	Vantici		
	Directory Name	Description	
	Realtek	Reates audio driver.	
	<ul> <li>MSHDQFE</li> </ul>	-Microsoft UAA ous driver.	
	<ul> <li>N/DA.</li> </ul>	-NVDH audio driver	
	Vietwork		
	Directory Name	Description	
	<ul> <li>NDIS</li> </ul>	NVIDIA DOS NDIS and Netivare DOS ODI client drivers.	
	<ul> <li>RTL8111</li> </ul>	-Reatex PCHE LAN drivers.	
	<ul> <li>RTL_Others</li> </ul>	-Reater, LAN drivers for other OS.	
	Others		

### 3-4 Hardware Information

This page provides information about the hardware devices on this motherboard.

Install Chipset Drivers	Hardware information The following shows the detailed hardware information about your motherboard.	
Software Applications		
Driver CD Information		
	System Info	
Hardware	BIOS Info/US2H E7	
All start of the Local division	CPU InterCPU : AND (AuthenticAND)	
Contact Us	Memory Info:390,976 KB R4M	
	Device Description Unknown	-
	Deviced Driver Provider Unitrown	
	Device Description/Uningwn	
	Devict DriverProvider(Uninown	
	Deplay	
	Device Description:Standard VGA Graphics Adapter	
	Devict DriverProvider:Microsot	
	System	
	Device Description:PCI standard host CPU bridge	
	Device Description PCI standard host CPU bridge	
	Device Description/CLIstandard.nost CPU bridge     Device DirectProvidentAlicrosoft	
	Device Description.PCI standard host CPU bridge	
	Device DriverProvider#Bicrosoft	
	Device Description PCI standard host CPU bridge	
	Devicd DriverProvider3/licrosoft	

### 3-5 Contact Us

For the detailed contact information of the GIGABYTE Taiwan headquarter or worldwide branch offices, click the URL on this page to link to the GIGABYTE Website.




## Chapter 4 Unique Features

#### 4-1 Xpress Recovery2



Xpress Recovery2 is a utility that allows you to quickly compress and back up your system data and perform restoration of it. Supporting NTFS, FAT32, and FAT16 file systems, Xpress Recovery2 can back up data on PATA and SATA hard drives and restore it.

#### Before You Begin:

- Xpress Recovery2 will check the first physical hard drive\* for the operating system. Xpress Recovery2 can only back up/restore the first physical hard drive that has the operating system installed.
- As Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file at the end of the hard drive, make sure to leave enough unallocated space in advanced (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data).
- It is recommended to back up your system soon after the operating system and drivers are installed.
- The amount of data and hard drive access speed may affect the speed at which the data is backed up/restored.
- · It takes longer to back up a hard drive than to restore it.

#### System Requirements:

- At least 512 MB of system memory
- VESA compatible graphics card
- · Windows® XP with SP1 or later, Windows® Vista



- Xpress Recovery and Xpress Recovery2 are different utilities. For example, a backup file created with Xpress Recovery cannot be restored using Xpress Recovery2.
- USB hard drives are not supported.
- Hard drives in RAID/AHCI mode are not supported.

#### Installation and Configuration

Turn on your system to boot from the Windows Vista setup disk.

#### A. Installing Windows Vista and Partitioning the Hard Drive

Name	Total Size	Free Space	Type
🚙 Disk 0 Unaffocated Space	80.0 GB	90.0 GB	
2 Balrech		Drive option	(git/anced)

		Total Size	Free Space	Type
isk 0 Un 🧼	illocated Space	80.0.08	80.0108	
ip Bafrash	X Delete 2 Eptend	Earmat	+ Neg	1



Click Drive options.



Click New.

\*\*\* Xpress Recovery2 checks the first physical hard drive in the following sequence: The first PATA IDE connector, the second PATA IDE connector, the first SATA connector, the second SATA connector and so forth. For example, when hard drives are attached to the first IDE and the first SATA connectors, the hard drive on the first IDE connector is the first physical drive. When hard drives are attached to the first and second SATA connectors, the hard drive on the first SATA connector is the first SATA connector is the first SATA connector is the first physical drive.

Name		Total Size	Free Space	Туре
🌍 Disko Parti	Kien 1	70.0 OB	70.0-08	Primary
🛷 Disk 0 Unal	located Space	10.00B	10.068	
fg Befrech	<b>X</b> Delete	€ <u>F</u> ormat	⊕ Ne <u>s</u>	

#### Step 3:

When partitioning your hard drive, make sure to leave unallocated space (10 GB or more is recommended; actual size requirements vary, depending on the amount of data) and begin the installation of the operating system.



Step 4:

After the operating system is installed, rightclick the **Computer** icon on your desktop and select **Manage**. Go to **Disk Management** to check disk allocation.

Computer Memogenetit (2004	Salare	Lenar Fax Related Inter	Autom	
C Tes Interven C Sear Varies C Sea	an Ci Marcia ol	Soury Line: SML — Henry Speek Sut Papeline on Conduction Ingen Erec 2011 — Henry Proc. Protocol	bia Viragenee	
	e			
	Quice.	Harry Street Res Payers, Arris, Carl Training		
	-100-40004 010 177-05 01000	Stratics Stratics Justing Remay Partian	•	

#### Step 5:

Xpress Recovery2 will save the backup file to the unallocated space (black stripe along the top). Please note that if there is no enough unallocated space, Xpress Recovery2 cannot save the backup file.

#### B. Accessing Xpress Recovery2

- Boot from the motherboard driver disk to access Xpress Recovery2 for the first time. When you see the following message: Press any key to startup Xpress Recovery2, press any key to enter Xpress Recovery2.
- After you use the backup function in Xpress Recovery2 for the first time, Xpress Recovery2 will stay
  permanent in your hard drive. If you wish to enter Xpress Recovery2 later, simply press <F9> during
  the POST.



C. Using the Backup Function in Xpress Recovery2

#### Step 1:

Select **BACKUP** to start backing up your hard drive data.

Xpress Recovery2 will automat An an an article automat An an article automat An art	-
new partition to store the backu	-
new partition to store the backt	ip image f
The second secon	
Second Second	

Step 2:

When finished, go to **Disk Management** to check disk allocation.

#### D. Using the Restore Function in Xpress Recovery2



Select **RESTORE** to restore the backup to your hard drive in case the system breaks down. The **RESTORE** option will not be present if no backup is created before.

#### E. Removing the Backup



#### Step 1:

If you wish to remove the backup file, select **REMOVE**.



#### Step 2:

After the backup file is removed, no backup image file will be present in **Disk Management** and hard drive space will be freed up.

#### F. Exiting Xpress Recovery2

Select **REBOOT** to exit Xpress Recovery2.



### 4-2 BIOS Update Utilities

GIGABYTE motherboards provide two unique BIOS update tools, Q-Flash<sup>™</sup> and @BIOS<sup>™</sup>. GIGABYTE Q-Flash and @BIOS are easy-to-use and allow you to update the BIOS without the need to enter MS-DOS mode. Additionally, this motherboard features the DualBIOS<sup>™</sup> design, which enhances protection for the safety and stability of your computer by adding one more physical BIOS chip.



#### What is DualBIOS<sup>™</sup>?

Motherboards that support DualBIOS have two BIOS onboard, a main BIOS and a backup BIOS. Normally, the system works on the main BIOS.

However, if the main BIOS is corrupted or damaged, the backup BIOS will take over on the next system boot and copy the BIOS file to the main BIOS to ensure normal system operation. For the sake of system safety, users cannot update the backup BIOS manually.



#### What is Q-Flash<sup>™</sup>?

With Q-Flash you can update the system BIOS without having to enter operating systems like MS-DOS or Window first. Embedded in the BIOS, the

Q-Flash tool frees you from the hassles of going through complicated BIOS flashing process.



#### What is @BIOS™?

@BIOS allows you to update the system BIOS while in the Windows environment. @BIOS will download the latest BIOS file from the nearest

@BIOS server site and update the BIOS.

#### 4-2-1 Updating the BIOS with the Q-Flash Utility

#### A. Before You Begin:

- 1. From GIGABYTE's website, download the latest compressed BIOS update file that matches your motherboard model.
- Extract the file and save the new BIOS file (e.g. M85MUS2H.F1) to your floppy disk, USB flash drive, or hard drive. Note: The USB flash drive or hard drive must use FAT32/16/12 file system.
- Restart the system. During the POST, press the <End> key to enter Q-Flash. Note: You can
  access Q-Flash by either pressing the <End> key during the POST or pressing the <F8> key in
  BIOS Setup. However, if the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard
  drive attached to an independent IDE/SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to
  access Q-Flash.





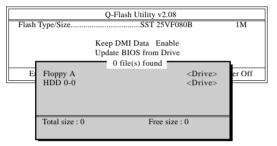
Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, please do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.

#### B. Updating the BIOS

When updating the BIOS, choose the location where the BIOS file is saved. The follow procedure assumes that you save the BIOS file to a floppy disk.

Step 1:

- Insert the floppy disk containing the BIOS file into the floppy disk drive. In the main menu of Q-Flash, use the up or down arrow key to select Update BIOS from Drive and press <Enter>.
  - ightarrow The Save Main BIOS to Drive option allows you to save the current BIOS file.
  - NOTE Q-Flash only supports USB flash drive or hard drives using FAT32/16/12 file system.
    - If the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard drive attached to an independent IDE/SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to access Q-Flash.
- 2. Select Floppy A and press <Enter>.



3. Select the BIOS update file and press <Enter>.



Step 2:

The process of the system reading the BIOS file from the floppy disk is displayed on the screen. When the message "Are you sure to update BIOS?" appears, press <Enter> to begin the BIOS update. The monitor will display the update process.

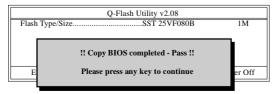


Do not turn off or restart the system when the system is reading/updating the BIOS.

• Do not remove the floppy disk, USB flash drive, or hard drive when the system is updating the BIOS.

#### Step 3:

When the update process is complete, press any key to return to the main menu.

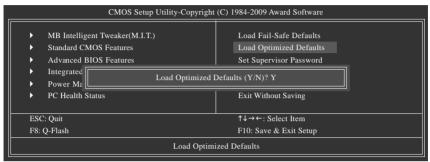


Step 4:

Press <Esc> and then <Enter> to exit Q-Flash and reboot the system. As the system boots, you should see the new BIOS version is present on the POST screen.

Step 5:

During the POST, press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup. Select Load Optimized Defaults and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults. System will re-detect all peripherals devices after a BIOS update, so we recommend that you reload BIOS defaults.



Press <Y> to load BIOS defaults

Step 6:

Select **Save & Exit Setup** and then press <Y> to save settings to CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. The procedure is complete after the system restarts.

### 4-2-2 Updating the BIOS with the @BIOS Utility

#### A. Before You Begin:

- 1. In Windows, close all applications and TSR (Terminate and Stay Resident) programs. This helps prevent unexpected failures when performing a BIOS update.
- During the BIOS update process, ensure the Internet connection is stable and do NOT interrupt the Internet connection (for example, avoid a power loss or switching off the Internet). Failure to do so may result in a corrupted BIOS or a system that is unable to start.
- 3. Do not use the G.O.M. (GIGABYTE Online Management) function when using @BIOS.
- 4. GIGABYTE product warranty does not cover any BIOS damage or system failure resulting from an inadequate BIOS flashing.

#### B. Using @BIOS:

Flash Memory Type :	SST 25VF080B	Update BIOS from GIGABYTE Server
Flash Memory Size :	8M Bits	Update BIOS from File
BIOS Sign on Message :	M85M-US2H E7	Save Current BIOS to File
BIOS Vendor :	AWARD BIOS	Save current Bios to File
		About @BIOS

1. Update BIOS from GIGABYTE Server 1 Update the BIOS Using the Internet Update Function:

Click Update BIOS from GIGABYTE Server, select the @BIOS server site closest to your location and then download the BIOS file that matches your motherboard model. Follow the onscreen instructions to complete.



If the BIOS update file for your motherboard is not present on the @BIOS server site, please manually download the BIOS update file from GIGABYTE's website and follow the instructions in "Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function" below.

- 2. **Description** 2. Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function: Click Update BIOS from File, then select the location where you save the BIOS update file obtained from the Internet or through other source. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete.
- 3. Save the Current BIOS to File Click Save Current BIOS to File to save the current BIOS file.
- 4. Sold CMOS default after BIOS update Load BIOS Defaults after BIOS Update:

Select the Load CMOS default after BIOS update check box and then the system will automatically load BIOS defaults after BIOS update and after the system restarts.

#### C. After Updating the BIOS:

Restart your system after updating the BIOS.



Make sure that the BIOS file to be flashed matches your motherboard model. Updating the BIOS with an incorrect BIOS file could cause your system not to boot.

### 4-3 EasyTune 6

GIGABYTE's EasyTune 6 is a simple and easy-to-use interface that allows users to fine-tune their system settings or do overclock/overvoltage in Windows environment. The user-friendly EasyTune 6 interface also includes tabbed pages for CPU and memory information, lettings users read their system-related information without the need to install additional software.

<b>Annul</b>	dana S		00	0 ->
💊 cau 👔	/ O	510 🛷 CrayA	ia 👔 Smart 🕅	HIN Monitor
A CONTRACTOR OF	Voltage		Mode	Advance
CPU	Power On 3163.00 MHz	Target 2001.79 MHz	Settings	Reset
FSB	333 MHz	333 MHz	<b>←</b> 0	→ o
Ratio	x9.5	x9.5		
Memory	799 MHz	799 MHz		
PCHE	100 MHz	100 MHz		
PCI	33 MHz	33 MHz		
Save	Load 0	iefault 🧧	GIGA	BYTE

#### Tabs Information

Tab	Function			
CPU CPU	The CPU tab provides information on the installed CPU and motherboard.			
Memory	The Memory tab provides information on the installed memory module(s).			
	You can select memory module on a specific slot to see its information.			
🕢 Tuner	The Tuner tab allows you to change system clock settings and voltages.			
	<ul> <li>Easy mode allows you to adjust the CPU FSB only.</li> </ul>			
	Advanced mode allows you to individually change system clock			
	settings and voltages settings using the sliders.			
	• Save allows you to save the current settings to a new profile (.txt file).			
	Load allows you to load previous settings from a profile.			
	After making changes, be sure to click Set for these changes to take effect			
	or click Default to restore to default values.			
Graphics	The Graphics tab allows you to change the core clock and memory clock			
	for your ATI or NVIDIA graphics card.			
🗊 Smart	The Smart tab allows you to specify a C.I.A.2 level and a Smart Fan mode.			
	Smart Fan Advance Mode allows the CPU fan speed to be changed			
	linearly based on the CPU temperature thresholds you set.			
HW Monitor	The HW Monitor tab allows you to monitor hardware temperature, volt-			
	age and fan speed and set temperature/fan speed alarm. You can choose			
	the alert sound from the buzzer or use your own sound file (.wav file).			



Available functions in EasyTune 6 may differ by motherboard model. Grayed-out area(s) indicates that the item is not configurable or the function is not supported.



Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to the hardware components such as CPU, chipset, and memory and reduce the useful life of these components. Before you do the overclock/overvoltage, make sure that you fully know each function of EasyTune 6, or system instability or other unexpected results may occur.

### 4-4 Easy Energy Saver

GIGABYTE Easy Energy Saver (Note 1) is a revolutionary technology that delivers unparalleled power savings with a click of the button. Featuring an advanced proprietary software design, GIGABYTE Easy Energy Saver is able to provide exceptional power savings and enhanced power efficiency without sacrificing computing performance.

#### The Easy Energy Saver Interface

#### A. Meter Mode

In Meter Mode, GIGABYTE Easy Energy Saver shows how much power they have saved in a set period of time.



#### Meter Mode - Button Information Table

	Button Description
1	Easy Energy Saver On/Off Switch (Default: Off)
2	Dynamic CPU Frequency Function On/Off Switch (Default: Off) (Note 2)
3	CPU Throttling Display
4	CPU Voltage Display
5	3-Level CPU Voltage Switch (Default:1) (Note 3)
6	Current CPU Power Consumption
7	Meter Time
8	Power Saving (Calculate power savings based on time)
9	Meter/Timer Reset Switch
10	Meter Mode Switch
11	Total Mode Switch
12	Close (Application will enter Stealth Mode)
13	Minimize (Application will continue to run in taskbar)
14	INFO/Help
15	Live Utility Update (Check for the latest utility version)

• The above data is for reference only. Actual performance may vary depending on motherboard model.

• CPU Power and Power Scores are for reference only. Actual results may vary based on testing method.

#### B. Total Mode

In Total Mode, users are able to see how much total power savings they have accumulated in a set period of time since activating Easy Energy Saver for the first time (Note 4).



#### Total Mode - Button Information Table

	Button Description
1	Easy Energy Saver On/Off Switch (Default: Off)
2	Dynamic CPU Frequency Function On/Off Switch (Default: Off)
3	CPU Throttling Display
4	CPU Voltage Display
5	3-Level CPU Voltage Switch (Default:1) (Note 3)
6	Current CPU Power Consumption
7	Time/Date Easy Energy Saver Enabled
8	Total Power Savings (Total power saving with Easy Energy Saver enabled) (Note 5)
9	Meter Mode Switch
10	Total Mode Switch
11	Close (Application will enter Stealth Mode)
12	Minimize (Application will continue to run in taskbar)
13	INFO/Help
14	Live Utility Update (Check for the latest utility version)

#### C. Stealth Mode

In Stealth Mode, the system continues to work with the user-defined power saving settings, even after the system is restarted. Re-enter the application only if you want to make any changes or completely close the application.

- (Note 1) Due to the hardware limitation, you must install the AMD AM3 Phenom<sup>™</sup> II/AM2+ Phenom<sup>™</sup> Series CPU to enable support for Easy Energy Saver.
- (Note 2) Maximize system power saving with Dynamic CPU Frequency Function; system performance may be affected.
- (Note 3) 1: Normal Power Saving (default); 2: Advanced Power Saving; 3: Extreme Power Saving.
- (Note 4) The total amount of power saved will be recorded until re-activated when only the Easy Energy Saver is under the enable status, and power savings meter is unable to reset to zero.
- (Note 5) Easy Energy Saver Meter will automatically reset when the total power saving reaches 99999999 Watts.

## Chapter 5 Appendix

### 5-1 Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)

#### To configure SATA hard drive(s), follow the steps below:

- A. Install SATA hard drive(s) in your computer.
- B. Configure SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup.
- C. Configure a RAID array in RAID BIOS. (Note 1)
- D. Make a floppy disk containing the SATA RAID/AHCI driver for Windows XP. (Note 2)
- E. Install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and operating system. (Note 2)

#### Before you begin

Please prepare:

- At least two SATA hard drives (to ensure optimal performance, it is recommended that you use two hard drives with identical model and capacity). If you do not want to create RAID, you may prepare only one hard drive.
- An empty formatted floppy disk.
- Windows Vista/XP setup disk.
- Motherboard driver disk.

#### 5-1-1 Configuring the Onboard SATA Controller

#### A. Installing SATA hard drive(s) in your computer

Attach one end of the SATA signal cable to the rear of the SATA hard drive and the other end to available SATA port on the motherboard. Then connect the power connector from your power supply to the hard drive.

(Note 1) Skip this step if you do not want to create RAID array on the SATA controller. (Note 2) Required when the SATA controller is set to AHCI or RAID mode.

#### B. Configuring SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup

Make sure to configure the SATA controller mode correctly in system BIOS Setup .

Step 1:

Turn on your computer and press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST (Power-On Self-Test). Ensure NV SATA Controller is enabled under Integrated Peripherals. To create RAID, set Onchip SATA Mode to RAID (Figure 1).

CMOS Set	up Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-20 Integrated Peripherals	09 Award Software	
On-Chip IDE Channel	[Enabled]	Item Help	
NV SATA Controller	[Enabled]	Menu Level	
Onchip SATA Mode	[RAID]		
Onboard Audio Function	[Auto]		
HDMI Audio	[Auto]		
On-Chip MAC Lan	[Auto]		
▶ SMART LAN	[Press Enter]		
Onboard LAN Boot ROM	[Disabled]		
Onboard Serial Port	[3F8/IRQ4]		
Onboard Parallel Port	[378/IRQ7]		
Parallel Port Mode	[SPP]		
x ECP Mode Use DMA			
OnChip USB	[V1.1+V2.0]		
USB Memory Type	[SHADOW]		
USB Keyboard Support	[Disabled]		
USB Mouse Support	[Disabled]		
Legacy USB storage detect	[Enabled]		
$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$ : Move Enter: Select	+/-/PU/PD: Value F10: S	ave ESC: Exit F1: General H	lelp
F5: Previous Values	F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults	

Figure 1

Step 2: Save changes and exit BIOS Setup.

NOTE

The BIOS Setup menus described in this section may differ from the exact settings for your motherboard. The actual BIOS Setup menu options you will see shall depend on the motherboard you have and the BIOS version.

## C. Configuring RAID set in RAID BIOS

Enter the RAID BIOS setup utility to configure a RAID array. For a non-RAID configuration, please skip this step and proceed to the installation of Windows operating system.

Step 1:

After the POST memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins, look for a message which says "Press F10 to enter RAID setup utility" (Figure 2). Hit the <F10> key to enter the NVIDIA RAID setup utility.



Figure 2

Step 2:

The **Define a New Array** screen is the first option screen when you enter the NVIDIA RAID setup utility. (Figure 3). You can press the <Tab> key to move from field to field until the appropriate field is highlighted.

Step 3:

In the **RAID Mode** field, use the up or down arrow key to select a RAID mode. The supported RAID modes include Mirrored, Striped, Spanned, Striped Mirror, and RAID5. The following procedure demonstrates how a RAID 0 array is created.

#### Step 4:

If RAID 0 (Striped) is selected, you can manually set the stripe block size. In the **Stripe Block** field, use the up or down arrow key to set the stripe block size. Stripe block size is given in kilobytes. We recommend you leaving it at the default **Optimal**, which is 64 KB. The stripe block size can be set from 4 KB to 128 KB

			aShield BIOS Define a Nev			
RAID N	Mode: <mark>Striped</mark>			Stripe B	lock: Optimal	
Free Di Port	sks Disk Model	Capacity		Array D Port	Disks Disk Model	Capacity
0.0	ST3120026AS	111.79GB		_		<u> </u>
0.0	ST3120026AS ST3120026AS	111.79GB 111.79GB	[→] Add			
			[←] Del			
	[ESC] Quit [F6]	Back [F7] Fi	nish [TAB	] Navigat	e [↑↓] Select	[ENTER] Popup

Figure 3

Step 5:

Next, select the hard drives which you wish to be included in the disk array. The **Free Disks** block displays the information about the SATA hard drives that are available for use as RAID array drives. Press <Tab> to move to the **Free Disks** block. Select the target hard drives using the up or down arrow key and use the right arrow key to add the hard drives to the **Array Disks** block (Figure 4).

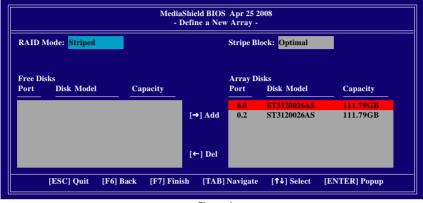


Figure 4

Step 6:

After assigning the RAID drives, press <F7>. A message which says "All data on new(or added) disks may be overwritten. Continue?" appears (Figure 5). To overwrite the data in the selected hard drives, press <Y> to confirm or press <N> to cancel. (If the hard drives contain a previously created RAID array, you need to press <Y> to clear the data in the hard drives.) If you confirm Yes to the prompt above, the "Clear MBR?" prompt appears. Press <Y> to clear or <N> to abort. (We recommend that you clear the MBR to reduce drive errors.)

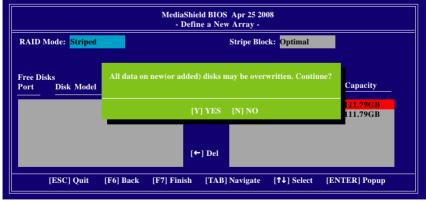


Figure 5

After that, the **Array List** screen appears, displaying the RAID array that you have created (Figure 6). (Note: **BBS** stands for BIOS Boot Specification. This indicates that the boot device is defined in the BIOS.)

BootStatusVendorArraySizeBBSHealthyNVIDIASTRIPE223.57G		Media	Shield BIOS A - Array List		
BBS Healthy NVIDIA STRIPE 223.57G	Boot	Status	Vendor	Array Size	
	BBS	Healthy	NVIDIA	STRIPE 223.57	G
[Ctrl-X] Exit [↑↓] Select [B] Set Bootable [N] New Array [ENTER] Detai		rél10-14 m	10-4 D	ENTE NEL A success	[ENTER] Detai

Figure 6

To read more information about the RAID array, press <Enter> to enter the **Array Detail** screen (Figure 7), which shows various information about the array, including the RAID mode, stripe block size, hard drive model name, and hard drive capacity, etc.

RAID Mode: Striped Stripe Width : 2		ed	Strip		
	Port	Index	Disk Model		Capacity
	0.0	0	ST3120026AS	· ·	111.79GB
	0.2	1	ST3120026AS		111.79GB
mm.	build	[D] Del	ete [C] Clear MBR	[V] remove Vol	[ENTER] Return

To clear MBR, press <C> in the Array Detail screen. When the "Clear MBR?" message appears, press <Y> to clear or <N> to cancel.

To delete the array, press <D> in the Array Detail screen. When the "Delete array?" message appears, press <Y> to confirm or <N> to cancel. Press <Enter> to return to the Array List screen.

To exit the NVIDIA RAID setup utility, press <Esc> in the main menu or <Ctrl>+<X> in the Array List screen.

Now, you can proceed to the installation of the SATA controller driver and operating system.

## 5-1-2 Making a SATA RAID/AHCI Driver Diskette for Windows XP

### (Required for AHCI and RAID Mode)

To successfully install operating system onto SATA hard drive(s) that is/are configured to RAID/AHCI mode, you need to install the SATA controller driver during the OS installation. Without the driver, the hard drive may not be recognized during the Windows setup process. First of all, copy the driver for the SATA controller from the motherboard driver disk to a floppy disk. For installing Windows Vista, please directly load the SATA RAID driver from the motherboard driver disk during the OS installation process. For more details, refer to the next section. See the instructions below about how to copy the driver in MS-DOS mode (Note). Prepare a startup disk that has CD-ROM support and one blank formatted floppy disk.

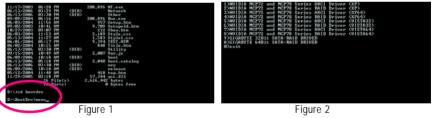
Step 1: Insert the prepared startup disk and motherboard driver disk in your system. Boot from the startup disk. Once at the A:\> prompt, change to your optical drive (example: D:\>). At the D:\> prompt, type the following two commands. Press <Enter> after each command (Figure 1):

cd bootdrv menu

Step 2: When the controller menu (Figure 2) appears, remove the startup disk and insert the blank formatted disk. Select the controller driver by pressing the corresponding letter from the menu. For example, in the menu in Figure 2,

- In RAID mode, select 2) NVIDIA MCP72 and MCP78 Series RAID Driver (XP) for Windows XP 32-bit operating system or 4) NVIDIA MCP72 and MCP78 Series RAID Driver (XP64) for Windows XP 64-bit.
- In AHCI mode, select 1) NVIDIA MCP72 and MCP78 Series AHCI Driver (XP) for Windows XP 32-bit operating system or D) NVIDIA MCP72 and MCP78 Series AHCI Driver (XP64) for Windows XP 64-bit.

Your system will then automatically zip and transfer this driver file to the floppy disk. Press <0> to exit when finished.



(Note) For users without a startup disk:

Use an alternative system and insert the motherboard driver disk. From your optical drive folder, double click the **MENU.exe** file in the **BootDrv** folder (Figure 3). A command prompt window will open similar to that in Figure 2.

-1	lare	jas	Tjea	Dan rear	ki jabi	iùs -		
	I.		T	Terest and	0147100		inter a	
10 D( #0 20+#0) #01 #01 #01 #01	Miletal Miletal	LISE de	NTERIO I	1004	1004	10004	1000	RAI
ofini Gaar Maria	ņ							
internal and								
Application	ra podład S Gar 3 Les Castal S	5+2						

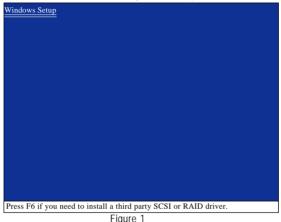
## 5-1-3 Installing the SATA RAID Driver and Operating System

With the SATA RAID driver diskette and correct BIOS settings, you are ready to install Windows operating system onto your hard drives.

#### A. Installing Windows XP

#### Step 1:

Restart your system to boot from the Windows XP setup disk and press <F6> as soon as you see the message "Press F6 if you need to install a 3rd party SCSI or RAID driver" (Figure 1). A screen will then appear asking you to specify additional device. Insert the floppy disk containing the SATA RAID driver and press <S> and a screen similar to that in Figure 2 will appear.



Step 2:

The screen displays two drivers, both of which need to be installed. First select **NVIDIA RAID Driver** and press <Enter>. On the next screen, press <S> to return to the screen in Figure 2. Then select **NVIDIA nForce Storage Controller** and press <Enter>. When both of the two drivers appear on the confirmation
screen, press <Enter> to continue the driver installation. When completed, proceed with the Windows XP
installation

Windows Setup
You have chosen to configure a SCSI Adapter for use with Windows, using a device support disk provided by an adapter manufacturer.
Select the SCSI Adapter you want from the following list, or press ESC to return to the previous screen.
NVIDIA RAID Driver (required) NVIDIA nForce Storage Controller (required)
ENTER=Select F3=Exit
Figure 2

#### **B. Installing Windows Vista**

(The procedure below assumes that only one RAID array exists in your system.)

Step 1:

Restart your system to boot from the Windows Vista setup disk and perform standard OS installation steps. When a screen similar to that below appears (RAID hard drive will not be detected at this stage), select Load Driver. (Figure 3).

	Name	 fotal Size	Free Space Type	
49 Bel	fresh		Drive options (gdvanced)	

Figure 3

Step 2:

Specify the location where the driver is saved. For users using a SATA optical drive, be sure to copy the driver files from the motherboard driver disk to a USB flash drive before installing Windows Vista (go to the **BootDrv** folder and save the whole **Vista32RAID** or **Vista64RAID** folder to the USB flash drive). Then use Method B to load the driver.

Method A:

Insert the motherboard driver disk into your system and browse to the following directory:

#### \BootDrv\Vista32RAID

For Windows Vista 64-bit, browse to the Vista64RAID folder (Figure 4).

Method B:

Insert the USB flash drive containing the driver files and browse to the Vista32RAID (for Windows Vista 32-bit) or Vista64RAID (for Windows Vista 64-bit) folder.

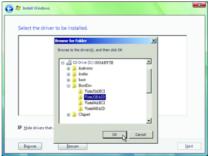


Figure 4

Step 3:

When a screen as shown in Figure 5 appears, select  $\ensuremath{\text{NVIDIA}}$  nForce RAID Controller and press Next.

🚱 🏘 İnstall Windows	
Select the driver to be installed.	
NVIDIA nForce RAID Controller(A: WVRD32.INF) NVIDIA nForce Serial ATA Controller(A: WVRD32.INF)	
$\overline{\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}}$ Hide drivers that are not compatible with hardware on this computer.	
Brgwse	Next
Figure 5	

Step 4:

After the driver is loaded, the screen will show the RAID hard drive. Select the RAID hard drive onto which you want to install the operating system and then press **Next** to continue the OS installation (Figure 6).

Total Size	Free Space Type
80.0 GB	80.0 GB
	Drive options (gdvanced)

Figure 6

#### Rebuilding an Array:

Rebuilding is the process of restoring data to a hard drive from other drives in the array. Rebuilding applies only to fault-tolerant arrays such as RAID 1, RAID 0+1, or RAID 5 arrays. The procedures below assume a new drive is added to replace a failed drive to rebuild a RAID 1 array.

Launch the NVIDIA Control Panel from All Programs in the Start Menu.

Q Q	ad faithings -	
Control of the second s	View Storage Configuration     View Storage Configuration     Transmission instruction duration phone. Instrumption     View For Annual Annual Storage Storage     View Storage Storage Storage	un fing dar ar
	Ten BA Reconstitution ways Interest inform	_

Step 1:

In NVIDIA Control Panel, click **Rebuild array** under **Storage** in the **Select a Task** pane.



#### Step 3:

Select the array to rebuild and click Next.



#### Step 5:

Click Finish to start the rebuilding process.



#### Step 2:

When the NVIDIA Rebuild Array Wizard appears, click **Next**.



#### Step 4:

Select a drive to add to the array and click Next.

🖀 MARIA Carriel Paral	talit pOr						
the first view resp							
0 0 == 44+++	lating -						
telezia fise.	A View Storage Configuration						
Configue Shall arrange Seeing presi	The same from the configuration of your strange docume. The time applications for strate and separate of strange data on your constraints and						
	Verse Ber details of year strange devices. Course on the same						
	New Date David David						
	Chevrey Faulty rs Notid						
	** YOC W09000-02,540 Healthy Tx4008 (545.21) ** YOC W09000-02,540 Healthy Tx4008 (545.11)						
E farme branches							

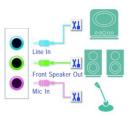
Step 6:

The rebuilding progress is displayed in the View Storage Configuration sub-menu.

# 5-2 Configuring Audio Input and Output

## 5-2-1 Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio

The motherboard provides three audio jacks on the back panel which support 2/4/5.1/7.1<sup>(Note)</sup>-channel audio. The picture to the right shows the default audio jack assignments. The integrated HD (High Definition) audio provides jack retasking capability that allows the user to change the function for each jack through the audio driver.





- To install a microphone, connect your microphone to the Mic in jack and manually configure the jack for microphone functionality.
- Audio signals will be present on both of the front and back panel audio connections simultaneously. If you want to mute the back panel audio (only supported when using an HD front panel audio module), refer to instructions on page 83.

#### High Definition Audio (HD Audio)

HD Audio includes multiple high quality digital-to-analog converters (DACs) that support 44.1KHz/ 48KHz/ 96KHz/192KHz sampling rate. HD Audio features multistreaming capabilities that allow multiple audio streams (in and out) to be simultaneously processed. For example, users can listen to MP3 music, have an Internet chat, make a telephone call over the Internet, and etc. all at the same time.

### A. Configuring Speakers:

(The following instructions use Windows Vista as the example operating system.)

#### Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, the **HD Audio Manager** icon an will appear in the notification area. Doubleclick the icon to access the **HD Audio Manager**.





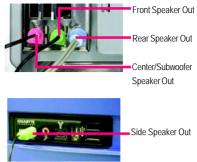
(Note) 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio Configurations:

Refer to the following for multi-channel speaker configurations.

- 2-channel audio: Headphone or Line out.
- 4-channel audio: Front speaker out and Rear speaker out.
- 5.1-channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, and Center/Subwoofer speaker out.
- 7.1-channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, Center/Subwoofer speaker out, and Side speaker out.

The pictures to the right show the 7.1-channel speaker configurations.

7.1-Channel Speakers:



Connect an audio device to an audio jack. The The current connected device is dialog box appears. Select the device according to the type of device you connect. Then click OK.



### Step 3:

Step 2:

On the Speakers screen, click the Speaker Configuration tab. In the Speaker Configuration list, select Stereo, Quadraphonic, 5.1 Speaker, or 7.1 Speaker according to the type of speaker configuration you wish to set up. Then the speaker setup is completed.



### B. Configuring Sound Effect:

You may configure an audio environment on the Sound Effects tab.

#### C. Activating an AC'97 Front Panel Audio Module:

If your chassis provides an AC'97 front panel audio module, to activate the AC'97 functionality, click the tool icon on the **Speaker Configuration** tab. On the **Connector Settings** dialog box, select the **Disable front panel jack detection** check box. Click **OK** to complete.

Connector Settings			
Cable fort para	l jack detection o dialog, when device has b	een plugged in	
	OK	Cancel	



#### D. Muting the Back Panel Audio (For HD Audio Only):

Click Device advanced settings on the top right corner on the Speaker Configuration tab to open the Device advanced settings dialog box. Select the Mute the rear output device, when a front headphone plugged in check box. Click OK to complete.

Device advanced settings	- 28
repark Device	
9 Num the rear output device, when a front headphone plugged in.	
Hele front and rear output devices playback two different audio streams and teneously.	
Recording Device	
The up same type of input jadis, i.e. line in or microphone, as an input device.	
O Separate all input jacks as independent input devices.	
OK Cancel	
Carlo	



## 5-2-2 Configuring S/PDIF Out

#### S/PDIF Out:

The S/PDIF Out jack can transmit audio signals to an external decoder for decoding to get the best audio quality.

#### 1. Connecting a S/PDIF Out Cable



Connect a S/PDIF coaxial cable to an external decoder for transmitting the S/PDIF digital audio signals.

S/PDIF Coaxial Cable

#### 2. Configuring S/PDIF Out:

On the **Digital Output** screen, click the **Default Format** tab and then select the sample rate and bit depth. Click **OK** to complete.



(Note) The actual location of the S/PDIF Out connector may differ by model.

## 5-2-3 Configuring Microphone Recording

#### Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, the **HD Audio Manager** icon an will appear in the notification area. Doubleclick the icon to access the **HD Audio Manager**.





#### Step 2:

Connect your microphone to the Mic in jack (pink) on the back panel or the Mic in jack (pink) on the front panel. Then configure the jack for microphone functionality.

Note: The microphone functions on the front panel and back panel cannot be used at the same time.



#### Step 3:

Go to the **Microphone** screen. Do not mute the recording volume, or you'll not be able to record the sound. To hear the sound being recorded during the recording process, do not mute the playback volume. It is recommended that you set the volumes at a middle level.





If you want to change the current sound input default device to microphone, right-click on Microphone and select Set Default Device.



Step 4:

To raise the recording and playback volume for the microphone, click the Microphone Boost icon on the right of the Recording Volume slider and set the Microphone Boost level.

Microphone Boost				
Microphone Boost	Ó		+10.0 dB	



Step 5:

After completing the settings above, click Start, point to Programs, point to Accessories, and then click Sound Recorder to begin the sound recording.



#### \* Enabling Stereo Mix

If the HD Audio Manager does not display the recording device you wish to use, refer to the steps below. The following steps explain how to enable Stereo Mix (which may be needed when you want to record sound from your computer).

Step 1:

Locate the Volume icon 🚺 in the notification area and right-click on this icon. Select Recording Devices



Step 2:

On the Recording tab, right-click on an empty space and select Show Disabled Devices.

iled Devices

### Step 3:

When the **Stereo Mix** item appears, right-click on this item and select **Enable**. Then set it as the default device.

Playback	Recording	Sounds			
Select a	recording d	insice below t	o modity its o	ettings	
1		hone : High Definit ipged in	ion Audio		
3		High Definit	ion Audio		
	Realter Realter	Digital Input High Definit	ion Audio		
	CD Aut Realter	High Definit	ion Audio		
200 million	Stereo	Mix High Definit			
our and	Disable			Enable	
				Set as Default Device	
Config	jure		Sel 🗸	Show Disabled Devic	8
				Show Disconnected	Devices
			×		

Step 4:

Now you can access the HD Audio Manager to configure Stereo Mix and use Sound Recorder to record the sound.

Diara Ontre	Speakers	Digital Drove	Stareo Mix		Desice advanced settings
Recording Volume	0			Set Default Device	ANALOG Sact Fanal
Default Format					
					(i)
	Default Format	Quelty)		8	۲
	CD Fem	et 🗌	010 Formet		۲
	Select the sample rate	and bit depth to be used	when running in shared		DIGITAL
					۲
GIGABYTE					

## 5-2-4 Using the Sound Recorder



## A. Recording Sound:

- 1. Make sure you have connected the sound input device (e.g. microphone) to the computer.
- 2. To record the audio, click the Start Recording button surfaceday .
- 3. To stop recording audio, click the Stop Recording button Stop Recording.

Be sure to save the recorded audio file upon completion.

## B. Playing the Recorded Sound:

You can play your recording in a digital media player program that supports your audio file format.

## 5-3 Troubleshooting

## 5-3-1 Frequently Asked Questions

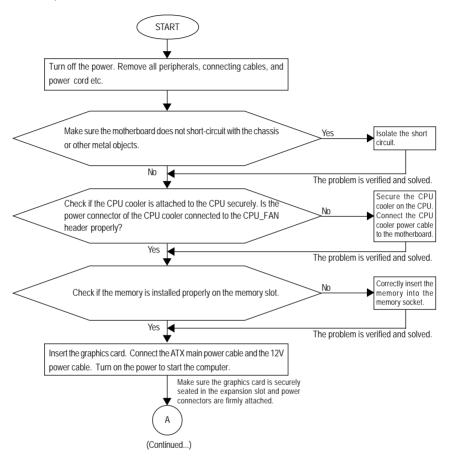
To read more FAQs for your motherboard, please go to the Support\Motherboard\FAQ page on GIGABYTE's website.

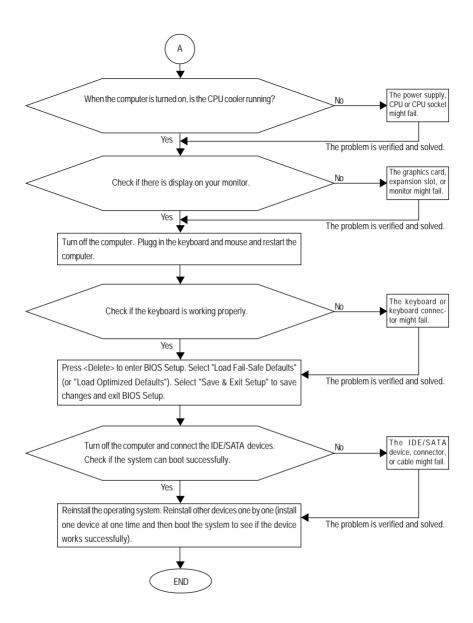
- Q: In the BIOS Setup program, why are some BIOS options missing?
- A: Some advanced options are hidden in the BIOS Setup program. Press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST. In the Main Menu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to show the advanced options.
- Q:Why is the light of my keyboard/optical mouse still on after the computer shuts down?
- A: Some motherboard provides a small amount of standby power after the computer shuts down and that's why the light is still on.
- Q: How do I clear the CMOS values?
- A: If your motherboard has a clearing CMOS jumper, refer to the instructions on the CLR\_CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 to short the jumper to clear the CMOS values. If your board doesn't have this jumper, refer to the instructions on the motherboard battery in Chapter 1. You can temporarily remove the battery from the battery holder to stop supplying power to the CMOS, which will clear the CMOS values after about one minute. Refer to the steps below: Steps:
  - 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
  - Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
  - 3. Replace the battery.
  - 4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.
  - 5. Press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup. Select "Load Fail-Safe Defaults" (or "Load Optimized Defaults") to load BIOS default settings.
  - 6. Saves changes and exit BIOS Setup (select "Save & Exit Setup") to restart your computer.
- Q:Why do I still get a weak sound even though I have turned my speaker to the maximum volume?
- A: Make sure your speaker is equipped with an internal amplifier. If not, try a speaker with power/ amplifier.
- Q:What do the beeps emitted during the POST mean?
- A: The following Award BIOS beep code descriptions may help you identify possible computer problems. (For reference only.)
  - 1 short: System boots successfully
  - 2 short: CMOS setting error
  - 1 long, 1 short: Memory or motherboard error
  - 1 long, 2 short: Monitor or graphics card error
  - 1 long, 3 short: Keyboard error
  - 1 long, 9 short: BIOS ROM error
  - Continuous long beeps: Graphics card not inserted properly

Continuous short beeps: Power error

## 5-3-2 Troubleshooting Procedure

If you encounter any troubles during system startup, follow the troubleshooting procedure below to solve the problem.







If the procedure above is unable to solve your problem, contact the place of purchase or local dealer for help. Or go to the Support&Downloads\Technical Service Zone page to submit your question. Our customer service staff will reply you as soon as possible.

# 5-4 Regulatory Statements

#### Regulatory Notices

This document must not be copied without our written permission, and the contents there of must not be imparted to a third party nor be used for any unauthorized purpose. Contravention will be prosecuted. We believe that the information contained herein was accurate in all respects at the time of printing. GIGABYTE cannot, however, assume any responsibility for errors or omissions in this text. Also note that the information in this document is subject to change without notice and should not be construed as a commitment by GIGABYTE.

#### Our Commitment to Preserving the Environment

In addition to high-efficiency performance, all GIGABYTE motherboards fulfill European Union regulations for RoHS (Restriction of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment) and WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) environmental directives, as well as most major worldwide safety requirements. To prevent releases of harmful substances into the environment and to maximize the use of our natural resources, GIGABYTE provides the following information on how you can responsibly recycle or reuse most of the materials in your "end of life" product.

#### Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE products have not intended to add and safe from hazardous substances (Cd, Pb, Hg, Cr+6, PBDE and PBB). The parts and components have been carefully selected to meet RoHS requirement. Moreover, we at GIGABYTE are continuing our efforts to develop products that do not use internationally banned toxic chemicals.

#### Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE will fulfill the national laws as interpreted from the 2002/96/EC WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) directive. The WEEE Directive specifies the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal of electric and electronic devices and their components. Under the Directive, used equipment must be marked, collected separately, and disposed of properly.

#### WEEE Symbol Statement



The symbol shown below is on the product or on its packaging, which indicates that this product must not be disposed of with other waste. Instead, the device should be taken to the waste collection centers for activation of the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal procedure. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the

time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment. For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local government office, your household waste disposal service or where you purchased the product for details of environmentally safe recycling.

- When your electrical or electronic equipment is no longer useful to you, "take it back" to your local or regional waste collection administration for recycling.
- If you need further assistance in recycling, reusing in your "end of life" product, you may contact us at the Customer Care number listed in your product's user's manual and we will be glad to help you with your effort.

Finally, we suggest that you practice other environmentally friendly actions by understanding and using the energy-saving features of this product (where applicable), recycling the inner and outer packaging (including shipping containers) this product was delivered in, and by disposing of or recycling used batteries properly. With your help, we can reduce the amount of natural resources needed to produce electrical and electronic equipment, minimize the use of landfills for the disposal of "end of life" products, and generally improve our quality of life by ensuring that potentially hazardous substances are not released into the environment and are disposed of properly.

#### China Restriction of Hazardous Substances Table

The following table is supplied in compliance with China's Restriction of Hazardous Substances (China RoHS) requirements:



关于符合中国《电子信息产品污染控制管理办法》的声明 Management Methods on Control of Pollution from Electronic Information Products (China RMS Declaration)

产品中有毒有害物质或元素的名称及含量
Hazardoue Substances Table

Hazardous Substances Table 有毒有害物质或元素(Hazardous Substances)						
部件名称(Parts)	铅(Pb)	<del>有破有</del> 者 汞(Hg)	镉(Cd)	六价铬 (Cr (VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	。/ 多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
PCB板 PCB	0	0	0	0	0	0
结构件及风扇 Mechanical parts and Fan	×	0	0	0	0	0
芯片及其他主动零件 Chip and other Active components	×	0	0	0	0	0
连接器 Connectors	×	0	0	0	0	0
被动电子元器件 Passive Components	×	0	0	0	0	0
线材 Cables	0	0	0	0	0	0
焊接金属 Soldering metal	0	0	0	0	0	0
助焊剂, 散热膏, 标签及其他耗材 Flux,Solder Paste,Label and other Consumable Materials	0	0	0	0	0	0
○:表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求以下。 Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in all homogenous materials of this part is below the limit requirement SJ/T 11363-2006						
×:表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求。 Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogenous materials of this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T 11363-2006						
对销售之日的所受售产品,本表显示我公司供应链的电子信息产品可能包含这些物质。注意:在所售产品中 可能会也可能不会含有所有所列的部件。 This table shows where these substances may be found in the supply chain of our electronic information products, as of the date of the sale of the enclosed products. Note that some of the component types listed above may or may not be a part of the enclosed product.						





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### • GIGABYTE Global Service System



To submit a technical or non-technical (Sales/ Marketing) question, please link to : http://ggts.gigabyte.com.tw Then select your language to enter the system.