Pre-FCC Part 2 Section 210(a)

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Representative Person's Name: EBC LLC

Including that may cause harmful operation.

Conforms to all following specifications:

Phone/Fax: (626) 854-9338 (626) 854-9326
City of Industry, CA 91748
Address: 1388 Robinson Street

Responsible Party: NAME, B.T., INC. (LSA)

Date: Aug. 12, 2011

Signature: F. L. A.

Motherboard
GA-G41MT-S2PT

Aug. 12, 2011

Motherboard
GA-G41MT-S2PT

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
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- In order to assist in the use of this product, carefully read the User's Manual.
- For product-related information, check on our website at: http://www.gigabyte.com

Identifying Your Motherboard Revision
The revision number on your motherboard looks like this: "REV: X.X." For example, "REV: 1.0" means the revision of the motherboard is 1.0. Check your motherboard revision before updating motherboard BIOS, drivers, or when looking for technical information.

Example:
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GA-G41MT-S2PT Motherboard Layout

Box Contents

- GA-G41MT-S2PT motherboard
- Motherboard driver disk
- User's Manual
- Two SATA cables
- I/O Shield

* The box contents above are for reference only and the actual items shall depend on the product package you obtain.
GA-G41MT-S2PT Motherboard Block Diagram

1 PCI Express x16

PCIe CLK (100 MHz)

1 PCI Express x1

PCIe CLK (100 MHz)

2 PCI

PCI CLK (33 MHz)

1 PCI Express Bus

Intel® G41

CPU CLK+/-
(333/266/200 MHz)

DDR3 1333(O.C)/1066/800 MHz

Dual Channel Memory

GMCH CLK
(333/266/200 MHz)

Intel® ICH7

LAN
RJ45

Dual BIOS

ATA-100/66/33
IDE Channel

4 SATA 3Gb/s

IT8718/IT8720

LPT Port

COM Port

PS/2 KB/Mouse

Realtek RTL8111E

CODEC

MIC (Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out)
Line-Out (Front Speaker Out)
Line-In (Rear Speaker Out)

PCI Express x16

GMCH CLK

Dual Channel Memory

Intel® G41

Host Interface

Intel® G41

GMCH CLK

DDR3 1333(O.C)/1066/800 MHz

Dual Channel Memory

Intel® ICH7

LAN
RJ45

Dual BIOS

ATA-100/66/33
IDE Channel

4 SATA 3Gb/s

IT8718/IT8720

LPT Port

COM Port

PS/2 KB/Mouse

Realtek RTL8111E

CODEC

MIC (Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out)
Line-Out (Front Speaker Out)
Line-In (Rear Speaker Out)
Chapter 1  Hardware Installation

1-1  Installation Precautions

The motherboard contains numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the user's manual and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, make sure the chassis is suitable for the motherboard.
- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an electrostatic shielding container.
- Before unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.
### 1-2 Product Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>CPU</strong></th>
<th>Support for an Intel® Core™ 2 Extreme processor/Intel® Core™ 2 Quad processor/Intel® Core™ 2 Duo processor/Intel® Pentium® processor/Intel® Celeron® processor in the LGA775 package (Go to GIGABYTE’s website for the latest CPU support list.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L2 cache varies with CPU</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Front Side Bus</strong></th>
<th>1333/1066/800 MHz FSB</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Chipset</strong></th>
<th>North Bridge: Intel® G41 Express Chipset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>South Bridge: Intel® ICH7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Memory</strong></th>
<th>2 x 1.5V DDR3 DIMM sockets supporting up to 8 GB of system memory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Due to Windows 32-bit operating system limitation, when more than 4 GB of physical memory is installed, the actual memory size displayed will be less than 4 GB.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dual channel memory architecture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Support for DDR3 1333 (O.C.)/1066/800 MHz memory modules (Go to GIGABYTE’s website for the latest supported memory speeds and memory modules.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Onboard Graphics</strong></th>
<th>North Bridge:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 x D-Sub port</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Audio</strong></th>
<th>Realtek/VIA HD audio codec</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>High Definition Audio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2/4/5.1/7.1-channel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>To configure 7.1-channel audio, you have to use an HD front panel audio module and enable the multi-channel audio feature through the audio driver.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **LAN** | 1 x Realtek RTL8111E chip (10/100/1000 Mbit) |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Expansion Slots</strong></th>
<th>1 x PCI Express x16 slot, running at x16</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 x PCI Express x1 slot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 x PCI slots</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Storage Interface</strong></th>
<th>South Bridge:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 x IDE connector supporting ATA-100/66/33 and up to 2 IDE devices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors supporting up to 4 SATA 3Gb/s devices</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>USB</strong></th>
<th>South Bridge:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Up to 8 USB 2.0/1.1 ports (4 ports on the back panel, 4 ports available through the internal USB headers)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Internal Connectors</strong></th>
<th>1 x 24-pin ATX main power connector</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 x 4-pin ATX 12V power connector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 x IDE connector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 x SATA 3Gb/s connectors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 x CPU fan header</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 x system fan header</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 x front panel header</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 x front panel audio header</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 x USB 2.0/1.1 headers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 x Clear CMOS jumper</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Back Panel Connectors
- 1 x PS/2 keyboard port
- 1 x PS/2 mouse port
- 1 x parallel port
- 1 x serial port
- 1 x D-Sub port
- 4 x USB 2.0/1.1 ports
- 1 x RJ-45 port
- 3 x audio jacks (Line In/Line Out/Microphone)

### I/O Controller
- iTE IT8720/IT8718 chip

### Hardware Monitor
- System voltage detection
- CPU temperature detection
- CPU/System fan speed detection
- CPU overheating warning
- CPU/System fan fail warning
- CPU fan speed control
  - Whether the CPU fan speed control function is supported will depend on the CPU cooler you install.

### BIOS
- 2 x 8 Mbit flash
- Use of licensed AWARD BIOS
- Support for DualBIOS™
- PnP 1.0a, DMI 2.0, SM BIOS 2.4, ACPI 1.0b

### Unique Features
- Support for @BIOS
- Support for Q-Flash
- Support for Xpress BIOS Rescue
- Support for Download Center
- Support for Xpress Install
- Support for Xpress Recovery2
- Support for EasyTune
  - Available functions in EasyTune may differ by motherboard model.
- Support for Easy Energy Saver
  - Due to the hardware limitation, you must install the Intel® Core™ 2 Extreme/Core™ 2 Quad/Core™ 2 Duo/Pentium Dual-Core/Celeron Dual-Core/Celeron 400 Series CPU to enable support for Easy Energy Saver.
- Support for Smart Recovery
- Support for ON/OFF Charge
- Support for 3TB+ Unlock
- Support for Q-Share

### Bundled Software
- Norton Internet Security (OEM version)

### Operating System
- Support for Microsoft® Windows 7/Vista/XP

### Form Factor
- Micro ATX Form Factor; 24.4cm x 19.4cm

* GIGABYTE reserves the right to make any changes to the product specifications and product-related information without prior notice.
1-3 Installing the CPU

Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU. (Go to GIGABYTE’s website for the latest CPU support list.)
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- Locate the pin one of the CPU. The CPU cannot be inserted if oriented incorrectly. (Or you may locate the notches on both sides of the CPU and alignment keys on the CPU socket.)
- Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the CPU.
- Do not turn on the computer if the CPU cooler is not installed, otherwise overheating and damage of the CPU may occur.
- Set the CPU host frequency in accordance with the CPU specifications. It is not recommended that the system bus frequency be set beyond hardware specifications since it does not meet the standard requirements for the peripherals. If you wish to set the frequency beyond the standard specifications, please do so according to your hardware specifications including the CPU, graphics card, memory, hard drive, etc.

Installing the CPU
A. Locate the alignment keys on the motherboard CPU socket and the notches on the CPU.
1-4 Installing the Memory

Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.
  (Go to GIGABYTE’s website for the latest supported memory speeds and memory modules.)
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

Dual Channel Memory Configuration

This motherboard provides two DDR3 memory sockets and supports Dual Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory. Enabling Dual Channel memory mode will double the original memory bandwidth.

The two DDR3 memory sockets are divided into two channels and each channel has one memory socket as following:

- Channel A: DDR3_1
- Channel B: DDR3_2

Due to chipset limitations, read the following guidelines before installing the memory in Dual Channel mode.

1. Dual Channel mode cannot be enabled if only one DDR3 memory module is installed.
2. When enabling Dual Channel mode with two memory modules, it is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used for optimum performance.

1-5 Installing an Expansion Card

Read the following guidelines before you begin to install an expansion card:

- Make sure the motherboard supports the expansion card. Carefully read the manual that came with your expansion card.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing an expansion card to prevent hardware damage.
1-6 Back Panel Connectors

- **PS/2 Keyboard and PS/2 Mouse Port**
  Use the upper port (green) to connect a PS/2 mouse and the lower port (purple) to connect a PS/2 keyboard.

- **Parallel Port**
  Use the parallel port to connect devices such as a printer, scanner and etc. The parallel port is also called a printer port.

- **Serial Port**
  Use the serial port to connect devices such as a mouse, modem or other peripherals.

- **D-Sub Port**
  The D-Sub port supports a 15-pin D-Sub connector. Connect a monitor that supports D-Sub connection to this port.

- **USB 2.0/1.1 Port**
  The USB port supports the USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use this port for USB devices such as a USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.

- **RJ-45 LAN Port**
  The Gigabit Ethernet LAN port provides Internet connection at up to 1 Gbps data rate. The following describes the states of the LAN port LEDs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connection/Speed LED</th>
<th>Activity LED</th>
<th>Connection/Speed LED:</th>
<th>Activity LED:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Orange</td>
<td>Blinking</td>
<td>1 Gbps data rate</td>
<td>Blinking</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>100 Mbps data rate</td>
<td>Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td></td>
<td>10 Mbps data rate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Line In Jack (Blue)**
  The default line in jack. Use this audio jack for line in devices such as an optical drive, walkman, etc.

- **Line Out Jack (Green)**
  The default line out jack. Use this audio jack for a headphone or 2-channel speaker. This jack can be used to connect front speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

- **Mic In Jack (Pink)**
  The default Mic in jack. Microphones must be connected to this jack.
  
  To configure 7.1-channel audio, you have to use an HD front panel audio module and enable the multi-channel audio feature through the audio driver.

- **RJ-45 LAN Port LEDs**
  - **Activity LED:**
    - Blinking: Data transmission or receiving is occurring
    - Off: No data transmission or receiving is occurring
  - **Connection/Speed LED:**
    - Orange: 1 Gbps data rate
    - Green: 100 Mbps data rate
    - Off: 10 Mbps data rate

- **When removing the cable connected to a back panel connector,** first remove the cable from your device and then remove it from the motherboard.
- **When removing the cable,** pull it straight out from the connector. Do not rock it side to side to prevent an electrical short inside the cable connector.
Read the following guidelines before connecting external devices:

- First make sure your devices are compliant with the connectors you wish to connect.
- Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.
- After installing the device and before turning on the computer, make sure the device cable has been securely attached to the connector on the motherboard.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1) ATX_12V</th>
<th>7) BAT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2) ATX</td>
<td>8) F_PANEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3) CPU_FAN</td>
<td>9) F_AUDIO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4) SYS_FAN</td>
<td>10) F_USB1/F_USB2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5) IDE</td>
<td>11) CLR_CMOS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6) SATA2_0/1/2/3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1/2) ATX_12V/ATX (2x2 12V Power Connector and 2x12 Main Power Connector)

With the use of the power connector, the power supply can supply enough stable power to all the components on the motherboard. Before connecting the power connector, first make sure the power supply is turned off and all devices are properly installed. The power connector possesses a foolproof design. Connect the power supply cable to the power connector in the correct orientation. The 12V power connector mainly supplies power to the CPU. If the 12V power connector is not connected, the computer will not start.

To meet expansion requirements, it is recommended that a power supply that can withstand high power consumption be used (500W or greater). If a power supply is used that does not provide the required power, the result can lead to an unstable or unbootable system.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>+12V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>+12V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ATX:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>3.3V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3.3V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>+5V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>+5V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Power Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>5VSB (stand by +5V)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>+12V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>+12V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>3.3V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>+5V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>-12V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>PS_ON (soft On/Off)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>-5V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>+5V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>+5V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>+5V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>GND (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3/4) CPU_FAN/SYS_FAN (Fan Headers)

The motherboard has a 4-pin CPU fan header (CPU_FAN) and a 3-pin system fan header (SYS_FAN). Most fan headers possess a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation (the black connector wire is the ground wire). The motherboard supports CPU fan speed control, which requires the use of a CPU fan with fan speed control design. For optimum heat dissipation, it is recommended that a system fan be installed inside the chassis.

![Diagram of CPU_FAN and SYS_FAN headers]

- Be sure to connect fan cables to the fan headers to prevent your CPU and system from overheating. Overheating may result in damage to the CPU or the system may hang.
- These fan headers are not configuration jumper blocks. Do not place a jumper cap on the headers.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>+12V /Speed Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Sense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Speed Control</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SYS_FAN:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>+12V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Sense</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5) IDE (IDE Connector)

The IDE connector supports up to two IDE devices such as hard drives and optical drives. Before attaching the IDE cable, locate the foolproof groove on the connector. If you wish to connect two IDE devices, remember to set the jumpers and the cabling according to the role of the IDE devices (for example, master or slave). (For information about configuring master/slave settings for the IDE devices, read the instructions from the device manufacturers.)

![Diagram of IDE connector]
6) **SATA2_0/1/2/3 (SATA 3Gb/s Connectors)**

The SATA connectors conform to SATA 3Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device.

![SATA Connectors Diagram]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>TXP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>TXN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>RXN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>RXP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please connect the L-shaped end of the SATA cable to your SATA hard drive.

7) **BAT (Battery)**

The battery provides power to keep the values (such as BIOS configurations, date, and time information) in the CMOS when the computer is turned off. Replace the battery when the battery voltage drops to a low level, or the CMOS values may not be accurate or may be lost.

![Battery Diagram]

You may clear the CMOS values by removing the battery:
1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
2. Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
3. Replace the battery.
4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.

- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord before replacing the battery.
- Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Danger of explosion if the battery is replaced with an incorrect model.
- Contact the place of purchase or local dealer if you are not able to replace the battery by yourself or uncertain about the battery model.
- When installing the battery, note the orientation of the positive side (+) and the negative side (-) of the battery (the positive side should face up).
- Used batteries must be handled in accordance with local environmental regulations.
8) F_PANEL (Front Panel Header)

Connect the power switch, reset switch, speaker, chassis intrusion switch/sensor and system status indicator on the chassis to this header according to the pin assignments below. Note the positive and negative pins before connecting the cables.

- **MSG/PWR** (Message/Power/Sleep LED):
  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System Status</th>
<th>LED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S0</td>
<td>On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S1</td>
<td>Blinking</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S3/S4/S5</td>
<td>Off</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

  Connects to the power status indicator on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the system is operating. The LED keeps blinking when the system is in S1 sleep state. The LED is off when the system is in S3/S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).

- **PW** (Power Switch):
  Connects to the power switch on the chassis front panel. You may configure the way to turn off your system using the power switch (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Power Management Setup," for more information).

- **SPEAK** (Speaker):
  Connects to the speaker on the chassis front panel. The system reports system startup status by issuing a beep code. One single short beep will be heard if no problem is detected at system startup. If a problem is detected, the BIOS may issue beeps in different patterns to indicate the problem.

- **HD** (Hard Drive Activity LED):
  Connects to the hard drive activity LED on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the hard drive is reading or writing data.

- **RES** (Reset Switch):
  Connects to the reset switch on the chassis front panel. Press the reset switch to restart the computer if the computer freezes and fails to perform a normal restart.

- **CI** (Chassis Intrusion Header):
  Connects to the chassis intrusion switch/sensor on the chassis that can detect if the chassis cover has been removed. This function requires a chassis with a chassis intrusion switch/sensor.

The front panel design may differ by chassis. A front panel module mainly consists of power switch, reset switch, power LED, hard drive activity LED, speaker and etc. When connecting your chassis front panel module to this header, make sure the wire assignments and the pin assignments are matched correctly.
9) **F_AUDIO (Front Panel Audio Header)**

The front panel audio header supports Intel High Definition audio (HD) and AC'97 audio. You may connect your chassis front panel audio module to this header. Make sure the wire assignments of the module connector match the pin assignments of the motherboard header. Incorrect connection between the module connector and the motherboard header will make the device unable to work or even damage it.

- The front panel audio header supports HD audio by default.
- Audio signals will be present on both of the front and back panel audio connections simultaneously.
- Some chassis provide a front panel audio module that has separated connectors on each wire instead of a single plug. For information about connecting the front panel audio module that has different wire assignments, please contact the chassis manufacturer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Definition</th>
<th>For HD Front Panel Audio:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>MIC2_L</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>MIC2_R</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>-AC97_DET</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>LINE2_R</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>FAUDIO_JD</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>No Pin</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>LINE2_L</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Definition</th>
<th>For AC’97 Front Panel Audio:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>MIC</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>MIC Power</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>NC</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Line Out (R)</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>NC</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>NC</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>No Pin</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Line Out (L)</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>NC</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10) **F_USB1/F_USB2 (USB 2.0/1.1 Headers)**

The headers conform to USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Each USB header can provide two USB ports via an optional USB bracket. For purchasing the optional USB bracket, please contact the local dealer.

- Do not plug the IEEE 1394 bracket (2x5-pin) cable into the USB header.
- Prior to installing the USB bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the USB bracket.
11) **CLR_CMOS (Clear CMOS Jumper)**

Use this jumper to clear the CMOS values (e.g. date information and BIOS configurations) and reset the CMOS values to factory defaults. To clear the CMOS values, use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the two pins for a few seconds.

- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before clearing the CMOS values.
- After system restart, go to BIOS Setup to load factory defaults (select Load Optimized Defaults) or manually configure the BIOS settings (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," for BIOS configurations).
Chapter 2  BIOS Setup

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the <Delete> key during the POST when the power is turned on. To see more advanced BIOS Setup menu options, you can press <Ctrl> + <F1> in the main menu of the BIOS Setup program.

To upgrade the BIOS, use either the GIGABYTE Q-Flash or @BIOS utility.
- Q-Flash allows the user to quickly and easily upgrade or back up BIOS without entering the operating system.
- @BIOS is a Windows-based utility that searches and downloads the latest version of BIOS from the Internet and updates the BIOS.

Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter problems using the current version of BIOS, it is recommended that you not flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values. (Refer to the "Load Optimized Defaults" section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clearing CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

2-1  Startup Screen

The following screens may appear when the computer boots.

2-2  The Main Menu

Once you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main Menu (as shown below) appears on the screen. Use arrow keys to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter a sub-menu.

(Sample BIOS Version: E13)
If you do not find the settings you want in the Main Menu or a submenu, press <Ctrl>+<F1> to access more advanced options.

When the system is not stable as usual, select the Load Optimized Defaults item to set your system to its defaults.

The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.

The Functions of the <F11> and <F12> keys (For the Main Menu Only)

- **F11: Save CMOS to BIOS**
  This function allows you to save the current BIOS settings to a profile. You can create up to 8 profiles (Profile 1-8) and name each profile. First enter the profile name (to erase the default profile name, use the SPACE key) and then press <Enter> to complete.

- **F12: Load CMOS from BIOS**
  If your system becomes unstable and you have loaded the BIOS default settings, you can use this function to load the BIOS settings from a profile created before, without the hassles of reconfiguring the BIOS settings. First select the profile you wish to load, then press <Enter> to complete.

### 2-3 MB Intelligent Tweaker(M.I.T.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Help</th>
<th>Menu Level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F5: Previous Values</td>
<td>F6: Fail-Safe Defaults</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F7: Optimized Defaults</td>
<td>F10: Save</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESC: Exit</td>
<td>F1: General Help</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Stable)  This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature.
Whether the system will work stably with the overclock/overvoltage settings you made is dependent on your overall system configurations. Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory and reduce the useful life of these components. This page is for advanced users only and we recommend you not to alter the default settings to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. (Inadequately altering the settings may result in system’s failure to boot. If this occurs, clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.)

Robust Graphics Booster
Robust Graphics Booster (R.G.B.) helps to enhance the performance of the graphics chip and memory. Auto allows the BIOS to automatically set the R.G.B. mode based on system configurations. Options are: Auto (default), Fast, Turbo.

CPU Clock Ratio
Allows you to alter the clock ratio for the installed CPU. The item is present only when a CPU with unlocked clock ratio is installed.

Fine CPU Clock Ratio
Allows you to increase clock ratio by 0.5 for the installed CPU. The item is present only when a CPU with unlocked clock ratio is installed.

CPU Frequency
Displays the current operating CPU frequency.

Clock Chip Control

DRAM Performance Control

Performance Enhance
Allows the system to operate at three different performance levels.
- Standard Lets the system operate at its basic performance level. (Default)
- Turbo Lets the system operate at its good performance level.
- Extreme Lets the system operate at its best performance level.

(G)MCH Frequency Latch
Allows you to fix the chipset frequency at system bootup. Options for adjusting memory multiplier below may differ according to the fixed frequency. Options are: Auto (default), 200MHz, 266MHz, 333MHz.

System Memory Multiplier (SPD)
Allows you to set the system memory multiplier. Options are dependent on CPU FSB and the (G)MCH Frequency Latch settings. Auto sets memory multiplier according to memory SPD data. (Default: Auto)

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature.
Memory Frequency (Mhz)
The first memory frequency value is the normal operating frequency of the memory being used; the second is the memory frequency that is automatically adjusted according to the System Memory Multiplier settings.

DRAM Timing Selectable (SPD)
Manual allows all DRAM timing control items below to be configurable. Options are: Auto (default), Manual.

Standard Timing Control
- CAS Latency Time
  Options are: Auto (default), 4~11.
- tRCD
  Options are: Auto (default), 1~15.
- tRP
  Options are: Auto (default), 1~15.
- tRAS
  Options are: Auto (default), 1~63.

Advanced Timing Control
- tRRD
  Options are: Auto (default), 1~15.
- tWTR
  Options are: Auto (default), 1~31.
- tWR
  Options are: Auto (default), 1~31.
- tRFC
  Options are: Auto (default), 1~255.
- tRTP
  Options are: Auto (default), 1~15.
- Command Rate (CMD)
  Options are: Auto (default), 1~3.
### Channel A/B Timing Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Help</th>
<th>Item Help</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Item Help</td>
<td>Item Help</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Static tRead Value
- Options are: Auto (default), 1~15.

#### tRD Phase0 Adjustment
- Options are: Auto (default), 0-Normal, 1-Advanced.

#### tRD Phase1 Adjustment
- Options are: Auto (default), 0-Normal, 1-Advanced.

#### tRD Phase2 Adjustment
- Options are: Auto (default), 0-Normal, 1-Advanced.

#### tRD Phase3 Adjustment
- Options are: Auto (default), 0-Normal, 1-Advanced.

#### Trd2rd(Different Rank)
- Options are: Auto (default), 1~15.

#### Twr2wr(Different Rank)
- Options are: Auto (default), 1~15.

#### Twr2rd(Different Rank)
- Options are: Auto (default), 1~15.

#### Trd2wr(Same/Diff Rank)
- Options are: Auto (default), 1~15.

#### DIMM1 Clock Skew Control
- Options are: Auto (default), +800ps~700ps.

#### DIMM2 Clock Skew Control
- Options are: Auto (default), +800ps~700ps.

#### DDR Write Leveling
- Allows you to determine whether to fine-tune memory parameters to enhance memory compatibility.
  - `Auto` lets the BIOS decide whether to enable this function. (Default)
  - `Disabled` disables this function.
  - `Enabled` enables this function to enhance memory compatibility.
**DDR Write Training**

Allows you to determine whether to fine-tune memory parameters to enhance memory compatibility.

- **Auto**  
  Lets the BIOS decide whether to enable this function. (Default)

- **Disabled**  
  Disables this function.

- **Enabled**  
  Enables this function to enhance memory compatibility.

**Channel A/B Driving Settings**

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Driving Strength Profile</td>
<td>Auto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Driving Pull-Up Level</td>
<td>Auto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cmd Driving Pull-Up Level</td>
<td>Auto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ctrl Driving Pull-Up Level</td>
<td>Auto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clk Driving Pull-Up Level</td>
<td>Auto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Driving Pull-Down Level</td>
<td>Auto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cmd Driving Pull-Down Level</td>
<td>Auto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ctrl Driving Pull-Down Level</td>
<td>Auto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clk Driving Pull-Down Level</td>
<td>Auto</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

- **Driving Strength Profile**  
  Options are: Auto (default).

- **Data Driving Pull-Up Level**  
  Options are: Auto (default), +8~7.

- **Cmd Driving Pull-Up Level**  
  Options are: Auto (default), +8~7.

- **Ctrl Driving Pull-Up Level**  
  Options are: Auto (default), +8~7.

- **Clk Driving Pull-Up Level**  
  Options are: Auto (default), +8~7.

- **Data Driving Pull-Down Level**  
  Options are: Auto (default), +8~7.

- **Cmd Driving Pull-Down Level**  
  Options are: Auto (default), +8~7.

- **Ctrl Driving Pull-Down Level**  
  Options are: Auto (default), +8~7.

- **Clk Driving Pull-Down Level**  
  Options are: Auto (default), +8~7.
2-4 Standard CMOS Features

- **Date (mm:dd:yy)**: Sets the system date.
- **Time (hh:mm:ss)**: Sets the system time.
- **IDE Channel 0, 2, 3 Master/Slave**: Sets the system time.

Configure your IDE/SATA devices by using one of the three methods below:

- **None**: If no IDE/SATA devices are used, set this item to None so the system will skip the detection of the device during the POST for faster system startup.
- **Auto**: Lets the BIOS automatically detect IDE/SATA devices during the POST. (Default)
- **Manual**: Allows you to manually enter the specifications of the hard drive when the hard drive access mode is set to CHS. (For IDE Channel 0 Master/Slave only.)

The following fields display your hard drive specifications. If you wish to enter the parameters manually, refer to the information on the hard drive.

- **Capacity**: Approximate capacity of the currently installed hard drive.
- **Cylinder**: Number of cylinders.
- **Head**: Number of heads.
- **Precomp**: Write precompensation cylinder.
- **Landing Zone**: Landing zone.
- **Sector**: Number of sectors.
Halt On
Allows you to determine whether the system will stop for an error during the POST. Options are: "All Errors," "No Errors," "All, But Keyboard," (Default) "All, But Diskette," "All, But Disk/Key".

Memory
These fields are read-only and are determined by the BIOS POST.

2-5 Advanced BIOS Features

CMOS Setup Utility-Copyright (C) 1984-2011 Award Software
Advanced BIOS Features

 Hard Disk Boot Priority [Press Enter]
Quick Boot [Disabled]
EFI/CD/DVD Boot Option [Auto]
First Boot Device [Hard Disk]
Second Boot Device [CDROM]
Third Boot Device [Legacy LAN]
Password Check [Setup]
CPU Multi-Threading (Note) [Enabled]
Limit CPUID Max. to 3 (Note) [Disabled]
No-Execute Memory Protect (Note) [Enabled]
CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) (Note) [Enabled]
C2/C3 State Support (Note) [Disabled]
CPU Thermal Monitor 2(TM2) (Note) [Enabled]
CPU EIST Function (Note) [Enabled]
Virtualization Technology (Note) [Enabled]
Delay For HDD (Secs) [0]
Backup BIOS Image to HDD [Disabled]

Menu Level

: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

 Hard Disk Boot Priority
Specifies the sequence of loading the operating system from the installed hard drives. Use the up or
down arrow key to select a hard drive, then press the plus key <+> (or <PageUp>) or the minus key <-> (or
<PageDown>) to move it up or down on the list. Press <Esc> to exit this menu when finished.

 Quick Boot
Enables or disables the quick boot function to speed up the system boot-up process to shorten the
waiting time for entering the operating system and to deliver greater efficiency for daily use. (Default: Disabled)

 EFI CD/DVD Boot Option
Set this item to EFI if you want to install the operating system to a hard drive larger than 2.2 TB. Make
sure the operating system to be installed supports booting from a GPT partition, such as Windows 7 64-
bit and Windows Server 2003 64-bit. Auto lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting depending
on the hard drive you install. (Default: Auto)

 First/Second/Third Boot Device
Specifies the boot order from the available devices. Use the up or down arrow key to select a device and
press <Enter> to accept. Options are: LS120, Hard Disk, CDROM, USB-FDD, USB-ZIP, USB-CDROM,
USB-HDD, Legacy LAN, Disabled.

 Password Check
Specifies whether a password is required every time the system boots, or only when you enter BIOS
Setup. After configuring this item, set the password(s) under the Set Supervisor/User Password item in
the BIOS Main Menu.

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information
about Intel CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.
Setup  A password is only required for entering the BIOS Setup program. (Default)
System    A password is required for booting the system and for entering the BIOS Setup program.

HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability
Enables or disables the S.M.A.R.T. (Self Monitoring and Reporting Technology) capability of your hard drive. This feature allows your system to report read/write errors of the hard drive and to issue warnings when a third party hardware monitor utility is installed. (Default: Enabled)

CPU Multi-Threading (Note)
Allows you to determine whether to enable all CPU cores and multi-threading function when using an Intel CPU that supports multi-core technology. This feature only works for operating systems that support multi-processor mode.
- Enabled   Enables all CPU cores and multi-threading capability. (Default)
- Disabled  Enables only one CPU core.

Limit CPUID Max. to 3 (Note)
Allows you to determine whether to limit CPUID maximum value. Set this item to Disabled for Windows XP operating system; set this item to Enabled for legacy operating system such as Windows NT4.0.
(Default: Disabled)

No-Execute Memory Protect (Note)
Enables or disables Intel Execute Disable Bit function. This function may enhance protection for the computer, reducing exposure to viruses and malicious buffer overflow attacks when working with its supporting software and system. (Default: Disabled)

CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) (Note)
Enables or disables Intel CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) function, a CPU power-saving function in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. (Default: Enabled)

C2/C2E State Support (Note)
Allows you to determine whether to let the CPU enter C2/C2E mode in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. (Default: Disabled)

CPU Thermal Monitor 2 (TM2) (Note)
Enables or disables Intel CPU Thermal Monitor (TM2) function, a CPU overheating protection function. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced when the CPU is overheated. (Default: Enabled)

CPU EIST Function (Note)
Enables or disables Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology (EIST). Depending on CPU loading, Intel EIST technology can dynamically and effectively lower the CPU voltage and core frequency to decrease average power consumption and heat production. (Default: Enabled)

Virtualization Technology (Note)
Enables or disables Intel Virtualization Technology. Virtualization enhanced by Intel Virtualization Technology will allow a platform to run multiple operating systems and applications in independent partitions. With virtualization, one computer system can function as multiple virtual systems. (Default: Enabled)

Delay For HDD (Secs)
Allows you to set a delay time for the BIOS to initialize the hard drive as the system boots up. The adjustable range is from 0 to 15 seconds. (Default: 0)

(Note)  This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel CPUs’ unique features, please visit Intel’s website.
Backup BIOS Image to HDD

Allows the system to copy the BIOS image file to the hard drive. If the system BIOS is corrupted, it will be recovered from this image file. (Default: Disabled)

2-6 Advanced Chipset Features

** VGA Setting **

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Onboard VGA</td>
<td>[Enable If No Ext PEG]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Init Display First</td>
<td>[PCI]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAVP Mode</td>
<td>[PAVP Lite Mode]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAVP Lite Mode</td>
<td>[32MB]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paranoid PAVP Mode</td>
<td>(32+96)128MB</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

** Onboard VGA **

Enables or disables the onboard VGA function.
- **Enable If No Ext PEG**
  Activates the onboard VGA only if no PCI Express VGA card is installed. (Default)
- **Always Enable**
  Always activates the onboard VGA, whether or not a PCI Express card is installed. If you wish to set up a dual view configuration, set this item to **Always Enable**.

** Init Display First **

Specifies the first initiation of the monitor display from the installed PCI graphics card, PCI Express graphics card or the onboard VGA.
- **PCI**
  Sets the PCI graphics card as the first display. (Default)
- **Onboard**
  Sets the onboard VGA as the first display.
- **PEG**
  Sets the PCI Express graphics card as the first display.

** PAVP Mode **

Enables or disables PAVP mode. Enable this function if you wish to playback HDCP contents. PAVP mode can support increased content protection and robustness requirements for premium content playback (e.g. Blu-ray disc).
- **Disabled**
  Disables this function.
- **PAVP Lite Mode**
  Specifies the buffer memory size for the encryption of compressed video. (Default)
- **Paranoid PAVP**
  Reserves 96 MB of system memory during boot. This memory is not seen by the operating system and not available to any user application. Aero (DWM) in Windows 7/Vista will always be turned off in this mode.

** PAVP Lite Mode **

This item is configurable only if the **PAVP Mode** option is set to **PAVP Lite Mode**. Options are: 32MB (default), 48MB, 64MB, 128MB and 256MB.

** Paranoid PAVP Mode **

This item is configurable only if the **PAVP Mode** option is set to **Paranoid PAVP**. Options are: (32+96)128MB (default), (48+96) Round to 160MB, (64+96)160MB, (128+96)224MB and (256+96)352MB.

The table below shows the supported features of the PAVP Lite and Paranoid modes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>PAVP Lite</th>
<th>PAVP Paranoid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Compressed video buffer is encrypted</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardware 128-bit AES decryption</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protected memory (96 MB reserved during boot)</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 2-7 Integrated Peripherals

Azalia Codec
Enables or disables the onboard audio function. (Default: Auto)
If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in audio card instead of using the onboard audio, set this item to Disabled.

Onboard H/W LAN
Enables or disables the onboard LAN function. (Default: Enabled) If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in network card instead of using the onboard LAN, set this item to Disabled.

SMART LAN (LAN Cable Diagnostic Function)
This motherboard incorporates cable diagnostic feature designed to detect the status of the attached LAN cable. This feature will detect cabling issue and report the approximate distance to the fault or short.

Onboard LAN Boot ROM
Allows you to decide whether to activate the boot ROM integrated with the onboard LAN chip. (Default: Disabled)

Onboard Serial Port 1
Enables or disables the first serial port and specifies its base I/O address and corresponding interrupt.
Options are: Auto, 3F8/IRQ4 (default), 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, Disabled.

Onboard Parallel Port
Enables or disables the onboard parallel port (LPT) and specifies its base I/O address and corresponding interrupt.
Options are: 378/IRQ7 (default), 278/IRQ5, 3BC/IRQ7, Disabled.

Parallel Port Mode
Selects an operating mode for the onboard parallel (LPT) port. Options are: Standard Parallel Port (SPP), Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP), Extended Capabilities Port (ECP), ECP+EPP.

USB 1.0 Controller
Enables or disables the integrated USB 1.0 controller. (Default: Enabled)
Disabled will turn off all of the USB functionalities below.
2-8 Power Management Setup

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- **ACPI Suspend Type**
  - Specifies the ACPI sleep state when the system enters suspend.
  - **S1(POS)** Enables the system to enter the ACPI S1 (Power on Suspend) sleep state. In S1 sleep state, the system appears suspended and stays in a low power mode. The system can be resumed at any time.
  - **S3(STR)** Enables the system to enter the ACPI S3 (Suspend to RAM) sleep state (default). In S3 sleep state, the system appears to be off and consumes less power than in the S1 state. When signaled by a wake-up device or event, the system resumes to its working state exactly where it was left off.

- **Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN**
  - Configures the way to turn off the computer in MS-DOS mode using the power button.
  - **Instant-Off** Press the power button and then the system will be turned off instantly. (Default)
  - **Delay 4 Sec.** Press and hold the power button for 4 seconds to turn off the system. If the power button is pressed for less than 4 seconds, the system will enter suspend mode.

- **PME Event Wake Up**
  - Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a PCI or PCIe device. Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. (Default: Enabled)

(Note) Supported on Windows 7/Vista operating system only.
Power On by Ring
Allows the system to be awakened from an ACPI sleep state by a wake-up signal from a modem that supports wake-up function. (Default: Enabled)

Resume by Alarm
Determines whether to power on the system at a desired time. (Default: Disabled)
If enabled, set the date and time as following:
- Date (of Month) Alarm: Turn on the system at a specific time on each day or on a specific day in a month.
- Time (hh: mm: ss) Alarm: Set the time at which the system will be powered on automatically.
Note: When using this function, avoid inadequate shutdown from the operating system or removal of the AC power, or the settings may not be effective.

HPET Support (Note)
Enables or disables High Precision Event Timer (HPET) for Windows 7/Vista operating system.
(Default: Enabled)

HPET Mode (Note)
Allows you to select the HPET mode for your Windows 7/Vista operating system. Select 32-bit mode when you install 32-bit Windows 7/Vista; select 64-bit mode when you install 64-bit Windows 7/Vista.
This item is configurable only when the HPET Support is set to Enabled. (Default: 32-bit mode)

Power On By Mouse
Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 mouse wake-up event.
Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.
- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- Double Click Double click on left button on the PS/2 mouse to turn on the system.

Power On By Keyboard
Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 keyboard wake-up event.
Note: You need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.
- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- Password Set a password with 1~5 characters to turn on the system.
- Keyboard 98 Press POWER button on the Windows 98 keyboard to turn on the system.

KB Power ON Password
Set the password when Power On by Keyboard is set to Password. Press <Enter> on this item and set a password with up to 5 characters and then press <Enter> to accept. To turn on the system, enter the password and press <Enter>.
Note: To cancel the password, press <Enter> on this item. When prompted for the password, press <Enter> again without entering the password to clear the password settings.

AC Back Function
Determines the state of the system after the return of power from an AC power loss.
- Soft-Off The system stays off upon the return of the AC power. (Default)
- Full-On The system is turned on upon the return of the AC power.
- Memory The system returns to its last known awake state upon the return of the AC power.

ErP Support
Determines whether to let the system consume less than 1W power in S5 (shutdown) state. (Default: Disabled)
Note: When this item is set to Enabled, the following four functions will become unavailable:
PME event wake up, power on by mouse, power on by keyboard, and wake on LAN.

(Note) Supported on Windows 7/Vista operating system only.
2-9  PnP/PCI Configurations

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F5: Previous Values
F6: Fail-Safe Defaults
F7: Optimized Defaults
F10: Save
ESC: Exit
F1: General Help

PC1/2 IRQ Assignment

- **Auto**: BIOS auto-assigns IRQ to the first/second PCI slot. (Default)
- **3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15**: Assigns IRQ 3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 to the first/second PCI slot.

2-10  PC Health Status

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**Reset Case Open Status**

Keeps or clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status. **Enabled** clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status and the **Case Opened** field will show "No" at next boot. (Default: Disabled)

**Case Opened**

Displays the detection status of the chassis intrusion detection device attached to the motherboard CI header. If the system chassis cover is removed, this field will show "Yes", otherwise it will show "No". To clear the chassis intrusion status record, set **Reset Case Open Status** to **Enabled**, save the settings to the CMOS, and then restart your system.

**Current Voltage(V) Vcore/DDR15V/+3.3V/+12V**

Displays the current system voltages.

**Current CPU Temperature**

Displays current CPU temperature.

**Current CPU/SYSTEM FAN Speed (RPM)**

Displays current CPU/system fan speed.
CPU Warning Temperature
Sets the warning threshold for CPU temperature. When CPU temperature exceeds the threshold, BIOS will emit warning sound. Options are: Disabled (default), 60°C/140°F, 70°C/158°F, 80°C/176°F, 90°C/194°F.

CPU/SYSTEM FAN Fail Warning
Allows the system to emit warning sound if the CPU/system fan is not connected or fails. Check the fan condition or fan connection when this occurs. (Default: Disabled)

CPU Smart FAN Control
Enables or disables the CPU fan speed control function. Enabled allows the CPU fan to run at different speed according to the CPU temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on system requirements. If disabled, CPU fan runs at full speed. (Default: Enabled)

2-11 Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the safest BIOS default settings. In case system instability occurs, you may try to load Fail-Safe defaults, which are the safest and most stable BIOS settings for the motherboard.

2-12 Load Optimized Defaults

Press <Enter> on this item and then press the <Y> key to load the optimal BIOS default settings. The BIOS defaults settings help the system to operate in optimum state. Always load the Optimized defaults after updating the BIOS or after clearing the CMOS values.
2-13 Set Supervisor/User Password

Press <Enter> on this item and type the password with up to 8 characters and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. The BIOS Setup program allows you to specify two separate passwords:

Supervisor Password

When a system password is set and the Password Check item in Advanced BIOS Features is set to Setup, you must enter the supervisor password for entering BIOS Setup and making BIOS changes. When the Password Check item is set to System, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup.

User Password

When the Password Check item is set to System, you must enter the supervisor password (or user password) at system startup to continue system boot. In BIOS Setup, you must enter the supervisor password if you wish to make changes to BIOS settings. The user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

To clear the password, press <Enter> on the password item and when requested for the password, press <Enter> again. The message "PASSWORD DISABLED" will appear, indicating the password has been cancelled.

2-14 Save & Exit Setup

Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This saves the changes to the CMOS and exits the BIOS Setup program. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.
2-15 Exit Without Saving

Press <Enter> on this item and press the <Y> key. This exits the BIOS Setup without saving the changes made in BIOS Setup to the CMOS. Press <N> or <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

Chapter 3 Drivers Installation

- Before installing the drivers, first install the operating system.
- After installing the operating system, insert the motherboard driver disk into your optical drive. The driver Autorun screen is automatically displayed which looks like that shown in the screen shot below. (If the driver Autorun screen does not appear automatically, go to My Computer, double-click the optical drive and execute the Run.exe program.)

After inserting the driver disk, "Xpress Install" will automatically scan your system and then list all the drivers that are recommended to install. You can click the Install All button and "Xpress Install" will install all the recommended drivers. Or click Install Single Items to manually select the drivers you wish to install.
Regulatory Statements

Regulatory Notices
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WEEE Symbol Statement
The symbol shown below is on the product or on its packaging, which indicates that this product must not be disposed of with other waste. Instead, the device should be taken to the waste collection centers for activation of the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal procedure.

The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment. For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local government office, your household waste disposal service or where you purchased the product for details of environmentally safe recycling.
- When your electrical or electronic equipment is no longer useful to you, "take it back" to your local or regional waste collection administration for recycling.
- If you need further assistance in recycling, reusing in your "end of life" product, you may contact us at the Customer Care number listed in your product's user's manual and we will be glad to help you with your effort.

Finally, we suggest that you practice other environmentally friendly actions by understanding and using the energy-saving features of this product (where applicable), recycling the inner and outer packaging (including shipping containers) this product was delivered in, and by disposing of or recycling used batteries properly. With your help, we can reduce the amount of natural resources needed to produce electrical and electronic equipment, minimize the use of landfills for the disposal of "end of life" products, and generally improve our quality of life by ensuring that potentially hazardous substances are not released into the environment and are disposed of properly.
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